

The Paris Agreement: A new beginning (for old battles)

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cafod.org.uk

Introduction to CAFOD

- CAFOD Catholic Agency for Overseas Development
- Official development agency of the Catholic Bishops Conference of England and Wales.
- Works with partners in over 30 countries worldwide.
- Humanitarian and programmatic response.
- 'Just One World'





Paris part of 2015 story

Global Goals

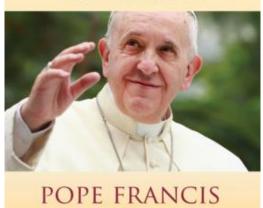
SUSTAINABLE GALS 1 POYETY INVENTAL STREET INV

Paris Agreement



Laudato Si'









"COP21" - what's it all about?

 UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), Article 2:

"stabilization of greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system."

- Conference of the Parties or "COPs" are the annual meeting to achieve this objective.
- COP15 in Copenhagen famously failed to agree on a new global agreement.
- COP21 in Paris was decided on as the next opportunity to try again.

UNFCCC

Conference of the Parties (COP)

December 2009

15 - Copenhagen

December 2010

16 - Cancun

December 2011

17 - Durban

December 2012

18 - Doha

November 2013

19 - Warsaw

December 2014

20 - Lima

December 2015

21 - Paris



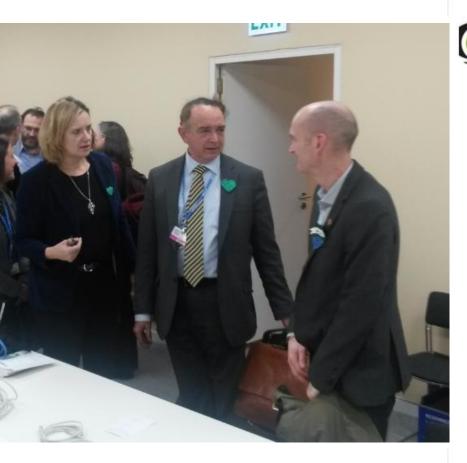
COP21 in numbers

- 2+ week Conference
- 40,000 Negotiators
- 196 Governments
- 147 Heads of State
- 1KM² Conference site
- 120,000 police and soldiers across region
- €187 million budget





CAFOD at COP21



CAFOD Policy Retweeted

CAFOD @CAFOD - 12 Dec 2015

.@AmberRudd MP @CAFOD supporters outside #COP21 looking to you for fair #climatechange deal for the poor



RETWEETS 21











9:46 AM - 12 Dec 2015 - Details

LIKES

10













Holy See at the COP21









United Nations

Framework Convention on Climate Change

FCCC/CP/2015/L.9/Rev.1

Distr.: Limited 12 December 2015

Original: English

Conference of the Parties Twenty-first session

Paris, 30 November to 11 December 2015

Agenda item 4(b)
Durban Platform for Enhanced Action (decision 1/CP.17)
Adoption of a protocol, another legal instrument, or an
agreed outcome with legal force under the Convention
applicable to all Parties

ADOPTION OF THE PARIS AGREEMENT

Proposal by the President

Draft decision -/CP.21

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decision 1/CP.17 on the establishment of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Durban Platform for Enhanced Action,

Also recalling Articles 2, 3 and 4 of the Convention,

Further recalling relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties, including decisions I/CP.16, 2/CP.18, I/CP.19 and I/CP.20,

Welcoming the adoption of United Nations General Assembly resolution ARES/70/1, "Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development", in particular its goal 13, and the adoption of the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the third







"Paris Outcome"

Pillars of Paris

The Paris
Agreement (&
Decisions):

Legally binding agreement containing emissions reduction commitments.

A set of decision –applicable pre 2020 - that give direction and clarity to the Agreement.

Intended
Nationally
Determined
Contributions
(INDCs)

National mitigation action plans setting out what countries will do.

Climate Finance

\$100 Billion per year until 2025, after which set a new collective quantified goal from.

Paris Lima Action Agenda:

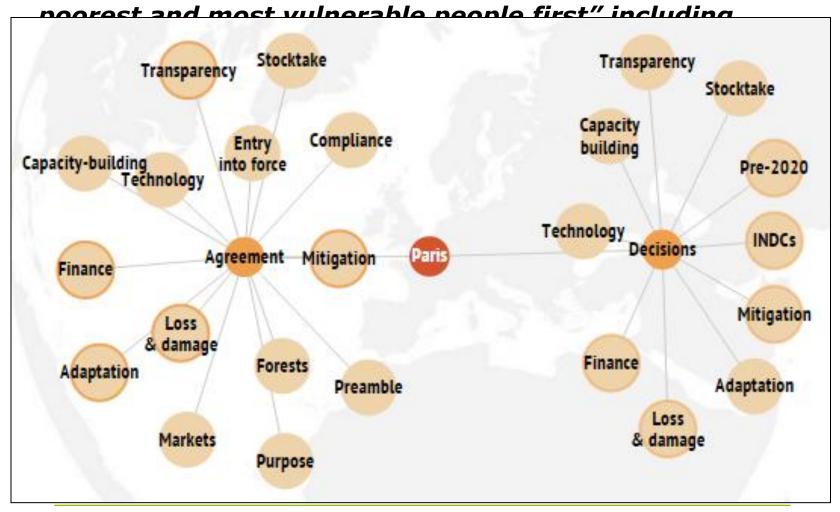
Additional forum that bring state and non-state actors together on the global stage to accelerate cooperative climate action.

Agriculture	Forest	Transport	Renewable Energy	Energy Access & Efficiency	Resilience
Cities & Subnationals	Private Finance	Business	Innovation	Building	Short Lived Climate Pollutants



What did CAFOD want from COP21?

"CAFOD wants the Paris climate talks to deliver a fair and binding global deal to cut carbon emissions, that puts the needs of the





Additional elements: a win for civil society

The CLIMATE One world Climate change and vulnerability: Pushing people over the edge Warming and associated extreme weather will each unprecedented levels in our children's ifetimes and 40% of the world's poor, who have a minimal role in generating global pollution, are ikely to suffer the most." The Pontifical Academy of Social Sciences¹ 'If we don't confront climate change, we won't end poverty." im Kim, World Bank President²

Decision text:

- Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
- Recognizing that climate change represents an urgent and potentially irreversible threat to human societies
- Acknowledging that climate change is a common concern of humankind, Parties should, when taking action to address climate change, respect, promote and consider their respective obligations on human rights, the right to health, the rights of indigenous peoples
- 134. Welcomes the efforts of all non-Party stakeholders to address and respond to climate change, including those of civil society

Agreement Preamble:

 Emphasizing the intrinsic relationship that climate change actions, responses and impacts have with equitable access to sustainable development and eradication of poverty







Hooray for Paris!

- Paris climate talks: delegates reach agreement on final draft text The Guardian - Dec 12, 2015
- Climate deal: World praises France's diplomatic efforts Daily Mail - Dec 13, 2015
- COP21: Paris climate deal is 'best chance to save planet'
 -BBC News-12 Dec 2015

But

- Low-lying Bangladesh targets jump in coal use Financial Times-29 Dec 2015
- **UK** announces cut in solar subsidies In-Depth-BBC News-17 Dec 2015
- Zimbabwe turns to fossil energy, as drought bites The Herald-3 Jan 2016



Paris Agreement: Is... and Isn't...

The Paris Agreement is	The Paris Agreement is not	
A diplomatic success: culmination of years of work.	A single document to 'solve' or 'fix' climate change.	
An important step to bring in more actors, i.e. non state actors (cities, businesses, regions, NGOs).	A guarantee the agreement's principles will influence other actors.	
An international framework or 'rule book' for continued engagement.	A narrow list of solutions / policies.	
A powerful signal to global inventors that business as usual is about to change.	A top down agreement setting out a robust global decarbonisation pathway.	
Just the beginning.	The end of the story.	



Key messages

The Paris Agreement signals a new beginning for international cooperation to tackle climate change. That's worth celebrating!

1.5°C language a victory for the most vulnerable countries. It will refocus minds, development models and investment decisions.

Resets the agenda and shifts the focus to national level action. How with UK implement Paris Agreement / SDGs?

> We're all part of the solution! Keep campaigning.



THANK YOU!

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Priorities for CAFOD at COP21

Priorities	Outcome	
A long term decarbonisation goal	Art.4.1 "achieve a balance between anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases in the second half of this century"	
A review mechanism every 5 years	Art.4.9 "communicate a nationally determined contribution every 5 years informed by the outcomes of the global stocktake."	
Certainty on climate finance (pre and post 2020)	<u>Decision</u> "developed countries intend to continue their existing collective mobilization goal through 2025 prior to 2025 the COP shall set a new collective quantified goal from a floor of US \$100bn per year."	
A 1.5 degree temperature targets	Art.2.1a "Holding the increase in global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels"	
Legal form (i.e. it's legally binding)	Art.4.2 "Parties shall pursue domestic mitigation measures, with the aim of achieving the objectives of such contributions"	
Renewable energy playing a role	<u>Decision</u> "Acknowledging the need to promote universal access to sustainable energy in developing countries"	



What the Leaders said....

- **Obama** Today, thanks to strong, principled American leadership, that's the world that we'll leave to our children. A world that is safer, more secure, more prosperous and more free.
- Merkel Paris will always be connected with this historic turning point in climate policy.
 'Signal of hope,' lots of work to do to deliver it
- Xi The Paris deal, which resulted from concerted efforts of the international community, charts a clear course for global cooperation on fighting climate change
- Rousseff Brazil is proud to have worked for the Paris Agreement, as a facilitator and builder of the solutions that were adopted
- Modi The outcome of Paris Agreement has no winners or losers. Climate justice has won and we are all working towards a greener future
- Cameron "This global deal now means that the whole world has signed to play its part in halting climate change," he added. "It's a moment to remember and a huge step forward in helping to secure the future of our planet.

Laurent Fabius, President of the COP 21 UN Climate change conference and French foreign minister:

"The Paris Agreement allows each delegation and group of countries to go back home with their heads held high. Our collective effort is worth more than the sum of our individual effort. Our responsibility to history is immense."

