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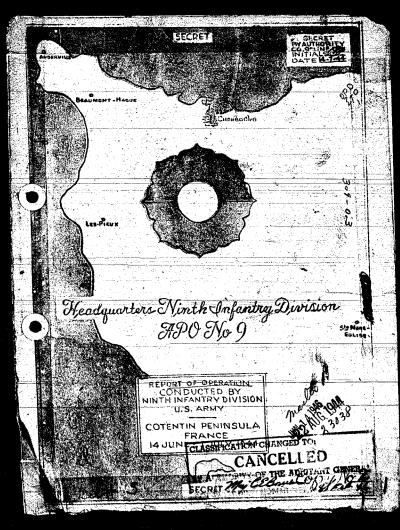


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SECTION

HEADQUARTERS NINTH INPLNETA DIVISION

11. July 19hh

SUBJECT: Report of Operations

TO : The Adjutant General, U.S. Army, Washington, D. C.

THRU : Commanding General, VII Corps, A. P. O. #307

Section I ... Authority Section II ... Introduction

Section III - Report of Operations Section IV - Report on Supply and Evacuation

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#2 - Lessons Learned in the Cotentin Peninsula Campaign

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In compliance with paragraph 10, AR 345-105, this report of operations of the 9th Infantry Division from 13 June 1984 to 1 July 1984 (inclusive) is submitted.

Section II - Introduction

1. Command: During the operations covered by this report, the 9th Infantry Division was a part of VII Corps, which in turn was a part of the First irmy. Commanders involved were as follows:

- a. First Army Lieutenant Ceneral CLER N. BRADLEY
 b. VII Corps Major General JOSEPH L. COLLINS
- c. 9th Infantry Division Major General MANTON S. EDDY.
- 2. Composition of the 9th Infantry Division: During this operation the 9th Infantry Division was composed of the following units:

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39th Infantry (detached from 11 June 1944 until 15 June 1944)
   17th Intentay
   60th Infantry
   Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 9th Infantry Division
       Artillery
   26th Field Artillery Battalion (105mm Hewitzer)
   34th Field Artillery Battalion (135mm Howitzer) (detached from
       11 June to 1h June 19h4)
   60th-Field Artillery Bathalica (105mm Howitzer) (detached from 11 June until 15 June 1966)
   84th Field Artillery Bottolier (105rm Howitzer)
    9th Reconnaissance Troop
    9th Signal Company
    9th Medical Battalion
    15th Edgineer Battalion (C)
    709th Ordnance Company (ident Maintenance)
    9th Quartermaster Commany
    Headquarters and Headquarters Company, 9th Infactry Division
b. Attached:
    746th Tank Battalion (less Company A) 13 June 1944 - 28 June 1944
    746th Tank Battalion 28 June 1944 - 1 July 1944
    Batteries A, B, and D (less one plateon each) 376th AAA AW
        Battalion (M) 13 June 19hin - 16 June 19hin
    376th AAA AW Battalion (M) 16 June 1844 - 1 July 1944
    87th Chemical Battalion (less one company) 16 June 1944 - 19 June 1944
    Companies A and B, 87th Chemical Battalion 28 June 1944 - 1 July 1944
    359th Infantry (less are battalion) 15 June 1944 - 17 June 1944
    1st Battalion, 359th Infantry 20 June 19hh - 21 June 19hh
    4th Cavalry Group (less detachments) 20 June 1944 - 1 July 1944
    Headquarters oth Armored Group 15 June 1944 - 16 June 1944
    607th Tank Destroyer Buttalion (less two companies) 19 June 1944
        20 June 19lili
    899th Tank Destroyer Battalion (less two companies) 19 June 1944 -
        20 June 19kh
    899th Tank Destroyer Battalion 20 June 1944 - 1 July 1944
    Hoadquarters 168th Field Artillery Group 19 June 1944 - 1 July 1944
    172nd Field Artillery Battalion (4,5 inch Gun) 12 June 1944
        1 July 19hh
    957th Fiold Artillery Batta on ... ma Howitsor) 16 June 19hh -
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3. Other operations: The 39th Combat Teum (less 26th Field Artillery Battalien), with 50th Field Artillery Battalien and 34th Field Artillery Battalien attached, was attached to the 4th Infantry Division for the period 11 - 15 June 1944. The Combat Team was assigned the mission of clearing a portion of the cosst, on the 4th Infantry Division's right flank, of the onemy

28 June 1944 - 1 July 1944.

Battery C, 981st Field Artillory Battalion (155mm Cun)

1 July 1944

17 June 1944

2--

915th Field Artillery Battalion (105mm Howitzer) 15 June 1944 -

who was in previously propared and strongly fortified positions. This mission was successfuly completed, and resulted in the capture of collecting (370078). These units returned to Division control on 15 June 1968.

is. Movement of the Division from England to France: Commoncing 3 June 19th; the Division moved by motor and rail from garrisons in the vicinity of Winchoster; Rampshire to marehalling areas in the vicinity of SOUTHALFPOR and WERMCUTH in preparation for overseas movement. The invasion began early on 6 June 19th at which time the Division began leading. All units of the Division embarked at SHOUTHALFOR except the Sirth Field Artillery Battalion which left from WERMCUTH, and a portion of the Oth Infantry, which left from DERCHESTER. The Division was split into small craft leads, which the channel crossing was made in 17 Liberty ships, 8 LST*s, and 12 LGT*s along with units from h other divisions and miscellaneous Corps units.

Four advance parties were sent. The first consisted of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2, who landed on D-Day; the second consisted of the Chief of Staff, Assistant to the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-1, Provest Marshall, Special Troops Executive and drivers, who landed on D/1; the third consisted of the Commanding General, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3, Division Quartermaster and several emilisted men, who landed on D/2. The fourth was a billeting party sent for recommissance and marking of assembly areas, which landed on D/3. In addition 7 men from the 9th Signal Company landed early on D-Day to act as beach runners.

The main body of the Division sailed from ENGLAND on 7 June, and began debarking at UTHA ERACH (hiscos) on 10 June; nost of Division Headquarters, 39th Infantry, 60th Field Artillory Battalion, and 3th Field Artillory Battalion were unleaded on this day. On the following day the 60th Infantry, and 26th Field Artillory Battalion were partially unleaded, and on 12 June the 17th Infantry and 81th Field Artillory Battalion began unleading. By midnight 13 June, the unleading of the Division had been sufficiently completed so that it could be employed cattsfactorily in combat. Small remaining portions of units already landed continued to come ashere during the maxt

5. Maps: The following maps were used in this operation:

FRANCE 1/25,000, Sheetr 31/20 SE, 31/20 SE, 31/18 NE, 31/18 NW, 31/22 SH, 28/22 SE, 28/20 NE, 28/20 NW, 31/20 SW, 31/20 SW,

FRANCE 1/50,000, Shoots 5E/2, 6E/1, 5E/4, 6E/3, 6E/4,

6. Initial plan: The Division was alerted by the Commanding Coneral at 0625, 13 June 19hi, to be prepared to pass through the 90th Infantry Davision and drive westward across the DOUVE RIVER in order to block off the COTENTIN PENINSULA wast of the PRAIRIES MARCHAEDISS (160900).

The total strength of the enemy in the 9th Division sector was estimated not to sensed the equivalent of two infuntry regiments supported by three or four battalions of artillury and purhaps miscellaneous pere mail such as AA troops. The 90th Infantry Division was to turn northwest and

attack abreast of the 9th Infantry Division on the North, and the 62nd Airborno Division on the South. The 9th Division's attack was scheduled to jump off at 1000 on ll Juno in column of regiments, with 60th infantry in assault. For boundaries, line of departure, scheme of maneuver, and objectives see overlay to Field Order No. 1. The attached tanks of the Thoth Tank Battalion were to be employed by the 60th infantry primarily as rowing artillery pieces; the 9th Recommaissance troop was ordered to maintain temper between the left (south) flank of the 60th Infantry and the right (north) flank of the 82md Airborne Division.

Section III - Roport of Operations notaly it say

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e'Tal 5. Division Command Post: 304956

b. During the might of 13 - 14 June, the Division moved to assembly ardas

- c. The 60th Infantry (in assault) jumped off at 1000 as scheduled. The regiment advanced initially in column of battalions because the parrow width of the Division sector compelled the regiment to break through first and then arpend later whon space would no longer limit the ability to measurer. Scattered resistance was not initially, but this was overcome and the advance continued according to plan. During the afternoon the advance was delayed by heavy machine gun fire from the town or MEMOUF (2009), but the town was captured by 2000 after a Division Artillery concentration was fired upon 1t. The 2nd Battalion after proceeding rapidly West astrice the read from RENOUS (269950) to la BONNAVILLE (250950) reached the high ground (250960) north of BONNEVILLE; the 3rd Battalion was held up slightly to the rear. The 2rd Buttalion had suffered mederate casualties.
- d. The 17th Infantry (not completely ashere) was in Division Reserve in vicinity 291917, the 1st Battalion being under Division control as an immediate reserve. Activity during the day was limited to patrols sent Northward toward GOURBESVILLE (283981).
- a. Division Artillory (loss 60th Field Artillory Battalion) supported the infantry with considerable fire on close-in targets and counterbattory missions. Three enemy batteries were neutralized as well as a large number of infantry positions.
- f. The 9th Rocennaissance Troop maintained contact between 60th Infantry and 82nd Airborne Division on the left (south) flank, and the 359th Infantry (90th Infantry Division) on the right (north) flank.
- g. Front lines at 2400 14 Juna were 248957 250965 251973; no advanço was made after darknoss.
 - 2. 15 Juno 1944
 - a. Division CP: 304956

- b. The advance toward the Division objective designated in Field Order No. 1 continued at 0500. The importance of jumping off promptly and pushing vigorously forward was stressed by the Commanding Concral, due to the fact that a now Corman division was reported on its way to our sector, and any delay in our advance would result in resistance stiffened by reinforcements. The time of attacks by the 82nd Airborne Division and 90th Infantry Division was coordinated with ours.
- c. The 60th Infantry with 1st Eattalian 17th Infantry attached began its advance at daylight. Event tanks in vicinity of 269975 moving South were reported at 0715 by the 90th Pivision; these were fired upon by antitank guns and rocket launchars of the 60th Infantry. About sixteen tanks were encountered and by 0810 they had withdrawn toward ORDIANDES (251984). Two 60th Infantry antitack guns were knocked out.
- d. The original objective of the 60th Infantry, the high ground whost of ORGIANDES, was re-decagnated by the Commanding General at 1000 as the objective of the 17th Infantry which was ordered to attack on the right of the 60th Infantry. The new objective for the 60th Infantry was REIGREFULLE (235966), the late he light Infantry wavering to control of the 17th Infantry. This change was made in order to facilitate the capture of the Division objective. The 59th Combat Ream was returned to Hiviston control from attachment to 1th Infantry Evision at 1000 in Division Reserve and at 1230 began to arrive in the assembly area formerly occupied by the 17th Infantry. The 17th Infantry jumped off at 1300.
- 6. The let Battalion 60th Infantry passed through the 2nd Battalion 60th Infantry and reached the line 236970 219714 when it was counterattacked from the Northwest by an enemy battalion supported by 14 tanks. About 500 yards were lost, but immediately regained by a counterattack from the regrouped 2nd Battalion By 1695 the 2nd Battalion 60th Infantry was in vicinity or REIGHEVILLE (236968). The advance of this battalion was stopped until the 17th Infantry was abreast. The 17th Infantry reached their objustive by 2000, and the enemy appeared to be withdrewing in that area. No further advance was made by either regisent during the night but there was vigorour provolling Nest to the DOJYS RIVER.
 - f. The 39th Engentry was assembled in Division Reserve by 2400.
 - . 3. 16 June 1944
 - a. Division CP: 301,956 until 2000 261957 after 2000.
- b. Intermediate objectives were assigned each infantry regiment in order to expedite the crossing of the DOUVE RIVER and the citting off the COTEMIN PENINSULA. The plan called for an advance with four regiments in line to soize the lettered objectives shown on the field order coverlay attached. The 87th Chemical Battalien (loss one company) was attached to the 39th Infantry; the 2nd Battalien 17th Infantry and the 716th Tank Battalien were instructed to await orders as Division Reserve in the position shown on overlay to Field Order No. 2. The time of attack (from front line

positions occupied the day before) was set at 0500, except for the 39th Infentry which was to jump off at 1100 from the positions shown on the field order overlay. The 82nd Airborno Division on the left and the 90th Infantry Division (less 35th Infantry and 915th Field artillory Battelion) on the right were toattack in conjunction with the 9th Division at 0800.

c. The 3rd Battalion, 60th Infantry jumped off as scheduled at 0500 making excellent progress against noderate opposition. The 2rd Battalion was committed at 1100, proceeding rapidly Vestward to STE. COLOREE (200986), taking the bridges across the DUVER INVER Invect. By 2100 the DUVER had been roseed and a bridgehead on the Western side of the rivor firmly established; this battalion overceas several counterstated curing the day, inflicting several losses on the shemy. The 3rd Battalion reached the DUVER against light opposition and reinforced the bridgehead before dark. The 1st Battalion, nowing up between the 17th and 60th Infantry Regiments, was engaged in several for fights during the day but by dark reached the DUVER RIVER on the Eastern side of the

d. The 17th Infantry, 3rd Sattalion and 1st Battalion abreast, jumped off at 0530, reaching HATLETILLE BCGAGE (238587) by 1670. Stiff resistance was encountered but a defensive position astrile the 5T. SAUVEUR (193945)-WILDONES (24,3082) read was established by dark. By 2100 the 2nd Battalion had been placed in an all round defensive position in HAUT.VILLE BCGAGE (238587). The 3rd Battalion stopped at 226579 and the 2nd Battalion took a defensive position facing North to protect the Division's right flank.

e. The 39th Infantry nopped up positions on the right flank fermorly in the 90th Bruision area, and attacked CRILLIDES (251984) which the enemy held strongly. The town was not entirely captured, and the regiment remained in position in the vicinity of 250980. The 9th Reconnaissance Troop protected the right flank of the 39th Infantry.

f. The Division Artillery fired manarous close support missions for the infantry and noutralized 5 enemy batteries and several self-propelled guns during the day.

4. 17 June 1944

a. Division CP: 304956 until 1900 - 213970 after 1900.

b. The 39th Infantry resumed its attack on ORGLANDES (251984) which was occupied after strong artillory and mortar fire had reduced opposition. The lat Battalion cleared the town and then moved to STE, COLGME (200986) where it was attached to the 60th Infantry. The 2nd and 3rd Battalions occupied positions at NAUTEVILLE (BOCAGE (236987), BRUTLIE (235991) and on the high ground northeast of STE, COLGME (200985) astrides the VALOMES (225080)—STE SAUVEUR IE VICAME (195946) read in order to protect the Briston's might flank until releved by the advance of the 20th Division by the Northwest.

c. The 17th Infantry moved to the Southwest during the night, and passing through the bridgehead of the 82nd Airborne Division at ST SAUVEUR LE VICCHTE, occupied points West of ST SAUVEUR LE VICCHTE with very slight opposition. At 2200, the 1st Battalion had reached G. do HUANVELLE (097909) thereby severing the LA HAYE DU PUITS (178080) - BARNEVILLE SUR-MER (030919)

Road and cutting the COTENTIN Peninsula, The and Battalion had reached Hill to (128919) at dark and the 3rd Battalion was moving South from the 19925. This accomplishment bettled up the enemy in the North of the Peninsula and provented reinforcements from reaching him from the South.

d. The 60th Infantry, protected by fighter cover for several hours after first light, continued its advance Westward against slight resistance. By dark the last and 2nd Battalions had reached the high ground averlooking the main BRICQUEREC (1250kb) - RENNEVILE (0320kb) reached

5. 18 June 19hh

- a. Division CP: 213970 until 1845 151979 after 1845.
- b. In order to make deadily sure that the Peninsula was cut on this day, thus proventing the German's escaps from the Peninsula, K. Company of the 3rd Battalion had been leaded about tear destroyers and tanks, and ordered by the Corps Commander to nove on RERECTION order in the morning. The rost of the battalion followed on foct, protecting the flanks. The enough of the RERECTION of the partial of the provided by this sudden assault on their strongly defended positions, resisted florcoly for a brief period and then withfrow A counterattack with armor was attempted by the oneny but K. Company's rocket launchors, anti-tank greeneds and attached tanks forced the enemy into a
- e. Objectives had been assigned in Field Ordor #3 to complete the conting off of the COTANTIN Feninsula, with the 82nd Airborne Division protecting the Southern flank and the 90th Infantry Division protecting the northern flank. These objectives were reached with little opposition, but three strong early morning counterattacks were made by the tropped 77th Gorman Infantry Division in futile efforts to break through to the mainland. The 17th Infantry had already reached their objectives before the Field Order was issued, consequently they improved thair positions in accordance with verbal orders of the Commanding General. The 60th Infantry held their positions against all countertacks.
- d. The first counterattack was a desperate attempt at breakthrough down the BRICQUENEC (1250h5) BREEVILLE (0330h8) read. A column of vehicles, infantry and artillery attacked the lat and 2nd Battalions, 60th Infantry. A flore artillery concentration from all available guns was brought down by Davision withillury on the head of this column at a Crossroad at OSLOBA. The concentration then was adjusted so as to crosp up the congested read inch by inch from the crospreads to a point 5 miles to the northwest. The infantry completed the devestation with small arms and anti-tank fire. A recommalsance later determined that the following destruction was inflicted on the enemy (Mileages are given northeast from the crospreads):
 - 0.2 Miles 1 truck, 1 howitzor, 6 horse, 1 caisson.
 - 0.3 Miles 1 22 ton truck, 3 bikes
 - O.4 Miles 1 halftrack
 - 0.5 Kiles 1 mortar, h horsus, 1 semunition wagon
 - O.6 Miles 2 half-track prime nevers, 1 57mm gun, 1 105ma howdtzer.

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remail.
        0.7 Miles 1 - half-track, 1 - gun
        0.8 Files 1 - half-track prime mover, 2 - guns, 2 - light cars,
                   1 - truck
        1.0 Miles 2 - trucks, h - horses, 1 - personnel
        lel Miles 1 - truck, 1 - 105mm gun
        1.5 Miles 1 - light machino gun
1.7 Miles 2 - wagons, 1 - supply truck, 1 - gun, 1 ammunition trailer
1.8 Miles 2 - morturs
2.0 Miles 1 - light machino gun
        2.2 Miles 1 - horse drawn accountion wagon, 1 - mortar
        2.3 Miles 2 - ammunition carriers
        2.4 Miles 1 - wagon
        2.7 Miles 1 - car, 1 - prime mover for 57mm gun, 1 - horse,
                   2 - caissons
        2.8 Miles
                   1 - caisson, 1 - light machine gun, 1 - motorcycle, ___
                   1 bractor motor biks, 2 - 57mm gun and chassis ...
        3.0 Miles 1 - motorcycle, 1 - horse-drawn ammunition wagon
        3.2 Miles 1 - starf car
        3.3 Miles 1 - horse, 1 - ration truck
3.5 Miles 1 - mctorcycle and sidecar
        3.6 Miles 1 - track
        3.7 Miles 1 - truck
        3.9 Miles 1 - car, 1 - UXB
        4.0 Miles 3 - prime movors, 2 - guns, 1 - horso, 2 - trucks, 1 - 105
                        truck, 2 - caissons, 1 - wire supply truck :
        1.2 Miles 1 - supply truck
        4.3 Miles 4 - carseons
        h.h Miles 1 - prime mover, h - caissons, 8 - horses, 1 - UXD,
                    1 - gun caisson, 1 - staff car
        4.5 Miles 1 - light tank
        4.9 Miles 30 - horses, 2 - prine movers, 6 - horse drawn carriages.
                    2 - ammunition trailers. (Road at this point is impas-
                        sable due to the debris.
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e. The second counterattack was against read blocks which the 60th Infantry had established along the SEXE Fiver in order to protect their lines: of communication. The two most western ones were at 106009 and 120008, points which covored the road leading South from BRICQUEBEC (125044). Each of these was defended by one plateon of the Anti-tank Company and one half of the intitank Mino Platoon, which had laid demolition charges and mines on each of the bridges at these points. At 0300 two Gornan vehicles ran over the minefield at 106009 and at the same time some Gorman infantry tried to infiltrate past the road block but were driven off by machine gun fire and by the anti-tank guns firing high explosive emmunition. Simultaneously, attempts to infiltrate past the road block at 120008 were driven off and the bridges blown to prevent any breakthrough. At 0500 elements identified as being part of the 77th Gorman-Division artillery attempted another broakthrough on the road block at 106009. This attack was lod by a track vehicle towing a 152mm gun; the 60th Infantry anti-tank gun crows immediately brought small arms fire on the enemy and either killed or wounded the enemy gun crow, forcing the vehicle into the ditch; then the column of vehicles following this gun was taken under fire by the antitank guns; the leading vehicles were destroyed, and the enemy personnel fled

in wild disorder. During this encounter officers bolonging to the staff of the 77th German Infantry Division were captured, and their Commanding Concral narrowly missed being captured. Prisoners later related that they had been ordered to withdraw on this route, as their recommands ance had reported that this route, loading to BARNEVILLE SUR MER (0300kg), was clear.

The third counterattack was against the reserve battelion (lst Battalian, 39th Infantry attached) in vicinity of 085995. The onemy was able to penetrate the Division sector and cross the SEYE River at this point because read blocks had not been established at 145017 as prescribed by the Commanding General. Consequently, the lat Battalion, 39th Infantry and 60th Field Artillery Battalion were surprised by the unexpected attack, but valor and cool-headedness provented the energy from breaking through. German Military Police had been captured during the previous afternoon and they supplied information indicating that the enemy might attempt a breakthrough at this point. Therefore, some preparations had been made. The attack by a derman regiment occurred at 0,30 A.M. on the lat Battalion, 39th Infantry and the 60th Field Artillory Battalion, which had gone into position astride the road about 1000 yards west of ST JACQUES DE NEHOU. The 60th Field Artillery Battalion withdrew to a new position 1000 yards further to the west while a small detachment of artillerymen covered the withdrawal of each battory by ongaging the enemy with small arms fire. This withdrawal was made because effective direct fire could not be delivered from the original position; from the new position strong battalion concentrations were laid on the enomy at short ranges by accurate map data. The 1st Battalien, 39th Infantry, hastily organized their defenses to meet tank thrusts which were repelled with rocket fire, and to meet a strong enveloping sweep on the loft followed by a strong flank attack on the right. The battalion withdraw to more favorable positions while a delaying action was fought, and communication was ro-established so that a "Zombie" (Division Artillery Concentration) could be called for. This concentration was delivered, and the battalion counterattacked immediately afterwards, regaining the lost ground and routing the enemy who left 300 dead. The 1st Battalien, 39th Infantry lest only 36 mon.

g. The 39th Infantry (less lat Eattalion) moved from vicinity of MAUTTEVILLE BOARDE (238987) to a new position in the vicinity of BLANDAMOUR (163980) in order to close the reed from the north and to protect the right flank of the Division.

h. The 47th Infantry, having reached PORT B.II (068895) and MEUIVILLE AM BELUKORT (138908) performed the actual cutting of the poninsula, and was the first unit to reach the soc. At 2100 the 17th Infantry was relieved by the 357th Infantry (90th Division) preparatory to moving into Division Reserve. This revenue to the vicinity 110960) was begun at once and continued throughout the night. Prior to this povement, a pocket of several hundred Germans was encountered at CANVILLE (115201, and was cleared up after heavy skilmishing.

6. 19 Juno 1914

a. Division CP: 151979.

- b. In accordance with the corps plan, the 9th Division attack to capture CHERBOURG (180230) in conjunction with the left and 79th Infantry Divisions was scheduled to begin at 0500, 19 June. The 60th Infantry and 39th Infantry were assigned the lettered objectives shown on overlay to Field Order fu and were to attack abroast. The light Infantry was ordered to move to the valley of the BABBUF River south of ST JACQUES DE HEMOU (135985) as Division Reserve. One company of the 746th Tank Battalion was attached to the 60th Infantry, the remeinder ewaiting orders in Division Reserve near ST JACAN DU BOIS (135974). The 60th Tank Destroyer Battalion (loss two companies) and B99th Tank Destroyer Battalion (loss two companies) are protecting the 39th Infantry and 60th Infantry, respectively, against amore
- c. 1/25,000 maps with detailed overprints of the German defenses, which had been located by air reconnaissance and military intelligence before the invasion, proved of particular value in the operation from this point onward. The information provided by these maps was extremely accurate and was most useful to the Commanding General in making-plans, as well so to all units of the Division in selecting schotling schoges of manuver, etc.
- d. The 60th Infantry crossed the Line of Departure with two batetalions abroast at 0500; no contact was made with the enemy. Very light opposition was mot throughout the day, and by 2100 the Regiment had reached the following points: let Battelion, ST GERMAIN DE GATLARD (017067); 2nd Battelion, 01509k; 3rd Battelion, 015132;
- e. The 39th Infantry secured their objectives, including the town of BRICQUEBEC (1250th), against very slight opposition and occupied the following points: 1st Battalion, Hill 130 (108129); 2nd Battalion, Hill 104 (095117); 3rd Battalion, ST CHRISTOPHE BU FCC (050112).
- f. The 47th Infantry moved to CROSVILLE (C47092) in Division Reserva
 - 7. 20 June 1944
 - a. Division CP: 151979 until 1035 088070 after 1035.
- b. The Fortress CHERBOURG Defense Force, consisting of the 213rd Division, which had suffered heavy losses, the 705th Division, and static coastal defense personnel had withdrawn towards CHERBOURG where it was thought that they would defend the town with a perimetar defense on favorable terrain and in prepared defenses. The 9th Division continued its attack on 20 June to capture CHERBOURG by envolopment from the West. The 17th Infentry (passing through the 60th Infantry area Division Reserve) was assigned objectives to the northeast as shown on overlay to Field Order #5. The 60th Infantry (one company, Thicht Tank Battalion attached) was assigned objectives which would ultimately place it in position to defend the Division from the northwest, blocking exits from the CAP de la HAGUE (\$Mo300). The 1st Battalion, 35th Infantry, attached to the Division by corps order, was assigned a sector for extposts in order to prevent enemy crossings of the DOUVE River from the east. Those outposts were in the vicinity of SOTTEMAST (144100).

- c. The 60th Infantry moved out at 0800 with 2nd and 3rd Battalions abroast and Ist Battalion in reserve. VASTEVILIE (030166) was reached without resistance and by meen the Regiment, in the same formation, reached the vicinity of 010205, the only opposition being enemy artillery fire. In accordance with verbal orders of the Commanding General, the Regiment moved out to new objectives at 1915; these objectives were HENNEVILLE (0992blt), high ground and read junction (012255). Resistance was encountered shortly after moving out and by midnight the following points had been reached: 1st Battalion, 025208; 2nd Battalion, 032295.
- d. The lifth Infantry attacked in column of battalions to the northoust toward thic high ground east of HENNEVILLE (0972hh). Occupation of this objective was prevented by heavy artillery, norter, and small arms fire. The front line at midnight (1st and 2nd Battalions abroast) had reached 056170 - 073177, and the outer perimeter of the main CHERBOURG defenses had been reached.
- c. The 39th Infantry (3rd Bettelion) moved to Ochlhh, the other two battalions remaining in place.
- f. The 4th Cavalry Group, which had been holding an area between the 9th and 79th Divisions, was attached to the 9th Division, therefore, the cast boundary was neved eastward by Corps order to include the area which the 4th Cavalry Group had been holding. This new boundary (as shown on Field Order #5) ran generally through MARTINUST (110187), HARDINVAST (120165) and railroad bridge at 137116; the old boundary had followed the railroad truck all the way.
 - 8. 21 June 1944
 - a. Division CP: 088070.
- b. The plan for 21 June provided that the Division readjust its positions, push reconnaissance of hostile positions to the front, and propare to continue its advance on CHERBOURG on 22 June.
- 6. The east boundary was again changed by Corps order back to where it had been proviously; it now followed the realroad track again between MARTHWAST (110187) and the realroad bridge at 137116.
- d. The 4th Cavalry Group was or broad to move to the northwest flank, relieving the 3rd Battellon, 60th Infantry, in order to assist in protecting the Division against a possible attack from the GLP DE LA HAGUE.

 By owning the 4th Cavalry Group and occupied a dismounted line as follows:
 010235 002235 00230 980211.
- o. During the night of 21-22 June, the 39th Infantry moved from its positions on the eastern side of the Division sector to an assembly area in the vicinity of 040190. This move was made in order to reinforce the 17th Infantry and give depth to the attack on CHERROURG.
- f. Two squadrons of dive bombers flew a mission at Division request on the strongpoint at 11221,

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g. The 17th Infantry, from its positions of the provious day pattrolled and probed the enemy coloused rigorously and cleared out pockets; the enemy was active with morter, artillery and receive fire.

9. 22 June 19hh

- a. Division CP: 088070 until 0850 027113 after 0850.
- b. The attack on 22 June was proceeded by an 80-minute aerial bombardont of the CHEMEOURG defense area. Intricion groups of medium and fightor bembers were used by the 9th Inchical Lift Force in this operation. In order to ensure the success of the bemberdont, the bembline was marked with white phosphorous by the Division Artillery, and the front lines were marked with panels and yellow smoke. Results of this bembling were very satisfactory, as recommaissance showed afterward; the enemy appeared demonstrated by the strongeoint, 112211, was again diverbended and strafed by the squadrons of P-147's at Division request. This strongeoint was sufficiently reduced by these two insistens so that the infaintry was able to fight through it with considerably less opposition than had been anticipated.
- c. The 17th Infantry jumped off at 1100 at which time the aerial bombardment was concluded, and advancing against stiff resistance from prepared defensive positions and strongpoints, partially took the high ground in vicinity of 089199; the objective of the Regiment had almost been reached. The And and Ard Battallons proceeded abreast, closely following pro-arranged artillary concentrations fired on call by the 8th Fold Artillary Battallon. A strongpoint at BOGUENVILLE (068188) was reduced by artillary fire and by tank destroyer fire. Other strongpoints and contents of resistance were reduced in a similar manner, and numerous prisoners were taken. By 2400 the following positions were occupied: let Battalion, 078181; 2nd Battalion, 082205; 3rd Battalion, 088195. The advance of the 2nd and 3rd Battalions continued during the night.
- d. The 60th Infantry advanced as planned, mosting heavy resistance along the read running southeast from ST CROIX HAGUE (03),236) in the area northeast of ACQUEVILIE (04,8203). Two counteratticks were regulated as the advance progressed to the following points: 1st Battalion, 055213; 2nd Battalion, 056209.
 - c. The 39th Infantry (assembled in vicinity 0,0190) was not consisted.

10, 23 June 1944

- a. Division CP: 027113.
- b. The 39th Infantry cleaned up two more strongpoints on either side of the read in the vicinity of BOUNNVILLE (068188), which had been by-passed on either side by two companies of the 2nd Battalion, 1/th Infantry, in their advance on the provious day. The 1st Battalion attacked Hill 131 (060195) capturing bunkers and consolidating their positions thereofter. The 2nd Battalion attacked Hills 136 and 150, both in vicinity of 050208, where they

captured emplacements and took many prisoners; at michight a definsive position on these, hills was occupied. The 3rd Battalion was in reserve at Childs. Thus Thatte behind a battle was fought on this day. The Corrending Coneral was obliged to order reed blocks established along reads leading from TEURTHEVILLE HAGUE (060173) to the East in order to lesson the possibility of enemy attack as the 79th Division advinced, since the enemy was being squeezed into the 9th Division's sector behind the 17th Infantry front lines.

e. The lith Intentry continued its attack at 0700; the lat Rattalion was held up all day by concentrated artillory, mortar and small arms fire at 082180. A map showing the entire ring of fortified positions around CHERBOURG was captured; this later proved to be very accurate. The 2nd and Jud Battalions advenced to 091211 and 092803 respectively taking several hundred prisoners and a large amount of energy material. Through this operation the high ground overlooking CHERBOURG has taken, and the main perimeter defense of the city was broken.

d. The 60th Infantry improved their positions during the norming on the southeastern slope of the hill northwest of FLOTTELWNILLE HIGGS (069215) and at 2010, after an abrial benbardsont, jumped off toward objective 13 (070215 - 063225) in compliance with verbal orders of the Commanding Concral, An accurate and offcotive concentration by the 60th Field Artillory Battalion reduced opposition so that the objective was taken by 2225, and by 2100 the following positions were occupied: lst Battalion, 077221; 2nd Battalion, 075229; 3rd Battalion, 063220.

c. In the evening, starting at 2030, 32 dive-bombers bombed emplaced guns at QUENQUEVILLE (085265) with disastrous offect, as air recommissance by Edvision Artillory planes showed.

11. 24 Juno 1944

- a. Division CP: 027113 until 2000 055187 after 2000.
- b. The 39th Infantry was ordered to proceed Northeast and attack abreast on the right of the 17th Infantry, assisting the latter in 12s advance on CHERBOURG. The 60th Infantry was ordered to protect the left (north) flank of the Davision from its positions of the previous night. One company of the 71sth Tank Battalion was attached to the 60th Infantry, the remainder swaiting orders in Division Reserve.
- c. The attack of the hith Infantry progressed favorably against suffi resistance, penetrating the fortified zone. The lst Battalion seized read junctions at 082180 and 0891% clearing out a strong point and taking mimerous prisoners; the lst Battalion then cleared up their area; and later assembled in vicinity of 077207 under Division Centrol as Division Reserve. The 2nd Battalion reached its objective, front lines at midnight being 110237 115233; a Corman noter park was captured with several hundred prisoners and mimorous vehicles. The 3rd Battalion after stiff fighting reached a line (11425 120220), a few mindred yards short of their objective.

- d. The 39th Infantry (less 1st Battalion) advanced at 0800 as a planned, encountering light opposition until 1700 when it was pinned down by machine gur and norter fire from Hill 128 (116216). The 2nd Battalion wise coaded in capturing this Hill by 2100 are readed dated peritions in the cut-skirts of GHERBOURG (123218) for the night. The 3rd Bettelion reached 127215 after the resistance from Hill 128 was reversence. The last Battalion remained in the same position under Division control, as Bivision Reserve, and as a guard for road blocks established to protect the corn castern flark.
- e. The 60th Infantry renained in position, sending out patrols to mop up remmants of enemy strong points in the reer of the Regiment, and to recommend the hostile positions to the Worth and proliminary to an advance in that direction, once CHERROURG had been taken. Front line units were subjected to artillory and morter fire throughout the day from hostile positions to the North and West.

12. 25 June 19hh

- a. Division CP: 055187.
- b. The 60th Intentry continued its mission of defending the northern flank of the Division from its proviously occupied positions. Active patrolling took place in all units. The las Battalion, 60th Infantry, reliaved the last Battalion, 39th Infantry, in vicinity of 050170, taking over control of the various road blocks which had been exceted in the Division area on reads leading South and Southwest from CHERBOURG,
- c. The 39th Infantry made slight advences on CHERBOURG, being held up by 20an AA guns, artillory and small urns fire, and street fighting in COTEVILE (12h217). 3-inch guns of the attached cumpany of the 89th Tank Destroyer Battalion destroyed two 80an guns with direct fire at 118188.
- d. Following up a highly successful bombing mission by a soundron of Thunderbolts (Ph7s), the 2nd Battalion, h7th Infantry ontered CHERECURG at 1255 from EQUEURDREVILLE (1162h7) where a strongly defended fortress was reduced with heavy loss to the enemy. During the afternoon the arsenal area was partially cleaned out but the arsenal itself, composed of subterranean fortifications and thick-walled defensive installations, remained a strongpoint. One plateon reached the beach at approximately 115252. This battalion met heavy resistance all the way; their northre kneeked out seven Websluorfers, and attached engineers from the 15th Engineer Battalion cleared lanes through three minefields. The 3rd Battalien (Company C attached), 17th Infantry, advanced initially abroast of the 2nd Battalion, but was held up fighting in front of a strongpoint at approximately 122229. Strong artillery concentrations and heavy fighting on the part of the 3rd Battalion failed to reduce this strongpoint by dark. The 1st Battalion began an advance North between the 2nd and 3rd Battalions but all elements of the battalion except Company C wore hold up at 120238 in front of a strongpoint. Company C continued its. advance, and was attached to the 3rd Battalion, 17th Infantry, until the lat Battolion caught up.

- e. In this day's operation, the 17th Infantry broke into the wostern side of the city. After having cut the COTENTIN Poninsula and having driven repidly North against strongly defended field fortifications, units of the Division were the first Allied troops to enter the fortress CHERROURG. The right flank of the Division was still partially exposed, as the 79th Division front lines were not yet abreast of the 17th Infantry.
- f. The hir Support Party arranged bombing missions over heavy mun ermlacements in GRUCHY (028281) at 2100, and in GREVILLE (015278). These missions proved by leter recommaissance to have had excellent results, as the heavy guns and surrounding installations were completely destroyed.

13. 26 Juno 19lili

a. Division CP: 055187.

- b. On 26 June the attack was continued to employe the occupation of CHERBOURG. The 60th Infantry (loss 1st Battalion) was ordered to continue the protection of the Division's northwest flank, and the lst Battalion, 60th Infantry, to remain in Division Reserve.
- c. The 2nd and 3rd Battaliens, 39th Infantry, took the subterranean naval, fortification at SAN SAUVEUR (135225) where General VON SCHLIEBEN, CHERBOURG defense area Commander, and Admiral HENNECKE, as well as their respoctive staffs, surrendered. The Division Commander was present at this locality and the surrender was made in person to him. When asked if this surrender included the whole CHERECURG defense, VON SCHLIEREN replied that he was surrendering only the subterranean fortification at SAN SAUVEUR with the pon defending it, and that communications wore such that he could not surrender the others even if he wanted to. The 39th Infantry continued mopping up operations and cleared their sector to the harbor.
- d. The 2nd Battalien, 47th Infantry, remained in position; the 1st and 3rd Battalions fought all day clearing out machine gun nests and reafter strongpoints within the city. By dark all organized resistance within the city was crushed except for the arsenal.

1h. 27 June 19hh

- a. Division CP: 055187.
- b. General Hajor SATTIER surrendered the arsenal with his staff and 400 mon to the Division Commander at 0930 in response to an ultimatum. At first the Division Commander refused to accept the surrowler as General SATTLER withhold information about whether there were mines and booby traps in the arsenal. The surrender was accopted later when the German General relented and stated that on his word as a German Officer, there were no mines or booby traps as far as he knew. In subsequent searches, no mines or booby traps wore found.
- c. With this surrender, resistance in CHERBOURG ceased, and two Gorman Hospitals were taken with their medical staffs and 2600 patients of whom 150 were American Wounded. The Navy was still denied the use of the

harbor because of an isolated fortification canned by a few Germans at the end of the jetty at 11/251. This forbification was reduced by artillery fire and a Company of Infantry. In adhition, long rules costal and of high velocity shelled CHERBOURG and Division installations from CAP DE LA LAUGE.

- d. Units of the 1th Infantry Division, taking over the occupation of the city, relieved the 39th and 47th Infantry Regiments which moved to the vicinity of TRINSELIZEE (08025).
- e. Three Ar Marions were flow on this date at the request of the Air Support Officer. At Mah Am Squadrons of Plys be bed and strated an amunition dump to 5526, and three each load constal game at foliate. The amunition dump was set on fire and the three gune were neutralized. The third mission, also executed by a Squadron of fighter-backers was on JOHNG (\$10029) in which large califor game were located. One gam was destroyed.
 - f. The 60th In artry took ST C Tat N.GJE 030238.
 - 15. 28 June 19hh
 - a. Division CP: 055187
- b. The enemy strength remaining in the CAP DE LA MAGUE was estimated not to exceed 3000, being the remaining elements of the 709th Division, 21jth Division, and coastal defense personnol. Jater it was found however that the enemy's strength had been underestimated, the true figure being nearly 6000. Determined organized resistence was thought to be probable clong the VAUVILLE (960237)- CHUCHY (025280) line. The 9th Division regrouped on 28 June in proparation for an attack to the Morthwost on 29 June.
- c. The 39th Infantry having completed its move into the assembly area shown on overlay to Field Order #11 aveited orders in Division Reserve.
- d. The 17th Infantry assumbled in an area designated in Field Order #11 pushing recommaissance forward to the 055 North South Guid 14no, in proparation for advance on 29 June along the Northeastern coast on the right of the 60th Infantry.
- e. The 50th Infantry occupied the Line of Departure with the 2nd and 3rd Rattallons abreest as prescribed in the Field Order (052258 STE CROIX HAGUE 01222).
- ft Three Failway cons av (922313 956266 985265) were completely destroyed in an Air Support ston flow by one Squadron of dive beckers and one Squadron of ledlum benkers.
 - 16. 29 June 1944
 - a. Division CP: 055187.
- b. There was no change in the 39th Infantry positions as the Regiment remained in Division Reserve in Vicinity of 017226.
- c. The remainder of the Division continued its mopping up operations in the Peninsula, advancing to the Northwest against hostile emplace-

ments and heavy artillery fire. The 17th Infantry took several hundred prisinors and advanced to the following points: 1st Battalion, Ohl266; 2nd Battalion, 017276; 3rd Battalion, 032279. The 60th Infantry began its attack at 0700 and advanced to the following points: 1st Battalion, Ohl253; 2nd Battalion, 03255; 3rd Battalion, 09263. Only moderate resistance was on-countered throughout the day.

- d. Division Artillery fired harassing fires during the night, and mamorous long range counterbattery missions on the enemy coastal guns which had been harassing Division installations and traffic. Δ 20-minute "Zombie" (Division concentration) was fired on enemy tanks, breaking up π counterattack.
- o. Three bombing missions were flown over BEAUMONT IMCGEs beginning at 1000. Three squadrons of Ph/8 took part and the offect of bombing was excellent; the strongpoint was reduced to a condition that made it much less of an obstacle to the infuntry on 30 June than had been expected. In addition, missions were flown by a squadron of Ph/8 over each of the following heavily fortified positions in the time of the CAP DE LA HAGGE: East of SEME (915315). In EEL ES MARTHS (937325) and 931318. These positions were cleared later by the 39th infantry, which found them in a demolished condition. In addition to those missions, GENTILE (015376) was bended again at the request of the 17th Infantry with good results.

17. 30 June 19hl

- a. Division CP: 055187.
- b. Bombing missions had been planned for known strongpoints and fortifications upon the completion of which the 17th Infantry and 60th Infantry, abreast, were to continue their attack. However, the weather prevented the bombing from taking place, and the attack jumped off after artillery preparations had been fixed.
- c. The 60th Infantry became engaged in a heavy fire fight shortly after midnight while the 2nd Battalion was passing through the lat Battalion in the vicinity of 001258. The 3rd Battalion moved forward as scheduled, By 1120 opposition was evereese and the 2nd Battalion had reached BELMENT HAGUE (959257) taking 100 prisoners and several 8mm guns. A highly successful bombing mission was Clown or 3 squadrons of diverbombers on the strongpoint IAMDES DE JOBERO (950257). By dark, final objectives for the day had been reached, the font lines being generally 940298. This Regiment took about 1000 prisoners during the day.
- d. The 47th Infantry also encountered heavy resistance initially, but reached their objectives around midnight against diminishing opposition. The 2nd Battalion had a heavy fire fight in occupying GREVILLE (015278); The 3rd Battalion also had a heavy fire fight in clearing out GRUCHY (026280). The break-through did not come until 1800 and by midnight advance elements reached 775310 and 990295.
- o. The 39th Infantry moved to new assembly areas near HEAUMONT HAGUE (989267) in preparation for their attack on 1 July.

18. 1 July 19hh

a. Division CP: C55187.

b. The 3rd Battalion, 39th Infantry (reinforced) operating under Division control, detrucked near Road Junction 133 (929305) during the night 30 June - 1 July in preparation for their attack on AUDERVILLE (922324). Elements of the 9th Reconnaissance Troops preceding this battalion had already reached the edge of AUDERVILLE, taking several prisoners and securing information of enemy positions from friendly civilians. At 0100 the 3rd Battalion moved north against the town attaining complete surprise, and by 0500 they secured the objective, reporting "everything here gave up". Patrols were sent further to ST GERMAIN (230323) and GOURY (215382). At 1000 the 3rd Battalion reported that 1000 prisoners had been taken, and that the . peninsula was clear of the enemy as far north as AUDERVILLE (922324) and west from there to the coast. In addition the following material was captured:

- 2 10-inch railway guns, 360° traverse.
 - h 155mm Howitzers

 - 88mm SP guns 17mm guns
 - 10 20mm guns.

The 39th Infantry (less 3rd Battalien) continued their movement to AUDERVILLE at down. At 1310 the 39th Infantry reported that their entire area was clear of the enomy.

- c. The 47th Infantry continued mopping-up operations in the area secured the previous day, in which they reported "the Germans are just sitting around waiting to be taken". Their area was cleared by 1430.
- d. The 60th Infantry reported their sector clear of the enemy at 11:00, and at 1500 the 9th Division reported officially to VII Corps that all organized resistance had ceased on the CAP DE IA HAGUE, and that the Division was assembling preparatory to moving South to a bivouac area.
- e. In accomplishing the mission of overcoming enemy resistance in the CAP DE IA HAGUE, the 9th Infantry Division had successfully completed its operations in the COTENTIN Peninsula.
 - 19. Day by day take of prisoners:

37 T	60 m. 6 m. 4			- 77	1.1									
		19lılı		3		- 3			23	June	1944	-	295	j.
15	June	1914	-	- 43	-	1 1 1 1 1 1	-	Contraction Acres	-24	งในทอ	1944	-	1,00	
		1944		125		1	1				1944		1015	
17	June	1944	_	173		.J. 1	المراجع والمحاد		26	June	1954	-	3095	
18	June	1944		. 405					27	Juna	1944		_60h6	
19	June	1944	-	712			1		28	Juna	1944	-	454	
- 20	June	19hl	-	95			6		29	June	1914	-	426	
21	Juno	1944	_	37		원, 최		٠.			1944		2077	
22	Juno	1944	-	105			,,,,,	, - :	- 1	July	1944		2984	

18590 fotal



Of this total, approximately 750 were taken in cutting the peninsula, 11,800 in the advance to CHERBORG, and 5,900 in the CAP DE IA RAGUE. The VII Corps took a total of 32,038 princers from D-Day through 1 July 1910.

Section IV - Supply

L. Supply:

- a. Supply operations functioned very smoothly during this campaign and presented no particular problems.
- b. Unit distribution of rations was nade to the three infartry Regiments; truckhead distribution to the remainder of the Division and attached troops. Class I supplies were actually assued on the following basis:

10-in-1	Туре			65.
5-in-?.	Туре			
C	Lype		7	28
D	Typa			2.
	Туре			3.
Hospita.	l Suppleme	ent Rati	on	9.

- c. Water was abundant throughout the area and the 1/50,000 scale map proved a reliable guide for locating water points setups. Normally, three water units were in operation with one in reserve. Forward mater points were established well forward in the general area of the Division Madium Artillery in order to give combat units maximum service. This also reduced the amount of traffic and the target which vehicles on reads afford enemy aircraft and artillery.
- d. Gasolino consumption averaged 4.4 gallons per gas consuming vehicle per day. This average is slightly greater than in SICIIX due to the fact that a greater use of vehicles was made possible in NORMAND by the favorable terrain. It must also be understood that the present T/E allows the Division 17% less gas consuming vehicles than were authorized in SICIIX, thorefore, the use per vehicle in NORMAND was greater.
- e. Ammunition expended for the period was 1805 tons. Based on ETOUSA Unit of Fire, cated 10 December 1913, this amounts to the following Units of Fire per weapon for the entire 16-day period that this Division was in combat as a whole:

mal	1 Armsf	mineral wine you	
-	Carbine	1.1 0	nits
	111903	2.4	15.
i-here-je	and the second second second	3.7	- H
	H.O. 30 cal.	12.9	H.
	N.O. 50 cal.	0.1	u
٠	Thompson, Sub-M.C.	8.0	
	Rocket, 2.36", A.T.	2.1	H

1 . 2 0 % IL

57mn. A. T.

Win (All Tyres) 155rm

Throughout the operation there was a shortage of fragmentation gremades and colored snoke of various types and colors. A forward AOP (No. 702) was established by the Army, approximately 25 to 35 miles from the using units, but the supply was never sufficient to meet requirements and trucks had to be driven approximately 60 additional miles for their loads. In some eaces this resulted in trucks being on the road from 10 to 12 hours before ammunition was delivered to combat un to.

2. "Ordnance Maintenm ce:

a. Due to the short campaign and favorable terrain, wear and tear on motor equipment was no greator than that encountered in garrison, excluding losses due to combat. Forty (40) vahicles, or 2% of the Division T/E allowance, were lost due to combat. Sixty-five (65) percent of these were 1/4 ten trucks.

b. Great use of small arms, especially Browning Autmatic Rifles and 81mm Mortars in this operation, produced an unprecedented rate of repair and replacement in these weapons.

3. Evacuations

a. Evacuation of casualties was rapid and very efficient. The majority of the wounded were evacuated from Battalien Aid Stations within an hour of being injured. The cover offered by hedge rows sided medical units greatly and shortened litter hauls. The litter jeep was especially useful in this campaign on the numerous farm roads in transporting patients to ambulance collecting points. Evacuation was persistently barassed by enemy snipors.

b. A Field Hospital Platoon was usually established in close proximity to the clearing station. This proved valuable in the disposition of seriously wounded cases unable physically to be transported to evacuation hospitals.

c. The following is a summary of casualties evacuated during the period of this report:

The state of the s	د د در با میستونود را محیری را معربای	construction of the same to	Exh	mstion	
La Carrie	Killed Wounde		Injury Mental	Physical	Total
		- Approximately	168 121	27	2921
Evacuated	1523		111, 70	8	2305
Returned to Duty	328		51₄ 5 <u>1</u> ⊾	19	616
*Other Units	1049		52 17		1188
Evacuated	1043	65	50 17	∸ − 0	1175
Returned to Duty		5	2 0	0 .	13
Orand Total	390 2900		220 138	27	1109
*Includes onemy, of	ivilians and ot	hor U.S. and	Allied Troops		

- d. The Division Psychiatrist secretised the handling of all combat exhaustion cases. It was found possible to return 15% of these men to their original duty.
- h. Burial: 9th Division doad were buried in Division plots in the Corps Cometory located at ST. MERS FOLKS. The work was done by Corps G.R.O. Company under the supervision of the Division Quertermentor G.R.O.

5. Salvago and Captured Matoriel:

a. Considerable commy material was captured or everum by this Division. Tactical commet make it impractical for organizations of the Division to adequately make or move this material, however, an officer was appointed to locate and necessary information concerning all enemy supplies and equipment within the Division sector, and daily reports were submitted to Corps and Arry. Similar reports were made to relieving units and supporting selvage treeps. Artillary and enthirre off guns were disarmed at the earliest operamity to prevent onemy struggiors from firing those pieces after our forward troops had passed. The following is a general summary of enemy supplies and equipment captured during the period of this reports:

- (1) 229 vehicles actually accounted for, including trailers.
- (2) 10h guns of various types and calibers, including 4-155mm coastal guns, 2-210mm railway guns and several nebelworfors.
- (3) Haval Arsenal at CEPENCURG with huge quantities of mines, explosives, much arms emmunition, 200mm shells, point, foodstuffs and several thousand rifles.
- (4) General Von Schlieben's Headquarters, CHERBOURG: Huge quantities of small arms and ammunition, signal conject and foodstuffs.
- (5) Several hospitals, in and around CHERBOURG, containing large quantities of medical supplies and equipment.
- (6) Twenty engineer dumps containing various items of engineer equipment, including concrets mixers, cir compressor, power shovels, 900 sacks coment, blacksmith shop, crane, narrow gauge railway equipment, complete with locomotive and dump errs, rock quarry and stock pile of crushed rock, personnel and land mines.
- (7) Large quentities of foodstuffs, including sugar, flour, coffee and cannot vegetables and fish.
 - -(8) 33 horses, 25 saddles and 15 sets of pack equipment.
- (9) Quantities of signal equipment, including radar station, two radio stations, two searchlights and combination lighthouse and signal tower.
 - (10) Mumorous launching runways for robot planes.

6. Traffic: Because of an adequate road net with numerous side roads, traffic was not a particular problem in this operation.

7. Construction and Laintenance of Roads: No new roads were constructed during this period. Laintenance consisted of replacing small bridges and bulverts, filling bomb craters, removing 'road blocks, clearing debris and widening. The absence of mines in any quantity was a source of constant surprise and satisfaction. The following is a tabulation of work performed by the 15th Engineer Battalion during the period 10 June to 1 July 19hi:

Bomb Craters Filled: 37
Roads Checked for Mines: 13 miles
Areas Checked for Mines: 3 squere riles
Mines Lifted: 172
Wines Layed: Defensive Road Blocks for Soth R.C.T.
Roads Midoned: 2 miles
Roads Cleared of Dobris: 37 miles
Road Slokek Remoyed: 23

Calvorts Dullt 5
Bridges Built (Treatway): 5
Bridges Built (Timber): 1
Dumps Operated: 2 (Tridge Dumps)
Water Point Setups: 12
Water Put out to Troops: 647,000 gallons

25.50

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41.16

Cross Country Blasting of Kadgorows to Permit Passage Tank Postroyors: 5 miles

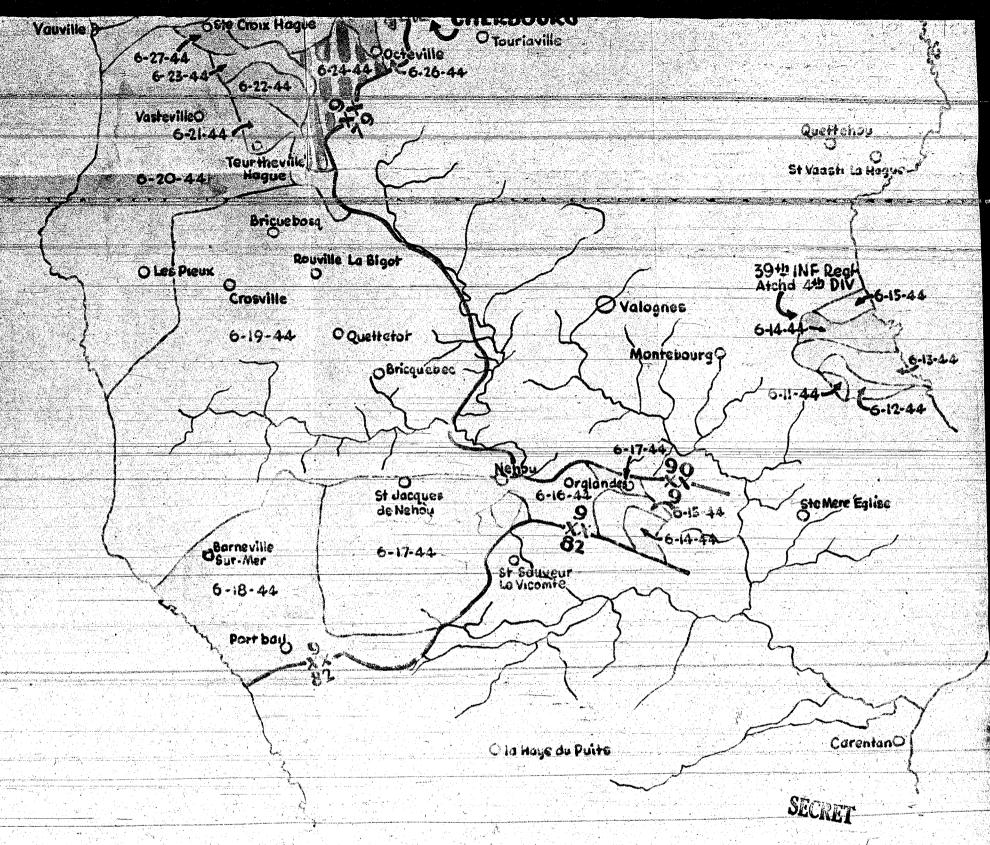
8. Service Troops and Trains: Service troops and trains were kept well forward because of the rapidly moving situation. This further relieved unit transportation for tactical use and eliminated traffic congestion within the Division area.

M. S. EDDY, Enjor Goneral, U.S. Army, Commanding.

- 22 -

SECRIF Dobourg Greville. 6-30-44 6-25-44 Beaumont 6-30-44 O St Pierre-Eglise Hague 6-29-14 Ste Croix Hagle Yauville E OTouriaville 6-27-44 6-14-44 3 6-26-44 6-23-4 6-22-44 F,O VastevilleC Quettehou 6-21-44 Teurmeville Hague (St Vaash is Hague 6-20-44 Briguebosq Rouville La Bigot 39 to INF Reght Atchd 49 DIV O Lee Plauk 6-15-44 Crosville Valognes 6-14-44 O Quetretor 6-19-44 Montebourg ? 9-13-44 6-17-44 6-16-11 Orgiandes St Jacques Ste Mere Eglise de Nehou 82 dearneville 6-17-44 St Souveur to vicomite 6-18-44

Part bay



AREA TAKEN by the 9th INFANTRY DIVISION IN THE COLENTIN PENINSULA FRANCE

12 June to 1 July 1944

colors & dates show successive advances

SECTION B



LESSONS LEARNED FROM PRESENT CAMPATON

rigaryja, zja, podl

- L Effect of hedgerow terrain on infantry tactions. In effect, bedgerows subdivide the terrain into small rectangular compartments which favor the defense and necessitate their reduction individually by the attacker. Each compartment, the scouts must be particularly watchful, especially on the corners, where the enemy is frequently found commanding approaches from adjacent compartments. Fire from automatic weapons, light nortars and rifle granders, directed at the corners and along the hedgeroms themselves, whather or not an enemy was known to be present therein, was found to be frequently effective. The entire operation resolved itself into a species of jungle or Indian fighting, in which the individual soldier or email groups of soldiers play a dominant part, Success come to the offensive force which employs the maximum initiative by individuals and small groups.
- 2. 1.2 inch chemical mortars in close support of infantry; An eff- 3 Juntum weapon which was found to be most useful whon employed in the same manner as the Sizm nortar, employing observors with assault companies and liaison with the bettelion commander.
- 3. Tank destroyors and self-propolled artillory as assault guns in attack on automatic weapons and fortified localities; the tank destroyers should remain in rear of the assault bettallon areas. When a suitable target is found, the plateon leader or gun commander should go forward and recompositer gun positions and route thereto, before bringing the gun forward. When the target is reduced, the tank destroyer should withdraw to a position in rear of the infantry until a now target is found, Under no circumstances should the guns advance until the infantry has preceded and located targets. A very effective weapon when thus properly employed,
- were obtained when air bembardment took place when the assaulting troops were not more than 1000 yards from the target, and when the assaulting troops were not more than 1000 yards from the target, and when the assaulting troops were required valuable time, it was found best to cover the target with light artillery fire until the attackers had advanced to a point not more than 1000 yards from the target, at which thus the heavy artillery concentration could be delivered, followed incodiately by a rapid advance of the infantry. When such tactics were employed, success invariably followed. If, on the other hand, air bembardment took place at too great a distance from the attacking troops, it was found habitually that the defenders had an opportunity to recover and to man their positions before the attackers could arrive. In the Rinal assault, tank destroyers and from guine, if they could be spared from their primary role, were found most useful in firing at the aportures of strong points to cover the advance of desolition parties.

SECRET

antry and crtillery with close air support: Largely covered in paragraph 4, above,

6. Additional notes:

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a. Antitank guns: Towed 57mm guns were virtually uscless in the close country encountered. Such weapons assigned to the autitank companies certainly, and probably those assigned to battalions, should be on some type of self-propelled mount. The present gun cannot be placed in position sufficiently promptly, except along roads.

b. Infantry camon: The present 105mm howitzer in too heavy a weapon for accompanying use by the infantry, nor does it have the requisite mobility. The towed 75mm howitzer (pack), which can be towed, transported in a truck, packed on mules, or carried by hand for short distances, is best adapted for use as an infantry accompanying weapon, and should be adopted

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tactical study of the terrain ν

1. AREA COVERED.

a. The area covered is the southern COTENTIN FEMINSULA, roughly bounded on the north by the 08 grid line, and on the south by the line IESSAY. (1876) - CARENTAN (ORD). The map used is FRANCE, 1/25,000.

2. GENERAL TOPOGRAPHY OF THE AREA.

- A. DRATNAGE SYSTEM.
- (1) East: The eastern portion of the area under consideration is chopped up by a criss-cross of rivers and streams, as well as drainage ditches and canals. The lowind west of CARRYTAN, and the valleys of the DOUVE and MERDERET RIVERS are inundated and provide major obstacles to cross-country movement. The DOUVE is 80 feet wide at CARRYTAN, and 30 feet wide at CREATEN, and 30 feet wide at FRESVILLE (2003). The MERDERET forks northwest and northeast south of FRESVILLE (2003). From VALONES (2005) to the fork, the MERDERET is fed by many tributaries, each forming small valleys.
- (2) West, The principal streams flow west-east, except for a stretch in which the DOUVE flows north-couth, and fours, in effect, the east-ern boundary of the objective. The scutwestern tributary (unnamed) of the DOUVE creates a wide, and partially innumbed valley about seven miles long, which, by joining the main DOUVE walley quite the peninsula from coast-to-coast-another important river is the SETE, which flows from west to east just north of the division objective roughly savelleling the Ol and Oz grid lines until it meets the DOUVE at approximately (1602). The DOUVE is joined at (1998) by the RRUET, which, by connecting with an unnamed viver, parallels the 97 grid line to the sea. At LESSAY, the AY RIVER creates an imundated area in from the sea which narrows the gap through which entrance to the peninsula from the scuth could be effected. The only rivers wider than 20 feet are the DOUVE,

b. RIDGE SYSTEMS.

while the entire area is relatively low, there are three principal ridge systems in the area under consideration, each a part of the main, illy defined ridge system of the peninsula, which extends from ST. VARST to the west coast, and thence south to LESSAY. The ridge systems with which this study is primarily concerned area.

- (1) The jaged hill hass north of the SETE RIVER and west of RELEQUEDEC.
 - (2) The ridge described as the Division objective, 1.e., the high ground centuring at 0898, west of ST. SAUVEUR.
- (3) The high ground to the south of (2) surrounding the torn of IA HATE DU PUITS, and including Hills 120 specific.

or hill masses are from 120 to 110 meters, with some high points reaching a maximum of 150 meter in (1), 115 meters, with some high points reaching a maximum of 150 meters in (2), 115 meters in (2), 2nd 331 meters in (3).

In the east there is no prenounced ridge system, but the rivers, principally the MERDERET and its tributuries, segregate masses of slevated ground which in the main does not reach in excess of 30 meters except just north of the line MONTEROURG (3105) - VALONES (2108), where two points reach 119 meters each.

C. ROUTES.

Due to the marshy nature of much of the area, making it difficult for vehicles to loave the reads, the COINTIN FRINKULA is reported as
the weakest point, from a military point of view, in the read system of
northwest FRANCE. However, there is a network of secondary and third class
reads which have been developed, and while not entirely to be depended upon
for accommodating heavier types of mechanized equipment, should afford adequate routes of communication for an infantry division in dry weather (while
perhaps restricting enemy armor). In the "bocoge" country, which includes
much of the area under consideration, rouds generally have embankments three
or four feet high at each side, surmounted by thick hedges. The principal
routes within and leading to the tentative liviation sector are:

- (1) CARENTAN NONTEBOURG VALORNES CHERGOURG. A first class road, 20 feet or wider.
- (2) "HEACH ROAD", paralleling the landing beach, about 3000 yards inland. A wide, secondary road which Leaves the main road (1) just north of CARENYAR and at FONTERAY-SUR-MER (353055) and (350075) makes junction with roads joining the main road at MONTEROURG. This road is connected with the landing beach by at least six good roads.
- (3) IESSAY IA HAYE DU PUITS ST. SAUVEUR VALONES. A first class road crossed by the CHETRET CHEMTAIN Road at LA HAYE DU PUITS, and making junction with good secondary route to CHETROUNG via RHICQUEBED at ST. SAUVEUR. This is the main approach to our area from the south, and LA HAYE DU PUITS is seen to be a key point on the road system, a junction of roads leading north, south, oast, and west.
- (h) CARTERET IA HAYE DU FUITS CARENTAN. A secondary road, 10 to 20 feet wide, except for a narrower short strotch from ST. JURES eastward, cutting across the peninsula at the base. From CARTERET the road continues north parallel to the cost, joining the boach at DERLETTE (9714).
 - (5) CARTERET BRICQUEBEC VALOGNES. A good secondary road.
- (6) ST. SAUVEUR PORTRAIL (0789). A good secondary road, which crosses the CARTERET LA HATE DU FUITS road midway between those points. This road roughly parallels a possible defense line back of the probably-inundated extension of the DOUTE Valley.
- (7) PERIERS ST. JURES VALOURES. A good secondary road.
 To be noted that ST. JURES is junction point of north-south and east-ment roads and a key point in road system. PERIERS is of importance as a junction of three roads loading into the pointsula.

(8) There is a net work of reach charm of the Frience 122,000: as paved and three to six meters wide; shown on MICHELIN road map (1938) as being below secondary rating but regularly ro-motalled; but which are not shown on the maps and overlays accompanying the terrain studies prepared by ligher headquarters. These roads connect the more important north-south roads described above, and some are of tactical significance. One connects, the main highways (1) and (3) between STE, MERE ENILISE (3505h) and ST. SAUVERS, the ENILISE - QUIRESVILLE (Another cuts across the center of the area via STE, MERE ENILISE - QUIRESVILLE (2798) - STE, COLOMB (20285) - SP. MOQUES (15598). Partilishing it on the north is a read FRESVILLE - IE HAM (2800H). - COLOMBY (225022) - ENICOUSEEC. Maintenance of all but priority reads has been poor since 1939 and some of the roads may present difficulties, particularly on the worn edges.

(9) Railroads. There is but one double-track, standard gauge railroad line traversing the pointsula from CHERROURI to CARENTAN, via VALONES, and thence castward to CARL A single-track line leaves the main line north of ERICQUEESC and joins another line near IA HAYE DU FUITS, the cross line Minding CARTERET and CARENTAN. The north south line continues south from IAHAYE DU FUITS to LESSAY, PRIFIESS, and beyond.

d. BEACHES.

the landing beach is that at the scutheast corner of the pendres sula, from IA MADELETINE (1695) to CHAID HAMEAU DES DINES (1203). This is a search to in ISIS REPORT OF FRANCE, VOL. 2, "MODEL BY WEST OF THE SERRET. The beach consists of four miles of firm, level send 700 yards wide. Landing of infantry can be carried out at any state of the tide. If the strip of soft sand at high mater were bridged, the beach suitable for WT. Drantry could move inland everywhere along this beach. For further details, attention is invited to ISIS report.

e. GENERAL NATURE OF THE TERRAIN.

plain, with a constal, border of low-lying meadow land now inumdated. The flat river valleys are a conspicuous feature and at several places breaden to fugal wide expenses of pasture known as "Frailies Marcagemes". These tracts are liable to be marely in winter and spring; some, notably the PARRIES.

MARCAGEUSS DE CORNES to the west of CARETIAN, are premanently marely. If dry, river valleys are under rich pasture with tree-lined or hedged fields. Behind Beach "Utah" the ground rises to about 60 feet, sloping on the other side to the valley of the River MERDERET. Across the valley and north of the DOUVE it rises to 90 feet. At the northern edge of the area under consideration, at the general line MONTERCURG - VALONES, the ground begins to rise more sharply.

steep hill country east of CAPTERET. Around IA HAYE DU PUTTS these hills rise steeply from plains and are clothed with fields, pasture and heathland. IA HAYE DU PUTTS itself lies in a deep valley with high hills on all sides, the hilly country is largely "bocages", with much pasture land, Fields are bordered by hedges and trees. There are more orchards and fewer woods to the south. Rivers are sluggled and meandoring, some forming deep and marrow valleys. Along the west coast is the sories of important high in the search of in 2 be

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* BONG BELLEVIEW SECTOR

- A. AVENUES OF APPROACH AND LINES OF COMMUNICATION.
- the immediated area, to the north-south Beach read, from the beach, across the immediated area, to the north-south Beach read. The use of connecting reads from the beach exits to the exterial system will depend upon the amount of destruction by the withdrawing energ. The First Army magineen contemplates the possibility of a serious engineering problem, perhaps requiring construction of plank reads. From the beach road to the main CARENTAN MONTEROUND = VALCOUST Read is a series of secondary and third class roads, spaced approximately 300 yards apart.
 - (2) Westward avenues of approach:
 - (a) FRESVILLE-LE HAM-COLOMBY-ERICQUEREC; thence ERICQUEREC-CARTERET OF ERICQUERECI-PORTSAIL.
 - (b) STE. WERE ROLLISE-GOURNESVILLE-STE. COLOMBE-ST. JACQUES-BARNEVILLE.
 - (c) STR. MERE BOLISE-ETHENVILLE-ST. SAUVEUR-PORTBAIL.
- (3) In defense of Division area, our lines of communication would be restricted to those from the east. From the north, the energy would have three main avenues of approach;
 - (a) The constal highway into CARTERET.
 - (b) The series of minor roads running generally northsouth, between the coastal highway and ERICQUEEEC.
 - (e) The CHERBOURG-ERICQUEBSC highway, and the roads out of ERICQUEBSC (leading to CARTERET, to PORTRAIL, to ST. SAUVERD.)

If ENCOURSES were denied the enemy, his avenues of approach for an attack continued would be seriously restricted, for an attack northward from the south, his routes are oven more restricted to the highest IESSAY-IA HAYE DU PULTS-CARTEREY, and possibly IA HAYE DU PULTS-ST. SAUVERS. In defending our area from attack from the south, our local lines of communication would be ample.

b. OBSTACIES.

- (1) General; There are obstacles to movement in all directions, bajor obstacles are the low flooded areas immediately behind the landing beach; in the valleys of the MENDERST and the DOUGY, and the swamp land at the neck of the pendimula between CARBETHAN and LESSAT: The Booges districts, with their ditches, embaniments, hedges, stone walls, and orchards, present individually small but collectively important obstacles. There are fewer natural obstacles in the southwestern peninsula. The numerous streams provides obstacles of varying importance.
- as they now exist are good, but domolation may be expected. The DOWE is

55 feet wide at ST. SAUVEUR, and 25 feet at its junction with the SEVE. The availability of fords has not been determined.

- (3) The SEYE River. The river is 20 feet wide, and probably has a drop from the bank to the water surface. Much of the SEYE flows through a steep-sided valley.
- (h) Southern extension of the DOUVE. Probably imundated as far west as ST. SAUVEUR DE PIERRE PONT (1589), although there are indications that the immdation is receding eastward. A bridge crosses the inundation at this point. Mills 120 and 131 dominate the crossing.
 - G. CONCEALMENT AND COVER'S

Cover and concealment are spotty. Orchards, woods, ditches, embankments, and brushwood can be utilized. In many places it is difficult, if not impossible to leave the roads to secure cover, due to the density of the trees lining the roads, or the hodges and embankments. On the low-lying meadowland of the south, cover and concealment are lacking.

d. OBSERVATION AND FIELDS OF FIRE.

The same factors which influence consealment and cover act to obstruct observation and limit floids of fire. That appears on the map to be a good observation point, or to have a good field of fire, may actually be restricted by obstacles to vision and fire. The nigh ground in the west should afford observation to north, east, and south. If the enemy holds the area of the Division objective, he will have observation from Hills 120 and 131. and from the elevated ground west of ST. SALVEIR.

- CRITICAL TERRAIN FEATURES.
 - a. The imundated area back of the teach.
 - b. The DOWE and MERDERET Rivers, and their inundated valleys.
 - c. The ridge on the axis 2107-190h-2h00.
 - d. The SEYE River.
 - e. Rill 90 and 110, between which passes the ST. SAUVEUR-PORTRAIL Rd.
 - f. Hills 120 and 131, key points of the eramy defense.
- g. The ridge 0498-1198 (high ground of Division objective) and the high ground to the northwest (Oh00). These slopes offer observation and fields of fire in all directions, isolating CARTERRET and dominating the BRICQUEBEO-CARTERET Road. High points of the entire area are 065987 and 103980, each 140 meters.

h. The river extending from BARNEVILLE along the southern base of the above ridge, connecting with the BABUET at 1196, and proceeding westward to the DOUVE.

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- flat valley and prairies, inumentation to 1589, and overlooked by Edils 120 and
 - 1. The GRIS and OLIANDE Rivers, which meet at 101900.
- LESSAY-LA HATE DU FULTS and CAREFISH-LA HATE DU FULTS Roads, the railroad, and the dry passage at the base of the pointsuits.
- 1. ST. SAUVEUR and the high ground to the east. ST. SAUVEUR is center of road net.
- m. The hill mass north of the SETE River, west and north of ERICQUEREC, Hill 120 (1405), and ERICQUEREC itself.
 - n. IA HAYE DU PUITS, key road center.

5. TACTICAL EFFECT OF THE TERRAIN.

a. The primary objective of the Alliad forces is to secure the Port of CHERBURG. The primary effort of the enemy can be expected to be the defense of the port. Our forces, by landing in the center of the ponisular coast, and by airborne landings, can by solzing key points dominating entrance to and exit from the ponisula, cut off the enemy troops fighting defensive action in the north. The enemy must attempt to hold open these routes. It is to be expected that the eastern entrance to the peninsula, through CARENTAN, will be demied this immediately.

b. The enemy's first strong defense line probably must be the high ground in the area MONTERCOUNT-VALCOUNTS, and behind the DOUVE and WENDERET Rivers, with the intention of holding the general line VALCOUNTS-ST, WORDS-LESSAY, in order to defend CHERBOURG and hold open his lines of communication with the mainlands. This line is fronted by streams and marshes which provide natural defensive obstacles.

c. If CARESTAN is defined the enemy enrly, and a sufficiently deep beachhead quickly established, his north-south lines of communication will be immediately restricted to LESSAY-LA HAYE DU FUITS-ST. SAUVEUR-VALOUNES, and LESSAY-LA HAYE DU FUITS-CRAFFRUET north. The latter he must hold at all costs if he either to evacuate or to reinforce the peningula.

d. An oarly objective of the attacker must be the crossings of the DOUVE to cut off from the south of the ridge system between the DOUVE and MEED-THEFT, as an envelopment of VAIDONES must be via that ridge, on the left; of key importance is ETIENVILLE, junction of the VAIDONES-ST. JORES-LESSAY and the STE. REME EMILIES-ST. SARVENE Reads.

o. The capture of VALOGNES, contemplated by D plus 2, and of ST. SAUVEUR by airborno troops, would restrict the enemy prior to D plus H to lines of communication west of the line GHERBOURG-ERICOLURBE-IA HAVE DU PUINS.

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f. There are three primary routes open for the westward movement of the D plus h force, outlined in Far. 3 a (2). The final selection of routes must depend upon the tactical situation on D plus h. The best route, Physically, appears to be STE. MENE ECLISE-ETIENVILLE-ST. SAUVEUR, but if the enemy has not been driven from Bills 120 and 131, and the area to the scuth; he will be capable of interfering with movement on that road. The northermost of the three routes, leading into EMICQUEEEC, is under observation of the high ground around EMICQUEEEC, and if that town and the hills to the east and west were still held by the enemy, its use could be demied to us.

g. If the enemy is not driven from the low hills between the MEND-ERET and DOUVE Rivers by the assault force (hth Division) he could interfere with out movement from the ridge running on the exis 2107-1901-2400, and the high ground north and west of ST. SAUVER. The former is hemmed in by the two centering at 2192. From thore an attack could be made to the northwest along the ridge, and/or to the southwest toward ST. SAUVER, Elements on the LE HAM-COLOMBY road could attack the tip of the ridge from the north. Interal communication between the two forces would be provided by the ETIENVILLE-VAL-OMES road at the western base of the elevation (2192).

h. The high ground east of ST. SAUVEUR should be taken if the DOUVE is to be crossed there or north of STS. COLOMER, as it offers elevation for observation across the river, The enemy has observation of the entire east in all side of the river, if he still holds the west side.

in the face of onemy opposition, There are four bridges on our routes.—at ST, SAUVERI, STE. COLOMBE, NUE DU PARD (170006) and IFERAM ERRIGADA. Aerial photographs indicate a number of small crossings, evidently for carbs, all along the river, and it is probable that infantry could ford the river at various points, depending upon the depth of the mater at the time. Rivers now relatively shallow may be fuller after the Spring rains. There must be prompt reconnaissance of river-crossings.

- j. West of the DOWE a number of situations may exist on D plus lydepending upon the success of the assault force, and the ability of the enemy to bring in reinforcements and launch counter-attacks.
- (1) It is probable that the enemy will hold the high ground around IA HAYE DU PUINS, and that he will at least make every effort to include Hills 120 and 131 in the ground that he holds. It should be presumed that
- (2) The enemy may hold the high ground around BRICQUETEC and , north of the SEYE.
- (3) He may hold the ridge which is the Division objective, and command the crossing at ST. SAUVEUR, which is reportedly a strong point.
- (h) He may hold everything west of the DOUVE, both north and south of the SEYE and north and south of Hills 120 and 131.

ATTENTION INVITED TO ACCOMPANYING ANNEX "A"

SECRETE A AC TARATA GUIDA

1. SITUATION.

a. One infantry regiment is advancing west satrice the road COLOMBY-LIFEANN: MERITANNI. A second regiment is on the route CRCIANDES-STE. COLOMBR.

b. The enemy is holding the high ground west of the DOUVE and south of the SEYE; the situation north of the SEYE; is not known. The 62nd Airborne Division occupies the area immediately west of ST. SAUVEUR.

2. MISSION.

a. The mission of the Division is to secure the high ground west and northwest of ST. SAUVER, scuth of the SEVE.

3. AVENUES OF APPROACH.

a. The route of the 39th Infantry from the point 222002 toward ERICQUEEC follows the axis of a ridge running 52 to 1Ms. The ridge continues northward, providing observation and covering fire for a crossing of the river as far north as the 05 grid line. Along the artire route are smaller connecting roads running to the river, and a lesser road parallels most of the river bank. At 19302h, the east-mest road is crossed by a road which could be used as an alternate route of approach. This route would pass through MAGNEVILLE (185025)—TOE GALLET (185020) and across the bridge at 150022 (see Grandcamp bridge, below). At 188028, the main road is joined by another road into UNE GALLET. The nature of the terrain is such that troops could deploy off the roads to approach the river at most places, moving behind the cover of hedges. The hedges, which may be entirely of vegetation, or, as in southern England, of earth topped with hawthorns, would impede the progress of vehicles, but probably openings for \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tons could be made.

b. The route of the 60th Infantry from CRHANDES-STE. COLOMBE road is crossed by the COLOMBY-ST. SAUVEUR road. Like the road to the north, this NE-ST road is joined by numerous lesser roads loading to the River DOUVE. Here again, foot troops can deploy through the fields, using hedges for cover, but having to force openings for vehicles. From ST. SAUVEUR to about the 97 grid line is a small ridge (30 to blometers) which would provide some observation and covering fire for a river crossing between STE. COLOMBE and ST. SAUVEUR.

4. CROSSINGS.

a. BRIDGES.

(1) NEGREVILLE (185065)

Length of bridge ---- 30!
Width of river ---- 20!
Depth of river ---- 2-3!
Banks ---- 6-8!; steep earth with revetment on east bank.

SECRET-8-

- Meadows with trees and thick hedges along road.

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		DECME!
(2)	L'ETANG BERTRAND (176033).	(This is a dam and bridge).
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	Length of dem and bridge -	- 135: 12: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13
	Width of river at dam	901 - at boilden
- carolita dii on	Depth of Plyer at dam	• 10-121: Ab bridge 1-2:
the track statutes	. DBADKB	- D-0: : Aarth roughted
The Control of the Control	Approach	- Meadows and orchards.
/21	GRANDCAMP (160022)	學的 14年,中国新疆的大学程序的企业
	TANDORE: (100022)	
	Igngth of bridge	- 701
	Width of river	- 25t
etstratu i resi	Leath of river	- 2-li1
	Buka	
	Approach	
	- N. I. D D. P. M 43 BOOORS	
(4)	RUE D' PART (170007)	The state of the s
200	.Length of bridge	
	Width of river	
an magazilin , Lilit selinen ilmen ilm	Depth of river	3-11
- 61 K5700	Banks	
	Approach	on wast, 12' ditches beside
		road; on west belt of trees
$v_{ij}v_{ij} = i (v_i \circ \mu (\mathcal{T}_{ij}), \psi_i)$	Foot bridge	and orchards.
4.0	FOOT OTINGE	- ut idde, at 172006
	STE, COLOMBE.	
• Surol Ak	tan	
	Four bridges are crossed o	n this road, of which details
	are available for three.	The state of the s
		The second secon
	(a) Bridge at 199986	lai
	Length of bridge Width of river (branc	그는 한 경험 경우는 그 사내 사람들은 사람들이 가지 않는 것이 되었다.
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Commence of the commence of th	Banks	
	Approach	- hulldings and gardens
4. TTP 3 1		
	(b) Bridge at 196983 (ove	
	Length of bridge	
nation and seems to the state of the color	Width of river (DOUVI	
V 1 (44 VI) 3 (7) [Depth of river	
	Panks	- 0-6) St 4 to 1
	Whitestii = = = = = =	- Meadow, pasture and hedges
Ta Edward Top		on east; farm buildings and orchard on west.
garatra di kunt	Timber farm bridge -	8* wide and 30* long, at
		197990; no approach on west.
1.14		in the second control of the second control
	(c) Bridge at 193984.	
	Length of bridge	501
Market Street St	Width of river (bran	ah) 301
	pepth of river	·マニ計製 (c) 、 go g (b) a c * a c a xiliag (c)

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Current is slow.

b. OTHER CROSSINGS

- (1) From ST. SAUVEUR to STE. COLOMBE, the map shows no crossings. There are indications that fording would be difficult.
 - (2) At VGE GALLET (1802) there is a bridge.
- (3) Aerial photos indicate some small foot bridges being laid by Germans.
- (h) It is probable that river can be forded at several points, north of COLOMES.
- 5. GENERAL TERRAIN NOTES (DOUVE).
- a. From NEGREVILLE (1806) south along the river the land appears marshy, with a gradual rise from the river of about a 1 to 20 grade.

 Exceptions are:
- (1) At L'ETANN BERTRAND (1703) there is steep approach to bridge on cast side, with a switchback.
- (2) At the river bend at 160023, the bank is steep on the NW side and gradual on the SE.
- (3) Above WGE GALLET, from 180022 to 1830 27, there is a stretch which appears poorly suited for troop crossing; muddy with numerous ditches.
- (h) From the dam at 176033 up the river to 1880h6, it appears to be marshy.
- (5) From 197000 to 193963 there is a marshy stretch, with numerous streams 6-8 feet wide. The DOUVE is wide in this area.
 - (6) From 197980 to ST. SAUVEUR, the banks are sharp.
 - 6. ROUTES AFTER CROSSING DOUVE.
 - a. IF ENEMY IS NOT NORTH OF SEYE.
- (1) Regardless of the point of crossing the DOUVE, the 39th parameter can proceed either to RRICOURDED via main read or along good secondary read paralleling the SETE westward.
- (2) No information is available as to the crossings of the SEYE, but a study of sorial photographs indicates that the river is notther too wide nor too deep to be crossed by foot troops, even if bridges are blown, and that banks are not excessively steep, at least east of the 10 grid line.
 - (3) The highway south from the content at 119028, the two roads then paralleling quaranther at approximately a 1200 yard inter-

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val to and beyond the lateral STE. COLOMBE-ST. JACQUES-BARNVILLE road. A third major road, ERICQUEBEC SARNEVILLE, crosses the SEYE at 066019.

(h) If the bridges between STE, COLONE and NEHOU are not blown, or are still usable (which is blody even if denolition is attempted) the 60th Infantry can proceed astride the main road. At NEHOU (188985), good secondary roads branch from the main east-west highway, joining with other secondary roads to make a network of usable roads. Of particular importance is the road from MULAC (18298) to ST. JECQUES, which parallels the NEHOU-ST. JACQUES roads.

b. IF THE ENEMY HOLD BIRCQUEBEC.

- (1) If RECOMMEN and the high ground around it are held by the enemy, the securing of Filts 30 (1390)2) a m 120 (theoles) is necessary. The reads referred to in 5 a (1) neet on Fill 80. From there several reads lead northward to Fill 120, that hill also is approached by at least one good secondary room out of LIMAN EMERTAND.
- (2) If it is necessity to fight for ERICQUEERC, it may be decided to swing the 50th Infantry north before crossing the DOUTE. If one regiment crossed in the vicinity of LIETANG BERTRAND and another at WEG GALLET OR GRAND CANY, the two could converge on Hill 80, one from the east and one from the south. If it is decided to attack Hill 120 from the east or northeast, the read morth from LIETAND ERTRAND, joining the VALCOMES-ERTCQUEERC read, provides lateral communication between the reads approaching the objective.

7. CONCLUSIONS.

a. It must be established promptly whether or not the enemy holds the area around ERICQUEBEC.

b. Early and thorough recompaissance myst be made to ascertain the condition of river crossings; and the availability of fords and crossings not shown on present studies. Particularly intense recommaissance of the DOUVE 1500 yards on either side of STE; COLOMEE is required.

c. On both sides of the river, troops can deploy off the reads; there are adequate second class reads for normal vehicular transportation.

d. T. RICQUEREC is not held, it is recommended that one regiment cross the DOUVE at 160022 or L'ETANG BERTRAID, moving westward along the road which parallels the River SEYE, of tenable; or L'ETANG BERTRAID-RRI-CQUEREC road. The attack to the south to be along the two roads grossing the SEYE at 16608-and 119009. A second regiment (60th) to attack wostward on the axis STE. CGLOMER-BEHOU-ST. ACQUES, utilizing, if desirable, the road 1200 yards (approx) north of the main road. The 17th Infantry can (a) occupy RETCQUEREC, (b) be propared to reinforce the 39th, (a) be prepared to flank the enemy by advancing southwest along the REICQUEREC-RANNEVILLE road.

ATTENTION LINUTED TO ACCOMPANY

ANNEX "B" TO TERRAIN STUDY

1. ROUTE, STE. MERE EGLISE TO DOUVE RIVER. (Proposed route, 60th Infantry and Divarty; Sce map).

a. ROADS AND BRIDGES.

- (1) The road from STE, HERE EGLISE (350964) to the railroad crossing (323960) is hard surface and 14 feet wide.
- (2) Railroad crossing (323960); The road crosses over the railroad, which runs through a doop cut at this point. This cut could be a considerable heard to vehicular traffic if the bridge over the railroad were blown. The cut runs sees 500 yards north and south of the bridge sites. About 500 yards north of the overhead-crossing is a level crossing accessible by a secondary read which leaves the main road at 327961 and rejoins it at 314956 (MERDERET Bridge). An equal distance to the south is another overhead crossing = = a secondary read which parallels the main road from STE, MERE SOUNCE, finally joining it at 317957.
- (3) Should the MERDERET be so inundated that crossings are restricted to main roads and bridges (which is probable), and those bridges destroyed beyond repair, an alternate route would be necessary, A suitable alternate, seinging north around the inundation, would be STE. MERE EDLISS-NEUVILLE-HIS-31996-FRESVILLE (323999)-GRAINVILLE-GOUREESVILLE. (Use of this route would affect the movement of the 39th and 17th Infantry; see Par. 2 a (5).
- (h) The bridge over the MERDERET (311956) is 12 feet wide and 24 feet long, It joins a 300-400 yard fill across the inundated area. It is improable that inundation will cover the road, but both bridge and fill are subject to domolition.
- (5) From the end of the fill (309958) to GURRESVILLE (283980) the road is hard surface, 12 to 14 feet wide. From GURRESVILLE to the bridge at (282983) is 20 feet wide.
- (6) The bridge (282983) is 12 feet long, with 18-foot-wide read. The stream is only about 3 feet wide and is probably 3 to 4 foot deep. From the bridge to ORGIANDES (255985) the read is hard surface, about 16 feet-wide.
- (7) It is possible that some short distance could be saved, and populated areas by-passed, through use of an alternate road between 295965 and ORGIANDES. This is an unpaved secondary road for approximately half the distance (to RJ 279971) and at this date its condition is not fully known.
- (8) The read from ORGIANDES to STE. COLOMBE (202986), via HAUTTEVILLE BOCAGE is surfaced and 12 to 16 feet wide.

SECRIF-12-

3

be COVER-

cover.

orchards.

- (1) Reads along route are either hedge-rowed or ditched, which will restrict deployment of weiheldes. Ditches and hodge-rows provide some cover for infantry and for individual vehicles.
 - (a) Around STE. MERE EGLISE, scattered cover.
 - (b) From STE. MERE EGLISE to MERDERET River, hedge-row
- (c) At MERDERET crossing, some vehicular cover, and hedge-
- row cover for infantry.

 (d) In the vicinity of AMFREVILLE, hedge-rows and enerse
- (e) About 500 square yards of woods west of AMEREVILLE at 280966, with orchards and hedges nearby. Accessible by road.
- (1) AMFREVILLE-GOURBESVILLE-ROLANDES-STE. COLOMBE, orchards and hedge-rows provide cover.
- 2. ROUTE, FRESVILLE TO DOUVE RIVER. (Proposed route, 39th Infantry and 47th Infantry; see map).
 - al ROADS AND BRIDGES.
- (1) The road LE VAL (330996)-RJ 377007-etream crossing (298007) is a hard surface, adequately wide road. However, at 30000h the road comes within a few fact of the edge of a deep pit. Recommended as better road is the secondary road, 307007-303010-299006. This road is satisfactory surface, and 8 to 10 feet wide.
- (2) The railroad crossing at 297007 is a level grade crossing, and the read from there to bridge at 270015 is wide and surfaced.
- (3) Bridge and mill west-of LE-M.M (at 27605); Overall length of bridge, 100 feet, road width, 20 feet. Midth of stream, 30 feet downstream. Bettom is silt on hard bottom. Current slow. Tiable to flooding in wet seasons. Approaches are meadow, with hedges on western side, and buildings and mill yard on castorn side. There is good alternate bridge site 20 yards upstream. There is about 800 feet of fill to the west from the bridge.
- (4) The road from IE Hul to 260015 is hard surface, 16 feet wide. It is good surface, 12 feet wide, through 251014, 253016 to. 237009. It is hard surface, 12 to 14 feet wide, from there to COLIMBY. From COLOMBY to RJ 222002 it is 20 feet wide, narrowing to 16 feet the rost of the way to LIETANG BERTRIND. (176035).
- (5) If 60th Infantry had to by-pass MERDERF inundation (see Par. 1 a (3), going through FRESVILLE, it might be nucessary to in turn re-route the 39th and 47th; sending them north on the STE, MERE EGLISD-MONTEBOURG highway to RJ 321027, the contradiction of the state of the stat

to railroad crossing at 29700/e

b. COVER.

(1) The general cituation as regards cover is same as on southern route. (see Par. 1b (1),

ATTENTION INVITED TO ACCOMPANYING ANNEX "C"

A MORE DETAILED STUDY OF MERDERET VALLEY IS FOUND IN ANNEX "C"

SEC. T

ANNEX "C" TO TERRAIN STUDY SECRET

1. SITUATION.

a. The 39th Infantry and 17th Infantry are in an assembly area in the vicinity of MEUVILLE-AU-FIAIN-FRESVILLE;

. b. The 60th Infantry and Division Artillery are in an assembly area in the vicinity of STE MERE ECLISE.

2. MISSION.

a. The mission of the Division is to secure the high ground west and northwest of St. SAUVLUR, south of the SEYE RIVER, moving by the routes prescribed in the following paragraph.

3. AVENUES OF APPROACH.

a, The prescribed route for the 39th Infantry and the 17th Infantry is RESYTLE-MACHEVILLE-LE HAM-URVILLE-COLOMBY-LIFTAM HERTRAND-REICQUEEC, the key features along the route being the crossing of the MERDERET RIVER and the DOUVE RIVER (described in Annax A).

b. The prescribed route for the 60th Infentry and the Division Artillery is STE MERE EGLISE-AMPREVILLE-GOURNESVILLE-GROLANDES-HAUTTEVILLE BOCAGE-STE COLOMNE-KENGU-ST. JACQUES DE MEMOU, the key features along the route being the crossing of the MERDERET RIVER and the DOUVE RIVER (described in Annox A).

4. CROSSINGS OF THE MEREDERET RIVER.

a. BRIDGES.

(1) URVILLE (262021).

Length of bridge -- - 50;

Ridth of river -- - 20;

Dopth of river -- 2-3;

Banks -- 4-5; Farth slope 3 to 1.

Approach -- - 4.adom. Road is embanked auch side with ditches, and bends sharply on east bank.

(4) LE HAM (276015).

Approach ---- Buildings upstream, Mill yard and buildings downstream, Hedges on each side of area.

SE (3) IE PORT BRETHAY (504995).

Length of bridge: -- - 60:

Moth of river - - 25:

Dupth of river - 2-3:

Banks - 3-5; Earth slope 5 to 1.

Approach - - Headows, Trees close to bridge,

(4) LA FIERE (315956).

Longth of bridge - - - 60:

Width of river - - - 30:

Dopth of river - - - 2-3: (Sortic of 25 kerch like shows possibility of greater dopth as described in Section 5; "Genoral Terrain Notes"s)

Banks - - - - - Fasture with high hedges.

Drainage ditches in fields.

(5) CHEF DU PONT (320930).

Length of bridge --- - 90:

Midth of river --- - Entire area around the bridge;
and for some 2000 feet beyond
and along the road is under
water.

Depth or river --- - Given as 2-3! (March this sorites

show water has everrun the banks
of river. Height of banks 5-7'
indicating that water in channel
of river is from 9-10'. Average depth of flooding in this
area as 18-2bu.

Banks ---- See above.
Approach ---- Open meadowland without hedges.
Road ombanked and tree lined.

b. OTHER CROSSINGS.

(2) There is a RR bridge across the river at 308987.

(3) There is a bridge at 315985; 301 long, 121 wide with no read approaches. Suitable for infantary crossing, hindered somewhat by a series of dictions between the bridge location and the nearest read which is sendingly feet to the NNE.

4)

(h) There is a RR bridge across the river at 1997

(5) From FIGHTMANVILLE south to FORT BRENEY (GRAINVILLE) crossing by infantry by fording is considered inadvisable because of the inundations in the area. The inundated area extends as far south as CARENTAN.

5. GENERAL TERRAIN NOTES (MERDERET).

- a. The valley from FLOTTEMANVILLE (250i) south along the river to LE HM (2701) has gradually rising alopes with a steep alope on the north side of the river at 2650H8 and on the south side of the river at 2700H8. A series of drainage ditches are in the valley to the north and east of the river between the points 2700H8 and 2760H3. The river is wall channelized averaging some 20 feet in width, the banks being about 35 feet aparts. The river depth is unknown but is estimated to average not more than three feets. Infantary crossings by fording could be accomplished along this stretch. No fords mere found for vehicles,
 - b. The valley from 1E MAN (2701) south along the river to PCRT BREMEY (3099) has gradual rising slopes allowing for approach to the river at all points. Fastern ride of river valley appears marrhy from 27700k to 28200 with numerous ditches. The ditches would impair infantry progress and made by-passes for vehicles quite difficult, giver is well channelized, averaging from 201 to 301 in whith, the banks being about how appears. The river depth is unknown but it is estimated to average not more than four feet, with the ditches and tributry streams not more than two feet in depth.
 - c. The valley from PCRT BESHEY (3099) to CHEF DU PORT (3293) widens out considerably. The valley from PCRT BREST south to LA FIREE (3195) is honey combed with numerous ditches and tributary streams, making infanty crossing difficult, although not impossible. The land is very anxiety and parts are covered with water (infarestion from Burch 1816 Sorties), marshy and parts are covered with water (infarestion from Burch 1816 Sorties) and great water water (infarestion from Burch 1816 Sorties) and great water and in the normal depth of the river along this stratch is from two to things. The normal depth of the river channel is from five to seven foots three feet. The depth of the river channel is from five to seven foots the average flood depth in the walley is 18 to 21 inches. This would mena that the water in the river channel would be from nine to ten feet deep. Through this stretch, at least during the flood season, travel by road note is indicated for foot elements as well as vehicles.

6. CONCLUSIONS.

a. Crossing of the MERDERET RIVER from LIESVILLE (3300) north to GRANVILLE (3099) is possible, only on reads.

b. Blowing of bridges and fills across the inundated areas would greatly impede progress.

c. If all bridges through the inundated area are blown or destroyed it will be necessary to find alternate routes to the north,

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SECRET
Auth: CO 9th Inf Div
Initials: (CO)
Date: 13 June 19th

Hq 9th Inf ^Div, APO 9 13 June 19hh

PO AL

MAPS: FRANCE 1/25,000: Sheets 31/20 SE. 31/20 SW. 31/18 NE. 31/18 NW.

1. a. Enemy is defending the CHERBOURG PENDISULA with the 709th Inf Day (static), the 2h5rd Inf Day, the 91st Inf Day, and scattered independent units, including several bettalions of motorized medium and light artillory. In the 9th Day sector, elements of the aforementioned Days, and of the 6th Proth Hegt, are committed. The total strongth probably does not exceed the equivalent of 2 regte, supported by 3 or h Bhs of artillery and parhaps miscellaneous personnel, such as At Trs. No ammored units have been identified, although the 91st and 2h1rd Day sure reported to have one Tr Dn each, and these tanks in small numbers have been used for armored recommissance.

b. (1) For posns of elements of 90th Inf Div sec overlay. 90th Div atks on N of 9th Inf Div.

- (2) 82nd AB Div attacks abroast of the 9th Inf Div on the S.
- (3) Fire from 90th Div Arty on call.
- 9th Div (less 39th CT less 26th FA Bn with 60th FA Bn atchd) with 746th
 TR Bn (less 1 Co) atchd, in conjunction with the 90th Inf Div, will atk
 on 11 June, capture successive intermediate obj Red, Green, and Brown
 and the Div obj.

Time of attack - 1000
Formation - Column of rogts, 60th Inf in assault,
Ddrys - See overlay
ID - See overlay

Schene of maneuver - See overlay

3. a. 60th Inf (746th Tk Bn (less 1 Co) atchd), making its main effort initially with its left, will capture the high ground W of ORGIANDES (2598), and the remainder of Red obj; and continue its adv toward the W. It will employ the atchd the primarily as roving arty pieces.

b. Lith Inf will await orders in Div Res, holding the 1st Bn available for immediate employment.

c. 9th Ren Tr will maintain contact between left (south) flank of 60th Inf and right (north) flank of 62nd AB Div.

d. The Div Arty (less 60th FA Bn) with Btry A, B, & D (less I plat ea)
376th AAA Bn atchd will support the Div.

- 1 -

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SPORET

(1) The 26th FA Bn & Chth FA Bn will be in direct support of the 60th Inf.

Conde

- (2) Mith FA Bo will be in direct support of the 26th FA Do.
- (3) Strys A, B, & D (less 1 plat on) 376th AAA bn will be atched to the 26th FA En, 3ith FA En, & Chith FA En respectively.
 - x. Bomb Line RIVER DOUVE
- 4. See Adm O /2 to be issued.
- 5. a. See current SOI.
 - b. CP see overlay.
- . Onits to report location of CPs.

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DISTRIBUTION:

CO VII Corps (2 copies) CO 9th Inf Div

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- 60th Inf 9th Ren Tr
 - 0-1 0-2 --0-3
- G-li Div Sig O Div Engr Div Surg Div Ord O
 - Sofy Dut Dia by yo Dia ON O
 - 7h6th Tk Bn 82nd AB Div

SECRET Auth: CO 9th Inf Div Date: 15 June 1944 Initials: //

Hg 9th Inf My APO 9 152300 June 19hii

FO #2

Maps: FRANCE 1/25000, Sheets 31/20 SE, 31/20 SW, 31/18 NE, 31/18 NW.

- 1. a. The energy has reinf the VII Corps sector with elements of the 265th Inf Div, which have been identified S of the DOUVE, opposite the 82nd A/B Divs. Only units catually identified in contact with the 9th Inf Div are 1 km of the 1050th Reft, small elements of the 922d Reft (probably 1 Cd), and a Co-each of the 213 Trng ha and the 92lat Reft. The enemy is employing a limited number of tanks, mostley Earl III the same of which are used as arty. Enemy arty has been of light callbur, and has been slowly with drawing generally toward ST SAUVER LE VICONES. Small groups of enemy soldiers who have been overrum are singing behind our lines.
 - b. (1) 82d A/B Div (505th Inf on right) attacks in conjunction, commencing at 0800 and captures objective.
 - (2) 90th Inf Div (less 359th Inf (less 1st Bn) attacks in conjunction, commencing at 0500 toward objective B. 357th Inf holds non shown. 90th Inf Div Arty reinforces fives of 9th Inf Div Arty reinforces fives of 9th Inf Div Arty reinforces fives of 9th Inf Div Arty or call.
- 2. This Div -

Atchd: 746th Tk

746th Tk Bn (less 1 Co) 87th Cml Dn (less 1 Co) 359th Inf (less 1 En)

Attacks and capture objectives shown,

Time of Attack: 39th Inf; 1100

17th Inf, 359th Inf, and 60th Inf: 0500.

Formation: Line of regts in the order: 60th, 17th, 359th, 39th, left to right.

Bdrys: See overlay.

LD: For Soth, 17th, 359th Inf present front line, For 39th Inf: See overlay.

- 3. a. 60th Inf: Attack and seize objectives C with 3d Bn. Continue occupation of objective E with I Bn
 - b. 17th Inf (less 2d Dn): Attack and seize objectives F and G with 1 Dn each.
 - c. 359th inf (less ist En) (Atchd to 9th Inf Div effective 152000 June): Attack and seize objective H.
 - d. 39th Inf (87th Cml Bp (loss 1 Co atchd): Attack and seize objective J.

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- e. 2nd Bu 17th Inf: Await order in Div Res in posn shown.
- 2. The Div Arty with 915 FA En and the 376th AAA En Atchd and with the 957th FA En (Corps Arty) in direct support will support the Div.
 - (1) 60th FA Bn will be in direct support of the 60th Inf.
 - (2) Sith E. Bu will be in direct support of the lifth Int.
 (3) 26th Fh. Hawill be in direct support of the 39th Int.
 (4) 3hth Fh Bu will be in general support.
 - (5) 935th Fa En will be in direct support of the 359th Inf.
 (6) Brays A, B, O, D, 376th AAA En will be Atche to the 26th, 34th,
- 60th, and Chith FA En respectively.

 (7) 957th FA En (Corps arty) is in direct support of the Div Arty.
- g. 746th Tk In (less 1 Co) detuched from 60th Inf off 0001 16 June.
- h. 9th Ren Tr protect flanks 39th Inf.
- 1. 87th Cal (less 1 Co) .tehd to 35th Inf off 2100 15 June at 290912.
- x. All rogts will patrol actively to the front as far as the DOUVE RIVER.
 Any indications of withdrawal will be reptd to this figs at once.

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- L. See Adm O No. 2.
- 5. a. See Ourrent SOI.
 - b. Div CP 301956 Regt CPs - to be reported.

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OFFICIAL:

1 Incl - Operations Overlay

SECRET
Auth: GC 9th Inf Div
Initials: Date: 17 June 19th
Re 9th Inf Div

λΡΟ #9 171500 dune 19hh

FO #3

Maps: FRANCE 1/25,000, Shorts 31/20 SE, 31/20 SW, 31/18 NE, 31/18 NW.

PORT - Causeway (peralicities 1) grid line) are believed relatively light, but have not been identified. Tellicles have been seen moving W from ST JACQUES de NEROUT, rendels columnate moving S over bridge at ST SAUVEUR de PIERRE PORT, and an getimated enemy Co-encountered just W of ST SAUVEUR du VICCATE. No known reinfortements are enroute to the peninsula from the S, but the bringing to F Inf or aread reinfortements is a tapability. Elements of the 265th Div have been identified S of the DOUVE and some may still be in the vic of Le HATE du PUITS. The units which have been in contact with this Div fare known to be badly shattered, but sense of the

remnants may have withdrawn woatward into the area of the Div Coj.

1. a. The onemy forces N of the Line ST LO d'CURVILLE - ST SAUVEUR de PIERRE

b. 82nd i/B Div will protect the S flank of VII Corps on line River DOUVE and hold bridgehead across river at SiN SAUVEUR. Soth Juf Div will seize and defend the line RR Station (28802h) - TERRE de BEKUVAL (191008) to protect the N flank of VII Corps.

2. This Div -

Atchd: 746th Tk Pn#(less 1 Co) 87th Cml Bn (less 1 Co) Atks and captures objectives shown.

Time of Atk: 39th Inf - 0700 47th Inf - 0500

Formation: Line of Regts in the order: 60th, 47th, 39th left to right. Bdrys: See overlay.

LD: Present front line. See overlay.

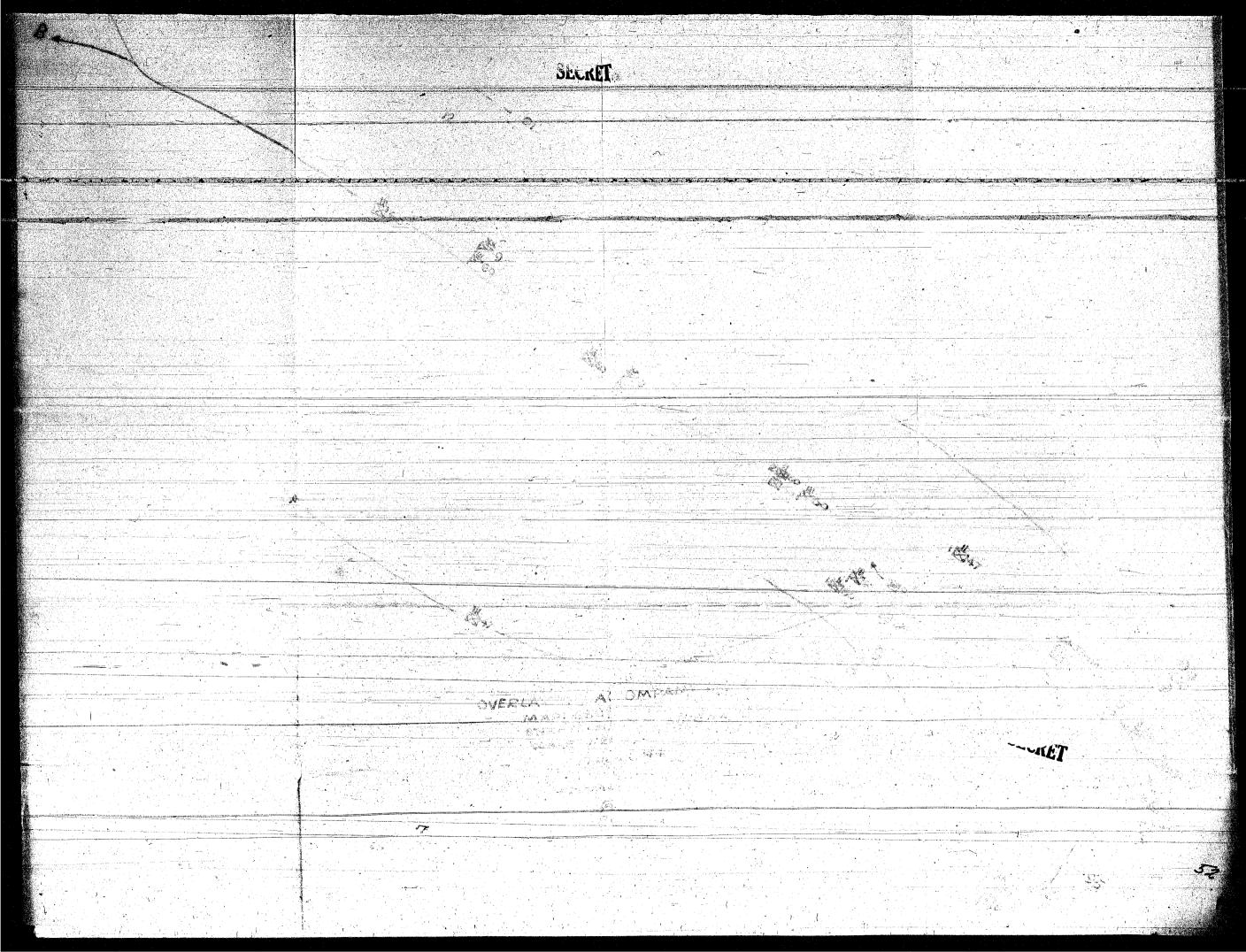
Scheme of Maneuver: See overlay.

- 3. a. 60th Inf: Atk and seize objectives A and B as shown on overlay.
 - b. 17th Inf: Atk and soize objectives E & F.
 - c. 39th Inf (87th Cml Bn (loss 1 Co) atchd): atk and seize objective C.
 - d. Div arty: Div arty, with 957th FA Bn (Corps Arty) and 376th AA Bn Atchd, will support the Div.
 - (1) 60th FA Bn Atchd to 60th Inf, to revert to direct support of 60th Inf upon orders.
 - (2) 26th F. Bn Direct support to 39th Enf.
 - (3) 8hth FA Bn Direct support to 17th Inf.

S R O R E T (h) - 3hth FA Bn & 957th FA bn - in general support. (5) Burys A, B, C, & D 376th in will be intend to 26th, 34th, 60th, & 8hth FA Bas respectively. 746th Tk Bn (less 1 Co): 1 Plat Atchd to 2nd Bn 60th Inf. 746th Tk Bn (loss 1 Co and 1 Plat) Atchd to 39th Inf effective 0001 17 June. 1 Plat to be at CR 216979 at 0500. En (less 1 Co & 1 Flat) report to 39th prior to daylight. f. 9th Ren Tr: 1 Plat itend to 60th /Irf. 1 Plat itend to 17th Inf. To protect flanks. x. 359th reverts to 90th Dir upon theching Coj sesigned in FO #2. h. Adm 0 #3 - to be lasuca. 5. a. Axis of Con - See overlay. b. See current index to SOI. c. Regt CPs - See overlay. EDDY Conde. OFFICIAL:

Incl: Overlay

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Auth: CG 9th Inf Div Initials: (7)

Ho 9th Inf Div APO #9 18 June 19hh

FO #L

Maps: FRANCE 1/25,000.

- 1. a. The German units remaining in the CHERDOURG Ponsinsula are believed to have been divided into two groups, the first with the mission of evacuating the peninsula through the PORTR', II - ST. SAUVEUR de PIERRE PONT gap, the second with the mission of defending CHERBOURG. In the first group are the 77th and 91st Divs, less elements which already have successfully evacuated the peninsula. This force probably includes the 1049 and 1050 Inf Regts, plus elements of the 1057 and/or 1058, two or more line of Arty, including tractor-drawn 88's, and engineers. Residue of the 920, 921, and 922 Rogts may also be encountered. There is small number of Tks, Wark III's and IV's. All of these units have been in action and have suffered defeats and heavy casualties. The CHERBOURG defense force probably has gravitated toward the general area of VALOGNES, and consists of the 709th and 213rd Dive, plus static coastal defense personnel. There are some trs, probably Georgians, in the CAPE HAGUE Peninsula, Key points in the defense plans, and thus possible strong points, have been BRICQUEBEC and LES PIEUX. There are "secret weapon" rocket sites at MARTIN-VAST (088155) SOTTEVAST (164117) BRISTELLERIE (117168) HARDINVAST (129173) LES FONTAINES (072095) RAUVILLE la BIGOT (086103) VAUVIC RD (08308h) EARGOT (176995) and CROSSVILLE (04608h)
 - b. (1) VII Corps atks to capture CHERBOURG, in the order ath Inf Div. 79th Inf Div, 9th Inf Div right (east) to left (west).
 - (2) 82d A/B Div and 101st A/B Div secures crossings over PRAIRIES MARCAGENSES and DONVE RIVER from causoway at 189895 (incl) to the east.
 - (3) 90th Inf Div relieves 47th Inf with 357th Inf in present posn by dark 18 June, covers all north and south routes west of bridges at 147890, and awaits orders in Corps Res.
 - (h) his Cav maintains contact between 79th Inf Div and 9th Inf Div.
 - 2. This Div -'Atchd: 7h6th Tk Bn (less Co A) 1 Co 899th TD Bn 376th CA (AA) (less Dot) 957th FA (155 mm How) 172d FA (h.5 in Gun) Atks 19 June and captures Obj shown.

Time of Atks 0500 Formation: 39th Inf, 60th Inf right (cast) to left (west). Bdrys: See overlay.

ID: Present front lines.

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Scheme of maneuver: See overlay.

3. a. 60th Inf:
Atchd: Co B 746th Tk Bn. 1 Plat 9th Ren Tr
Atk and seize successively objectives E, F, G, and H.

b. 39th Inf:

Abchd: I Plat 9th Ren Tr Atk and soles successively objectives A, B, C, and D. Raintain contact with hth Cave

 hifth inf: As soon as relieved by 90th Inf Divenove by most direct routes to valley of RIESUF RIVET south of ST. Jacques DE NEHOU, 1398, and smalt orders in Div Res.

d. 9th Ren Tr (loss 2 Plats) maintain contact between 39th and 60th. 1 Plat Atchd 39th Inf. 1 Plat Atchd 60th Inf.

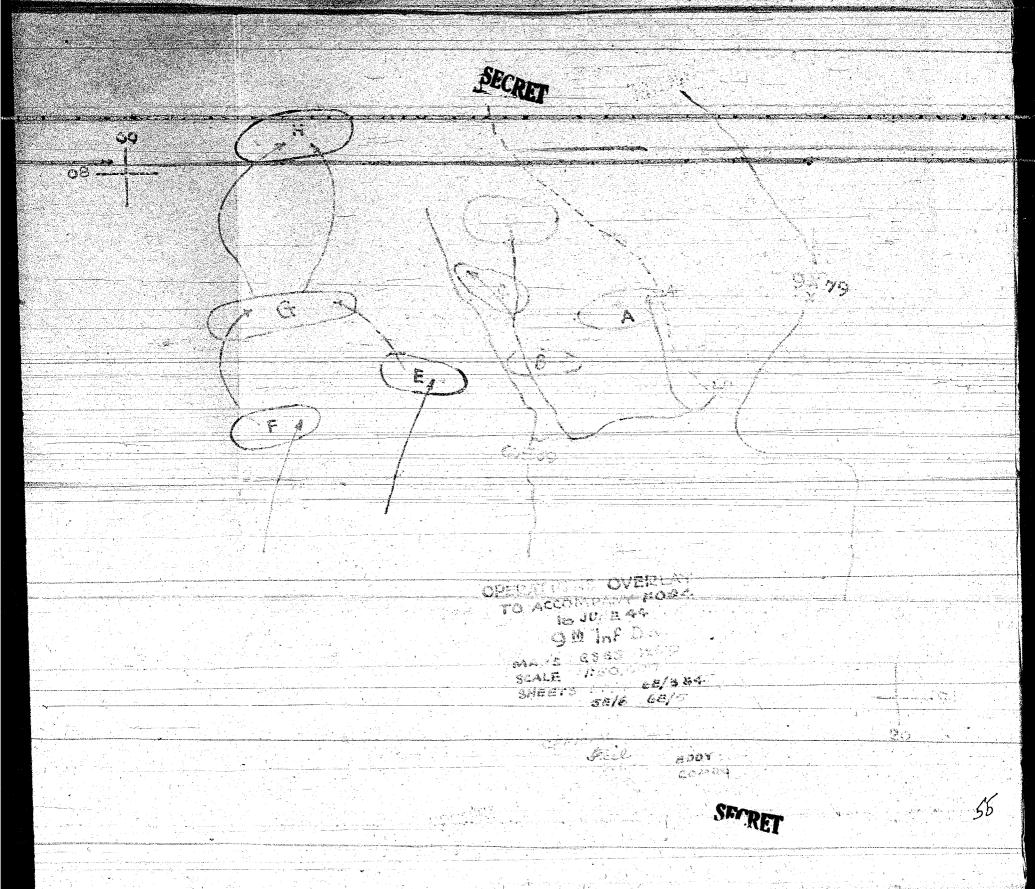
a. Thich Ik Bn (less to B) await orders in Div Res vio ST. JEAN IN BOIS 1197. Co B Atchd 60th Int.

- f. The Div Arty with following Atchd units will support the Div: Hq 188th FA Bn Grp. 957th FA Bn (155mm How), 172nd FA Bn (h.5 guns), 376th AA Bn, 607th TD Bn (loss 2 Cos), 899th TD Bn (loss 2 Cos).
 - (1) 26th PA Bn will be in direct support 39th Inf.
 - (2) 60th Fa Bn in direct support 60th Inf.
 - (3) Shith FA Bn, 3hth FA Bn, and the 188th Grp (Orp Mq & Mq Bitry, 957th FA Bn & 172nd FA Bn) will be general support.
 - (4) Buth FA Bo will roinf fire of 60th Fa Bo.
 - (5) 957th FA Bn will round fire 26th FA Bn.(6) 376th AA Bn will provide AA protection for Div Arty.
 - (7) 607th TD Bm (loss 2 Cos) will provide the 39th Inf with protection against armor.
 - (6) 899th TD Bn (loss 2 Cos) will provide the 60th Inf with protection against armor.
- ir. See Adm O # To be issued.
- 5. a. See current SOL.
 - b. Div GP 150981 Rogtl CPs - to be reported.

OFFICIAL:

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EDDY Conde



Auth: 00 9th Inf Div Initials:

H₂ 9th Inf Div 192100 June 19hh

FO #5

Maps: PRANCE 1/50.000

1. a. The CHERBOURG defense force consisting of the 2h3 Div, which has suffered by losses, the 709th Div, and static constal defense personnel, have withdrawn towards CHERBOURG, where they will defend the town with a perimeter defense on favoracle terrain and respered defenses. May points in the defense plans and possible strong points, are TOURIAVILIE (1822), IA GLACKRIE (1719), IES TOURIERELIES (1616), TOLLEVAST (1315), HARDINVAST (1216), SILEVILLE (0916) FLOTTELANTILE (0621).

b, (1) VII Corps continues attack for capture of CHERBOURG. No change in mission of Divs. For location adjacent find channets as of 2000 19 June, see overlay.

2. This Div -

Atchd:
1st Bn 359th Inf
899th ID Bn
1th Cav Orp (loss Dots)
957th FA Bn (155 mm How)
177d FA Bn (165 mm How)
376th AAA Bn (11)
716th Tk Bn (loss Co A)
He 188th Tk Th (Loss Co A)

Continues Atk 20 June and captures CHERECURG by envelopment from the West. Time of Atk: 0800 Formation: See overlay.

Bdrys: See overlay
D: Present front lines.
Scheme of Maneuver: See overlay (Blue, 60th Inf; Green, 17th Inf; Red, 19th Inf.

a. A7th Inf - Close in assembly area near CROSVILLE (Oh08), by dark 19

June. Move to north. liove to N on 20 June, passing through objectives P and R as soon as those objectives are cleaved by 60th Inf. Continue Adv to northeast and explure objective S, assisted by fire 39th Inf.

b. 39th Inf

Atchd: 1 Plat 9th Ren Tr

Occupy objectives L and M with one En each by dark 19 June. Assist pfire Lith inf in capture of objective S. When objective S has been captured, act through objective X and capture obj V.

c. 60th Inf
Atohd: 1 Tlat 9th Ren Tr; Co B 746th Tk Bn.

830182

Capture successively objectives P. R. and E. Hold objective Z until ordered to sky, then capture objectives I and T. Defend to the NW slong poems shown, blocking exits from CAP DE IA HACUE.

- d. 1st Pn 359th Inf Outpost sector shown on overlay, proventing energy crossings of the BOUVE RIVER from the B.
- hth Cay drp (loss Dets)
 Protect right (east) flock 39th Inf by operating in area shown on overlay.
- f. 9th Ren Tr (loss ? Plats)
 Patrol interval between last morth; flank lat Bn 359th Inf and right
 South) flank lith Cav Grp, assisting in protecting east flank of 9th Inf
 Div.
 - g. 746th Tk Bn (leas Co A)

 Amait orders in Nv Res initially vic QUETTETON (1006). Co B Atchd
 60th Inf.
 - h. The Div Arty Atchd: 188th FA Orp (957th FA & 172d FA Bns)
 376th AAA Bn
 899th TD Bn
 - Will support the Div.

 (1) 26th FA Bn direct support of the 39th Inf.
 - (2) 60th FA Bn direct support of the 60th Inf.
 - (3) Sith FA Bm general support, will revert to direct support of h7th Inf as 17th Inf passes through the 60th Inf at objective R.
 - (h) 3hth FA Bn general support and will reinf the 26th FA Bn.
 - (5) 188th FA Grp general support:
 - (a) 957th FA (155 per How) will reinf the 60th FA Bn.
 - (b) 172d FA Bn (4.5 in guns) will roinf the 84th FA Bn.
 - (6) 376th AAA Bm will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.
 - (7) 899th T. Bn will provide the iv with protection against armor.
 - (a) Co A will be atchd to the 39th Inf.

 (b) Co B will be atchd to the 17th Inf.
 - (c) Co C will be atched to the 60th Inf.
- . L. See Adm O to be issued.

SKCAET 5. a. See current SOI,

b. Div CP - 150981 Rogtl CPs - to be reported.

EUDY Comdg

OFFICIAL:

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1 Incl - Overlay

SECRET
Auth: CG, 9th Inf Div
Initials:
Date: 20 June 1944

Hq 9th Inf Div 2330 20 June 1944

PO #6

Maps: FRANCE 1/50,000

1. a. The enemy holds a line generally ERAMENT-HAGUE, STE CRUIX HAGUE, FIGTEMBANVILLE HAGUE, SW tip of BOIS DU BY DU ROC (0919), MARTINVAST, these pts being probable strong points of resistance. The enemy strength is unknown. Interrogation of PMs and civilians whose testimony is believed at least credible would indicate that the enemy perimeter defense of CHEMBOURG are manned at minima strength and that the bulk of his remaining forces are engaged in the Eastern Sector, Prisoners taken during the day stated that the enemy in our sector is discouraged and discongraised but if personnel manning the strongpoints are at all determined they can offer formidable resistance, There are numerous minefields on the approaches to CHEMBOUNG, but not all fields have been extensively planted. There is conflicting evidence as to the enemy occupation of the HAGUE Pennsula. It is probable that there is a garrison of non-dermain troope plus some buy arty and dual purpose AA in the peninsula. A last stand defense in the peninsula and shelling of CHEMBOUNG from these guns is an enemy canebility.

b. VII Corps continues attack for capture of CHERBOURL. No change in missions of divs. For location of fud elements 79th Div as of 2400 20 June, see overlay.

2. This dive

899th TD Bn
4th Cav Grp (less dats)
957th FA Bn (155mm How)
172nd FA Bn (4,5 in gun)
376th AAA En (M)
746th TR Bn (Loss Co A)
En 188th FA Gro

on 20 June readjusts its poses, pushes ren of hostile poses on its front, and prepares to continue its adv on CHERBOURG on 21 June.

Formation, dispositions and bdrys: See overlay.

3. g. 47th Inf:

Co B 899th TD Bn

Hold present posms, and develop hostile posms in its some.

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b. 60th Infi Atobda

> 1 Plat 9th Ren Tr Co C 899th TD Ba Co B 746th Tk Bn

Pash strung ron elements toward Objective X, developing hostile posm on its front. 3rd bn reverts to regil control as soon as relieved by 4th y. Cay Gro pear ILLIANIE (0125).

c. 39th Infa

Atolds
9th Ren T: (less l Flut)
Co A 89chi ED Da

Relieve 4th Cev Grp mean 123 FLACOPS, (1115) during night 19-20 June with one Bn: Develop hosisle ppens direction of MARTINVAST (1116) and in valley of LA UNEVIE River with expose you elements.

- d. Ath Cav Grp (less data) As soon as rolleved by 39th Inf move by most precticable routes to vic LILLERIE (0125) and relieve 3rd Br 60th Inf. Thereafter reconnector CAP DE LA HIGUE and precent enemy egress therefrom to the southeast.
- g. 9th Ron Tr (less 1 Plat) Atchd to 39th Inf. One plat atchd to 60th Inf.
- 1. 746th Tr Bn (less Cos A & B) Await orders in Div Res vic QUETTETON. Co B atchd 60th Inf.
- g. The Div Arty

Hq & Hq Btry 188 FA Grp 957th FA Bn (155mm How) 172md FA Bn (A,5 in gun) 376th AAA Bn (M) 899th ID Bn

- (1) 26th FA Bn direct support of the 39th Inf
- (2) 60th FA Bn direct support of the 60th inf
- (3) 84th FA Bn direct support of the 47th Inf
- (4) 34th FA Bn general support and will reinforce the lives of the 26th FA Bn.
- (5) 188th FA Grp general support
 - (a) 957th FA Bn will reinforce the 60th FA Bn
 - (b) 172nd FA Bn will reinforce the 84th FA Bn (6) 376th AAA Bn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.
 - (7) The 899th TD Bn will provide the Div with protection against armor.

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- (a) Co A will be atche to the 39th Inf.
- (b) Co B will be atched to the 47th Inf.
- (c) Co C will be atchd to the 50th Inf.
- 4. See Adm 0 #5.
- 5. A. See current Sur.
 - b. Div CP 087070.

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li e botik.

b. (1) VII Corps scrifters withink for reptors of infilence, in the order int and the pith in his, the set let, right bank, to be't basel, WIII Corps blooks approximate to WIIIACUS MINISTE. From the result.

(2) North 1 to Torica braile areas grown in red on overlay between 1200 and 1600 are 12 desc.

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Hg 189th F. Dry.
Will makes as FF drys, and explain Chargesian.

formation, birgs, mathemal trip tangets (in hims): has craping.

Flam of attack: Innothabely following completion of bouning missions.

), a. Lyba lef

A SANGER OF THE SANGER TO THE

Fittebree had almostic which are within 1900 pile normal edge of hashing form 1 by before texting starte. Attack eigenvally included intelligent completion of bashing.

b. 60th lat =

Atunds: The Bes 19 We C Sypte TO De Car D Table The Re

hthree vigor-raply handlable fullering contesting of booking.

s. Note had more under owner destroys at the 27 time to passe show or everylay and small orders to Div Nos, propered to pass three with last and a continue attack in that ages.

d. Litt Car Cop (Line date) - Protect Lift room of the from prosent person

o. 9th lies to stabl to 60th let.

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SECRET Auth: 00 9th Inf Div Initials: Onto: 21 Juno 1944

Hq 9th Inf Div 212300 June 19lik

FO #7

Hape: FRANCE 1/25,000

1. a. See FO #6.

b. (1) VII Grass continues attack for capture of CHERROURG, in the order that Inf Div, 78th Inf Div, 9th Inf Div, right (cast) to loft (west). VIII Corps blocks approaches to CHERROURG P.NIKSULA from the south.

(2) Minth ir Force bembs areas shown in red on overlay between 1200 and 1600 hrs 22 June.

2. This Div -

399th TD En hth Cay Cap (loss dats) 957th F. En (155mm how) 172d F. En (4.5 mm)

7h6th Tk Bn (loss Co i) Rq 188th Fi Orp Will ttack on 22 June and capture CHERBOURG.

Time of attack: Imediately following completion of bombing mission.

3. a. h7th Inf

Atchd: Co E 899th TD En Withdraw Two elements which are within 1200 yes nearest edge of bombing Zone 1 hr before bombing starts. Attack vigorously immediately following completion of bombing.

b. 60th Inf -

Atchd: 9th Ren Tr Co C 899th TD Bn Co B 7h6th Tk Bn

Attack vigorously immediately following completion of bombing

e. 39th Inf movo under cover darkness might 21-22 June to posses shown on overlay and await orders in Div Res, prepared to pass thru 17th Inf and continue attack in that zone.

- d. hth Cay Grp (loss dets) Protect left rear of Div from present posns.
- o. 9th Ben Tr atchd to 60th Inf.

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f. 746th Tk Bn (less Cos A and B) - Await orders in -iv Res in BOIS IE

g. The Div Arty will support the Division:
Atchd: Hq &Hq Etry 183th FA Grp

Hq & Hq Ebry 183th FA Grp 957th FA En (155mm How) 172d FA En (h.5 gun) 376th AAA Bn (H)

899th TD Bn

- (1) 26th FA Bn general supports
- 60th FA Bn direct support of the 60th Inf.
 60th FA Bn direct support of the 17th Inf.
- (h) 3lith F. En general support and will roinf the fires of the 26th FA En.
 - (5) 188th FA Grp General support.
 - (a) 957th FA Bn will reinf the 60th FA Bn.

 (b) 172d FA Bn will reinf the 81th FA Bn.
 - (b) 172d FA Bn will reinf the 84th FA Pn.
 - (6) 376th AAA Bn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.
 - (a) Co A general support in primary mission; direct support 26th
 - M. In secondary mission.

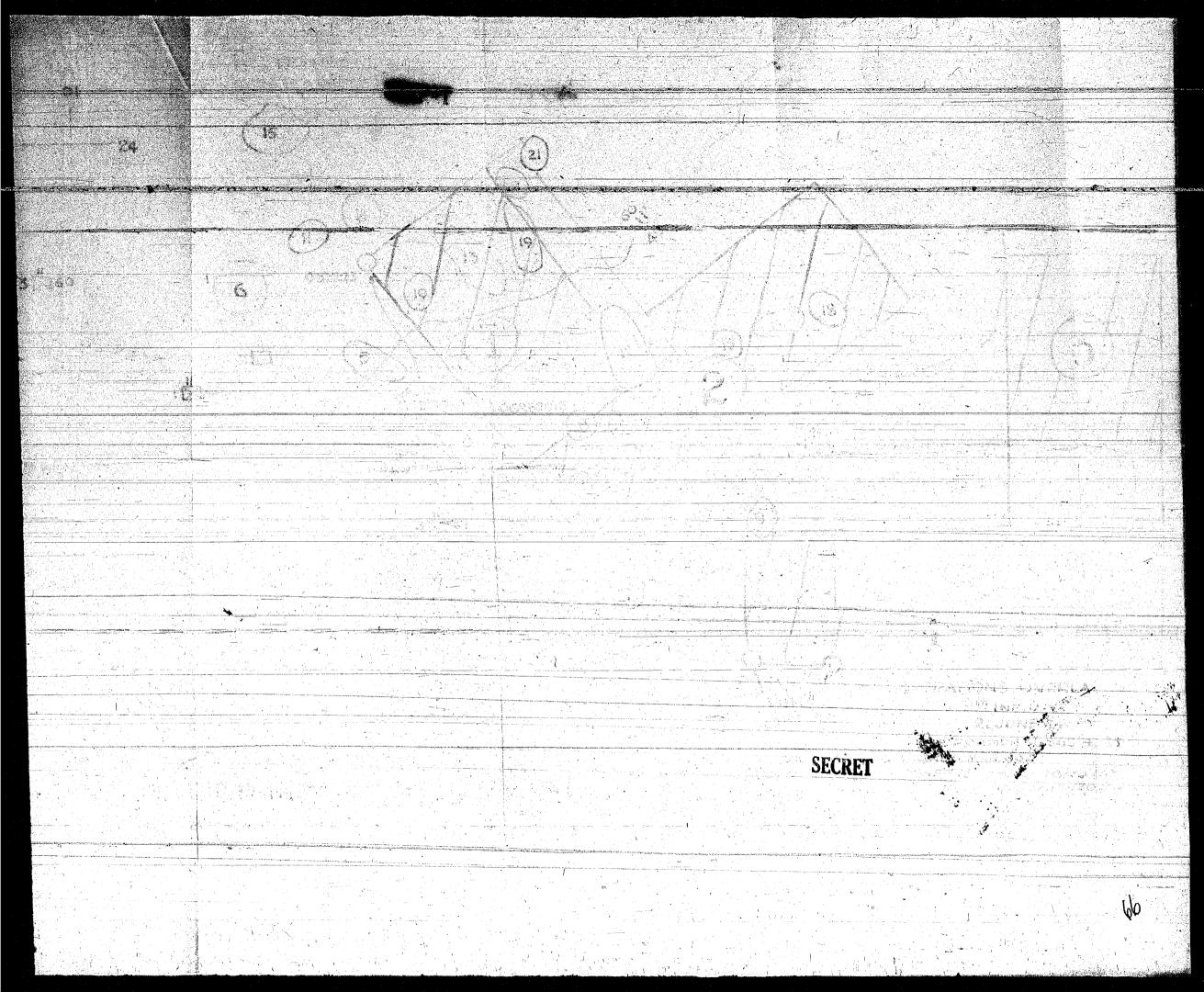
 (b) Co B will be atched to 47th Inf.
 - ((c) Co C will be atched to 60th Inf.
- L. Sge Adm O #5.
- 5. a. See Current SOI. b. Piv CP - 087070.
 - Regt1 CPs to be reported.

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OFFICIAL:

FEIL 0-3

1 Incl - Overlay



Auth: CO 9th Inf Av Initials: () ate: 23 Juno 1944

^Hq 9th Inf Div, APO 9 232200 June 1944

FO #8

Maps: FR.NCE 1/25.000

1. a. The enemy holds a defensive line between the points; 018253 - 0522 - 0522 - FIGTEMANULE HAGUS - 055215 - 090205 - 085125, and to the S and E. Be can be expected by centaines a determined defensive, falling back to already prepared poses and strongpoints, which are shown on the Defense Overprint, 1/25,000 map. It is known that the enemy's supply of arty and Mobelworfer manunities is limited and that he will attempt to create an exaggerated impression of his strongth by spreading his infantry and by laying down hyy shall arms and automatic weapons fire. To has called up all available manpower for use as infantry. Harassing fire from CLP

b. VII Corps continues attack for capture of CHERBOURG, in the order hth Inf it, 79th Inf Div, 5th Inf it, right (east) to loft (west). VIII Corps blocks approaches to GOTATIN PENTISULA from the south.

2. This Div:

Atchd:
899th TD Bn
4th Cav Grp (less dots).
957th Fi Bn (155 am How)
172d Fi Bn (14.5 in gun)
376th Add Bn (M)

746th Tk Bn (less-Co A)

Will attack on 24 June and expture CHEMBOURG.
Formation, bdrys, numbered arty targets: See overlay.
Time of attack: When 39th Inf arrives abroast of 17th Inf.

3. a. 47th inf (less dots)
Atchd: Co B 899th TD Bn

de la HAGUE can be expected,

Upon arrival of 39th Inf abroast on right (south) flank will continue adv on CHERECURO and capture successively, objectives 16, 17, and 18 as shown on overlay, assisted by 39th Inf. Hop up that portion of CHERECURG within zone.

b. 1 Bn 47th Inf attack and scize RJ at 082180 and RJ at 089174; relieve 39th Inf Rd Block of at 07316h.

c. 39th Inf

Atchd: Co . 899th TD Bn
Adv E, crossing L indicated on overlay by 0800. Ansist adv on CHEREGURG
abreast of 17th Int on left (north) flank and capture successively
objectives 16, 17, and 18 as shown on overlay. Lop up that portion of

2 2 C K 8 7

CHERROURG within zona.

d. 60th Inf -

Atchd: 9th Ren Tr Co C 699th TD En Co B 716th Tk En

Protect left (north) flank of Div from present posm.

e. 9th Ren Tr atchd to 60th Inf.

f. 7h6th Tk Bn (less Cos A & B; less 2 Flats Co D) await orders in Div Res. in present posm.

g. 4th Cav Orp (less hots) protect left (MW) rear of iv from present posp.

-h. The Day Arty will support the Live Atchd: Ho & Ho Bury 188th Ft. Grp 979th Ft. Bn (155 mm How) 172nd Ft. Bn (145 m mon) 370th AAA Bn (15)

899th TD En
(1) 26th Fi Bn - direct support 39th Inf.

(2) 60th FA Bn - direct support of 60th Inf.

(3) 84th FA Bn - direct support of 47th Inf.

(h) 3hth F. Dn - general support and will reinf the 26th FA Bn.

(5) 188th F. Grp - general support.

(a) 957th Fa Bn will roinf the 60th Fa Bn.

(b) 172nd FA Bn will reinf the Shith FA Bn.

(6) 376th AAA Dn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.

(7) The 899th T. Bn will provide the Div with protection against armor-

(a) Co A - atchd 39th Inf.

(b) Co B - atchd h7th Inf.

(c) Co C - atchd 60th Inf.

4. See Adm 0 #5.

5. a. See Current SOI.

b. Div CP - 028117.
Regtl CPs - to be reported.

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• 0-3 1 Incl - Overlay

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SECRET
Auth: CG, 9th Inf Div

Date: 24 June 1944

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Manus France 1/25 000

1. g. The enemy's main defense line around CREERSOURG has been pierced, but
there still are defensive poses to be overcome if the enemy elects to
cover out his chosen to fight to the end. Kings and AT guns may be en-

carry out his wheat to fight to the end. Kines and AT guns may be encountered on the entry to CHENDOURG. There is army on the coast and in the HAGUE Fendagula which have not been knocked out. There is no direct evidence of any substantial evacuation from the CHENBOURG sector, but it is likely there has been some, and that an attempt will be made to

it is likely there has been some, and that an attempt will be made to get out anything worth saving. It is possible that such an attempt will be made from the REGUS Forniagula, if the enemy can escape to the west.

An enemy capability is a paraclute attack to relieve the beseiged de-; funders by hitting our flanks or rear.

h. VII Corps continues attack for capture of CHERBOURN, in the order Ath inf Div, 79th Inf Div, 9th Inf Div, right (east) to left (west). For location of fred elements 79th Inf Div as of 242100 June, see overlay. VIII Corps blocks approaches to COTENTIN Peninsula from the south.

2. This Dive

Atchda

899th TD Bn 4th Cav Grp (less dets) 957th FA Bn (155mm How) 172nd FA Bn (4.5 in guin) 376th AAA Bn (4) 746th Tk Bn (less Co A)

Will attack on 25 June and capture CHERBOURG.

Formation, bdrys, numbered arty targets: See overlay.

Time of attack: When ordered.

3. A. A7th Inf
Atohd: Oo C 899th ID Bn

Ho 188th FA Grp

Hold present posses prepared to attack when ordered on 25 June. Patrol actively into CHERBOURN, contact civilians and determine degree of company of the enemy.

b. 60th Inf
Atchd: 9th Ron Tr

Co B 899th TD Bn Co B 746th Tk Bn Protect left (north) flank of Div from present posms. Patrol vigorously to points designated by red circles on overley reporting results thereof to this Hq by daylight 25 June.

c. 39th Inf (less lst Bn)
Atchd: Co A 899th TD Bn

Hold present posses prepared to attack when ordered on 25 June. Patrol actively into CHERBOURG, contact civilians and determine degree of occupancy by the enemy.

direlates, 39th Inf (less Co A reinf) await orders in Div Res at location shown in overlay.

e. Co A. 39th Inf (reinf by not less than one AT Flat; plus 2 plate 746th Tr Bn) will establish and hold road block as indicated on overlay.

f. 9th Ren Tr atchd to 60th Inf.

g. .746th Tk Bn (less Cos A & B; less 2 plats Co D) swait orders in Div Res in present posus.

h. 4th Cav Grp (less dets) protect left (northwest) rear of Div from present

1. The Div Arty will support the Divi Atohir He & He Etry 188th FA Grp 957th FA Bn (1,55mm How) 172nd FA Bn (4,5 in gun)

172nd FA Bn (4.5 in gun) 376th AAA Bn (E) 899th TD Bn

- (1) 26th FA Bn direct support 39th Inf.
- (2) 60th FA Bn direct support 60th Inf.
- (3) 84th FA Bn direct support 47th Inf.
- (4) 34th FA Bn general support and will reinforce the 26th FA Bn.
- (5) 188th FA Grp general support.
 - (a) 957th FA Bn will reinforce the 60th FA Bn.
- (b) 172nd FA Bn will reinforce the 84th FA Bn.
- (6) 376th AAA Bn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.
- (7) The 899th TD Br will provide the Div with protection against armor.
 - (a) Co A atchd 39th Inf
 - _(b) Co B = stohd 60th Inf
 - (c) Co C atchd 47th Inf

SECRET

x. Present dispositions necessite to the utnest alertness on the part of all units and require vigorous patrolling. In case of attack by paradute troops each unit will defend its own locality by all-around defense.

- 4. See Adm 0 #6 to be issued.
- 5. A. See current SOI.
- b. Div CP 055187.

Regtl CPs - to be reported.

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1 Incl

Hq by daylight 26 June.

- d. 1st Pn 60th Inf (less 1 wifle Co and 1 at Flat) await orders in Div Res at location shown in overlay.
- e. Uno rific Co 60th Inf (less 1 Flat) Reinf by 1 AT Plat (less 1 Sqd) and 1 Plat Co D (Lt) 7L6th Tk Un will establish and hold road block at 082182.
- f. One riflo Plat 60th Inf Roinf by 1 AT Sqd and 1 Plat 746th Tk En will establish and hold Rd block at 075166.
- g. 9th Ren Tr Atchd to 60th Inf.
- h. 746th Tk In (less Cos A, B, & C and 2 Plats Co D) await orders in Div Res in present posns.
- i. Lith Cav Crp (loss Dots) protect left (NW) roar of Div from present posts.
 - j. The Miv Arty will support the Div:
 Atchd: Hg & Hg Btry 188th FA Grp
 957th FA En (155 mm How)
 172nd FA En (145 in gun)
 - 172nd Fa En (4.5 in gun) 376th AAA En (M) 899th TD Dn

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- (1) 26th FA Bn direct support 39th Inf.
- (2) 60th FA Bn direct support 60th Inf.
 - (3) Buth FA Bn direct support 47th Inf.
 - (4) 34th FA Bn general support and will Roinf the 26th FA Bn.
 - (5) 188th FA Grp general support.
 - (a) 957th FA Bn will Reinf the 60th FA Bn.
 - (6) 376th ALA Bn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.
 - (7) The 899th TD Bn will provide the Div with protection against armor.
 - (a) Co A atchd 39th Inf.
 - (b) Co B atchd 60th Inf.
 - (c) Co C atchd 17th Inf.
- x. Present dispositions necessitate the utmost alertness on the part of all units and require vigorous patrolling.

SECRET. fruh: 30 9th Inf My Date: 25 June 1944

ha 9th Inf dv. APO 9 252230 June 19hl

FO #10

Maps: FRANCE 1/25,000

1. a. The enemy still stubbornly resists from isolated strongpoints, the main locations being RE OUTE . OCTEVILLE (131227), and the ST SAUVEUR (13322h) area. Resistanco continuos from isolated points, pillboxes and Rd blocks. Mining and booby trupping may well be expected in the railroad and dock areas and along the canal. QUENQUEVILLE (0826), HAINNEVILLE (093250, 0872h3), TONNEVILLE (0723), STE. CROIX HAGUE (032h), BRANVILLE (0125), and BEAULIONT HAGUE (9826) continue to offer resistance to the ... opposing forces and may be expected to harass the efforts of the Division. an airborne landing in the roar areas remains a possibility.

and the article and the translation of the state of the s

b. WII Corps continues the attack to complete occupation of CHERBOURG. in the order 4th Inf Av, 79th Inf Av, 9th Inf Av, right (east) to left (wost). For location of fwd olements 79th Inf -iv as of 251920 June, see overlay. VIII Corps blocks approaches to COTENTIN PENINSULA from the South.

2. This Div:

899th TD Bn 4th Cav Grp (less Dots) 746th Tk Bn (loss Co A) Ra 188th FA Gro. 957th Fa Bn (155 mm How) 172d FA Bn (h. 5 in gun)

376th AAA Bn (N) Will attack 26 June and complete occupation of CHERBOURG. Formations and bdrys: See overlay.

3. a. h7th Inf:

Atchd: - Co C 899th TD Bn Co B 746th Tk Bn

Continuo the attack to complete occupation of CHERBOURG.

b. 39th Inf:

.tchd: Co A 899th TD Un Co C 7h6th Tk Dn

Continue the attack to complete occupation of CHERBOURG.

c. 60th Inf (less lst Dn) Atchd: 9th Ren Tr

Co B 899th TD Dn Protect left (north and northwest) flank of iv from present posss with

principal defonsive strength toward the NW. Patrol vigorously to points designated by red circles on everlay reporting results thereof to this

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4. See Adm 0 #6.

5. A. See current SOI.

b. Div CP - 055187. Regtl CPs - to be reported.

EDDY Condg

OFFICIAL:

FEIL 0-3

1 Incl - Overlay.

Hq 9th Inf Div 271630 June 1944

FO #11

Mana: FRANCE 1/25,000; Sheets 31/20 HW, 31/22 SW, 28/22 SE, 28/20 ME

1. a. The enemy holds a general line VAUVILE (9723), BRANVILE (0225), QUERQUEVILLE (0826). Particularly heavily defended areas are VAUVILLE (9723), BRANGAT-RAGUE (9626), BRANVILLE (0827), GREVILLE (0127), GREVER (0228, -032283 - QUERQUEVILLE (0326). It likely that the enemy will fall back to a line VAUVILLE - HRANVILLE - GREVILLE - GREWILLE GREVILLE OFFICER, and there offer the most stubborn resistance, in his attempt to seal off the pendagula. Enemy strongth is still unknown but is estimated not to exceed 3000, being the remaining elements of the 707th Dav, 24,3rd Dav, and docardal defense personnel. Determined organised resistance is probable along the VAUVILLE GREWIE line.

b. VII Corps regroups and prepares to reduce remaining hostile resistance along the northern coast of the COTENIE Peninsula. Ath Divocumies GERRICORA, EQUERRIEVILLE, and COTEVILLE and operates east of borr shown on overlay.

2. This Divi

Atobds

899th TD Bn
4th Gav Gerp (less dets)
746th Th Bn
Hq 188th FA Grp
977th FA Bn (155mm How)
172nd FA Bn (4.5 in gun)
376th AAA Bn (M)
Gos A and B S7th Cal Bn

Will regroup on 27 and 28 June, and attack to the northwest on 29 June to overcome remaining hostile resistance in the CAP DE LA HAGUE.

Formations, bdrys, objectives (in blue), and prepared arty targets (in red): See overlay.

9. c. 60th Inf

Atchds 9th Ron Tr Co B 899th TO Bn Co B 87th Cml Bn Co C 746th Tk Bn

Seize and county lightly on 28 June the read; BJ 112 (052258) - STE CROIX-HAGUE - CR 169 (011222) for use as line of departure, attack therefrom commencing at 0600 29 June, capturing successively objectives A; B, and C. lat Bn reverts to regtl control at 1800 27 June.

b. 47th Inf

Atohdi Go C 899th TD Bn Go B 746th Th Bn Go A 87th Call Bn

As soon as relieved by the 4th Div on 27 June assemble in area shown on overlay, preparatory to attacking on 29 June. Attack on 29 June, making its main affort on its left (South) flank, capturing successively objectives D, E, F, and G. Employ one En to mop hostile resistance between northern lights of objectives and the coast line.

c. 39th Inf

As soon as relieved by ith Div on 27 June move into assembly area shown to overlay and await orders in Div Res. Axis of movement when ordered from initial assembly area, the roads RJ at (095208) — IRMANVILLE RAGUE — CR at (049215). Be prepared to assist either the later of the Cold Inf.

d. 9th Ron Tr stehd to 60th Inf

e. 736th Tk Bn (less Cos B & C) await orders in Div Res vic Florence-VILLE HAUME. It it plats now atchd to roof blocks revert to be control at 1800 27 June.

f. 4th Cav Grp (less dots) protect left (west) flank and adv in its some abreast of 60th Inf.

g. 899th TD Bn (less Cos B & C) atchd to Div Arty. Co B atchd to 60th Inf; Co C atchd to 47th Inf.

h. The Div Arty will support the Div:
Atchd: Hq & Hq Btry 188th FA Grp
957th FA Bn (155mm Hcw)
172nd FA Bn (4.5 in gun)

Btry C, 981st FA Bn (155mm gun) 376th AAA Bn (M) 899th TD Bn (less Cos B & C)

- (1) 60th FA Bn direct support 60th Inf.
- (2) 84th FA Bn direct support 47th Inf.
- (3) 26th FA Bn general support,
- (4) 34th FA Bn general support and will reinforce the 84th FA Bn.
- (5) 188th FA Grp general support.
 - (a) 957th PA Bn will reinforce the 60th FA Bn
 - (b) 172nd FA Bn general support.
 - (c) Btry C. 981st FA Bn atchd 172nd FA Bn.

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b. 47th Inf.

Atchd: Co C 899th TD Bn Co B 746th Tk Bn Co A 87th Cml Bn

As soon as relieved by the 4th Div on 27 June assemble in area shown on overlay, preparatory to attacking on 29 June. Attack on 29 June, making its main affort on its left (South) flank, capturing successively objectives D. E. F. and G. Employ one En to mop hostile resistance between northern limits of objectives and the coast line.

c. 39th Inf

d. 9th Bon Tr atchd to 60th Inf

e. 746th Tr Bn (less Cos B & O) await orders in Div Res vic Florence.
VILLE RAGES. Lt the plats now atom to rood blocks revert to be control
at 1800 27 June.

f. 4th Cay Grp (less dots) protect left (west) flank and adv in its some abreast of 60th Inf.

g. 899th TD Bn (less Cos B & C) atchd to Div Arty. Co B atchd to 60th Inf; Co C atchd to 47th Inf.

h. The Div Arty will support the Divi

Atchdr Bq & Eq Btry 188th FA Grp 957th FA Bn (155mm How) 172nd FA Bn (155mm How) Btry C, 981st FA Bn (155mm gun) 376th AAA Bn (M) 899th TD Bn (1ess Cos B & C)

-(1) 60th PA Bn - direct support 60th Inf.

(2) 84th PA Bn - direct support 47th Inf.

(3) 26th FA Bn - general support.

(4) 34th FA Bn - general support and will reinforce the 84th FA Bn.

(5) 188th FA Grp - general support.

(a) 957th PA Bn will reinforce the 60th PA Bn

(b) 172nd FA Bn general support.

(c) Btry C. 981st FA Bn atchd 172nd FA Bn.

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- (6) 376th AAA Bn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.
- (7) The 899th TD in will provide the Div with protection against

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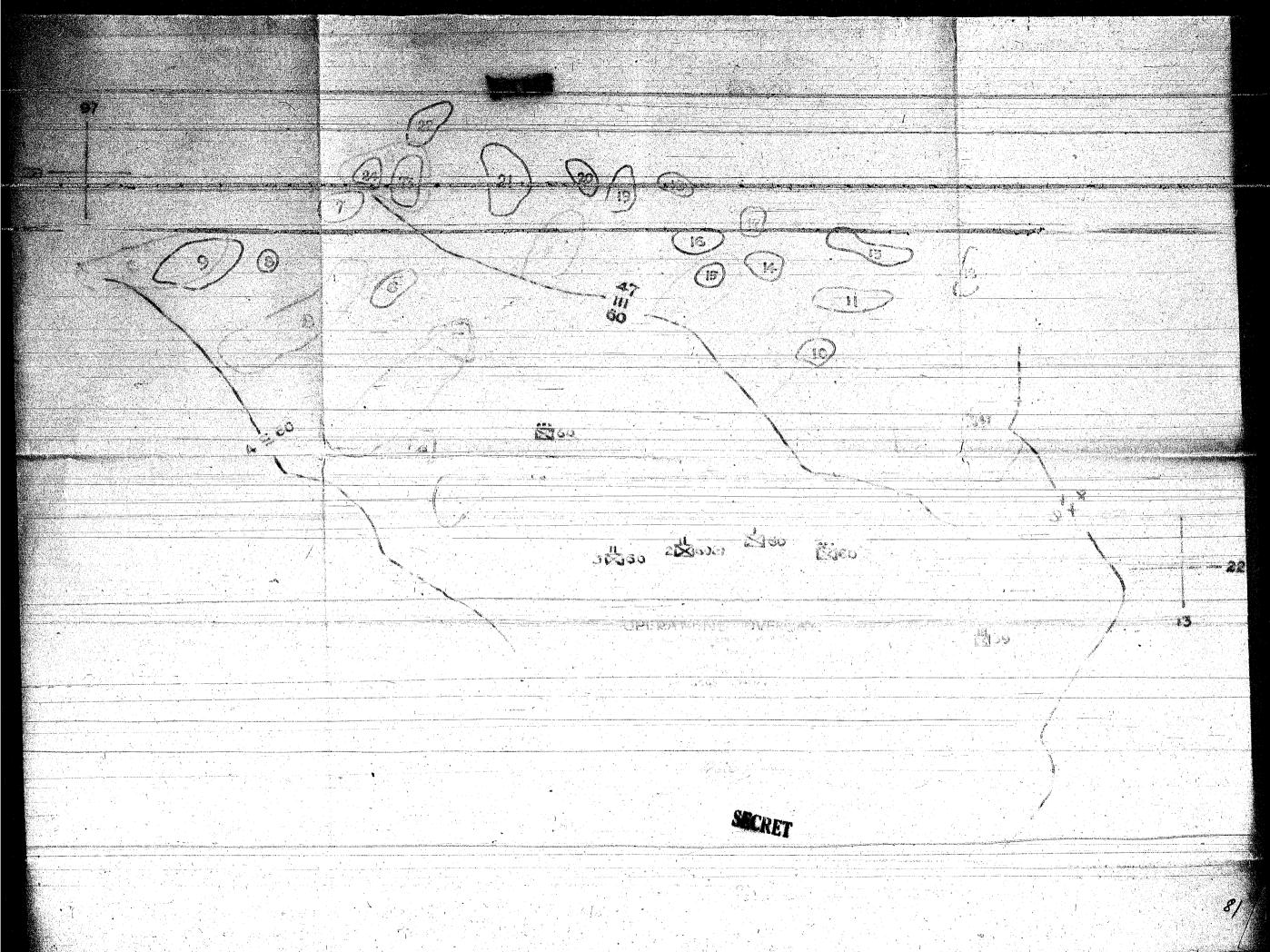
- (a) Co A direct support 26th FA Bn in secondary mission.
- 5. a. See current SOI

4. See Adm 0 #6.

b. Diw OP - 055187. Regil GPs - to be reported.

OFFICIAL: FEIL. G-3

1 Incl



auth: CO 9th Inf Div Initials: 🚓 Date: 29 June 19hl

Hq 9th Inf Div, APO 9 292230 June 1944

FO:#12

Map a: FR.NCE 1/25.000

1. a. There is still no positive indication as to the enemy's munorical strength in the Higgs PENINSULA. However it is estimated that his original strength prior to the attack of 29 June did not exceed 3000, and while his losses during the day have cut his strength somewhat, those losses are not believed to have been high. Statements of PWs and other indications point to an infantry strength of two to three understrength line, plus arty and mise non infantry troops (remeants of the 243d and 709th Div).
All indications point to GREVILE being a strong point of steel and concrete, manned by the battalion-strength residue of the 919th Rogt, commanded by Lt Col Keili and to BEAUMONT HAGUE as another center of resistance. Energy Arty is estimated at approx three It Strys, two or three med Strys, two hvy field guns, plus two railway guns. Enemy morale is low, and Trs are being held in the line by their officers, who dony that CHERBOURG has

b. VII Corps regroups and continues reduction of remaining hostile resistance on C.P DE L. H. GUE. Lith Div to be relieved in CHERCOURG for rest and refitting. 99th Inf Dn guards all military installations in CHEMBOURG. 101st A/B Div closed in area S of CHEMBOURG preparatory to taking over the Feninsula N of a line running E & W thru KONTEROURG, or cluding zone of operations 9th Inf Div.

2. This Div:

fallen.

Atchd: 899th TD Bn hth Cay Gro (loss Dots) 7h6th Tk Bn ^Hq 188th FA Grp 957th F. Dn (155 mm How) 172nd Fa Dn (4.5 in gun) Etry C, 981st Fa Dn (155pm gun) 376th AAA Dn (H)

Cos A & B 87th Cml Bn . Will continue the attack to the NN on 30 June to overcome remaining resistance on CAP DE LA HAGUE. Formations, bdrys, objectives (in blue), and prepared Arty targets (in

rod): See ovorlay.

a. 60th Inf -

Atchd: 9th Ren Tr Co B 899th TD Dn Co B 87th Cml Bn

Co C 7h6th Tk Bn

Following combing of arty target #9 at 0700 will move to LD to arrive not later than 0800. Following arty proparations on arty target #9 will cross LD at 0810 30 June, capturing successively objectives C, H, J, & X.

b. 17th Inf:

Atchd: Co C 899th TO Bn
Co B 716th Tc Dn
Co A 87th Col Bn

Following bembing of arty target #23 at 0700 will move to LD as shown on overlay to arrive not later than 0800. Following preparation on arty target #23 will cross LD at 0810, 30 June, capturing saccessively objectives G, L, M, & P.

c. 39th Inf: Upon Div order, well move to assembly area as shown on overlay.

d. 9th Ren Tr Atchd to 60th Inf.

e. 746th Tk En (less Cos B & C) await order in Div Ros vic FLOTTELLWILLE HAUE.

f. 4th Cav Grp (less Bets) will attack objective 3 in conjunction with the adv of the 60th Inf to the ID.

g. 899th TD Bn (loss Cos D & C) atchd to Dir arty, Co D atchd to 60th Inf; Co C atchd to 17th Inf.

h. The Div Arty will support the Div:
Atchd: Hq & Hq Div; 188th Fr Grp
957th FA Dn (155mm How)
172nd FA Dn (1.5 in gun)
Btry C, 981st FA Dn (155mm gm)
376th AAA Dn (1)
899th TD Dn (1css Cos B & C)

(1) 60th FA En - direct support 60th Inf.

(2) 8hth FA Bn - direct support h7th Int.

(3) 26th FA Rn - general support.

(5) 188th FA Crp - general support.

(4) 34th FA Dn - general support and will roinf the 84th FA Dn.

(a) 957th FA Dn will reinf the 60th FA Dn.

(b) 172nd FA In general support.

(c) Btry C, 981st FA Bn Atchd 172nd FA Bn.

(6) 376th AAA Dn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.

(7) The B99th TD Da will provide the Div with protection against armor.

(a) Co A - direct support 26th FA Dn in secondary mission.

L. See Adm 0 #6.

5. a. See current SOI.

5. a. See current Sul.

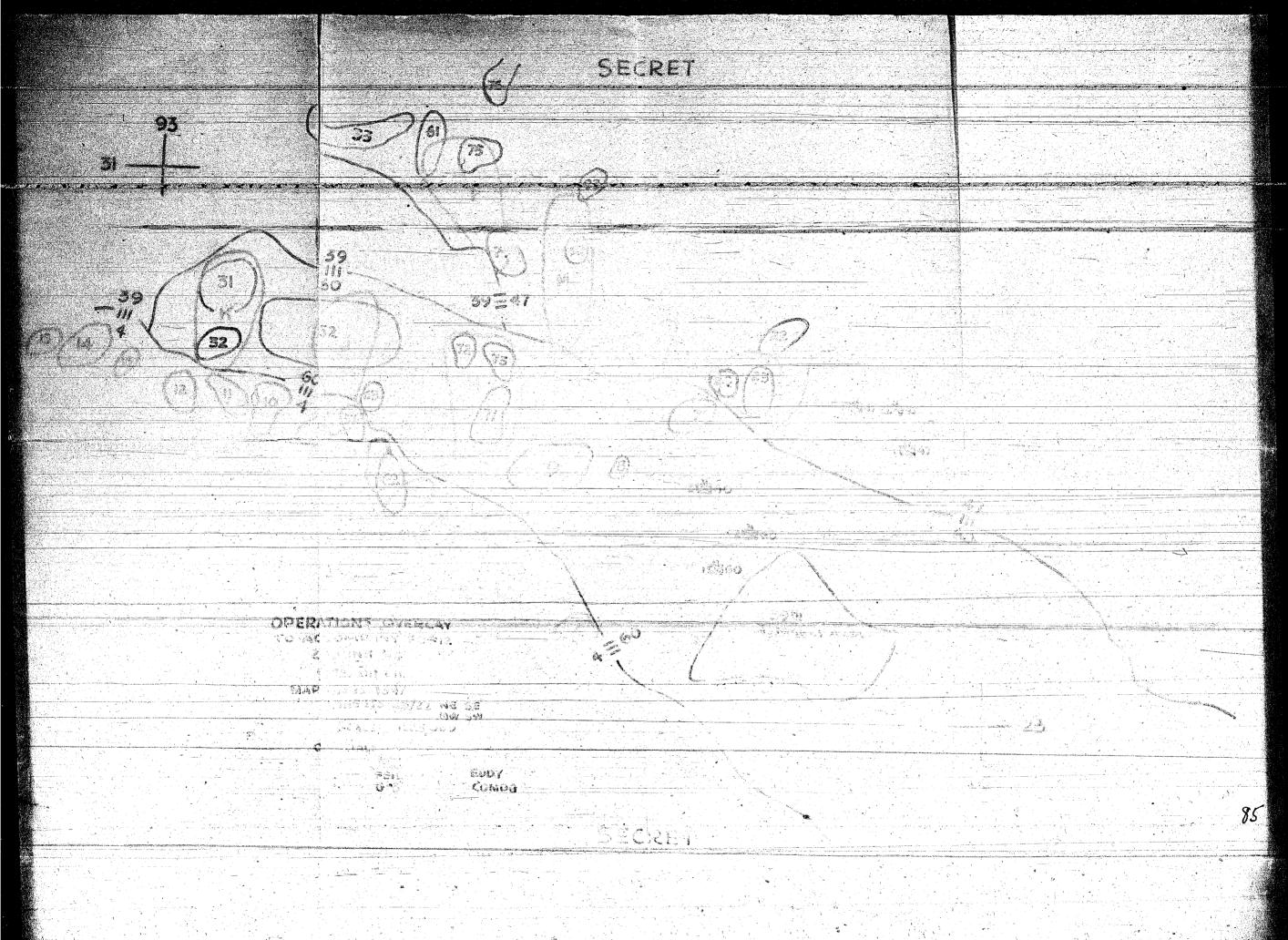
b. Div CP - 055187. Regtl CPs - to be reported.

EDDT, Comdg,

OFFICIAL:

FEIL 0-3

l ^Incl - Overlay.



SECRET Authr CO, 9th Inf Div Initials: Date: 1 July 1944

Hq 9th Inc Div 011500 July 1944

PO #13

Maps: FRANCE 1/25000

1. a. The enemy's right (W) flank has crumbled. The CO of the 922 Regt is a prisoner. On the E, behind GREVILLE, the enemy still restate from dug-din possa, but his numerical strength is low and communications almost non-existant. He will attempt to continue delaying action MY of the GREVILLE line, but has no strong defensive possa upon which to fall book.

b. VII Corps regroups and continues reduction of remaining heatile resistance on CAP DE LA HAGUE, 9th Inf En guards military installations in CHERBOURG. LOLST AB Div guards COTENTIN Feminesia N of a line simple B and W through MENTENURG, excluding some of operations of 9th Inf Ew.

2. This Div:

Atahd: 899th TD Bn
4th Gav Grp (less dets)
746th Tk Bn
Hg 188th FA Grp
957th FA Bn (159mm How)

172nd TA Bn (A.5 in gun) Btry C, 981st FA Bn (155mm gun) 376th AAA Bn (M) 00s A & B 87th Cnl Bn

Will continue the attack to the MW on 30 June - 1 July to overcome remaining resistance on CAP DE LA HAGUE.

Formations, boundaries, and prepared arty targets (in red): see overlay.

3. c. 3rd Bn 39th Inf

Atohd: Tr B 4th Cav Ren Sedn Co A 899th TD Bn

Will adv mtsd without delay via the read; REAUMONT - HAGUE - OR at 980286 - RJ 133 (9230) and capture AUDENVILLE (9232), Operating initially under Div control it will cooperate with 9th Bon Tr. Effective at 0600 l July this be, reinf, will revert to control of 99th Int.

b. 39th Inf (less and En): Will adv without delay via Road: BEAUMOST-HAGUE CR (980236). Thereafter it will operate within its some to overcome remaining heshile consistence therein. 3rd En reverts to regil control at 0500 1 July. To A 899th TD En and Tr B 4th Cav Ron Sqdn atohd arter 0500 1 July.

c. 60th Inf

Atchd: Co B 899th TD Bn Co B 87th Cml Bn

Co C 746th Tk Bn

Will hold propent pospe.

d. 47th Inf

Atchd: Go C 899th TD Bn Co B 746th Tr Bn Co A 87th Cml Bn

Will hold present poses during the night 30 June - 1 July. On 1 July will sop up remaining hostile-resistance in its sone, particularly in target creas \$53, 61, 75, 76, 92, and 93.

- a. 9th Ran Tr deteched from 60th Inf effective at 2000 30 June, Effective at that hour, operating under division control, will reconnecter some of 39th Inf with primary attention toward AUDENVILLE, cooperating with 3rd En 39th Inf.
- f. 746th Tk Bn (less Cos B & C) await orders in Div Res vic STE CROIX HAGUE (0323).
- g. 4th Cay Crp (less dets) will continue its adv within its some, morping up emeny weststance therein to the western limits thereof. Tr B 4th Cay Rom Sqdn atchd to 3rd Bn 39th Inf. until 0600 l July, thereafter to 39th Inf.
- h. 2999h 29 Bm (less Cos A. B. and C) atold to Div Arty. Co B atold to 60th Inf, Go natable to 47th Inf, Co A atold to 3rd Bm 99th Inf until 0600 1 July, thon to 39th Inf.
- 1. The Div Arty will support the Div:
 Atchd: Rg & Rg Btry 188th FA Grp.
 957th FA Bn (155mm How)
 172nd FA Bn (45 in gun)
 Btay G, 96let FA Bn (155mm Gun)
 376th AlA Bn (18)
 899th TD Bn (less Co.A. B & C)
 - (1) 60th FA Bn direct support 60th Inf.
 - (2) 84th FA Bn direct support 47th Inf.
 - (3) 26th FA Bn direct support 39th Inf.
 - (4) 34th FA Bn general support and will reinf the 84th FA Bn,
 - (5) 188th FA Grp general support.
 - (a) 957th FA Bn will reinf the 60th FA Bn
 - (b) 172nd FA Bn general support.
 - (c) Btry C, 981st FA Bn general support.
 - 5) 376th AAA Bn will provide AA protection for the Div Arty.
 - (7) The 899th TD Bn will support the infantry in their adv.

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4. See Adm 0 #7.

5. a. See current SQL.

b. Div CP - 055187

39th Inf - 990265

47th Inf - 021276

60th Inf - 953281

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ANNEX NO. 5

Division Artillery Report

Having been on a six-hour alert status since May 21, the 9th Division Artillery received orders on 6 June 1944, for novement into a marchalling area preparatory to emberkation for France. The march from "A" Camp, at Barton Stacey, Hampshire County, England, was begun at 1530 hours and by 2100 the final elements less the Bith F. A. Bm., and second priority vehicles and men had entered the marshalling came just north SOUTHAMPTON.

Hovement to the point of embarkation, in SOUTHAMPTON, began at 2300, 7 June. This headquarters was loaded aboard the liberty ship "James Caldwell" at 1500, 8 June, while other elements of the Division Artillery less the Slith F. A. Bn. where loaded on other Liberty ships in the same convoy, with the exception of those rear echelon units which are to follow on a subsequent salling.

The "James Caldwell" cleared the dock at 2030, 8 June, and moved out into the harbor to anchor, remaining there until 2030 on 9 June, when it sailed in convoy with 13 other Liberty ships.

10 June 1944

The convoy arrived in the Bay of SERES at 0900 and anchored off UTAH BEACH at 1300. All personnel were leaded into landing eraft and arrived on the beach at 1530. As they landed they were organized into columns and moved off, by foot, to the transit area south of Ste. MERE EGLISE, 12 miles distant. This position was at 355955. Temporary camp was set up there.

11 June 1944

Vehicles of this headquarters bogan to arrive from the beach at 2100 this evening. Corps orders detached the 39th C.T. from the division and attached it to the 4th Infantry Division for an operation on the east coast of the peninsula. The 26th F.A. Bh. being not completely ashore and ready for action the C. G. replaced this unit in the 39th C.T. with the 66th F.A. Bh. so the 39th Inf. for the drive on to QUINSVILE. Recommaissance and occupation of positions was carried out by these units in econdination with the artillory of the 4th

12 June 1944

Removed waterproofing from all vehicles and passod day in transit area awaiting orders to move forward. Sith F.A. Sh. has arrived off shore and is unloading on boson at 2000.

13 June 1944

Sith F.A. Bn. unloaded complete at 0300.

. This division, less the 39th Inf. and the 60th F.A. Bn. was committed today. The 34th F.A. Bn. reverted to division control shortly after it moved

into regimental assembly area west of Ste. MERE EGLISE. All battalions of Division Artillery recommended and occupied positions to support the attack of the division's two regiments. Division Artillery CP was established at 35957 at 1530.

14 June 1944

The attack today made slow progress, elements of the 90th Div. being somewhat tangled with our troops. Both the 26th F.A. Bn. and the 81th F.A. Bn. were placed in direct support of the attack by the 50th Inf., and the 31th F.A. Bn. was assigned to direct support of the 26th F.A. Bn. The 316th AB Bn. arrived today and was assigned to protect the Division Artillery from hostile air attacks. The 957th F.A. An. (155 Hows.) was attached to this Division Artillery and wont into action, in general support, at once. Chief fires delivered during the day were against small tank concentrations and observed troop movements. Lack of ground observation due to the formal difficulties is necessitating more and more air observation and a considerable amount of unobserved fire. Harassing fires were carried out during the nicht June 11-15.

15 June 1944

The enemy is resisting desporately in the vicinity of ORGLANDES but the division's advance continues, though slowly. A concentration of tanks just south of ORGLANDES was rected with a Zombia at 0825 this morning. Counterbattery fire was delivered throughout the day on lone guns and batteries reported by aerial observors and forward observers with loading infantry units. Shortly after moon a counteratteck headed by tanks was reported organizing in the town of REIGENVILLE. A Zombie, with time fire, was placed on the town and this was repeated half an hour later. The attack was broken up before it could be launched. The 60th Fal. Bm. reverted to Division control today. The 915th Fal. Bm., of the 90th Div., are attached to this division for

16 June 1914

The three regiments of this division and the attached 359th attacked this morning, supported by the fires of Division Artillery, with attachments. The advance progressed slowly all along the front until late ovening when the 60th Inf. forgod sharply shead, broke the crust of resistance and crossed the DOUVE RIVER at NEHOU. The CP of Div. arty, moved forward to 252953 at 1700. The 60th Fal. Bh, moved forward consistently and rapidly to support the advance of the infantry over the DOUVE. Heraesing fires during the night 15-16 June Nore delivered to hinder the enemy's attempts to regroup for a counterattack. All whicles of the division artillery except the kitchen truck of Mq. Battery, 9th Div. Arty, have arrived.

17 June 1944

this division, driving to the west, completely cut the peninsula today, the lifth Infantry being the first to reach the nust coast. A terrific artillery concentration, from all available guns, early this morning, broke

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up a large scale counter-attack which for a time threatened to cut off the 60th Infantry and the 60th Fab. Sh. ifter a scranade was delivered, very heavy enemy casualties were reported in the vicinity of St. JACQUES de MEHOU, focal point of their attack, and the 77th Division (German) was split in half. Our firing caught troop concentrations and movements on the highways leading north from our drive across the peninsula. The CP of Div. Arty, was moved to 21370. In the recommaissance for this move, the advance party from Division and Division Artillory ran into an enemy gun position and suffered heavy casualties. Major Basil H. Shirley, S-1 - S-4 of Division Artillory is missing in action educe this encounter.

18 June 19lili

Entire Division moved across the DOUVE today. A strong counter-attack from the north by elements of the 77th Gorman Division which was cut off by yesterday's drive to the censt was beaten off by artillery fire from the Division Artillery and attached units. A Screened, requested by the 60th Infantry, was delivered and scattered the enemy. Reports indicate that the German units are now retreating towards ENICQUENEC. Division CP moved to 116979 at 1630. Firing was sporadic during the day, 11thle resistance being encountered as the infantry cleans out the area to the ceast.

19 June 1944

Turning to the north this Division launched an attack as part of a concorted VII Corps drive to CHERBOURG. For this attack the 186th F.A. Group Beautquirtore, the 957th F.A. Bi., the 178th F.A. Bi., the 607th Innk Destroyer Battalion (loss 2 companies) and the 899th T.D. Battalion (loss 2 companies) ware attached to Division Artillery. The 39th Infantry and the 60th Infantry, in the assault met little organized resistance. Artillery fire was light no suitable targets being reported. It 1736 a counter-attack was reported by the 39th Infantry at 104113 and all available fire was requested. At 1750 a Soyenade was fired on that point. Subsequent reports indicated that the attack was broken up. At midnight the Division Artillery CP moved to 093071.

20 June 1944;

Enony artillery fire increased semewhat during this period and reports received from civilians and prisoners of war of locations of very heavy calibor guns. Flanes were sent up to try to locate those positions. The infantry continued to encounter light resistence only and requested little artillery support. Fire during the day was chiefly limited to counter bettery missions observed from the air and by berrestial forward observers.

21 Juno 1944

Heavy resistance was encountered by the infantry all along the front today as it reached the outer perimeter of the CHERBOURG defense system. The attack continued all along the line, supported by heavy artillory fire on strong points, on enemy guns and on troop concentrations. Novement was slow but consistent pressure was applied at all points.

- 3 -

22 June 1944

The attack for CHERBOURG continued with some slight advance by our troops. Division Artillary fired throughout the day on call from the Infantry to reduce strong points and in counterbattery missions, enony gams being located by information received from photo intelligence or from aerial observation. Smoke was used to mark strongpoint and between targets for air bemberdment in the early afternoon. Friendly planes after their bembing mission strated the positions occupied by the 3hth, 26th, 6cth, 8ith, and 957th Fit. Bms. in spite of displayed pends and orange smoke. A beavy concentration was fixed on a strong point in front of the 47th Infantry with excellent results. When the infantry reached the strongpoint priseners poured out to surrender, sturned by the shelling. Resistance at this point coased after the artillary fire. Division Artillary CP moved to 027113. On reports that large bodies of energy troops were moving from CaP DE IA H.GUE into BELUKONT H.GUE interdictory concentrations were laid down on structed points.

23 June 1944

Determined resistance from highly fortified positions along the entire CHERROURG front kept our infantry from making very rapid headway. The artillory of the Division and attached battalions find throughout the day on points of resistance and on observed and unobserved enemy battery positions. Kany of these were located by first by cerial observers and were taken under first with with reported excellent results. Fixed batteries and reving guns and batteries are new being simpleyed against us. Bending mission which was schoduled to prepare for an attack at 1600 did not arrive until some hours later. Targets were marked by smeke by the artillory end a heavy artillory concentration followed the bending. Strong points w ich had been helding up the advance of the 39th and of the 17th were the principal targets. Effect was said to be excellent.

24 June 1944

Navel shore fire centrel parties arrived in the "Wision area to cooperate with Davision arctillery in the adjustment and use of naval' gun fire from three battleships and four cruisers scheduled to arrive off CHERBOURG this movining. Careful plans were worked out for adjustment of these fires by Birdeion Artillory's aerial observors and by the naval personnal from terrestial observation posts. Targets were scheduled and identified, priority being given to very strong coastal defense positions with heavily fortified gun positions. The arrival of the Navy was subsequently postponed until temerrow. Fire from our artillery during the day was directed against located batteries and some few enough strongpoints, virtually all fires in the CHERBOURG area requiring clearance through one of the infantry regiments. Advance was slow but determined. Pivision Artillery Command Fest moved to-052190.

25 Juno 1944

The 17th Infantry reached the CHERBOURG beach today although resistance is continuous throughout the CHERBOURG area. ...erial bombing mission this morning was highly effective, on some strong points. Naval gunfire in this Division's area was light due to heavy shore battery fire which the vessels were compelled to return. Flenes very constantly in the air ready to adjust

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for the Mavy and to take under fire with our artillary such bitteries as might be observed. The Naval fire began at 1355 and ended at 1515 and its effect on coast batteries seemed only fit; lission did have result, however, of enabling our observers to spot virtually all large batteries in the Beninsula remaining in German hands. "any of these wate taken under fire by our medium battalions with excellent effect, large fires were observed as a result of our firing south of QUERQUEVILE. Aerial observer called for Zembio on concentration of vehicles at 070267. Sesults excellent, with number of fires started. Harassing fires were ordered on known battery positions and on highways west throughout the night of 25 - 26 june.

26 Juno 1944

Radio intorcept obtained and deceded a message from the Group von Schlieben which is defending CHERDOURS into concluded - "Completely crushed by artillery fire" and which stated that eight batteries had been put out of action by our phosphorous shells. With the 60th Infantry protecting the for action by our phosphorous shells. With the 60th Infantry protecting the the northwest flank of the Division, other closents today pushed on and completed occupation of CHERDOURG with the exception of the Arsonal area which is still heavily defended and fortified. All battalions were moved into positions from which they could reach throughout the city. All were into positions from which they could reach throughout the city. All were adjusted on the arsonal area in preparation for assault tenorrow. Enough, artillory fire continued heavy from coastel guns and other fixed positions. Our medium battalions and the attached bettery of 195 guns were effectively used in counterbattery throughout the day. Concral ven Schließen and the Admiral commanding naval forces in Fortress CHERDOURG were captured this afterneous by the 39th Infantry.

27 Juno 1944

The last remaining enemy forces in CHERROURG capitulated this morning without the necessity for attack. The fires propared by Mydsion artillery for the arsenal area were not required. During the day the Division turned around and faced west to clean out the forces remaining in the C.P EE LA around and the elements of Division artillery shifted positions to bring their fires to bear in this area. Enemy artillery fires increased considerably fires to bear in this area. Enemy artillery fires increased considerably fivision artillery delivered successful counterbattery fire on a battery of Division artillery in the value of the near talk and on a large constal gume near GRUCHY, or two heavy rallway gams near LAPE and on a large battery of modium artillery in the vicinity of AUDERVILLE, in addition to fires on other rowing gums and batteries observed firing from the vicinity of BERLENONY HAJE. Beaching missions during the afternoon were observed and the effect was reported to be generally good.

28 Juna 1911

Elements of the Division and of Division artillery moved into positions of readiness for the attack westward temeorem. CHERECURE was shelled today by enemy butteries, heavily fortified, near GRUCHY, and by the railway guns on the tip of the Fenthaula hear LAYE. Adjustments were made on both of those positions by aerial observers and heavy counterbattery fire was delivered with reported good results. Other butteries were located and fired on by aerial observation, in the vicinity of GREVILLE and REJURINI HAGUE. Emergy the heavy horassing fire.

Edium bembers today bembed enemy batteries on the Peninsula and heavily fortified strongpoints man BE.UNDIN MAGE and GREVILLE. Effect reported by the Division Air Observation Peat was excellent. Division Artillary fired extensively on these same targets and reported a number of direct hits which would inducte guns out of action. Of a battery of six guns which had been firing from the AUBENVILLE region only two wore firing later in the evening. Only one of the two railway guns was still firing. Large explosions and fires were reported from both positions. Infantry making slow but steady progress against determined peckets of resistance.

30 June 1944

At 1928 hours today the artillory safety line was extended to the sea on all sides of the Feninsula. Funcy resistance had been completely broken and our infantry was moving swiftly towards the fer end of the Feninsula from all reads. Sangy critillory fire was heavy throughout the morning and early afterneous but his batteries were subjected to constant counterbattery and neutralizing fire which was very offective. His firing virtually ceased by 1900 hours.

1 July 1944

all fighting in the CAP DE LA H.GUS Poninsula onded early this morning with the occupation of AUDENVILLE by the 39th Infantry. Inspection of enemy battery positions fired on by Division intillory and attached units shound a considerable number of guns actually destroyed and others obviously put out of action as a result of our fire. During this day the 172nd and 95th Fac. Bns., the 188th F.A. Group Headquarters, and "C" Battery. of the 98lst F.A. Bn. were detached from the Division intillery as was the 899th Tank Destroyer Battalion.

Ammunition expenditure during campaign was:

Organic	Uni	ts

26th F.A. Bn. 11,882 rds
31th F.A. Bn. 7,609 rds
60th F.A. Bn. 16,565 rds
81th F.A. Bn. 8,860 rds
10th 1916 rds

14,916 rds

Attached Units

957th F.A. Bn. 9,210 rds 981st F.A. Bn. (C Btry) 1,023 rds. 172nd F.A. Bn. U,774 rds 899th T.D. Bn. 5,050 rds Total 20,057 rds

20,057 rds

Total expenditure 64,973 rds

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Report of Zattle Casualties as of illenight 7 July 1944

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