

Oak Firewood

Product Specification

800-FIREWOOD Oak Firewood


Oak firewood is a popular choice for many people who use firewood for heat as well as smoke meat. The wood is very dense, heavy and provides excellent heat for your home. When wet or high moisture, the oak we provide will produce excellent smoke and flavour for meats & fish. Although oak is sometimes used in pizza ovens, we recommend using beech or olive wood as the heat produced will be higher.

Spark-free burning firewood, made exclusively from 100% sustainable sources. Free of mould, mildew and pests due to kiln drying. Comes in 40L sacks for HORECA and retail.

Quick Facts

- Imported from Ukraine
- Packed in 40L Sacks (~ 15kg)
- 25-32cm length
- 6-12cm diameter
- Kiln Dried to 14-18% moisture
- Fully FSC certified, from sustainable sources
- Full pallets available 120x80x210 cm (~1,000kg)



		BILL OF LADING FOR OCEAN TRANSPORT OR MULTIMODAL TRANSPORT		SCAC MAEU
Shipper UKRAINE, 01015, KYIV, MOSKOVSKA STR., 46/2, FLOR 17.		Booking No. 967927001		B/L No. 967927001
		Export references		Svc Contract 2697273
		Onward inland routing (Not part of Carriage as defined in clause 1. For account and risk of Merchant)		
Consignee (negotiable only if consigned "to order", "to order of" a named Person or "to order of bearer") Elite Horizon General Trading LLC Warehouse 12, SS Industrial Complex, Jabal Ali Industrial Area 1, PO BOX 234089		Notify Party (see clause 22) Elite Horizon General Trading LLC Warehouse 12, SS Industrial Complex, Jabal Ali Industrial Area 1, PO BOX 234089		
Vessel (see clause 1 + 19) SANTA CRUZ	Voyage No. 1903	Place of Receipt. Applicable only when document used as Multimodal Transport B/L. (see clause 1)		
Port of Loading Yuzhny	Port of Discharge Jabal Ali	Place of Delivery. Applicable only when document used as Multimodal Transport B/L. (see clause 1)		

PARTICULARS FURNISHED BY SHIPPER

Kind of Packages; Description of goods; Marks and Numbers; Container No./Seal No. 1 Container Said to Contain 20 PALLETS OAK FIREWOOD TGBU6647828 ML-UA0642043 40 DRY 9'6 20 PALLETS 25000.000 KGS 32.0000 CBM SHIPPER'S LOAD, STOW, WEIGHT AND COUNT Detention Free time & Charges payable by Merchant for Imports to Kuwait as per tariff effective after 15thSeptember 2016, refer to our website https://www.maersk.com/local-information/kuwait/import . FREIGHT PREPAID	Weight 25000.000 KGS	Measurement 32.0000 CBM
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Below freight details will not be part of Original Bill of Lading unless requested by customer
 Above particulars as declared by Shipper, but without responsibility of or representation by Carrier (see clause 14)

Freight & Charges		Rate	Unit	Currency	Prepaid	Collect
Charges Name Basic Ocean Freight Documentation fee - Destination Terminal Handling Service - Destination	Prepaid/Collect Prepaid Collect Collect	Invoice Party OLIMP AC LTD	Customer Code 16800042373		Collection Business Unit Maersk Ukraine Ltd (Odessa)	
Carrier's Receipt (see clause 1 and 14). Total number of containers or packages received by Carrier. 1 container	Place of Issue of B/L Poti	SHIPPED, as far as ascertained by reasonable means of checking, in apparent good order and condition unless otherwise stated herein, the total number or quantity of Containers or other packages or units indicated in the box entitled "Carrier's Receipt" for carriage from the Port of Loading (or the Place of Receipt, if mentioned above) to the Port of Discharge (or the Place of Delivery, if mentioned above), such carriage being always subject to the terms, rights, defences, provisions, conditions, exceptions, limitations, and liberties hereof (INCLUDING ALL THOSE TERMS AND CONDITIONS ON THE REVERSE HEREOF NUMBERED 1-26 AND THOSE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED IN THE CARRIER'S APPLICABLE TARIFF) and the Merchant's attention is drawn in particular to the Carrier's liberties in respect of on deck stowage (see clause 18) and the carrying vessel (see clause 19). Where the bill of lading is non-negotiable the Carrier may give delivery of the Goods to the named consignee upon reasonable proof of identity and without requiring surrender of an original bill of lading. Where the bill of lading is negotiable, the Merchant is obliged to surrender one original, duly endorsed, in exchange for the Goods. The Carrier accepts a duty of reasonable care to check that any such document which the Merchant surrenders as a bill of lading is genuine and original. If the Carrier complies with this duty, it will be entitled to deliver the Goods against what it reasonably believes to be a genuine and original bill of lading, such delivery discharging the Carrier's delivery obligations. In accepting this bill of lading, any local customs or privileges to the contrary notwithstanding, the Merchant agrees to be bound by all Terms and Conditions stated herein whether written, printed, stamped or incorporated on the face or reverse side hereof, as fully as if they were all signed by the Merchant. IN WITNESS WHEREOF the number of original Bills of Lading stated on this side have been signed and wherever one original Bill of Lading has been surrendered any others shall be void.				
Number & Sequence of Original B(s)/L THREE/3	Date of Issue of B/L 2019-02-10					
Declared Value (see clause 7.3)	Shipped on Board Date (Local Time) 2019-02-10					

Signed for the Carrier Maersk Line A/S

MAERSK GEORGIA LLC
 As Agent(s)



FOREST
CERTIFICATION

Приложение 1 к сертификату

FC-COC-804078 FC-CW-804078

ЧАО «Еврошпон-Смыга»

“Euroshpon-Smyga” JSC

35680, УКРАИНА, Ровенская область, Дубенский район, пгт. Смыга, ул. Заводская, д. 1
1 bld., Zavodskaya str., Smyga sttl., Dubenskiy district, Rovenskaya region, UKRAINE, 35680

Область сертификации (индивидуальная сертификация):

W5.4 Доски; W7 Шпон; W7.2 Шпон строганный

Дуб обыкновенный (*Quercus robur*), Ясень обыкновенный (*Fraxinus Excelsior*), Сосна обыкновенная (*Pinus sylvestris*), Бук лесной (*Fagus sylvatica*), Ольха черная (*Alnus glutinosa*), Клен остролистный (*Acer platanoides*)

Система контроля FSC заявлений: переводная

FSC заявления: FSC 100%, FSC Controlled Wood, FSC Mix X%, FSC Mix Credit

Площадки: 35680, УКРАИНА, Ровенская область, Дубенский район, пгт. Смыга, ул. Заводская, д. 1

Scope of certification (single certification):

W5.4 Planks; W7 Veneer; W7.2 Sliced veneer

Common oak (Quercus robur), European ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Common pine (Pinus sylvestris), European beech (Fagus sylvatica), European alder (Alnus glutinosa), Norway maple (Acer platanoides)

Systems of controlling FSC claims: transfer

FSC claims: FSC 100%, FSC Controlled Wood, FSC Mix X%, FSC Mix Credit

Production sites: 1 bld., Zavodskaya str., Smyga sttl., Dubenskiy district, Rovenskaya region, UKRAINE, 35680

Полный перечень FSC групп продукции, а также других данных об области сертификации держателя сертификата можно получить в базе данных FSC в Интернете по адресу: <http://info.fsc.org>

Full list of FSC product groups with other data about the certification scope of the certificate holder can be found in FSC Database in the internet at <http://info.fsc.org>

Сертификат является собственностью ООО «Лесная Сертификация» и должен быть немедленно возвращен или уничтожен по первому требованию (вместе со всеми копиями) и напечатанными экземплярами

The certificate shall remain the property of "Forest Certification" LLC and has to be returned or destroyed upon request (with all copies or reproductions of the certificate)

Сертификат сам по себе не является свидетельством того, что конкретный продукт, поставленный держателем сертификата, является FSC сертифицированным (или произведенным из FSC контролируемой древесины). Продукция, предлагаемая, поставленная или продаваемая держателем сертификата, может считаться включенной в область действия этого сертификата, если в счетах-фактурах и отгрузочных документах четко указано необходимое заявление FSC.

This certificate itself does not constitute evidence that a particular product supplied by the certificate holder is FSC-certified (or FSC Controlled Wood). Product offered, shipped or sold by the certificate holder can only be considered covered by scope of this certificate when the required FSC claim is clearly stated on invoices and shipping documents.

bld. 1, Vasilii Koshinov str., Moscow, Russia, 121096
Phone/fax +7 (495) 640-84-92; +7 (812) 348-69-88
URL: <http://www/fsc.ru>, e-mail: director@fsc.ru



The mark of
responsible forestry

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) - 800-Firewood, Firewood Range

Wood and Wood Dust (without chemical treatments or resins/additives), including Untreated Lumber (all species and grades), Logs, Chips, and Sawdust



1. Identification

TRADE NAME(S): 800-firewood branded; Acacia Firewood, Birch Firewood, Beech Firewood, Oak Firewood, Olive Firewood, Wood Chips

SYNONYMS and/or GRADES: None

PRODUCT USES: fuel, cooking, heating, landscaping, decoration, furniture Wood Products , Firewood

CHEMICAL NAME/CLASS: Elite Horizon General Trading LLC
Unit 12, SS Industrial Complex, Jabal Ali 1, Dubai, 234089

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: 04 330 1043

ADDRESS:

EMERGENCY PHONE (DOT):

BUSINESS PHONE: 04 330 1043

INTERNET ACCESS: See Section 16



REVISED DATE: August 27, 2018

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Signal Word: **DANGER**

NOTE: Wood dust may become hazardous while being transported or handled by downstream users. Products not containing wood dust are not hazardous as shipped but may become hazardous as the result of downstream activities (e.g. cutting, sanding) which creates small particles. Potential hazards are described below.

2. Hazard(s) Identification (cont'd.)

Classification	Hazard Statement(s)	Pictogram(s)
<p>HEALTH</p> <p>Carcinogen- Category 1 (for non-lumber products If crystalline silica present) (H350) *</p> <p>Carcinogen- Category 1A (H350) *</p>	<p>Crystalline silica may cause cancer of the lung</p> <p>Wood dust may cause nasopharyngeal cancer and/or cancer of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses by inhalation</p>	
<p>Skin Irritation Category 2 (H315)</p> <p>Specific Target Organ Toxicity- Single Exposure (STOT) Category 3 (H335)</p>	<p>Causes skin irritation</p> <p>May cause respiratory irritation</p>	
<p>Eye Irritation Category 2B (H320)</p>	<p>Causes eye irritation</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Combustible Dust (OSHA Defined Hazard)</p>	<p>If product contains or is converted to small particles during further processing, handling, or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air</p>	<p>None</p>

*Hazard codes (GHS)

HMIS Rating (Scale 0-4): **Health = 2*** **Fire = 1** **Physical Hazard = 0**
NFPA Rating (Scale 0-4): **Health = 1** **Fire = 1** **Reactivity = 0**

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention Statements:

- P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210: Keep away from sparks, flame or other heat sources.
- P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P261+284: Avoid breathing dust. In case of inadequate ventilation wear an approved respirator suitable for conditions of use.
- P271: Use outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280: Wear appropriate protective equipment for eye and skin exposure.

2. Hazard(s) Identification (cont'd.)

Response Statements:

P304+P340+P313: If inhaled and breathing becomes difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, call a doctor or other qualified medical professional.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs get medical advice/attention.

P352+P264: If on skin wash with plenty of soap and water.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P305+P351+P338: If in eyes, rinse cautiously for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so.

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Ingredients of Unknown Acute Toxicity (>1%): NAP

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient(s)	CAS#	Wt.%
Wood (wood dust, softwood or hardwood, logs, wood chips)	None	85-100

Common names: Untreated lumber, untreated wood, sawdust, sander dust, raw logs, wood chips, firewood.

NOTE: Some wood products such as logs, chips and sawdust may include additional material such as soil and rock fragments which may contain particles of crystalline silica.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air if respiratory symptoms are experienced. Seek medical help if persistent irritation, severe coughing, breathing difficulty or other serious symptoms occur.

Eye Contact: Treat dust in eye as a foreign object. Flush with water to remove dust particles. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Avoid touching or rubbing eyes to avoid further irritation or injury. Seek medical help if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wood dust may elicit contact dermatitis. Seek medical help if rash, irritation or dermatitis persists.

Skin Absorption: Not known to be absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion: Not applicable under normal use.

Symptoms or Effects:

Acute Symptoms/Effects – Dust may cause mechanical irritation of the eyes and respiratory system. Dust can cause physical obstructions in the nasal passages, resulting in dryness of nose, dry cough, and sneezing.

Delayed Symptoms/Effects – Unique delayed effects are not anticipated after exposure. See Section 11 for additional information on chronic effects.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media and Restrictions: Water, carbon dioxide and sand.

Specific Hazards, Anticipated Combustion Products: Thermal decomposition (i.e. smoldering, burning) products include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aliphatic aldehydes, terpenes, and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons.

Autoignition Temperature: Variable [typically 400°-500°F (204°-260°C)]

Special Firefighting Equipment/Procedures: No special equipment anticipated. Beware of potential combustible dust explosion hazard.

5. Fire-fighting Measures (cont'd.)

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Depending on moisture content, particle diameter and concentration, wood dust may pose a flash fire or deflagration hazard. If suspended in air in an enclosure or container and ignited, an explosion may occur due to the development of internal pressure causing rupture. An airborne concentration of 40 grams (40,000 mg) of dust per cubic meter of air is often used as the Minimum Explosible Concentration (MEC) for wood dusts. Conduct regular housekeeping inspections and cleaning to prevent excessive dust accumulations. Design and maintain control equipment to minimize fugitive combustible dust emissions. Ensure that ventilation systems are operating properly to capture, transport and contain combustible dust while controlling ignition sources. Reference NFPA 652 "Standard on the Fundamentals of Combustible Dust".

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to be taken in case Material Is Released or Spilled: Sweep or vacuum up for recovery and disposal. Avoid creating dusty conditions whenever feasible. Maintain good housekeeping to avoid accumulation of wood dust on exposed surfaces. Use approved filtering facepiece respirator ("dust mask") or higher levels of respiratory protection as indicated and goggles where ventilation is not possible and exposure limits may be exceeded or for additional worker comfort.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions to be taken in Handling and Storage: Dried wood dust may pose a combustible dust hazard. Keep away from ignition sources. Avoid eye contact. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of wood dust. Store in well-ventilated, cool, dry place away from open flame.

8. Exposure Control Measures/Personal Protection

Exposure Limits/Guidelines:

Ingredient(s)	Agency	Exposure Limit(s)	Comments
Wood (wood dust, softwood or hardwood, logs, wood chips)	OSHA	PEL-TWA 15 mg/m ³ (see footnote ^A below)	Total Dust (PNOR)
	OSHA	PEL-TWA 5 mg/m ³ (see footnote ^A below)	Respirable dust fraction (PNOR)
	ACGIH	TLV-TWA 1 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction

^A In *AFL-CIO v OSHA*, 965 F. 2d 962 (11th Cir. 1992), the Court overturned OSHA's 1989 Air Contaminants Rule, including the specific PEL's for wood dust that OSHA had established at that time. The 1989 vacated PEL's were: 5 mg/m³ PEL-TWA and 10 mg/m³ STEL (15 min), all softwood and hardwood except Western Red Cedar. Wood dust is now regulated by OSHA as "Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated" (PNOR), which is also referred to as "nuisance dust". However, some states have regulated wood dust PEL's in their state plans. Additionally, OSHA indicated that it may cite employers under the OSH Act general duty clause in appropriate circumstances.

Ventilation:

LOCAL EXHAUST – Provide local exhaust as needed so that exposure limits are met. Ventilation to control dust should be considered where potential explosive concentrations and ignition sources are present. The design and operation of any exhaust system should consider the possibility of explosive concentrations of wood dust within the system. See "SPECIAL" section below. Use of tool mounted exhaust systems should also be considered, especially when working in enclosed areas.

8. Exposure Control Measures/Personal Protection (cont'd.)

MECHANICAL (GENERAL) – Provide general ventilation in processing and storage areas so that exposure limits are met.

SPECIAL – Ensure that exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling this product contain explosion relief vents or suppression systems designed and operated in accordance with applicable standards if the operating conditions justify their use.

OTHER ENGINEERING CONTROLS – Cutting and machining of product should preferably be done outdoors or with adequate ventilation and containment.

Personal Protective Equipment:

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION – Use filtering facepiece respirator (“dust mask”) tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US), CSA (Canada), CEN (EU), or JIS (Japan) where exposure limits may be exceeded or for additional worker comfort or symptom relief. Use respiratory protection in accordance with jurisdictional regulatory requirements similar to the OSHA respiratory protection standard 29CFR 1910.134 following a determination of risk from potential exposures which includes consideration of potential respirable crystalline silica exposures.

EYE PROTECTION – Approved goggles or tight fitting safety glasses are recommended when excessive exposures to dust may occur (e.g. during clean up) and when eye irritation may occur.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES – Cloth, canvas, or leather gloves are recommended to prevent direct contact and to minimize potential slivers and mechanical irritation from handling product.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT – Outer garments which cover the arms may be desirable in extremely dusty areas.

WORK/HYGIENE PRACTICES – Follow good hygienic and housekeeping practices. Clean up areas where wood dust settles to avoid excessive accumulation of this combustible material. Minimize compressed air blowdown or other practices that generate high airborne-dust concentrations.

9. Physical/Chemical Properties

Appearance: Light to dark colored, granular solid, saw dust, wood chips, logs and untreated lumber (all species and grades). Color and odor are dependent on the wood species and time since any wood dust was generated.

Odor/Odor Threshold(s):	NAV
pH:	NAP
Melting/Freezing Point:	NAP
Boiling Point (@ 760 mm Hg) and Range:	NAP
Flash Point:	NAP
Evaporation Rate:	NAP
Flammability:	NAV
Lower/Upper Explosive Limits:	40,000 mg of dust per cubic meter of air is often used as the LEL for wood dusts.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):	NAP
Vapor Density (air = 1; 1 atm):	NAP
Relative Density:	NAP
Solubility:	<0.1
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):	NAP
Autoignition Temperature:	Variable [typically 400°-500°F (204°-260°C)]
Decomposition Temperature:	NAV
Viscosity:	NAP
Other Properties:	NAP

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: NAP

Hazardous Polymerization: May occur Will not occur

Stability: Unstable Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid all sources of ignition.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Avoid contact with oxidizing agents and drying oils.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products: Natural decomposition of organic materials such as wood may produce toxic gases and an oxygen deficient atmosphere in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas. Spontaneous and rapid hazardous decomposition will not occur.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Airborne wood dust may be ignited by a static discharge depending on airborne concentrations, particle size and moisture content.

11. Toxicological Information

Likely Route(s) of Exposure:

- Ingestion:
- Skin: Dust
- Inhalation: Dust
- Eye: Dust

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: See section 4

Wood Dust - NTP: According to its Report on Carcinogens, Fourteenth Edition, NTP states, "Wood dust is known to be a human carcinogen based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity from studies in humans". An association between wood dust exposure and cancer of the nasal cavity has been observed in case reports, cohort studies, and case-control studies that specifically addressed nasal cancer. Associations with cancer of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses were observed both in studies of people whose occupations are associated with wood dust exposure and in studies that directly estimated wood dust exposure. This classification is based primarily on increased risk in the occurrence of adenocarcinomas of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses associated with exposure to wood dust. The evaluation did not find sufficient evidence to associate cancers of the oropharynx, hypopharynx, lung, lymphatic and hematopoietic systems, stomach, colon or rectum with exposure to wood dust. There is inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of wood dust from studies in experimental animals according to NTP.

Silica - NTP: According to its Report on Carcinogens, Fourteenth Edition, NTP classifies "Silica, Crystalline (respirable size)" as Known to be a human carcinogen.

Wood Dust: IARC – Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans; sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity. This classification is primarily based on studies showing an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and adenocarcinoma to the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses. IARC did not find sufficient evidence of an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and cancers of the oropharynx, hypopharynx, lung, lymphatic and hematopoietic systems, stomach, colon or rectum.

Silica: IARC – Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans; sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity. IARC concluded that "crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite dust is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)".

Carcinogenicity Listing(s):

- NTP: Wood dust, Known Human Carcinogen.
- IARC Monographs: Wood dust, Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans.
- OSHA Regulated: Crystalline Silica - 29 CFR 1910.1053

11. Toxicological Information (cont'd.)

Toxicity Data:

Wood dust (softwood or hardwood)

Dusts generated from sawing, sanding or machining the product may cause respiratory irritation, nasal dryness and irritation, coughing and sinusitis. NTP and IARC (Group 1) classify wood dust as a human carcinogen. See Section 2 above.

Target Organs: Eyes, skin, and respiratory system.

Note: Elite Horizon evaluated the studies referenced in the ACGIH® TLV® Documentation for Wood Dust and others which included potential allergenic references for wood species which may cause skin or respiratory sensitization. There are a limited number of studies of highly variable consistency which reference sensitization from some species of wood. When the total weight of evidence is considered this product is considered to be an eye, skin and respiratory irritant and not a respiratory or skin sensitizer according to health hazard classification criteria.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: NAV for finished product.

Biopersistence and Degradability: Wood in this product would be expected to be biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation: Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Soil Mobility: NAV

Other Adverse Effects: NAP

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method: Dry land disposal or incineration is acceptable in most areas. It is, however, the user's responsibility to determine at the time of disposal whether your waste meets any jurisdictional criteria. Note that wood dust may pose a combustible dust hazard.

14. Transport Information

Mode: (air, land, water) Not regulated as a hazardous material by the U.S. Department of Transportation. Not listed as a hazardous material in Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) regulations. Not regulated as a hazardous material by IMDG or IATA regulations concerning the transport of hazardous materials.

UN Proper Shipping Name:	NAP
UN/NA ID Number:	NAP
Hazard Class:	NAP
Packing Group:	NAP
Environmental Hazards (Marine Pollutant):	NAP
Special Precautions	NAP

15. Regulatory Information


TSCA: NAP

CERCLA: NAP

DSL: NAP

OSHA: Wood products are not hazardous under the criteria of the federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. However, wood dust generated by sawing, sanding or machining activities is considered hazardous.

15. Regulatory Information (cont'd.)

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including wood dust which are known to State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust. Avoid inhaling wood dust or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov and www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood. This product may also release silica, crystalline (airborne particles of respirable size), a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

Pennsylvania – Wood dust and crystalline silica appear on Pennsylvania's Appendix A, Hazardous Substance List.

New Jersey – Wood dust and crystalline silica appear on New Jersey's Environmental Hazardous Substance List.

SARA 313 Information: This material does not contain any chemical ingredient (s) that exceed the de minimis reporting levels established by SARA Title III, section 313 and 40 CFR section 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Category: This material has been reviewed according to the EPA "Hazard

Categories" promulgated under SARA Title III Sections 311 and 312 and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

An immediate (acute) health hazard	Yes
A delayed (chronic) health hazard	Yes
A corrosive hazard	No
A fire hazard	No
A reactivity hazard	No
A sudden release hazard	No

FDA: Not intended for use as a food additive or indirect food contact item. Safe for use as cooking fuel.

WHMIS Classification: Wood and products made from wood are exempt from WHMIS per the Hazardous Products Act (HPA). However, wood dust released during the use or modifications of wood products may be hazardous. See Section 2 for health and combustible dust hazard information.

16. Other Information

Date Prepared: 11/05/2010

Date Revised: 08/27/2018

Prepared By: Elite Horizon General Trading LLC Health and Safety.

User's Responsibility: The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the experience of occupational health and safety professionals and comes from sources believed to be accurate or otherwise technically correct. It is the user's responsibility to determine if the product is suitable for its proposed application(s) and to follow necessary safety precautions. The user has the responsibility to ensure that the most current SDS is used.

Definition of Common Terms:

ACGIH®	=	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
C	=	Ceiling Limit
CAS#	=	Chemical Abstracts System Number
DOT	=	U. S. Department of Transportation

16. Other Information (cont'd.)

DSL	=	Domestic Substance List
EC#	=	Identifying Number Assigned to Chemicals Contained in the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS)
EC ₅₀	=	Effective Concentration That Inhibits the Endpoint to 50% of Control Population
EPA	=	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
GHS	=	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
HMIS	=	(Canada) Hazardous Materials Identification System
HNOc	=	Hazards Not Otherwise Classified
IARC	=	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	=	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	=	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC ₅₀	=	Concentration in Air Resulting in Death To 50% of Experimental Animals
LCLo	=	Lowest Concentration in Air Resulting in Death
LD ₅₀	=	Administered Dose Resulting in Death to 50% of Experimental Animals
LDLo	=	Lowest Dose Resulting in Death
LEL	=	Lower Explosive Limit
LFL	=	Lower Flammable Limit
MSHA	=	Mine Safety and Health Administration
NAP	=	Not Applicable
NAV	=	Not Available
NIOSH	=	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NFPA	=	National Fire Protection Association
NPRI	=	(Canada) National Pollution Release Inventory
NTP	=	National Toxicology Program
OSHA	=	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	=	Permissible Exposure Limit
PNOR	=	Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated
PNOS	=	Particulate Not Otherwise Specified
RCRA	=	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
STEL	=	Short-Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)
STP	=	Standard Temperature and Pressure
TCLo	=	Lowest Concentration in Air Resulting in a Toxic Effect
TDG	=	(Canada) Transportation of Dangerous Goods
TDLo	=	Lowest Dose Resulting In a Toxic Effect
TLV	=	Threshold Limit Value
TSCA	=	Toxic Substance Control Act
TWA	=	Time-Weighted Average (8 hours)
UFL	=	Upper Flammable Limit
WHMIS	=	(Canada) Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Wood and Wood Dust (without chemical treatments or resins/additives), including Untreated Lumber/Firewood (all species and grades), Logs, Chips, and Sawdust



Danger

Wood dust may cause nasopharyngeal cancer and/or cancer of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses by inhalation. May cause respiratory, skin and eye irritation.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air if small particles become airborne or are formed during processing or handling

Precautions: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust and wear appropriate protective equipment for respiratory, skin or eye exposures. Prevent dust release and accumulations to minimize hazards. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Keep dust away from ignition sources such as heat, sparks, and flame.

First Aid:

If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Contact a qualified medical professional if symptoms persist.

If on skin, wash with soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation, if experiencing respiratory symptoms, remove to fresh air. Contact a qualified medical professional for serious or persistent respiratory symptoms.

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