

Night gardens - interactions between flowers and nocturnal moths

Help shine a spotlight on the secret pollinators working through the night, by recording your observations of moths visiting flowers! Use a torch to search flowering plants in your garden or a safe outdoor space for 10 minutes, at any time of night, and record any interactions between flowers and moths in the form below. If you are able, you can take a photograph or briefly catch moths with a butterfly net to help you identify the moths you are seeing, but your records are still valuable even if you don't know which moths are involved.

Key survey information	on:				
Date of survey:/,	/	Start tim	e:		
Country of survey:		Postcode	e for survey are	ea:	
What kind of area did y	/ou survey?				
□Private garden	\Box Shared communal sp	pace [Allotment	□Othe	r:
Is this the first time you have filled in this survey?					
Before this survey, did you have experience in entomology or moth trapping? Yes No					
Lighting conditions:					
Cloud cover:					
\Box Clear night	\Box Patchy cloud	□Compl	etely cloudy		\Box Didn't record
Could you see the moon? Yes No Didn't record					
Were artificial lights vis	sible (streetlights, garder	n lights)	? 🗆 Yes	□No	□Didn't record
Records of moth-flower interactions:					

Did you see any moths interacting with flowers ?	□Yes	□No
--	------	-----

If yes, please fill in the table below with your observations, entering each unique moth-flower combination on a separate row. Please identify the plant and/or moth species as best you are able, to family, genus or species level. However, if you're not sure, please leave those fields blank; it's still helpful to hear about the number of interactions you saw and flower colours involved.

	Flower colour	Plant species or family (if identified)	Moth behaviour (settled or hovering)	Moth species or family (if identified)	# of moths on same flower type
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					



	Flower colour	Plant species or family (if identified)	Moth behaviour (settled or hovering)	Moth species or family (if identified)	# of moths on same flower type
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					

Did you see any other moths, not interacting with flowers, during your survey? UYes **U**No

Thank you for taking part in our research on interactions between moths and flowers!

The purpose of this research is to understand more about the moths that pollinate flowers in urban and rural gardens and the plants they visit, uncover new potential plant-pollinator interactions, and raise awareness of the importance of nocturnal pollinators. Remember you can take part as many times as you like throughout the summer - and please spread the word so we can learn as much as possible about the secret life of moths in our gardens ! If you have any questions or you are interested in finding out more about this research, you may contact the main researcher by email: Dr Emmanuelle Briolat, esb204@exeter.ac.uk.

To submit your records, you can complete the	Dr Emmanue
online form available <u>here</u> , send a scan or	Centre for Ec
photograph of this form to esb204@exeter.ac.uk,	University of
or post your paper copy to:	Penryn,
	TR10 9FE

Dr Emmanuelle Briolat, Centre for Ecology and Conservation, University of Exeter, Penryn campus, Penryn, TR10 9FE UK