Advanced Animatronics Voice ! v0.1

Flüüfff – 12/11/2022

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What is this Talk About?

The surprising complexity of hearing and speaking while in suit

- Basic recording studio techniques
- Advanced signal processing algorithms that make it all possible

This is all about sound reproduction and sound processing!

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(Incidentally, you may also get some pointers for your live streaming set-up. And learn a few things about how modern cellphones & video conferencing softwares do their thing)

Content

- The Goal
- The Concept
- Why is this so Hard?
- Wrapping-Up
- Demonstration

The Goal: Puppet Without the Strings

- Your character transparently driven by your acting
- Clear voice projection
- Live audience interaction
- Everything self-contained in the costume
- Comfortable
- Affordable(-ish)



RiverDai @ParksbyRiver · Follow

Shanghai Disneyland reveals an Officer Clawhauser animatronic in the upcoming #Zootopia attraction ahead of #D23Expo Day3.



What! Where's Radula Castion?



Testing Elleven – Radula Castion – https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EKWqEGFbLAg

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Voice System Capabilities

- Easy enough to implement by hobbyists and small companies
 - Mainly off-the-shelf parts
 - The remainder must be maker friendly (hand tools 3D-printer laser cutter)
- Makes the suit head "transparent" for sound
 - Hear what happens around you
 - Clear voice to the audience
 - Can displace the creature's head from yours
 - Animated jaw + speaker/mic in displaced head!

https://www.youtube.com/c/KazplayVideos/videos







Kazul – "Hogger"

The Character Shop – "Pedroso" http://ww.character-shop.com/pedroso.html



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Core Idea:

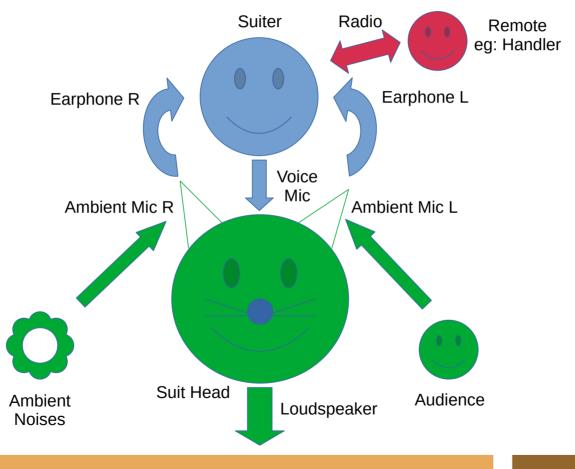
• Make the suit perceptually transparent to the suiter

Core Functions:

- Speak clearly
- Hear clearly
- Communicate (~invisibly) with remote handler + others

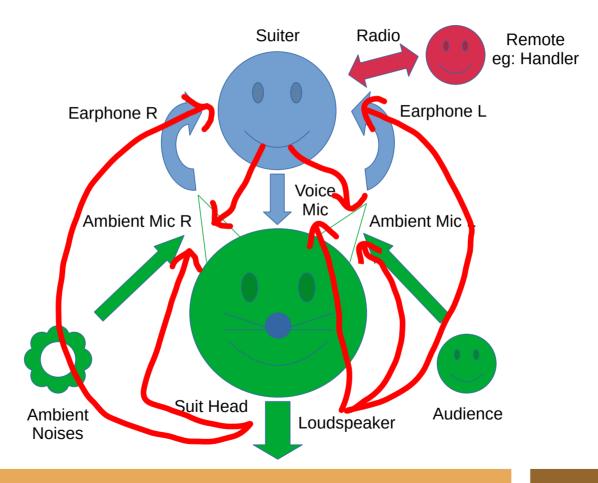


Sound Paths



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Sound Paths – More Complete – More Trouble



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What's With all those Red Squiggly Lines?

Those red, squiggly lines are **BIG TROUBLE**!

- They represent undesired sound paths
 - Much of my R&D has been about methods to reduce their impact
- Why they are troublesome is explored in the next section

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It's just a couple of microphones and a loudspeaker, isn't it?

→ The fact that you can't buy such a device should be a hint...

It boils down to two things:

- The human speech production system can be interfered with, making it hard/impossible to speak
- Sound systems howl when the microphone is put too close to the loudspeaker

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And that is exactly what happens with voice re-inforcement in-suit (Yay!) We'll now look into these challenges in detail

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The Speech Chain

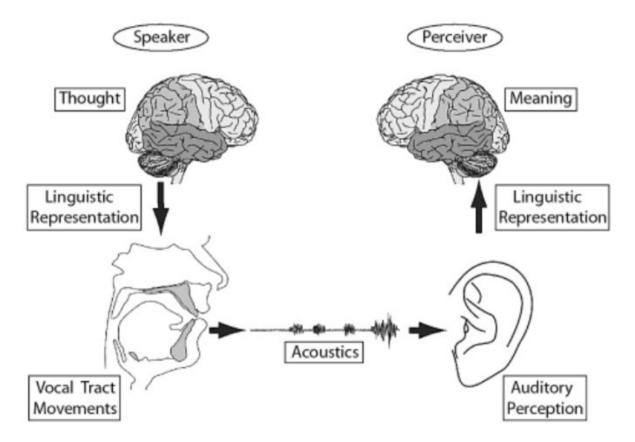


Figure 1.1, Articulatory Phonetics, Gick, Wilson and Derrick

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The Speech Chain with Feed-Back Loops

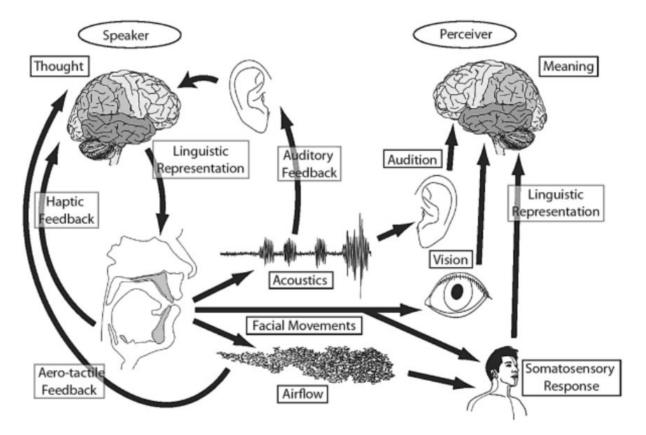


Figure 1.2, Articulatory Phonetics, Gick, Wilson and Derrick

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Interference: Hacking the Speech Chain

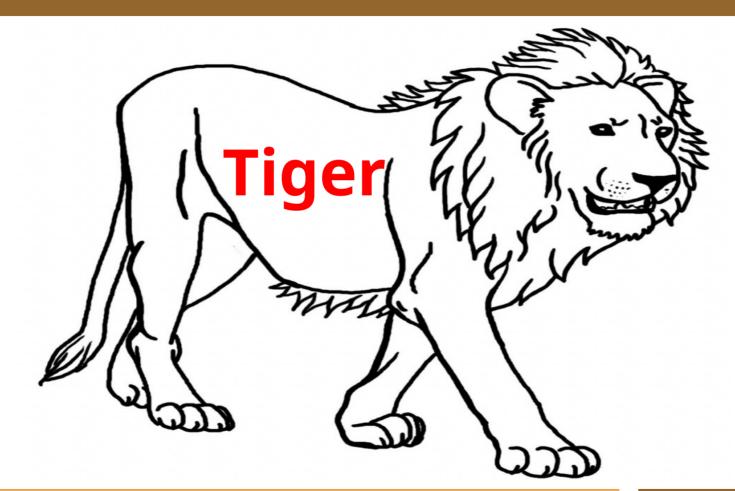
If something is complex, it can be messed with!

- Messing with any of the **feed-back loops** should do it
- These loops are multi-modal!

Let's have some fun with this...



Perceiver Visual / Meaning Interference



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Purple Chilli – Line Drawing of a Lion http://getdrawings.com/lion-line-drawing

Perceiver Visual / Meaning Interference



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Purple Chilli – Line Drawing of a Lion http://getdrawings.com/lion-line-drawing

McGurk Effect



McGurk effect - Auditory Illusion - BBC Horizon Clip https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2k8fHR9jKVM

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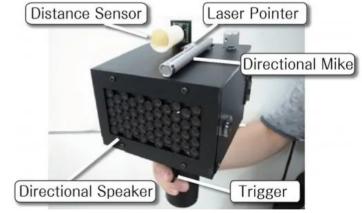
The Speaker can also be Messed With !

Delayed Auditory Feed-back - DAF (also know as "delayed side-tone")

- Messes with the auditory feed-back path → DEMO!
- Usually noticeable between 50-200 ms
 - Young children, the elderly and possibly the autistic can tolerate more delay
- Causes mental stress
- Can cause serious issues with speaking
 - But can help some forms of stuttering and cluttering
 - Has been weaponized: SpeechJammer

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Delayed_Auditory_Feedback https://www.smithsonianmag.com/science-nature/the-sound-gun-that-will-leave-you-speechless-115378328/

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Delayed Auditory Interference

This is the bugbear we're dealing with in costume voice:

- You will hear yourself back via the loudspeaker with delay
- Some delay is inherent in digital signal processing
- Most of the interesting voice effects add too much signal delay

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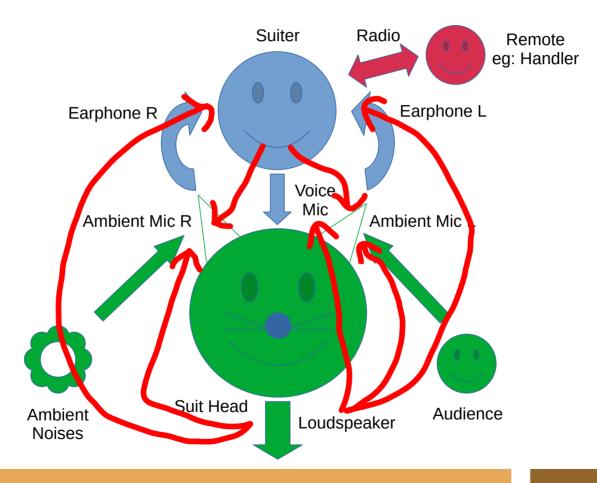
• More (realistic) computation won't solve this for many algorithms!

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The question is: can we break the auditory feed-back loop?

 \rightarrow Why, yes! But it ain't a walk in the park

Sound Paths – More Complete – More Trouble



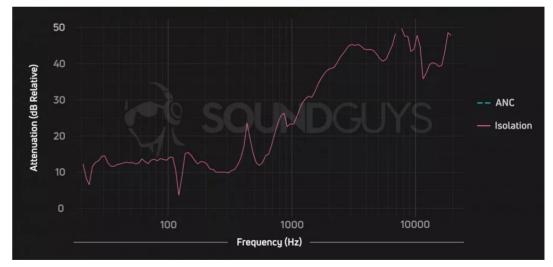
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Loudspeaker to Ears Path

Easy enough to resolve:

- In-Ear Monitors (IEM)
 - Aka: drummer earphones
- Offer a good amount of passive sound isolation
- Stay put quite well
- Quite flush to the head
- Readily available (€100)
- (Hope you like ear wax...)





SoundGuys – Shure SE215 Review https://www.soundguys.com/shure-se215-review-77980/

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Loudspeaker to Ambient Microphones Path

This one is really hard to tackle...

- Delay causes interference
- The loudspeaker is loud
 - Who saw that one coming?
 - We can't turn the ambient mics down, we still need to hear the ambient!

Requires the use of high-performance, adaptive filters

- Adaptive Echo Cancellers (AEC), but in HARD mode
 - Operates in near-continious double-talk
 - Near-end and far-end highly correlated
- We'll explore what this all means next...

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AEC Explained

The goal is to model the acoustic path "F" between the loudspeaker and microphone → This is what every telephone exchange, cell phone, hands-free phone, and teleconference software has to do (and you've heard it go wrong often enough...)

• Using the estimated \hat{F} , we know (approximately) what the loudspeaker signal is at the microphone

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• This allows us to substract the loudspeaker contribution from the microphone signal

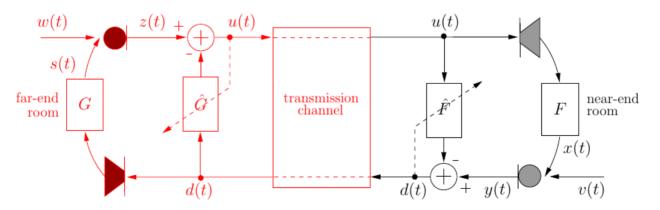


Figure 1.1 - PhD Thesis - Toon van Waterschoot

AEC Explained

So, does this actually work? → DEMO Yes, quite nicely even... But it still fails badly?!

- The filter path estimation uses various forms of gradient descent algorithms. These make assumptions about the nature of the signals:
 → They must be both white and uncorrelated
- In our case: the signals are speech (anything but white) and the interference (near-side speech) is highly-correlated AND under continuous double-talk

→ more like AFC, which is much harder!

• The problem is that the adaptation gets confused about what the path F really is

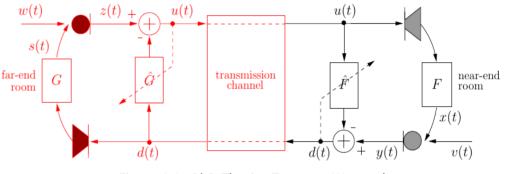


Figure 1.1 - PhD Thesis - Toon van Waterschoot

This can be resolved using AFC-like techniques, discussed next, using:

- Auxiliary filters to make the loudspeaker signal white (which will also decorrelate it) without disturbing the loudspeaker signal
- Make the adaptation robust to double-talk (done in the demo we'll show later)

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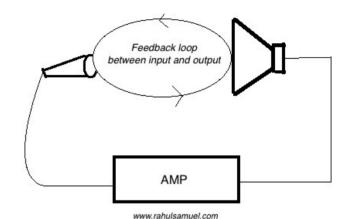
Content

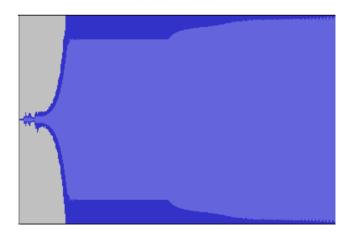
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On the Topic of Feed-Back...

• Larsen effect is another challenge

- The voice microphone and loudspeaker are very close together in a suit head
- You just know it's going to screech like a wounded banchee on speed...
- Again an unwanted, positive feedback loop at work
 - Yes, we can do something about this No, it is not simple







AFC Explained

Acoustic Feed-back Cancellation is conceptually similar and simpler vs AEC:

- There is no far-end
- Estimate F to remove the loudspeaker contribution from the microphone signal

If we can reduce the loudspeaker contribution, we can reduce howling and also allow more gain (play louder)

Great! But, double-talk and correlated signals are definitely the Big Issue here...

 \rightarrow The simple approach fails in practice

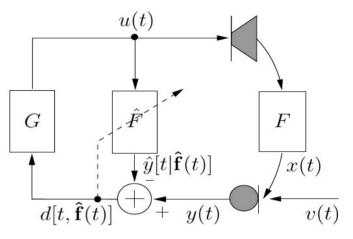


Figure 2.11 - PhD Thesis - Toon van Waterschoot

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AFC Explained

We need to whiten (decorrelate) the signals to make this work

- Signals are not stationary
- Should not deteriorate the loudspeaker signal (perceptively)
- Needs (near) state-of-the-art algorithms to do this well!
- → Such as PEM-AFROW

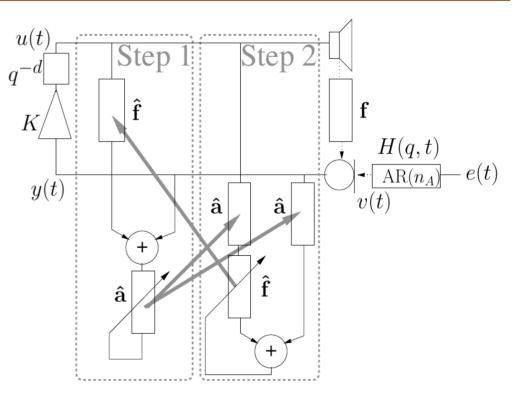


Figure 9.5 – PEM-AFROW Adaptation Stages – PhD Thesis – Toon van Waterschoot

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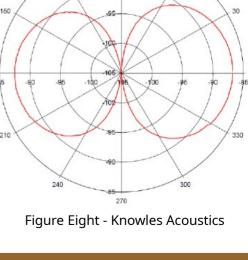
Need for a Good, Directional Microphone

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- Need to reduce loudspeaker feedback, as well as background noise
 - No space for a shotgun mic
- Closer to the sourse = better SNR!
 - Move close to the lips!
 - Use a directional microphone
- In practice:
 - Cardioid, head-worn microphone Though: usually figure-eight
 - Close to the lips = within 2 cm or so







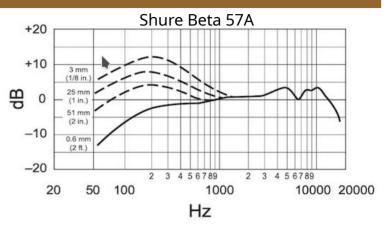
Close-Talking, Directional Microphones

- Works very well at reducing background noise! → **DEMO**
- But, colors the sound something fierce: → **DEMO**
 - Booming (cardioid and figure-8 are pressure gradient microphones)
 - Plosives, sibilance + breathing
 - Unsatisfactory high-frequency behaviour
 - Sounds different than a microphone at a little distance (oral-nasal mix + radiation patterns)

Much can be fixed:

- High-pass filter to reduce booming
- EQ can add high-frequency peaking (around 6 kHz) + HF roll-off to sound more natural for voice
- Pop filter / wind screen + de-esser (sibilance control) is definitely needed!

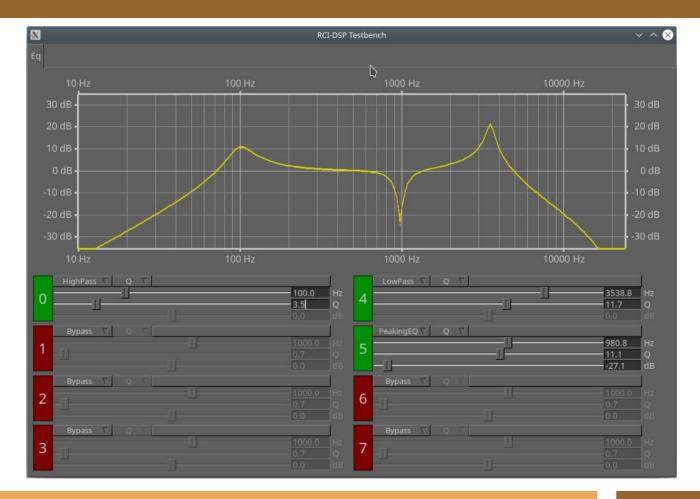
An omni-directional mic will be better for this aspect, but still needs work → And we loose the directivity!



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What our Parametric EQ Looks Like !



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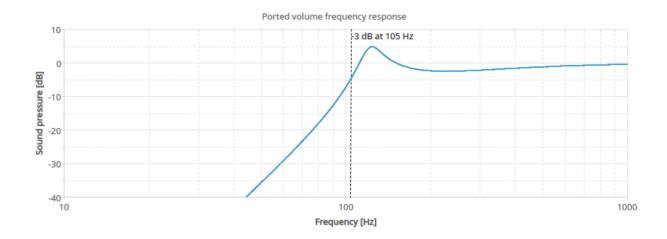
(Anti-)Resonances

(Anti-)resonances can occur in:

- Loudspeaker enclosure
 - Poor tuning/damping
 - Enclosure vibrates
 - Driver ill-matched
 - Poor-quality driver
- Head base
 - A hard material may? support audible resonances

These can sound bad when your voice hits them!

- Can't always fix at the source
- Some EQ will go a long way!



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Head-Related Transfer Functions

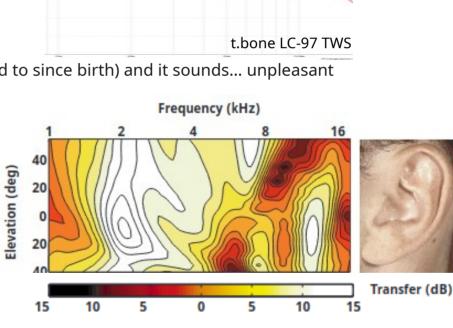
So, with good earphones and decent, directional microphones for hearing the ambient sound, it's going to sound good, right?

You guessed it: nope

- Our ears are complex filters that help us localize sounds in 3D
- With earphones, we by-pass all of this filtering (that we are used to since birth) and it sounds... unpleasant
- (Also: rubbing noises when petting, but that is another story)

Size and shape of: the head, outer ears, ear canals... → affects these filters for each individual

- Generally:
 - A boost in the 2-5 kHz range
 - Primary resonance of +17 dB at 2.7kHz
- Filter depends on sound elevation as well
 - Helps us locate sound in the up-down direction

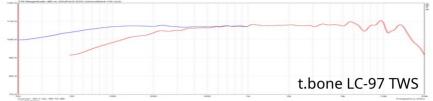


"Relearning Sound Localization with New Ears," Hofman et. al.

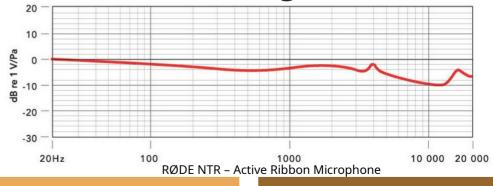
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Head-Related Transfer Functions

What to do about this?



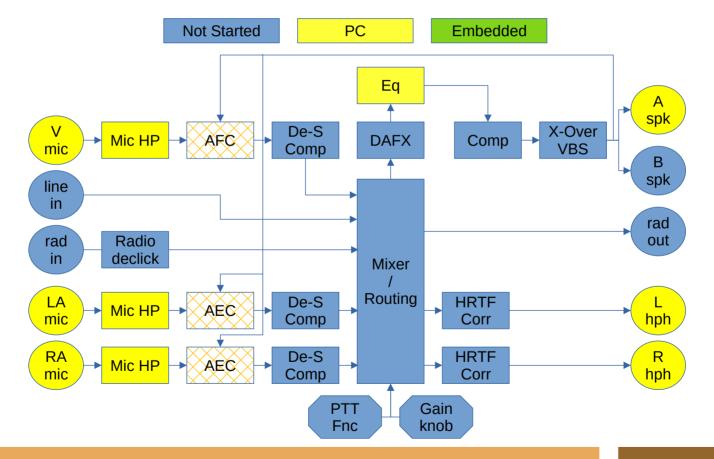
- If we pick one elevation, we can make it sound pleasant enough But we we loose most elevation information
 - Some experimenting shows this to be fine in many/most situations
 - We still get azimuth (left-right, front-back) information
- The harshness can be solved with a little filtering (EQ)
 - Emulate the bump at 2.7 kHz
 - Add a general, gentle LP roll-off
 - This emulates a ribbon microphone response, which often sound pleasant for voice work





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Putting it all Together: Audio Flow Diagram



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Where is the Project at?

Hardware

- First electronics module prototype is ready
 - No change since last year
- First suit integration prototypes are ready
 - AlphaZero R&D head base
 - Audio integration test rig
- \rightarrow We're in pretty good shape!





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Where is the Project at?

Software

- DSP algorithm R&D
 - 60% done (depends...)
- Embedded platform code
 - 5% done (basic RTIC + USB comms)
- Communication protocol
 - 70% done (already runs embedded!)
- User control program (PC/Mac)
 - 30% done

Language	Files	Lines	Blanks	Comments	Code	Complexity	Complexity/Lines
Rust	51	14121	1311	5816	6994	565	334.84
c	15	2615	349	284	1982	284	205.28
C Header	8	566	97	197	272	4	4.60
CMake	4	486	83	102	301	40	42.40
Makefile	3	612	107	156	349	17	11.63
License	2	41	10	0	31	0	0.00
C++ Header	2	665	90	92	483	51	21.04
gitignore	2	54	0	0	54	0	0.00
Autoconf	2	92	11	26	55	9	19.15
Markdown	1	245	71	0	174	0	0.00
YAML	1	27	6	0	21	0	0.00
Shell	1	275	40	34	201	31	15.42
Plain Text	1	32	3	0	29	0	0.00
JSON	1	27	0	0	27	0	0.00
TOML	1	32	5	4	23	0	0.00
Python	1	143	25	6	112	26	23.21
C++	1	80	9	7	64	6	9.38
Total	97	20113	2217	6724	11172	1033	686.95

Estimated Cost to Develop (organic) \$340,512 Estimated Schedule Effort (organic) 9.13 months Estimated People Required (organic) 3.31 Processed 791618 bytes, 0.792 megabytes (SI)

wmr@Kingfisher:~/workspace_RoboCow_Rust/rci-dsp\$ cd ../rci-dsp-test/
wmr@Kingfisher:~/workspace_RoboCow_Rust/rci-dsp-test\$./sloc.sh

Language Fi	les	Lines	Blanks	Comments	Code	Complexity	Complexity/Lines
Rust	54	7279	763	1786	4730	118	94.72
Protocol Buffers	12	405	65	123	217	0	0.00
TOML	1	58	11	25	22	0	0.00
JSON	1	45	0	0	45	0	0.00
gitignore	1	3	0	0	3	0	0.00
Total	69	7790	839	1934	5017	118	94.72
Estimated Cost to Develop (organic) \$146							
Estimated Schedule Effort (organic) 6.64		hs					
Estimated People Required (organic) 1.97							
Processed 348104 bytes, 0.348 megabytes	(SI)						

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What do We Hope to Get Done during 2023?

In one word: Software

• Complete enough of the DSP algorithms for a key decision gate

• Pass/Fail decision for the whole project: does this work well enough, on reasonable hardware?

Embedded platform

- Develop the core functionality on the embedded platform
 - Communications, device drivers, DMA-based audio data flow, ...
- Port the DSP algorithms (and add plaftform-specific optimizations for FFT, FIR, etc...)

User control program

- Re-factor the whole thing to work with the embedded target
- Add missing control tabs and core features

Goal is to demonstrate a sufficiently complete, working system (even if still running on a PC)

- Also to potential, professional clients
 - → big part of financial viability (also a key decision gate)

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No! To my sheer and utter amazement, and don't ask me why or how, RoboCow Industries has a loose collection of volunteers from all over the world supporting our efforts!





Dr. Donald Derrick – New Zealand

(A normie friend, but I'm sure he'd resent that label and be the first to prance around in a fursuit given half the chance... Just to see what it's like)

- My Virgil into the darkest of the Humanities
 - Speech science, linguistics, anthropology, statistics...
 - We've done science and invented stuff together, downunder and in the Kiwi's nest
- Helps me make sense of "humans" and their shockingly shoddy manufacturing tolerances
- We go back a long, long time, across continents...

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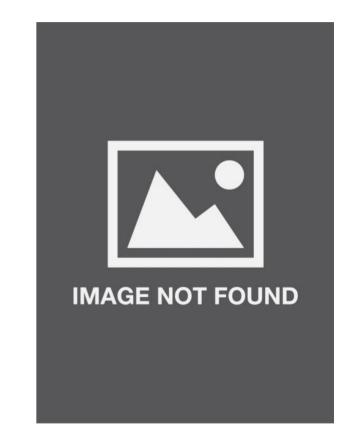


NBF (Normie Business Friend) – Belgium

- Philosophy
- Business advice
- Sanity checks & keeping my feet on the ground
- Generously gave me a week of his time ! (He's the CTO of a good-sized SME)
- I occasionally blow-up his designs in the lab... That's how we met and got talking ⁽²⁾

He actually attended this panel last year, and...

- Saw the technicolour line-up for the photoshoot
- Got hugged by a giant, plush, pink otter
- We're still friends after all of that!



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Tisha Tiger – France

- "Manages" the insane menagerie at Highway to Tail https://highwaytotail.com/
- Kindly includes my ramblings in his excellent videos
 - Go and watch them! Many have English sub-titles (CC button)
- Believe it or not, this is what has helped give RoboCow credibility in the real world! (And now the family knows what a loon I am...)



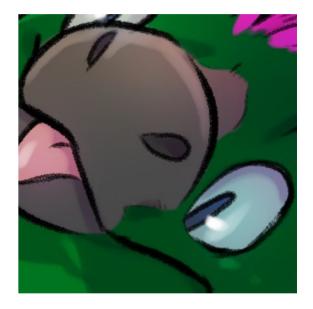


Juravenator – Belgium

- Offered to help-out last Flüüfff...
- Oh, WOW! Where to even start!
 - Re-wrote the entire communication stack with ProtoBuffers, on embedded (no_std + no_alloc), amongst other feats of Rust
 - Always there to help out when I get stuck (again)
 - Clear opinions and constructive feed-back (← rare stuff, that!)
 - Converts coffee into sarcasm with truly remarkable efficiency

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- Refers to the talking cow as his "sanity project" Consider that for a moment...
 - Hint: Jura works in big corp software development / IT



Over the years, we've gotten help from many others as well! Notable instances:

- Rua The Netherlands
 - Convinced me to use Rust for all of this, and helped-out when I imediately got stuck in lifetime hell
- Ferix The Netherlands
 - Part of the Rust Conversion Tag Team, looked at my code and shared code to help me get started
- Folks in the Rustacean Furs Telegram and Rust Matrix channels
 - Helped with issues when I got started
- Sibs Germany
 - Helped clarify the realities and economics of fursuit making to NBF and myself

Plus: all of your questions, feed-back and discussions after the panel → It all goes into the development process!

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To the Team and Friendly Passerbyers

Thank YOU

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- The Goal
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- Why is this so Hard?
- Wrapping-Up
- Demonstration

Eh, well, sure... If you insist...

• What we have here is a research step "frozen in time"

• IT IS NOT DONE!

- AEC algorithm performance is ... not so good
- AFC algorithm performance is ... well, it does *something*
- None of the "pleasantness" filters are in place yet
- Sibilance control and compressors are still missing
- Latency feels like jet lag (mainly due to PC latency in R&D platform)

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• With that said... Let's embarras ourselves and have some fun!

Demonstration

A volunteer is needed!

- Brave, strong, cute
- Experienced suiter
- Some affinity with technology
- Not afraid (see brave) of my R&D stuff, as there are some RISKS!
- You will have to stick oversized, silicone objects in your ears!
 → people will see your earwax...

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I'M GOING TO TRY SCIENCE https://xkcd.com

