

Classification	Description
<p>Land and Aquatic Animals <u>Not Halal for consumption</u></p>	<p>Animals which are not sacrificed according to Islamic, Christian, or Jewish rites.</p> <p>Pigs, swine, domesticated donkeys, mules, elephants, monkeys, apes, dogs, wolves, foxes, cats, and woodpeckers.</p> <p>Predatorial animals such as bears, wolves, and big cats. Predatorial birds with sharp claws such as hawks and owls.</p> <p>Rodents, reptiles, cold-blooded animals, and endangered animals.</p> <p>Poisonous aquatic animals. Amphibious animals.</p> <p>Farmed animals which are intentionally and continually fed with Haram [non-Halal] feed.</p> <p>Milk, eggs, or nurslings of the above-mentioned animals.</p> <p>Exceptions: Hyenas [please refer to the applicable Halal standards]</p>
<p>Blood</p>	<p>All human, animal, and insect blood is prohibited for consumption.</p> <p>Exceptions: If the blood, plasma, or placenta is used for medical purposes, we refer to the Halal standards.</p>
<p>Insects</p>	<p>Insects are not classified as Haram, but as ‘filthy’.</p> <p>The opinion about whether edible insects may be consumed are debatable and could differ per Islamic school of thought.</p> <p>This also depends on whether the insects are farmed in a controlled and clean environment or deriving from nature.</p> <p>Insect derivatives may be considered acceptable in certain regions.</p> <p>Exceptions: Grasshopper family [Halal for human and animal consumption].</p>
<p>Permissible Animals Derivatives</p>	<p>Milk, eggs, and honey.</p> <p>All organs and materials obtained after ritual slaughtering, except blood.</p> <p>Exceptions: Hunted animals [see Criteria 9 of the HQC Animal Handling Scheme]</p>