

COMPUTING @ LORD BLYTON

Computing Intent

Within an ever changing and technological world, Lord Blyton Primary understands and values the importance of teaching Computing from a young age. We acknowledge that future generations will rely heavily on their computational confidence and digital skills in order to support their progress within their chosen career paths.

Therefore, it is our school's aim to equip children with the relevant skills and knowledge that is required to understand the three core areas of Computing (Computer Science, Information Technology and Digital Literacy) and to offer a broad and balanced approach to providing quality first teaching of this subject.

Computing is an integral part to a child's education and everyday life. Consequently, we intend to support our pupils to access and understand the core principles of this subject through engaging lessons and activities. Whilst ensuring they understand the advantages and disadvantages associated with online experiences, we want children to develop as respectful, responsible and confident users of technology, aware of measures that can be taken to keep themselves and others safe online.

Our aims for Computing at Lord Blyton Primary are:

- To instil an enthusiasm and appreciation of Computing via engaging and well-planned lessons, allowing children to use their skills to create and develop new ideas.
- To follow a scheme of work, in conjunction with the National Curriculum, which provides progression and a breadth of knowledge across all year groups.
- To ensure that teaching staff continue to access the opportunities to attend subject relevant CPD in order to deliver sessions with confidence and to help identify areas in which they can use computational skills within a cross-curricular approach (as part of their termly topics, for example).
- To identify real world examples and creative challenges in which pupils can explore and extend their understanding of the fundamental principles and concepts of Computing.
- To ensure that pupils develop a respectful and responsible attitude towards using information and communication technology, especially with regards to their own and other's safety.
- To provide a safe space in which pupils can navigate and interact with the digital world, whilst exploring their own personal expression and identity.



National Curriculum

Key stage 1 Pupils should be taught to:

- understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions
- create and debug simple programs
- use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs
- use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content
- recognise common uses of information technology beyond school
- use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

Key stage 2 Pupils should be taught to:

- design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts
- use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output
- use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
- understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration
- use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content
- select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information
- use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.



			AUTU	JMN 1			
	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
COMPUTING SYSTEMS AND NETWORKS		Technology around us	Information technology around us	Connecting Computers	The internet	Sharing information	Internet communication
		To identify technology I can explain technology as something that helps us I can locate examples of technology in the classroom I can explain how these technology examples help us	To recognise the uses and features of information technology I can identify examples of computers I can describe some uses of computers I can identify that a computer is a part of information technology	To explain how digital devices function I can explain that digital devices accept inputs I can explain that digital devices produce outputs I can follow a process	To describe how networks physically connect to other networks I can describe the internet as a network of networks I can demonstrate how information is shared across the internet I can discuss why a network needs protecting	To explain that computers can be connected together to form systems I can explain that systems are built using a number of parts I can describe that a computer system features inputs, processes, and outputs I can explain that computer systems communicate with other devices	To identify how to use a search engine I can complete a web search to find specific information I can refine my search I can compare results from different search engines
		To identify a computer and its main parts I can name the main parts of a	To identify information technology in the home I can explain the	To identify input and output devices I can classify input and output	To recognise how networked devices make up the internet I can describe the	To recognise the role of computer systems in our lives I can identify tasks	To describe how search engines select results I can explain why we need tools to
		computer	purpose of information	devices	different networked	that are managed	find things online



I can switch on and log into a computer I can use a mouse to click and drag	technology in the home I can open a file I can move and resize images	I can model a simple process I can design a digital device	devices and how they connect I can explain how the internet allows us to view the World Wide Web I can recognise that the World Wide Web is the part of the internet that contains websites	by computer systems I can identify the human elements of a computer system I can explain the benefits of a given computer system	I can recognise the role of web crawlers in creating an index I can relate a search term to the search engine's index
To use a mouse in different ways I can use a mouse to open a program I can click and drag to make objects on a screen I can use a mouse to create a picture	To identify information technology beyond school I can find examples of information technology I can talk about uses of information technology I can compare types of information technology	To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work I can explain how I use digital devices for different activities I can recognise similarities between using digital devices and non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and non-digital tools	and web pages To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web I can explain the types of media that can be shared on the World Wide Web (WWW) I can describe where websites are stored when uploaded to the WWW I can describe how to access	To recognise how information is transferred over the internet I can recognise that data is transferred using agreed methods I can explain that networked digital devices have unique addresses I can explain that data is transferred over networks in packets	To explain how search results are ranked I can explain that search results are ordered I can explain that a search engine follows rules to rank relevant pages I can suggest some of the criteria that a search engine checks to decide on the order of results



To use a keyboard to type I can tell you that writing on a computer is called typing I can type my name on a computer I can use the shift key to type a capital letter I can save my work to a file	To explain how information technology benefits us I can demonstrate how information technology is used in a shop I can recognise that information technology can be connected I can explain how information technology helps people	To explain how a computer network can be used to share information I can recognise different connections I can explain how messages are passed through multiple connections I can discuss why we need a network switch	websites on the WWW To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web I can create media which can be found on websites I can recognise that I can add content to the WWW I can explain that new content can be created online	To explain how sharing information online lets people in different places work together I can recognise that connected digital devices can allow us to access shared files stored online I can send information over the internet in different ways I can explain that the internet allows different modia to be	To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom I can describe some of the ways that search results can be influenced I can recognise some of the limitations of search engines I can explain how search engines make money
				media to be	
To use the	To show how to	To explore how	To recognise how	To contribute to a	To recognise how
keyboard to edit	use information	digital devices	the content of the	shared project	we communicate
text	technology safely	can be connected	WWW is created	online	using technology
I can open my	I can list different	I can recognise	by people	I can suggest	I can explain the
work from a file	uses of	that a computer	I can explain that	strategies to	different ways in
I can use the	information	network is made	websites and their	ensure successful	which people
arrow keys to	technology	up of a number of	content are	group work	communicate
move the cursor	I can recognise	devices	created by people	I can make	I can identify that
I can delete	how to use	I can demonstrate	I can suggest who	thoughtful	there are a variety
letters	information	how information	owns the content	suggestions on my	of ways of



		technology responsibly I can say how those rules/guides can help me	can be passed between devices I can explain the role of a switch, server, and wireless access point in a network	on websites I can explain that there are rules to protect content	group's work I can compare working online with working offline	communicating over the internet I can choose methods of communication to suit particular purposes
	To create rules	To recognise that	To recognise the	To evaluate the	To evaluate	To evaluate
	for using	choices are made	physical	consequences of	different ways of	different
	technology	when using	components of a	unreliable	working together	methods of
	responsibly	information	network	content	online	online
	I can identify rules	technology	I can identify how	I can explain that	I can identify	communication
	to keep us safe	I can identify the	devices in a	not everything on	different ways of	I can compare
	and healthy when	choices that I	network are	the World Wide	working together	different methods
	we are using	make when using	connected with	Web is true.	online	of communicating
	technology in and	information	one another	I can explain why	I can recognise	on the internet
	beyond the home	technology	I can identify	some information	that working	I can decide when
	I can give	I can explain	networked	I find online may	together on the	I should and
	examples of some	simple guidance	devices around	not be honest,	internet can be	should not share
	of these rules	for using	me	accurate, or legal.	public or private	I can explain that
	I can discuss how	information	I can identify the	I can explain why I	I can explain how	communication
	we benefit from	technology in	benefits of	need to think	the internet	on the internet
	these rules	different	computer	carefully before I	enables effective	may not be
		environments and	networks	share or reshare	collaboration	private
		settings		content		
		I can enjoy a				
		variety of				
		activities				



			AUTL	JMN 2			
	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
CREATING MEDIA		Digital painting	Digital photography	Stop-frame Animation	Audio editing	Video editing	Webpage creation
		To describe what different freehand tools do I can make marks on a screen and explain which tools I used I can draw lines on a screen and explain which tools I used I can use the paint tools to draw a picture	To know what devices can be used to take photographs I can sort devices into old and new I can talk about how to take a photograph I can capture digital photos and talk about my experience	To explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographs I can draw a sequence of pictures I can create an effective flip book—style animation I can explain how an animation/flip book works	To identify that sound can be digitally recorded I can identify digital devices that can record sound and play it back I can identify the inputs and outputs required to play audio or record sound I can recognise the range of sounds that can be recorded	To recognise video as moving pictures, which can include audio I can explain that a video can include both visual and audio media I can explain the benefits of adding audio to a video I can plan a video project using a storyboard	To review an existing website and consider its structure I can explore a website I can discuss the different types of media used on websites I know that websites are written in HTML
		To use the shape tool and the line tools I can make marks with the square and line tools I can use the shape and line tools effectively	To use a digital device to take a photograph I can explain the process of taking a good photograph I can take photos in both landscape	To relate animated movement with a sequence of images I can predict what an animation will look like	To use a digital device to record sound: I can use a device to record audio and play back sound	To identify digital devices that can record video I can identify and name digital devices that can record video and sound	To plan the features of a web page I can recognise the common features of a web page



I can use the shape and line tools to recreate the work of an artist	and portrait format I can explain why a photo looks better in portrait or landscape format	I can explain why little changes are needed for each frame I can create an effective stop frame animation	I can suggest how to improve my recording I can discuss what other people include when recording sound for a podcast	I can choose the most suitable digital device for recording my project I can locate and identify the working features of a digital device that can record video	I can suggest media to include on my page I can draw a web page layout that suits my purpose
To make careful choices when painting a digital picture I can choose appropriate shapes I can make appropriate colour choices I can create a picture in the style of an artist	To describe what makes a good photograph I can identify what is wrong with a photograph I can discuss how to take a good photograph I can improve a photograph by retaking it	To plan an animation I can break down a story into settings, characters and events I can describe an animation that is achievable on screen I can create a storyboard	To explain that a digital recording is stored as a file: I can plan and write the content for a podcast I can discuss why it is useful to be able to save digital recordings I can save a digital recording as a file	To capture video using a digital device I can select a suitable device and software to capture my video I can demonstrate suitable methods of using a digital device to capture my video I can demonstrate the safe use and handling of devices	To consider the ownership and use of images (copyright) I can say why I should use copyright-free images I can find copyright-free images I can describe what is meant by the term 'fair use'
To explain why I chose the tools I used I know that different paint	To decide how photographs can be improved I can explore the effect that light has on a photo	To identify the need to work consistently and carefully I can use onion skinning to help	To explain that audio can be changed through editing:	To recognise the features of an effective video I can list some of the features of an effective video	To recognise the need to preview pages I can add content to my own web page



tools do different	I can experiment	me make small	I can open a	I can record a	I can preview
iobs	with different	changes between	digital recording	video that	what my web
I can choose	light sources	frames	from a file	demonstrates	page looks like
appropriate paint	I can focus on an	I can review a	I can discuss ways	some of the	I can evaluate
tools and colours	object	sequence of	in which audio	features of an	what my web
to recreate the		frames to check	recordings can be	effective video	page looks like on
work of an artist		my work	altered	I can explain why	different devices
I can say which		I can evaluate the	I can edit sections	lighting and angle	and suggest/make
tools were helpful		quality of my	of an audio	are important in	edits.
and why		animation	recording	creating an	
,				effective video	
To use a	To use tools to	To review and	To show that	To identify that	To outline the
computer on my	change an image	improve an	different types of	video can be	need for a
own to paint a	I can recognise	animation	audio can be	improved through	navigation path
picture	that images can	I can explain ways	combined and	reshooting and	I can explain what
I can make dots of	be changed	to make my	played together:	editing	a navigation path
colour on the	I can use a tool to	animation better	I can discuss	I can store,	is
page	achieve a desired	I can evaluate	sounds that other	retrieve, and	I can describe why
I can change the	effect	another learner's	people combine	export my	navigation paths
colour and brush	I can explain my	animation	I can choose	recording to a	are useful
sizes	choices	I can improve my	suitable sounds to	computer	I can make
I can use dots of		animation based	include in a	I can explain how	multiple web
colour to create a		on feedback	podcast	to improve a	pages and link
picture in the			I can use editing	video by	them using
style of an artist			tools to arrange	reshooting and	hyperlinks
on my own			sections of audio	editing	
				I can select the	
				correct tools to	
				make edits to my	
				video	
To compare	To recognise that	To evaluate the	To evaluate	To consider the	To recognise the
painting a picture	images can be	impact of adding	editing choices	impact of the	implications of
on a computer	changed		made:	choices made	linking to content



and on paper	I can apply a	other media to an	I can explain that	when making and	owned by other
I can explain that	range of	animation	digital recordings	sharing a video	people
pictures can be	photography skills	I can add other	need to be	I can make edits	I can explain the
made in lots of	to capture a	media to my	exported to share	to my video and	implication of
different ways	photo	animation	them	improve the final	linking to content
I can spot the	I can recognise	I can explain why I	I can discuss the	outcome	owned by others
differences	which images	added other	features of a	I can recognise	I can create
between painting	have been	media to my	digital recording I	that my choices	hyperlinks to link
on a computer	changed	animation	like	when making a	to other people's
and on paper	I can identify	I can evaluate my	I can suggest	video will impact	work
I can say whether	which images are	final film	improvements to	on the quality of	I can evaluate the
I prefer painting	real and which		a digital recording	the final outcome	user experience of
using a computer	have been			I can evaluate my	a website
or using paper	changed			video and share	
				my opinions	



			SPRI	NG 1			
	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
PROGRAMMING		Moving a robot	Robot algorithms	Sequencing	Repetition in	Selection in	Variables in
A				sounds	shapes	physical	games
						Computing	
		To explain what a	To describe a	To explore a new	To identify that	To control a	To define a
		given command	series of	programming	accuracy in	simple circuit	'variable' as
		will do	instructions as a	environment	programming is	connected to a	something that is
		I can predict the	sequence	I can identify the	important	computer	changeable
		outcome of a	I can follow	objects in a	I can program a	I can build a	I can identify
		command on a	instructions given	Scratch project	computer by	simple circuit to	examples of
		device	by someone else	(sprites,	typing commands	connect a	information that
		I can match a	I can choose a	backdrops)	I can explain the	microcontroller to	is variable
		command to an	series of words	I can explain that	effect of changing	a computer	I can explain that
		outcome	that can be	objects in Scratch	a value of a	I can program a	the way that a
		I can run a	enacted as a	have attributes	command	microcontroller to	variable changes
		command on a	sequence	(linked to)	I can create a	light an LED	can be defined
		device	I can give clear	I can recognise	code snippet for a	I can explain why I	I can identify that
			and unambiguous	that commands in	given purpose	used an infinite	variables can hold
			instructions	Scratch are represented as		loop	numbers or letters
				blocks			letters
		To act out a given	To explain what	I can identify that	To create a	To write a	To explain why a
		word	happens when	each sprite is	program in a text-	program that	variable is used in
		I can follow an	we change the	controlled by the	based language	includes count-	a program
		instruction	order of	commands I	I can use a	controlled loops	I can identify a
		I can recall words	instructions	choose	template to	I can connect	program variable
		that can be acted	I can create	I can choose a	create a design	more than one	as a placeholder
		out	different	word which	for my program	output device to a	in memory for a
			algorithms for a	describes an on-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	microcontroller	single value



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I can give	range of	screen action for	I can write an	I can design	I can explain that
directions	sequences (using	my design	algorithm to	sequences for	a variable has a
	the same	I can create a	produce a given	given output	name and a value
	commands)	program following	outcome	devices	I can recognise
	I can use an	a design	I can test my	I can decide which	that the value of a
	algorithm to		algorithm in a	output devices I	variable can be
	program a		text-based	control with a	changed
	sequence on a		language	count-controlled	
	floor robot			loop	
	I can show the				
	difference in				
	outcomes				
	between two				
	sequences that				
	consist of the				
	same commands				
To combine	To use logical	To explain that a	To explain what	To explain that a	To choose how to
forwards and	reasoning to	program has a	'repeat' means	loop can stop	improve a game
backwards	predict the	start	I can identify	when a condition	by using variables
commands to	outcome of a	I can start a	everyday tasks	is met, e.g.	I can decide
make a sequence	program (series	program in	that include	number of times	where in a
I can compare	of commands)	different ways	repetition as part	I can explain that	program to
forwards and	I can follow a	I can create a	of a sequence,	a condition is	change a variable
backwards	sequence	sequence of	e.g. brushing	something that	I can make use of
movements	I can predict the	connected	teeth, dance	can either be true	an event in a
I can start a	outcome of a	commands	moves	or false (e.g.	program to set a
sequence from	sequence	I can explain that	I can identify	whether a value is	variable
the same place	I can compare my	the objects in my	patterns in a	more than 10, or	I can recognise
I can predict the	prediction to the	project will	sequence, e.g.	whether a button	that the value of a
outcome of a	program outcome	respond exactly to	'step 3 times'	has been pressed)	variable can be
sequence		the code	means the same	I can experiment	used by a
involving forwards			as 'step, step,	with a do until	program
-			step'	loop	*



To combine four direction commands to make sequences I can compare left and right turns I can experiment with turn and move commands to move a robot I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving up to four commands	To explain that programming projects can have code and artwork I can explain the choices I made for my mat design I can identify different routes around my mat I can test my mat to make sure that it is usable	To recognise that a sequence of commands can have an order I can explain what a sequence is I can combine sound commands I can order notes into a sequence	I can use a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome To modify a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome I can identify the effect of changing the number of times a task is repeated I can predict the outcome of a program containing a count-controlled loop I can choose which values to change in a loop	I can program a microcontroller to respond to an input To conclude that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met I can explain a condition being met can start an action I can identify a condition and an action in my project I can use selection (an if then statement) to direct the flow of a program	To design a project that builds on a given example I can choose the artwork for my project I can explain my design choices I can create algorithms for my project
To plan a simple program I can explain what my program should do I can choose the order of	To design an algorithm I can explain what my algorithm should achieve I can create an algorithm to meet	To change the appearance of my project I can build a sequence of commands	To decompose a program into parts I can identify 'chunks' of actions in the real world	To design a physical project which includes selection I can identify a condition to start	To use my design to create a project I can create the artwork for my project



commands in a sequence I can debug my program	my goal I can use my algorithm to create a program	I can decide the actions for each sprite in a program I can make design choices for my artwork	I can use a procedure in a program I can explain that a computer can repeatedly call a procedure	an action (real world) I can describe what my project will do (the task) I can create a detailed drawing of my project	I can choose a name that identifies the role of a variable I can test the code that I have written
To find more than one solution to a	To create and debug a program	To create a project from a	To create a program that	To create a controllable	To evaluate my project
problem	that I have	task description	uses count-	system which	I can identify ways
I can identify	written	I can identify and	controlled loops	includes selection	that my game
several possible	I can plan	name the objects I	to produce a	I can write an	could be
solutions	algorithms for	will need for a	given outcome	algorithm to	improved
I can plan two	different parts of	project	I can design a	control lights and	I can extend my
programs	a task	I can relate a task	program that	a motor	game further
I can use two	I can test and	description to a	includes count-	I can use selection	using more
different	debug each part	design	controlled loops	to produce an	variables
programs to get	of the program	I can implement	I can make use of	intended outcome	I can share my
to the same place	I can put together	my algorithm as	my design to	I can test and	game with others
	the different parts	code	write a program	debug my project	
	of my program		I can develop my		
			program by		
			debugging it		



			SPR	ING 2			
	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
DATA AND		Grouping	Pictograms	Branching	Data logging	Flat-file	Introduction to
INFORMATION		data		databases		databases	Spreadsheets
		To label objects I can describe objects using labels I can match objects to groups I can identify the label for a group of objects	To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts I can record data in a tally chart I can represent a tally count as a total I can compare totals in a tally chart	To create questions with yes/no answers I can investigate questions with yes/no answers I can make up a yes/no question about a collection of objects I can create two groups of objects separated by one attribute	To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questions I can choose a data set to answer a given question I can suggest questions that can be answered using a given data set I can identify data that can be gathered over time	To use a form to record information I can create multiple questions about the same field I can explain how information can be recorded I can order, sort, and group my data cards	To identify questions which can be answered using data I can explain the relevance of data headings I can answer questions from an existing data set I can ask simple relevant questions which can be answered using data
		To identify that objects can be counted I can count objects I can group objects I can count a group of objects	To recognise that objects can be represented as pictures I can enter data onto a computer I can use a computer to view data in a different format	To identify the object attributes needed to collect relevant data I can select an attribute to separate objects into groups I can create a group of objects within an existing	To use a digital device to collect data automatically I can explain that sensors are input devices I can use data from a sensor to answer a given question	To compare paper and computer-based databases I can navigate a flat-file database to compare different views of information I can explain what a 'field' and a	To explain that objects can be described using data I can explain what an item of data is I can apply an appropriate number format to a cell



	I can use pictograms to answer simple questions about objects	group I can arrange objects into a tree structure	I can identify that data from sensors can be recorded	'record' is in a database I can choose which field to sort data by to answer	I can build a data set in a spreadsheet application
To describe objects in different ways	To create a pictogram	To create a branching database	To explain that a data logger collects 'data	a given question To apply my knowledge of a database to ask	To explain that formula can be used to produce
I can describe an object I can describe a property of an object I can find objects with similar properties	I can organise data in a tally chart I can use a tally chart to create a pictogram I can explain what the pictogram shows	I can select objects to arrange in a branching database I can group objects using my own yes/no questions I can prove my branching database works	points' from sensors over time I can identify a suitable place to collect data I can identify the intervals used to collect data I can talk about the data that I have captured	and answer real- world questions I can explain how information can be grouped I can group information to answer questions I can combine grouping and sorting to answer more specific	calculated data I can explain the relevance of a cell's data type I can construct a formula in a spreadsheet I can identify that changing inputs changes outputs
To count objects with the same properties I can group similar objects	To select objects by attribute and make comparisons	To explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured I can create	To use data collected over a long duration to find information I can import a	To explain that tools can be used to select data to answer questions I can choose	To apply formulas to data, including duplicating I can recognise that data can be
I can group objects in more than one way I can count how many objects share a property	I can tally objects using a common attribute I can create a pictogram to arrange objects by	yes/no questions using given attributes I can explain that questions need to be ordered	data set I can use a computer to view data in different ways	which field and value are required to answer a given question I can outline how 'AND' and 'OR'	calculated using different operations I can create a formula which



	an attribute I can answer 'more than'/'less than' and 'most/least' questions about an attribute	carefully to split objects into similarly sized groups I can compare two branching database structures	I can use a computer program to sort data	can be used to refine data selection I can choose multiple criteria to answer a given question	includes a range of cells I can apply a formula to multiple cells by duplicating it
To compare groups of objects I can choose how to group objects I can describe groups of objects I can record how many objects are in a group	To recognise that people can be described by attributes I can choose a suitable attribute to compare people I can collect the data I need I can create a pictogram and draw conclusions from it	To identify objects using a branching database I can select a theme and choose a variety of objects I can create questions and apply them to a tree structure I can use my branching database to answer questions	To identify the data needed to answer questions I can propose a question that can be answered using logged data I can plan how to collect data using a data logger I can use a data logger to collect data	To apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer realworld questions I can select an appropriate chart to visually compare data I can refine a chart by selecting a particular filter I can explain the benefits of using a computer to create graphs	To create a spreadsheet to plan an event I can use a spreadsheet to answer questions I can explain why data should be organised I can apply a formula to calculate the data I need to answer questions
To answer questions about groups of objects I can decide how to group objects to answer a question	To explain that we can present information using a computer I can use a computer	To compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database I can explain what	To use collected data to answer questions I can interpret data that has been collected	To apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-world questions I can ask questions that will	To choose suitable ways to present data I can produce a graph I can use a graph to show the



I can compare	program to	a pictogram tells	using a data	need more than	answer to
groups of objects	present	me	logger	one field to	questions
I can record and	information in	I can explain what	I can draw	answer	I can suggest
share what I have	different ways	a branching	conclusions from	I can refine a	when to use a
found	I can share what I	database tells me	the data that I	search in a real-	table or graph
	have found out	I can compare two	have collected	world context	
	using a computer	ways of	I can explain the	I can present my	
	I can give simple	presenting	benefits of using a	findings to a	
	examples of why	information	data logger	group	
	information				
	should not be				
	shared				



			SUMI	VIER 1			
	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
CREATING MEDIA		Digital writing	Digital music	Desktop publishing	Photo editing	Vector drawing	3D modelling
		To use a computer to write I can open a word processor I can recognise keys on a keyboard I can identify and find keys on a keyboard	To say how music can make us feel I can identify simple differences in pieces of music I can listen with concentration to a range of music (links to the Music curriculum) I can describe how music makes me feel, e.g. happy or sad	To recognise how text and images convey information I can explain the difference between text and images I can recognise that text and images can communicate messages clearly I can identify the advantages and disadvantages of using text and images	To explain that digital images can be changed I can identify changes that we can make to an image I can explore how images can be changed in real life I can explain the effect that editing can have on an image	To identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes I can recognise that vector drawings are made using shapes I can identify the main drawing tools I can discuss how a vector drawing is different from paper-based drawings	To use a computer to create and manipulate three-dimensional (3D) digital objects I can discuss the similarities and differences between 2D and 3D shapes I can explain why we might represent 3D objects on a computer I can select, move, and delete a digital 3D shape
		To add and remove text on a computer	To identify that there are patterns in music	To recognise that text and layout can be edited	To change the composition of an image I can explain	To create a vector drawing by combining shapes	To compare working digitally with 2D and 3D graphics



I can enter text into a computer I can use letter, number, and space keys I can use backspace to remove text	I can create a rhythm pattern I can play an instrument following a rhythm pattern I can explain that music is created and played by humans	I can change font style, size, and colours for a given purpose I can edit text I can explain that text can be changed to communicate more clearly	what has changed in an edited image I can change the composition of an image by selecting parts of it I can consider why someone might want to change the composition of an image	I can identify the shapes used to make a vector drawing I can explain that each element added to a vector drawing is an object I can move, resize, and rotate objects I have duplicated	I can identify how graphical objects can be modified I can resize a 3D object I can change the colour of a 3D object
To identify that the look of text can be changed on a computer I can type capital letters I can explain what the keys that I have learnt about already do I can identify the toolbar and use bold, italic, and underline	To describe how music can be used in different ways I can connect images with sounds I can use a computer to experiment with pitch and duration I can relate an idea to a piece of music	To choose appropriate page settings I can define the term 'page orientation' I can recognise placeholders and say why they are important I can create a template for a particular purpose	To describe how images can be changed for different uses I can talk about changes made to images I can choose effects to make my image fit a scenario I can explain why my choices fit a scenario	To use tools to achieve a desired effect I can use the zoom tool to help me add detail to my drawings I can explain how alignment grids and resize handles can be used to improve consistency I can modify objects to create different effects	To construct a digital 3D model of a physical object I can rotate a 3D object I can position 3D objects in relation to each other I can select and duplicate multiple 3D objects



To make careful choices when changing text I can select a word by double-clicking I can select all of the text by clicking and dragging I can change the font	To show how music is made from a series of notes I can identify that music is a sequence of notes I can use a computer to create a musical pattern using three notes I can refine my musical pattern on a computer	To add content to a desktop publishing publication I can choose the best locations for my content I can paste text and images to create a magazine cover I can make changes to content after I've added it	To make good choices when selecting different tools I can identify how an image has been retouched I can give examples of positive and negative effects that retouching can have on an image I can choose appropriate tools to retouch an image	To recognise that vector drawings consist of layers I can identify that each added object creates a new layer in the drawing I can identify which objects are in the front layer or in the back layer of a drawing I can change the order of layers in a vector drawing	To identify that physical objects can be broken down into a collection of 3D shapes I can identify the 3D shapes needed to create a model of a real-world object I can create digital 3D objects of an appropriate size I can group a digital 3D shape and a placeholder to create a hole in an object
To explain why I used the tools that I chose	To create music for a purpose I can describe an	To consider how different layouts can suit	To recognise that not all images are real	To group objects to make them easier to	To design a digital model by combining 3D
I can say what tool I used to change the text I can decide if my changes have improved my writing	animal using sounds I can explain my choices I can save my work	different purposes I can identify different layouts I can match a layout to a purpose	I can sort images into 'fake' or 'real' and explain my choices I can combine parts of images to create new	work with I can copy part of a drawing by duplicating several objects I can group to create a single object	objects I can plan my 3D model I can choose which 3D objects I need to construct my model



I can use 'undo' to remove changes		I can choose a suitable layout for a given purpose	images I can talk about fake images around me	I can reuse a group of objects to further develop my vector drawing	I can modify multiple 3D objects
To compare writing on a computer with writing on paper I can write a message on a computer and on paper I can compare using a	To review and refine our computer work I can reopen my work I can explain how I made my work better I can listen to music and	To consider the benefits of desktop publishing I can identify the uses of desktop publishing in the real world I can say why desktop	To evaluate how changes can improve an image I can consider the effect of adding other elements to my work I can compare	To evaluate my vector drawing I can create alternatives to vector drawings I can suggest improvements to a vector drawing I can apply what	To develop and improve a digital 3D model I can decide how my model can be improved I can modify my model to improve it I can evaluate
computer with using a pencil and paper I can say which method I like best	describe how it makes me feel	publishing might be helpful I can compare work made on desktop publishing to work created by hand	the original image with my completed publication I can evaluate the impact of my publication on others through feedback	I have learned about vector drawings	my model against a given criterion



			SUMI	MER 2			
	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
PROGRAMMING B		Programming animations	Programming quizzes	Events and actions in programs	Repetition in games	Selection in quizzes	Sensing
		To choose a command for a given purpose I can find which commands move a sprite I can use commands to move a sprite I can compare different programming tools	To explain that a sequence of commands has a start I can identify the start of a sequence I can identify that a program needs to be started I can show how to run my program	To explain how a sprite moves in an existing project I can explain the relationship between an event and an action I can choose which keys to use for actions and explain my choices I can identify a way to improve a program	To develop the use of count-controlled loops in a different programming environment I can list an everyday task as a set of instructions including repetition I can predict the outcome of a snippet of code I can modify a snippet of code to create a given outcome	To explain how selection is used in computer programs I can recall how conditions are used in selection I can identify conditions in a program I can modify a condition in a program	To create a program to run on a controllable device I can apply my knowledge of programming to a new environment I can test my program on an emulator I can transfer my program to a controllable device
		To show that a series of commands can be joined together	To explain that a sequence of commands has an outcome I can predict the outcome of a	To create a program to move a sprite in four directions	To explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count controlled loops	To relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome	To explain that selection can control the flow of a program I can identify examples of



I can use more	sequence of	I can choose a	I can modify	I can use	conditions in the
than one block	commands	character for my	loops to produce	selection in an	real world
by joining them	I can match two	project	a given outcome	infinite loop to	I can use a
together	sequences with	I can choose a	I can choose	check a	variable in an if
I can use a start	the same	suitable size for	when to use a	condition	then else
block in a		a character in a			statement to
	outcome		count-controlled	I can identify the condition and	select the flow
program	I can change the outcome of a	maze	and an infinite	outcomes in an	
I can run my		I can program	loop		of a program
program	sequence of	movement	I can recognise	ifthen else	I can determine
	commands		that some	statement	the flow of a
			programming	I can create a	program using
			languages	program with	selection
			enable more	different	
			than one	outcomes using	
			process to be	selection	
		_	run at once		
To identify the	To create a	To adapt a	To develop a	To explain how	To update a
effect of	program using a	program to a	design which	selection directs	variable with a
changing a value	given design	new context	includes two or	the flow of a	user input
I can find blocks	I can tell the	I can use a	more loops	program	I can use a
which have	actions of a	programming	which run at the		condition to
numbers	sprite in an	extension	same time	I can explain	change a
I can change the	algorithm	I can consider	I can choose	that program	variable
value	I can decide	the real-world	which action will	flow can branch	I can experiment
I can say what	which blocks to	when making	be repeated for	according to a	with different
happens when I	use to meet the	design choices	each object	condition	physical inputs
change a value	design	I can choose	I can explain	I can design the	I can explain
	I can build the	blocks to set up	what the	flow of a	that if you read
	sequences of	my program	outcome of the	program which	a variable, the
İ	Listant a casast	1	repeated action	contains if	value remains
	blocks I need		repeated action	contains ii	value remains
	blocks I need		should be	then else	varae remains
	blocks I need		•		value remains



To explain that each sprite has its own instructions I can show that a project can include more than one sprite I can delete a sprite I can add blocks to each of my sprites	To change a given design I can choose backgrounds for the design I can choose characters for the design I can create a program based on the new design	To develop my program by adding features I can identify additional features (from a given set of blocks) I can choose suitable keys to turn on additional features I can build more sequences of commands to make my design work	effectiveness of the repeated sequences used in my program To modify an infinite loop in a given program I can identify which parts of a loop can be changed I can explain the effect of my changes I can re-use existing code snippets on new sprites	direct program flow in one of two ways To design a program which uses selection I can outline a given task I can use a design format to outline my project I can identify the outcome of user input in an algorithm	To use a conditional statement to compare a variable to a value I can explain the importance of the order of conditions in else if statements I can use an operand (e.g. <>=) in an if then statement I can modify a program to achieve a different outcome
To design the parts of a project I can choose appropriate artwork for my project	To create a program using my own design I can choose the images for my own design	To identify and fix bugs in a program I can test a program against a given design	To design a project that includes repetition I can evaluate the use of	To create a program which uses selection I can implement my algorithm to create the first	To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device



I can decide how each sprite will move I can create an algorithm for each sprite	I can create an algorithm I can build sequences of blocks to match my design	I can match a piece of code to an outcome I can modify a program using a design	repetition in a project I can select key parts of a given project to use in my own design I can develop my own design	section of my program I can test my program I can share my program with others	I can decide what variables to include in a project I can design the algorithm for my project I can design the
			explaining what my project will do		program flow for my project
To use my algorithm to create a program I can use sprites which match my design I can add programming blocks based on my algorithm I can test the programs I have created	To decide how my project can be improved I can compare my project to my design I can improve my project by adding features I can debug	To design and create a maze-based challenge I can make design choices and justify them I can implement my design I can evaluate my project	To create a project that includes repetition I can refine the algorithm in my design I can build a program that follows my design I can evaluate the steps I followed when building my project	To evaluate my program I can identify ways the program could be improved I can identify what setup code my project needs I can extend my program further	To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device I can create a program based on my design I can test my program against my design I can use a range of approaches to find and fix bugs