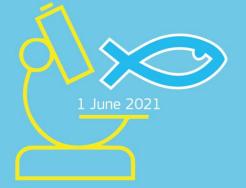


2021 Seminar on Fisheries Science







Joachim Claudet





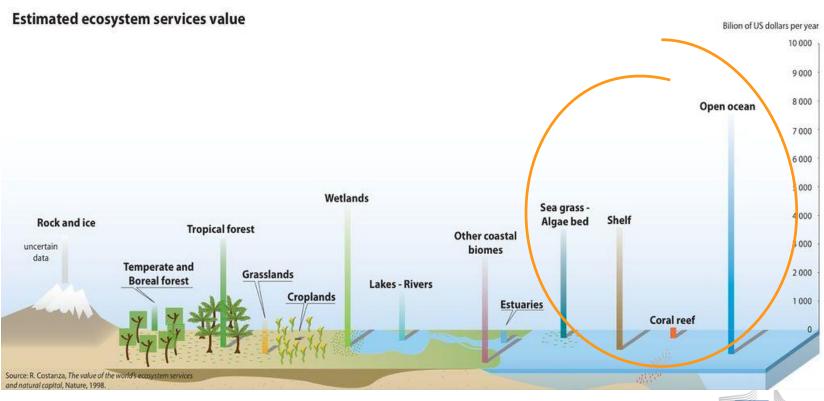


How MPAs can best contribute to fisheries sustainability

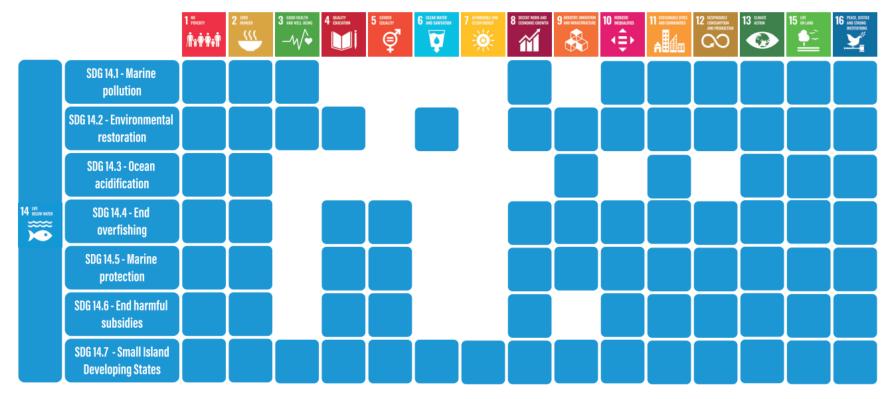
Our wellbeing depends on a healthy Ocean...



Valuable ecosystem services, including fisheries



A healthy Ocean contributes to UN SDGs



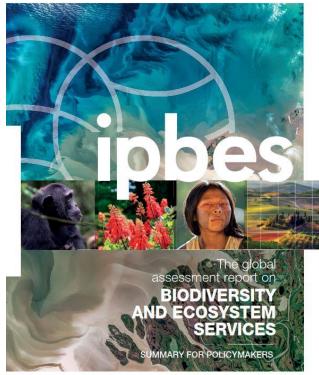


Our wellbeing depends on a healthy Ocean...

but the Ocean is highly threatened...



Threats on ecosystems







B1 For terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, land-use change has had the largest relative negative impact on nature since 1970, followed by the direct exploitation, in particular overexploitation, of animals, plants and other organisms, mainly via harvesting, logging, hunting and fishing. In marine ecosystems, direct exploitation of organisms (mainly fishing) has had the largest relative impact, followed by land-/sea-use change.



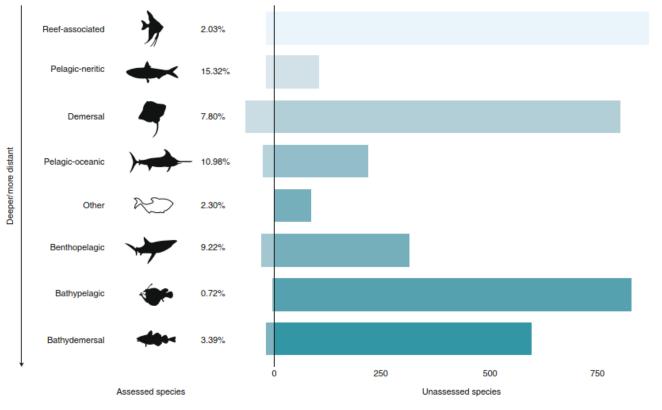
Our wellbeing depends on a healthy Ocean...

but the Ocean is highly threatened...

however, solutions do exist.

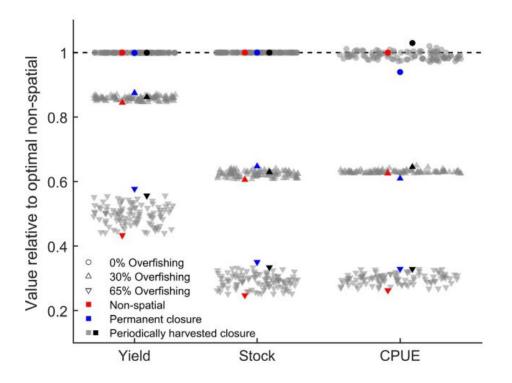


Fisheries management cannot rely on yield targets alone



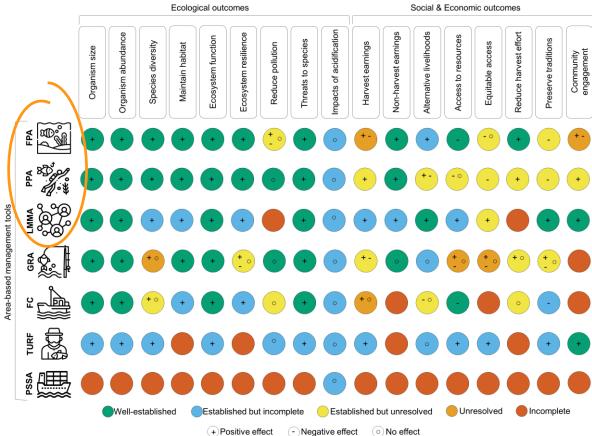


Spatial management performs better than non-spatial



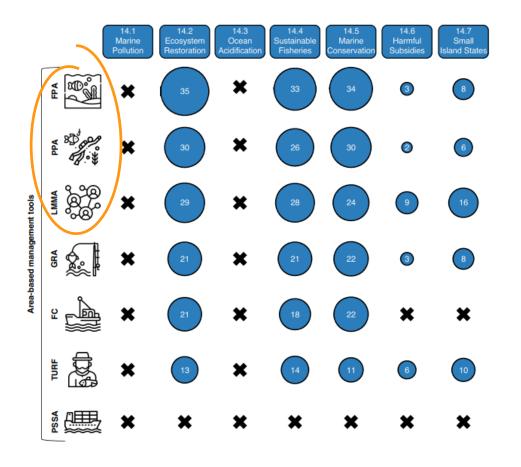


MPAs deliver the largest range of benefits





MPAs contribute the most to SDG 14 targets







MARINE PROTECTED AREAS

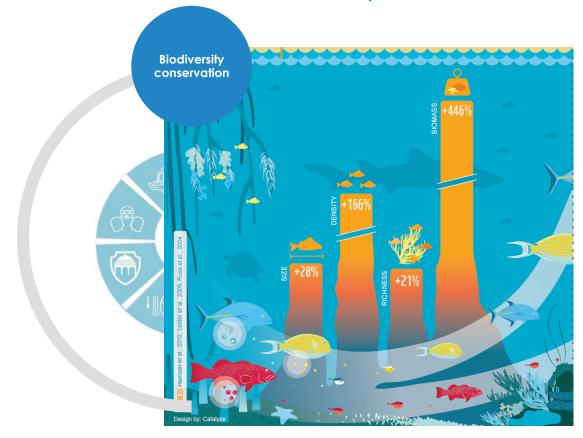
Recognized multiple fisheries benefits





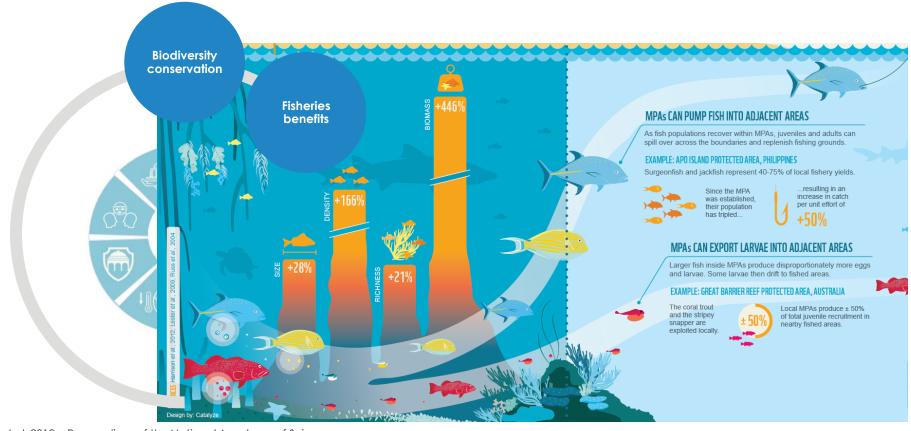


More resilient ecosystems for fisheries to rely on





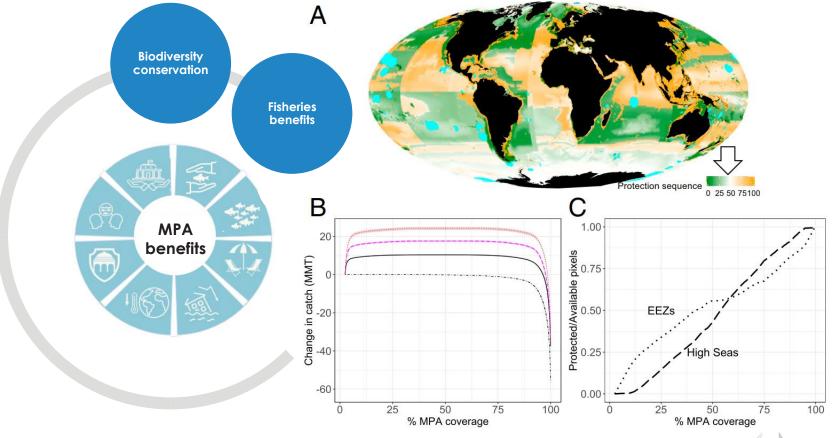
More and bigger fish to catch



Gaines et al. 2010 – Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences Di Lorenzo et al. 2016 – Journal of Nature Conservation Marshall et al. 2019 – Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment Di Lorenzo et al. 2020 – Fish and Fisheries



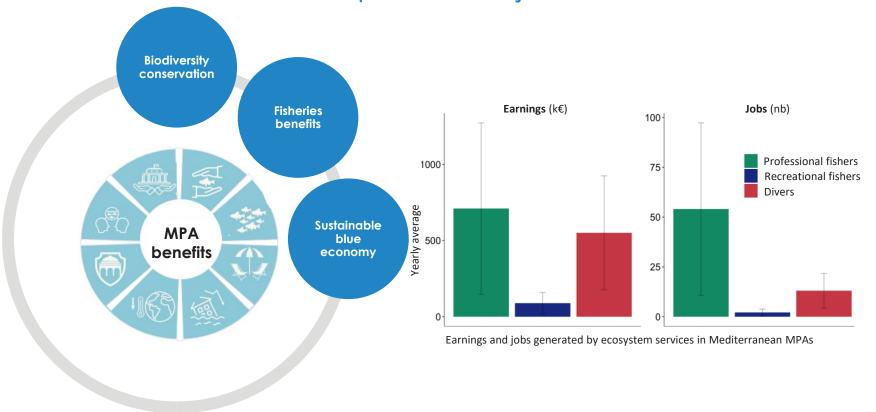
Fisheries benefits offset lost fishing grounds



+5% MPAs -> +20% catch increase

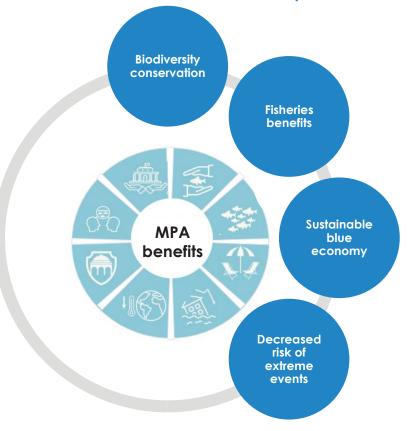


More profitable jobs





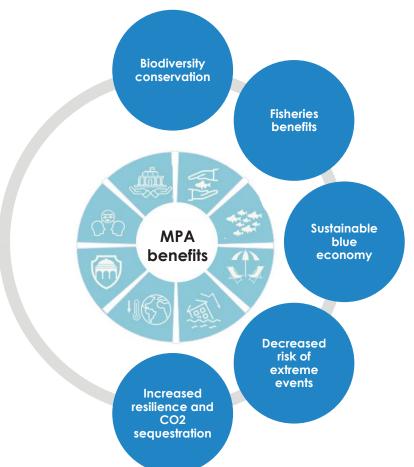
Better protected households

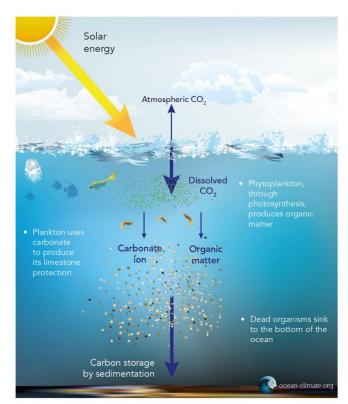






Safer climate

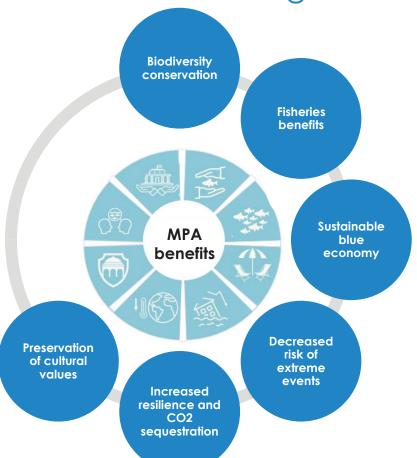


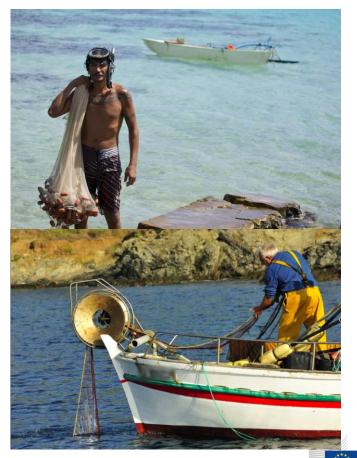


Biological carbon pump



Better recognition of traditional activities

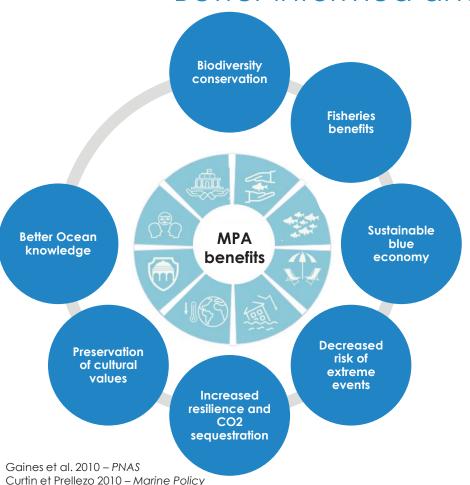




Khakzad et al. 2015 – Ocean & Coastal Management Ban et al. 2019 – Nature Sustainability



Better informed and managed fisheries







Stewardship







Bennett et al. 2019 – Conservation Letters
Bodin & Crona 2009 – Global Environmental Change

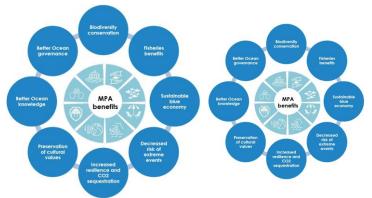
Benefits, even socioeconomic, depend on the level of protection





















KEY MESSAGES

Protecting the ocean, is preserving our fisheries







IMPLEMENT MPAS to boost fisheries sustainability

ENSURE FULLY PROTECTED AREAS ARE PRESENT to ensure the delivery of multiple fisheries benefits

FISHERIES SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT IS PART OF A SAFE FUTURE to secure food provisioning, resilient ecosystems and a safe climate

