## "Redrawing Horizons: Ethiopia's Pioneering Recognition of Somaliland - Exploring the MoU's Multifaceted Implications"

This strategic agreement, signed between Prime Minister Abiy Ahmed and Somaliland's President Muse Bihi Abdi, represents a watershed moment for Ethiopia's quest to diversify its maritime access. Historically reliant on Djibouti for its maritime trade, Ethiopia's pursuit of alternative seaports has been a long-standing priority to mitigate dependency risks and streamline its import-export activities.

The MoU's focal point lies in granting Ethiopia direct access to the Red Sea via Somaliland's Berbera port. This move transcends economic implications by fostering deeper regional integration. The Berbera port, strategically positioned along the Red Sea, presents Ethiopia with a transformative opportunity to significantly bolster its trade capabilities. The Red Sea serves as a crucial international maritime trade route, and Ethiopia's access to this vital corridor through Somaliland holds substantial economic promise.

Beyond the immediate economic advantages, the agreement's secondary component is equally noteworthy. Ethiopia's commitment to providing Somaliland with a stake in Ethiopian Airlines signifies a significant exchange. This inclusion of Somaliland in one of Africa's leading airlines could potentially elevate Somaliland's international recognition and economic ties, thus reshaping its position within the African continent.



President Abdi's assertion that Ethiopia is poised to become the first African nation to officially recognize Somaliland underscores the diplomatic significance of this agreement. In reciprocation, Somaliland has agreed to lease a substantial portion of its coastline—20 kilometers—to Ethiopia. This provision further solidifies Ethiopia's access to the Berbera port, indicating a mutually beneficial exchange between the two entities.

However, the nuances of this agreement extend beyond the initial celebratory headlines. Detailed negotiations will be crucial in delineating the terms and conditions of the agreement, including the specifics of the stake Somaliland will receive in Ethiopian Airlines and the modalities of the lease for the coastline.

Moreover, this collaboration sets a precedent for regional diplomacy and cooperation. It potentially reshapes the geopolitical landscape of the Horn of Africa by fostering a new era of economic interdependence and mutual benefit. Ethiopia's expanded maritime reach and Somaliland's increasing international recognition could trigger broader regional implications, influencing the power dynamics and alliances in the region.

Ultimately, the MoU between Ethiopia and Somaliland stands as a testament to the transformative potential of strategic partnerships. It not only addresses immediate economic needs but also has far-reaching ramifications for diplomatic relations, regional stability, and the broader geopolitical landscape in the Horn of Africa. The finer details and implementation of this agreement will undoubtedly be closely watched and dissected as it unfolds in the coming months and years.

Author Name: Gulaid Yusuf Idaan

Tell: 00252634420801

Email: idaan54@gmail.com

Senior Lecturer and Researcher

Master's Degrees in:

International Law and Diplomacy

**International Relations** 

**Project Management and Planning**