

CLOZE PROCEDURE

There are six exercises in total in this pack.

Please read each section carefully. There are words missing which you will find in the word bank at the bottom of the exercise.

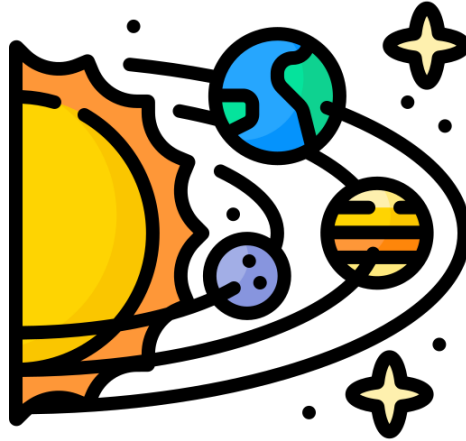
Please find the most appropriate word and place it in the blank space. Each word can only be used once.

Check your work carefully once you have finished and then check your answers.

The answers are at the back of the pack.

Cloze Procedure 1

Our Solar System



The eight planets in our solar system:

1. Mercury: The closest planet to the Sun, Mercury is tiny and rocky. It has _____ temperatures, getting really hot during the day and freezing at night. There's no atmosphere to keep it warm!

2. Venus: Often called Earth's "sister planet" because they're similar in size, Venus is covered in thick clouds that _____ heat, making it the hottest planet. It has volcanoes and a very toxic atmosphere!

3. Earth: Our home! Earth is the only planet known to have _____. It has water, air, and a perfect temperature range. We have mountains, oceans, and all kinds of animals and plants.

4. Mars: Known as the "Red Planet" because of its _____ colour, Mars has the tallest volcano and the deepest canyon in the solar system. Scientists think there may have been water here long ago!

5. Jupiter: The largest planet, Jupiter is a gas giant. It has a giant storm called the Great Red Spot that's been raging for _____ of years. It has dozens of moons, including one called Ganymede, which is the biggest moon in the solar system.

6. Saturn: Famous for its beautiful rings, Saturn is also a gas giant. Its rings are made of _____ and rock particles. Saturn has many moons, including Titan, which has lakes of liquid methane!

7. Uranus: This ice giant spins on its side, making it _____. It has a blue colour due to methane in its atmosphere. Uranus is cold and windy!

8. Neptune: The farthest planet from the Sun, Neptune is known for its deep blue colour and strong winds. It has a _____ atmosphere and some fascinating moons.

Each planet has its own special features, making our solar system an amazing place!

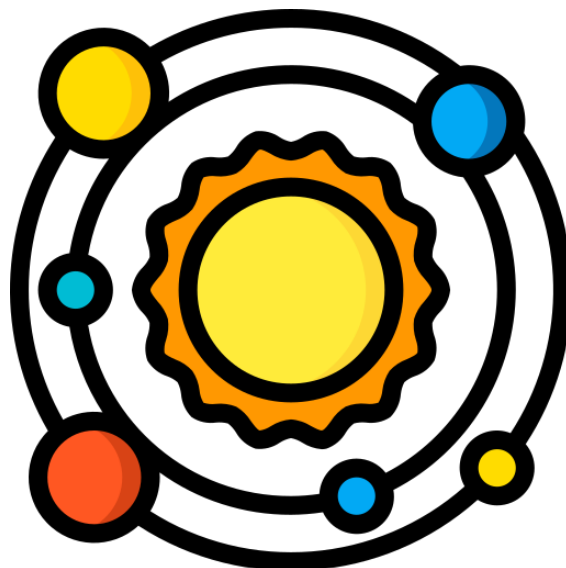
Word bank:

stormy
hundreds

trap
ice

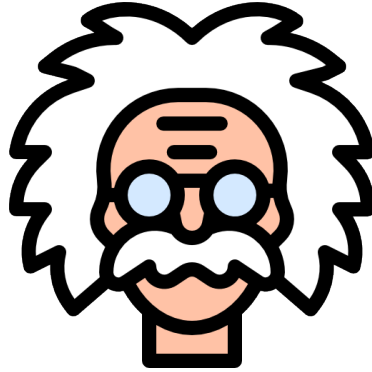
life
unique

extreme
rusty



Cloze Procedure 2

Albert Einstein



Albert Einstein was one of the most _____ scientists in history. He was born on March 14, 1879, in Germany. From a young age, Albert was _____ about how things worked. He loved to ask questions and think about big ideas, especially about light and space.

One of his most important discoveries was the theory of _____. This theory explained how time and space are connected. It told us that time can move at different _____ depending on how fast you're going! This was a big change from what people had thought before. Einstein also showed that _____ and mass are related through his famous equation, $E=mc^2$. This means that a small amount of mass can be turned into a huge amount of energy.

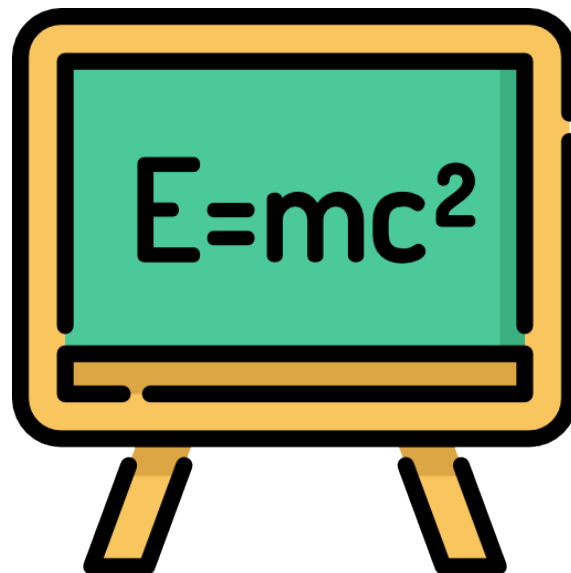
Einstein's ideas helped scientists understand the universe better, including how stars and planets move. He even won the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1921 for his work on the photoelectric effect, which helped _____ how light behaves.

Besides being a brilliant scientist, Einstein was also a kind and _____ person. He spoke out for peace and human rights, believing in using knowledge for the good of all. Albert Einstein passed away on April 18, 1955, but his _____ continue to inspire scientists and curious minds everywhere.

He taught us that asking questions and exploring the unknown can lead to amazing discoveries. So, the next time you look at the _____ or think about time, remember Albert Einstein and his incredible _____ to science!

Word bank:

energy famous curious thoughtful speeds
relativity contributions discoveries stars explain



Cloze Procedure 3

Hurricanes in America

Hurricanes are _____ storms that form over warm ocean waters, usually in the Atlantic Ocean. They are also called “tropical cyclones.” These storms can bring heavy rain, strong winds, and big waves, causing a lot of _____ when they reach land.

In America, hurricanes mostly affect the southeastern states, especially Florida, Texas, and Louisiana. They _____ happen during hurricane _____, which runs from June 1 to November 30. A hurricane starts as a group of thunderstorms that grow and get stronger, eventually becoming a swirling _____ with a calm centre called the “eye.”

Hurricanes are measured using a scale called the Saffir-Simpson Scale, which ranges from Category 1 (the least strong) to Category 5 (the most powerful). A Category 5 hurricane has winds over 157 mph, which can destroy buildings and cause severe flooding.

Before a hurricane hits, _____ (weather scientists) monitor it closely. They use satellites and _____ to track its path and strength. When a hurricane is approaching, people are warned to evacuate or prepare by _____ their homes and gathering supplies.

One famous hurricane is Hurricane Katrina, which hit New Orleans in 2005. It caused a lot of damage and showed how important it is to be prepared.

Hurricanes can be _____, but understanding them helps us stay safe. Always listen to weather _____ and follow safety advice during hurricane season!

Word bank:

powerful damage storm season radar
meteorologists securing scary alerts usually

Cloze Procedure 4

The Nobel Peace Prize

The Nobel Peace Prize is a special _____ given to people or organizations that work hard to make the world a better place. It was created by a man named Alfred Nobel, a Swedish inventor, in 1895. He wanted to honour those who help promote peace and solve _____ without violence.

Each year, a committee in Norway reviews many nominees and chooses who will receive the prize. The winners can be anyone from world leaders to activists or even groups working for human rights. Some famous winners include Martin Luther King Jr., who fought for civil rights, and Malala Yousafzai, who advocates for girls' _____.

The prize is awarded on December 10, Alfred Nobel's birthday. The winners receive a medal, a diploma, and a cash award. The _____ takes place in Oslo, Norway, where the winners give inspiring speeches about their work for peace. The Nobel Peace Prize encourages people to continue fighting for _____ issues like stopping wars, helping those in need, and promoting understanding between different cultures. It reminds us that everyone can make a difference, no matter how big or small their actions are.

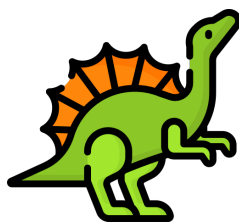
By learning about the Nobel Peace Prize, we can be inspired to stand up for what is right and work together to create a more _____ world!

Word bank:

peaceful important education
ceremony conflicts award

Cloze Procedure 5

Dinosaurs



Dinosaurs were amazing _____ that roamed the Earth _____ of years ago! They came in all shapes and sizes, from the enormous Tyrannosaurus rex, with its sharp teeth and _____ arms, to the gentle Brachiosaurus, which had a _____ neck to reach the tallest trees. Some dinosaurs were fierce predators, while others were plant-eaters.

Dinosaurs lived _____ three main periods: the Triassic, Jurassic, and Cretaceous. Each period had its own unique types of dinosaurs. For example, the _____ period is famous for the huge dinosaurs like the Stegosaurus, known for its spiky back plates.

Interestingly, dinosaurs weren't just big lizards; some had _____! Scientists believe that modern birds are actually distant relatives of dinosaurs. Isn't that cool?

Dinosaurs _____ the land for about 160 million years, but they mysteriously disappeared around 65 million years ago. Theories suggest that a giant _____ might have hit the Earth, changing the climate and making it hard for them to survive.

Today, palaeontologists, or dinosaur scientists, dig up _____ to learn more about these incredible creatures. Fossils are like clues from the past, helping us piece together what life was like when dinosaurs walked the Earth!

Word bank:

feathers creatures long during Jurassic
ruled millions fossils tiny asteroid

Cloze Procedure 6

The Nobel Peace Prize



Mount Everest is the tallest mountain in the world, standing at a whopping 29,032 feet (8,848 meters)! It's located in the _____, on the border between Nepal and _____. Climbing Mount Everest is a huge challenge that many adventurers dream of, but it's not easy. The weather can be freezing, and the air is _____, which makes it hard to breathe.

Everest is known for its _____ views and majestic beauty. Many climbers start their journey at base _____, where they prepare for the climb. The journey to the _____ can take weeks, and climbers must face tough conditions like _____ and ice. Some climbers even use _____ tanks to help them breathe at high altitudes. The mountain was named after Sir George Everest, a British surveyor who helped measure it in the 19th century. Many people from all over the world come to see Everest and to try to reach its peak.

Despite its challenges, climbing Mount Everest is a thrilling adventure for those who dare to take it on. Just remember, it's important to respect nature and always prioritize _____ when exploring such incredible places!

Word bank:

camp oxygen incredible snowstorms
summit Tibet safety thin Himalayas

ANSWERS

1.

extreme
trap
life
rusty
hundreds
ice
unique
stormy

2.

famous
curious
relativity
speeds
energy
explain
thoughtful
discoveries
stars
contributions

3.

powerful
damage
usually

season

storm
meteorologists
radar
securing
scary
alerts

4.

award
conflicts
education
ceremony
important
peaceful

5.

creatures
millions
tiny
long
during
Jurassic
feathers
ruled
asteroid
feathers

6.

Himalayas
Tibet
thin
incredible
camp
summit
snowstorms
oxygen
safety