

DADLink and mini MADI Module

Install Guide





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General Description

DADlink is a proprietary audio and data format that establishes a super-fast highway between DADlink-compatible units such as AX64, AX Center, Core 256, AX32, and more. Depending on the samplerate, you can transfer up to 256 bidirectional channels between units at zero latency on up-to two optical fibers.

Samplerates from 44.1kHz to 384kHz are supported, and the dynamic range is a staggering 237 dB, ensuring a fast and reliable transfer at the highest audio quality imaginable.

In fact, DADlink is not only the fastest track from DAD to DAD units, as some units by NTP Technology are also compatible with the DADlink format. DADLink works with AX64, AX Center, Core 256, AX32, Penta 720, Penta 721s Series, Avid MTRX and MTRX II.

DADlink Audio Data Formats Supported via Mini MADI Module

Currently, on the DAD AX32, Penta 720 and 721s, and DAD Thunder|Core products, as well as on the NTP-developed Avid MTRX and MTRX II, there is an option to install our Mini MADI module. The module has two ports where optical or coaxial SFP modules can be installed.



Fig. 1, Mini MADI module installed with bidirectional optical fiber and SFP

Base units with the Mini MADI module installed can accommodate three different audio data formats, which can be set-up via the DADman software: MADI and the two NTP proprietary 'Fast Link' formats DADlink and Hotlink.

For the DAD Thunder|Core and Avid MTRX II products, MADI and DADIink formats can be selected independently for each port. For DAD AX32, Penta and AVID MTRX products, MADI, DADLink and Hotlink format can be selected.





Fig. 2, Format section in DADman

When the MADI format is selected, each port has 64 bidirectional channels @48kHz according to the MADI AES10 standard. The SFP modules can be optical types for optical fiber interconnection or mini BNC types for electrical connection via coax cables. The MADI format according to AES10 is 24bit fix point and scales downward channel-wise with higher sample-rates. The interface does not accommodate any sample time stamp information. The latency is 2 samples plus the system of 7 samples. @48kHz the latency is 187 micro seconds.

When the DADlink format is selected, each port has 128 bidirectional channels @48kHz according to the NTP proprietary standard for DADlink and scales downward channel-wise with higher sample-rates. Sample rates up to 384kHz is supported, and the SFP modules should be optical 1000Base types (1Gbit) for optical fiber interconnection.

The DADlink format provides zero latency (< 100 nano seconds) digital interconnection between units with a 28bit floating point resolution, which is matching the internal processing resolution of the base units 1:1. Further, all audio channels are transparent for the timestamp system generally implement on all the I/O interfaces in all base units, assuring that all signals are phase-accurate and presented with the 7 samples system delay across one or more units.

When the Hotlink format is selected, each port has 128 bidirectional channels @48kHz according to the NTP proprietary standard for Hotlink. Only the 48 kHz sample rate is supported. The format provides backwards compatibility for the 625 and 725 NTP broadcast router products. The hotlink format provides low latency (< 10 microseconds) digital interconnection between units with a 24 bit fixed point resolution. Further, all audio channels are transparent for the timestamp system generally implement on all the I/O interfaces in all base units assuring that all signals are phase-accurate and presented with the 7 samples system delay across one or more units.

The format on each bidirectional link can be selected independently. Below is an overview of the specifications for the three different formats:

DADlink format	•
Channels and Sample rates	128ch@44.1/48 kHz, 64ch@88.2/96 kHz, 32ch@176.4/192 kHz, 16ch @352.8/384 kHz, DSD
Resolution	28 bit floating point (237 dB dynamic range, 96 dB additional head room)

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Latency	Less than 100 nano seconds (0.005 sample @48 kHz) per connection (compensated by the system delay)
Time stamp	Transparency for audio time stamps across multiple base units
Phase alignment	Alignment across more interconnected base units within the system delay normally set to 7 samples. This can be increased for larger systems.
SFP modules	 Optical 1310nm (or other wave lengths) 1000Base types. Single mode or multimode depending on optical fibers used

MADI format	•
Channels and Sample rates	64ch@44.1/48 kHz, 32ch@88.2/96 kHz, 16ch@176.4/192 kHz
Resolution	24 bit integer (approx. 141 dB dynamic range)
Latency	2 samples + 7 samples system delay (187 micro seconds @48 kHz) per connection
Time stamp	No transparency for audio time stamps
Phase alignment	No alignment across more interconnected base units
SFP modules	 Optical 850nm or 1310nm (or other wave lengths) 100Base or 1000Base types. Single mode or multimode depending on optical fibers used. Mini BNC types for electrical connection via 75 0hm coax cables

Hotlink format	•
Channels and Sample rates	64ch@44.1/48 kHz, 32ch@88.2/96 kHz, 16ch@176.4/192 kHz
Resolution	24 bit integer (approx. 141 dB dynamic range)
Latency	2 samples + 7 samples system delay (187 micro seconds @48 kHz) per connection
Time stamp	Transparency for audio time stamps across multiple base units
Phase alignment	Alignment across more interconnected base units within the system delay normally set to 7 samples. This can be increased for larger systems.
SFP modules	 Optical 850nm or 1300nm (or other wave lengths) 100Base or 1000Base types. Single mode or multimode depending on optical fibers used



SFP Optical Module types

Below is a list with recommendations on specific optical SFP modules. It should be possible to second source these if the specifications are the same.

1310nm 1000Base single-mode / multi-mode type (DADLink, MADI, Hotlink)

ProLabs part number: AFCT-5701PZ-C

Avago® AFCT-5701PZ Compatible TAA 1000Base-LX SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 10km, LC, DOM)

Recommended cable length < 5km

Operates with 9/125 single-mode fiber and 62.5/125 μm and 50/125 μm multi-mode fiber

NTP P/N: MOD-SFP-1300-LZ

1310nm 100Base multi-mode type (MADI, HotLink)

ProLabs part number: HFBR-57E0APZ-C

Avago® HFBR-57E0APZ Compatible TAA 100Base-FX SFP Transceiver (MMF, 1310nm, 2km, LC, DOM)

Recommended cable length < 1km

Operates with 62.5/125 μm and 50/125 μm multi-mode fiber

NTP P/N: MOD-SFP-1300-LD

850nm 1000Base multi-mode type (HotLink)

ProLabs part number: AFBR-5701PZ-C

Avago® AFBR-5701PZ Compatible TAA 1000Base-SX SFP Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 550m, LC, DOM)

Recommended cable length < 200m

Operates with 62.5/125 μm and 50/125 μm multi-mode fiber

NTP P/N: MOD-SFP-850-LD

DADlink Functionality Explained

The DADlink format can be seen as a digital audio signal extension directly connected into the 'belly' of the digital processing system of a base unit. This connection provides up to 128 bidirectional channels between units where no significant interface latency is introduced. And with full transparency for the time stamp data which is added on the input signals of all analog or digital input interfaces in any base unit.

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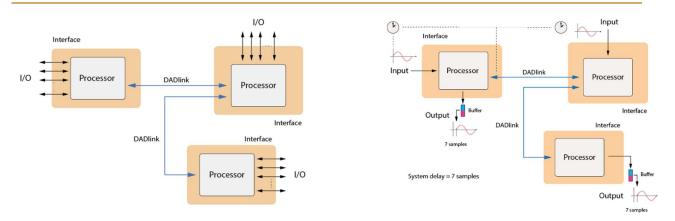


Fig. 3, DADlink interconnection and time alignment

Internally in all base units, there is a system providing a 100% phase-accurate presentation of audio signals on the outputs regardless of the routing and processing path actually established in a unit via routing or monitor control, summing and SPQ. This system relies on all input signals being provided with a time stamp when sampled, and each output interface having a buffer system, which aligns the signal to the same latency equal to the system delay set via DADman - normally 7 samples (145 microseconds @48kHz, 72,5 microseconds @96kHz etc.). With the DADlink used as interconnection between one or more units, this mechanism is preserved including full-signal resolution and support for all sample rates.

In systems with more units interconnected, one unit should be the clock master and the other units need to synchronize to the DADlink input in order to assure that all units have the same clock and time stamp reference. This is automatically distributed between all units via the DADlink connection.

Below is a figure showing an example of units in a system connected via DADlink.

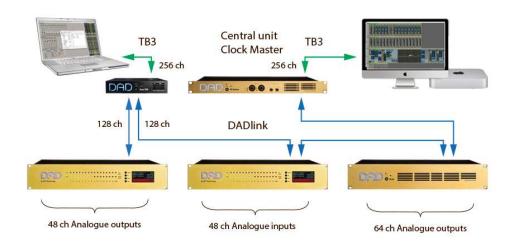


Fig. 4, DADlink system inter connection

Installation of the Module

When installing the DADLink and mini MADI module, this can be a little tricky. The module is installed in the same way in all the compatible products. The module must be fitted into the internal connector as well as into the slot in the rear panel of the unit. There is not so much space for this installation, so it must be done carefully.

Note, that you do not bend the small locks on the SFP casing on the module doing the installation.

Below is shown an example of mounting the module in a Core 256.

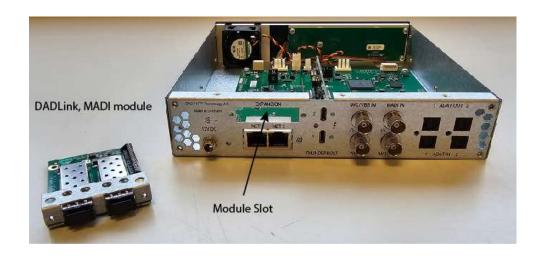


Fig. 5, DADlink and MADI module in Core 256

Make sure that the locks are intact on the rear side of the module. Insert the module skewed into the unit aiming for a perfect match between the two connectors. Make sure that the locks are not bent when inserting the module into the hole in the rear panel. Once the connectors match press down the module so it sits straight.

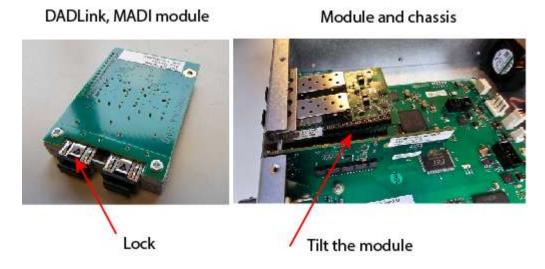


Fig. 6, Mounting in Core 256



Insert and tighten the two mounting screws. Check that the locks are still free of the rear panel and that they are not bent and are able to move freely.

When inserting an SFP module into the casing of the module make sure that it is locking properly into the lock of the casing.

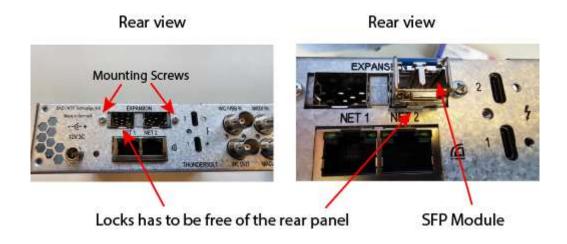


Fig 7, Lock free of the rear panel, and SFP module is locked

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