



## Food distribution report

Report date: 23 <sup>rd</sup> Jan 2022	Distribution date: 23 <sup>rd</sup> December, 2021
Assessment/verification dates	15 <sup>th</sup> -22 <sup>nd</sup> December, 2021
<b>Distribution location information.</b>	
<b>Region</b>	West Nile
<b>District</b>	Koboko
<b>Municipality</b>	Koboko
<b>Division</b>	Koboko North
<b>Ward</b>	Triangle
<b>Village</b>	Dikasinga
<b>Address</b>	P.O Box.218
<b>Exact location</b>	STAD office/Dikasinga village
<b>Justification for the food distribution.</b>	
<p>Dikasinga is one of the biggest refugees hosting communities in Koboko municipality. Most of the refugees solely depend on the monthly food ratio given by the UN agencies. STAD recognizes that; food is a basic necessity and having access to it is a right. Imagine going without food for a day. It's almost impossible for us to survive a single day without food and yet, there are so many children, elders, sick among others who still starve in this community and there are many who do not get the much-required nourishment they need to sustain. Undernourishment and hunger is serious concern and STAD is working to help the affected groups in the community. Despite all the efforts of the world to combat global hunger, there are still so many more people struggling to find their next meal.</p>	
<b>The main actors and their roles in commodity distribution</b>	
<p>It is important to know and appreciate the roles and responsibilities of the main actors involved at various stages of food distribution.</p> <p>The main actors are;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Host government leader (Village health team. Local council one, Local council three, community development officer).</li> <li>• Implementing partner (STAD).</li> </ul> <p><b>Host government.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Security, the local council one of the village together with the STAD's security guard provided security and safety measures at the distribution location. They reinforced COVID 19 measures (taking temperature from the entrance, gave face masks for beneficiaries, hand washing/hand sanitizing), maintained order during distribution exercise.</li> <li>• Identification of beneficiaries. The local council one and the village health team identified the most vulnerable in the community and recommended them to STAD for support.</li> <li>• Launching of the distribution, the local council three launched the distribution with his team.</li> <li>• Distribution of food items, the host government carried the distribution exercise up to the end. The food items were lined to ease the distribution and the played the role of giving the items to the beneficiaries.</li> </ul> <p><b>Implementing partner(STAD)</b></p>	

- Assessment of food needs, this assessment was based on the food values (nutrient content) cereal, cooking oil, silver fish, beans and salt are very key in one's diet. Most importantly, the distribution package comprised of all that one needs to make a meal.
- Procurement and storage of the food items and determined the number of beneficiaries that were supported.
- Verification of the selected beneficiaries to determine whether the selected met the designs of the project in terms of vulnerability.
- Facilitating the refugee participation and also makes sure that women, persons with disability, hosts are represented.
- Information sharing on the specific concerns of different groups of refugees.
- Stake holder engagement and context awareness building of the project.
- Establishment of the number of food aid beneficiaries, in consultation with the host.
- Monitoring and reporting on distribution of all food aid commodities.
- Compilation and sharing of project report.

<b>Disaggregated information of beneficiaries supported.</b>	Category																							
	<p><b>Total.</b>70 beneficiaries supported.  Male -13 Female- 57 Refugee-24 Host-46 PWD-14  Divorced-2 Sick-6 Mental conditions(epilepsy)-5 Widow-23  Elders-20</p>																							
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<b>Procurement and storage</b>	<p>The food items were procured by STAD and stored in STAD office. The food items were transported by try cyclist from the shopping center (town) to STAD office where the distribution occurred. The distribution was uniform for the different categories selected. The food item distribution included silver fish, salt, cereal (maize flour), cooking oil, salt and beans, to the most vulnerable host and refugees.</p>																							
<b>Quantity of each item distributed per individual beneficiary.</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Quantity</b>																						
	Beans	3 Kilograms																						
	Cooking oil	Half a liters																						
	Cereal(maize flour)	5 kilograms																						

	Salt	1 piece
	Silver fish	1.5 kilograms
<b>Total quantity of each item distributed in the response.</b>	Beans	210 kilograms
	Cooking oil	35 liters
	Cereal(maize flour)	450 kilograms. 350Kgs distributed and 100Kgs for open space learning program.
	Salt	85 pieces
	Sugar	50 kilograms ( for open space learning program)
	Silver fish	Half a bag

**Summary of Distribution**

The beneficiaries were informed prior to the distribution through the local authorities and STAD field teams during the verification and selection process. All the beneficiaries were informed on distribution items quantity and type, dates, venue, and time. Home distribution was made to the most vulnerable who were unable to walk to the distribution point.

The local council and the community leaders were also available to ensure smooth food items distribution. Most of the beneficiaries were excited and praised STAD for such interventions in community.

**Challenges and lessons learned.**

- Although the beneficiaries were happy with what they received, they complained about the frequency. They begged for such interventions to be done at least quarterly.
- Difficulty in the selection process, the numbers of the vulnerable are many in Dikasinga village. The decision who to select and not was difficult and challenging.
- Nevertheless, STAD selected only the most vulnerable among vulnerable.
- Some community members felt neglected, due to limited funds.
- During food distribution day, a group of unselected women came and needed assistance. Given lack of enough food items, this group was given salt only.

**Recommendation.**

- Need for more funds to conduct a post food distribution evaluation through focus group discussion and designing questioners.

**Appendix.**



*The photo above shows some of the beneficiaries who were present during the distribution.*





*The two photos were taken distribution the distribution exercise*



*Door to door distribution for the beneficiaries who could not walk to the distribution point.*



*The photos above shows an excitement of a widow and a widower while carrying food items*



*The picture above (left) shows a volunteer arranging the food items for distribution .Next (right) is a group photos of STAD volunteers and the distribution team.*

### **Conclusion**

The beneficiaries do not have any job to earn some money. Though there are many people who are need of support, due to insufficient funds, STAD was able to support and distribute some food items to the vulnerable people in Dikasinga. This was made possible through the financial support from ETWA and some of the well-wishers.

### **Report complies by;**

Avaga Emmanuel

Procurement/ field officer

Support Trust for Africa Development.

