



**“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”**

# KNOWLEDGE ORGANISERS AND ASSESSMENT

**RE**  
Year 1

“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”

This page features the 'RE' logo at the top, followed by the text 'Year 1'. Below this is a horizontal strip of colorful knowledge organisers. At the bottom, there is a speech bubble containing the school's motto and a decorative border of colorful triangles.

**RE**  
Year 2

“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”

This page features the 'RE' logo at the top, followed by the text 'Year 2'. Below this is a horizontal strip of colorful knowledge organisers. At the bottom, there is a speech bubble containing the school's motto and a decorative border of colorful triangles.

**RE**  
Year 3

“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”

This page features the 'RE' logo at the top, followed by the text 'Year 3'. Below this is a horizontal strip of colorful knowledge organisers. At the bottom, there is a speech bubble containing the school's motto and a decorative border of colorful triangles.

**RE**  
Year 4

“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”

This page features the 'RE' logo at the top, followed by the text 'Year 4'. Below this is a horizontal strip of colorful knowledge organisers. At the bottom, there is a speech bubble containing the school's motto and a decorative border of colorful triangles.

**RE**  
Year 5

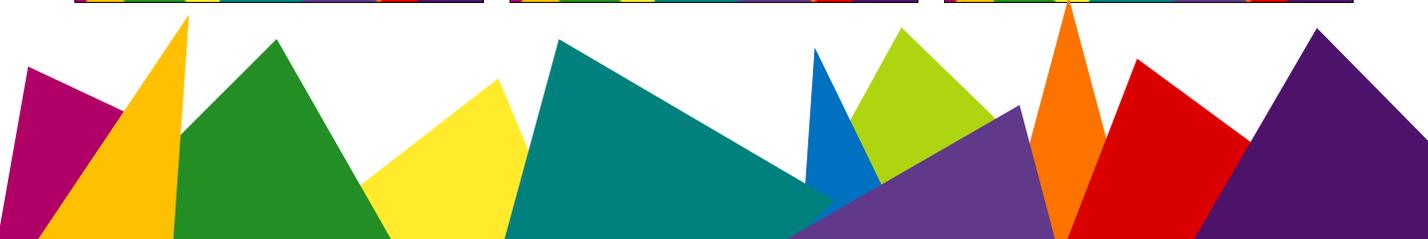
“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”

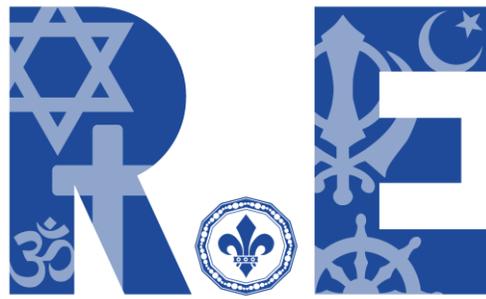
This page features the 'RE' logo at the top, followed by the text 'Year 5'. Below this is a horizontal strip of colorful knowledge organisers. At the bottom, there is a speech bubble containing the school's motto and a decorative border of colorful triangles.

**RE**  
Year 6

“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”

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# Year 1

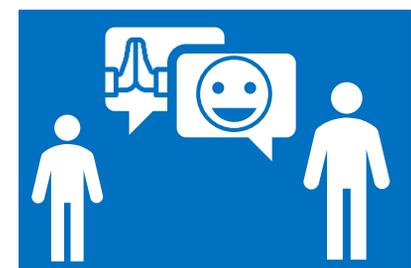
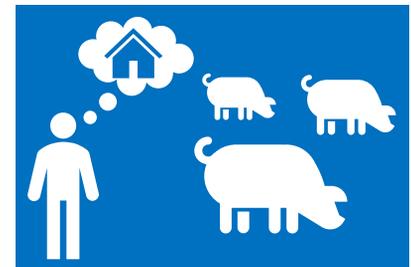
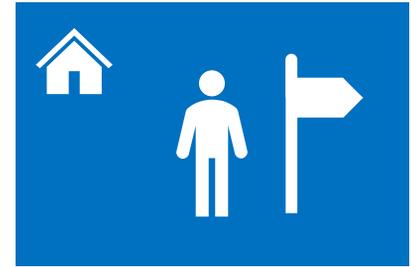
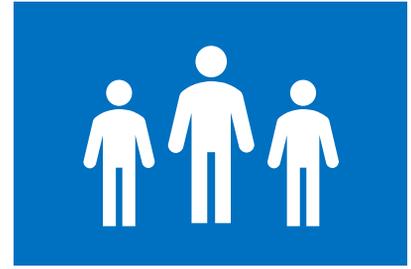
What do Christians believe God is like?	Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	What is the good news that Jesus brings?	Why does Easter matter to Christians?	How do some Muslims view Allah in comparison and contrast?	Why is learning to do good deeds so important to Jewish people?
<p><b>Key knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Christians believe in God, and that they first met Jesus Christ in the Bible.</li> <li>Christians believe God is loving, kind, fair and forgiving, and also God and King.</li> <li>Some Christians think Jesus Christ has beliefs.</li> <li>Christians worship God and try to live in ways that please him.</li> </ul> <p><b>God</b> - someone being creative and maker of the universe</p> <p><b>Christian</b> - a person who believes in Christianity</p> <p><b>Bible</b> - holy book for Christians</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - a way with a ritual or spiritual meaning</p> <p><b>Belief</b> - thinking that something is true</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - showing God respect</p> <p><b>Jesus</b> - thinking he got up after he had been killed, because someone who did something that couldn't have been done</p> <p><b>Like</b> - a book of the Bible which shows how you should live</p>	<p><b>Key knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Christians believe that Jesus is God and that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem.</li> <li>The Bible points out that his birth showed that he was not ordinary like everyone, he came to bring good news (eg. for the poor, for slaves).</li> <li>Christians celebrate Jesus' birth, and believe the Christmas is a time for getting ready for Jesus' coming.</li> </ul> <p><b>Christian</b> - a person who believes in Christianity</p> <p><b>Bethlehem</b> - the story of the birth of Jesus</p> <p><b>Jesus</b> - the son of God</p> <p><b>Mary</b> - the mother of Jesus</p> <p><b>Joseph</b> - Jesus' earthly father</p> <p><b>Shepherd</b> - someone who looks after sheep</p> <p><b>Bethlehem</b> - a town in Israel where Jesus was born</p> <p><b>Christmas</b> - the celebration of Jesus' birth</p> <p><b>angel</b> - a messenger from God</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - the four Sundays and events before Christmas</p>	<p><b>Key knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Christians believe Jesus brought good news for all people.</li> <li>It is to believe, the good news includes being saved by God, by being forgiven for bad things.</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus is a friend to the poor and homeless.</li> </ul> <p><b>Christian</b> - a person who believes in Christianity</p> <p><b>Jesus</b> - the son of God</p> <p><b>Good news</b> - People who live and become better</p> <p><b>Forgiveness</b> - choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something that shouldn't have</p> <p><b>Conflict</b> - a state of war, or conflict or fight</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - Missing "Good News" What the books of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John have for their own subject</p> <p><b>Angels</b> - a group of people who help God in his work</p> <p><b>Charity</b> - to help people who are in need</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - to help people who are in need</p>	<p><b>Key knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Easter is important to the "big story" of the Bible.</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus rose again giving people hope of a new life.</li> </ul> <p><b>Christian</b> - a person who believes in Christianity</p> <p><b>Easter</b> - the story around the death and resurrection of Jesus</p> <p><b>Bible</b> - the set of books that Christians believe came from God</p> <p><b>Resurrection</b> - Jesus coming back from the dead</p> <p><b>Life</b> - Jesus' resurrection</p> <p><b>Forgiveness</b> - choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something that shouldn't have</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - Jesus' resurrection</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - Jesus' resurrection</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - Jesus' resurrection</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - Jesus' resurrection</p>	<p><b>Key knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Muslims believe in Allah – the one true God – and that Allah is a compassionate God.</li> <li>Muslims believe that prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is an example for all Muslims to follow.</li> </ul> <p><b>Muslim</b> - a person who follows the Islamic religion</p> <p><b>Allah</b> - the religion that Muslims follow</p> <p><b>Muhammad (PBUH)</b> - Allah's last prophet (his messenger). He is very special to Muslims.</p> <p><b>Qur'an</b> - Allah's special book, which is read with respect and never put on the floor.</p> <p><b>Haram</b> - a special word for bad things</p> <p><b>Halal</b> - not cutting or taking from animals to eat.</p> <p><b>5th pillar</b> - The Friday of Friday that Muslims pray</p> <p><b>Worship</b> - The Arabic word for God</p>	<p><b>Key knowledge:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Muslims believe in Allah – the one true God – and that Allah is a compassionate God.</li> <li>Muslims believe that prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is an example for all Muslims to follow.</li> </ul> <p><b>Muslim</b> - a person who follows the Islamic religion</p> <p><b>Allah</b> - the religion that Muslims follow</p> <p><b>Muhammad (PBUH)</b> - Allah's last prophet (his messenger). 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“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”



## Key knowledge:

- Christians believe in God, and that they find out about God in the Bible.
- Christians believe God is loving, kind, fair and forgiving, and also Lord and King.
- Some stories show these Christian beliefs.
- Christians worship God and try to live in ways that please him.



**God**

supreme being; creator and ruler of the universe



**Christian**

a person who believes in Christianity



**Bible**

Holy book for Christians



**parable**

a story with a moral or spiritual meaning



**belief**

thinking that something is true



**worship**

showing God honour/respect



**forgiveness**

choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have



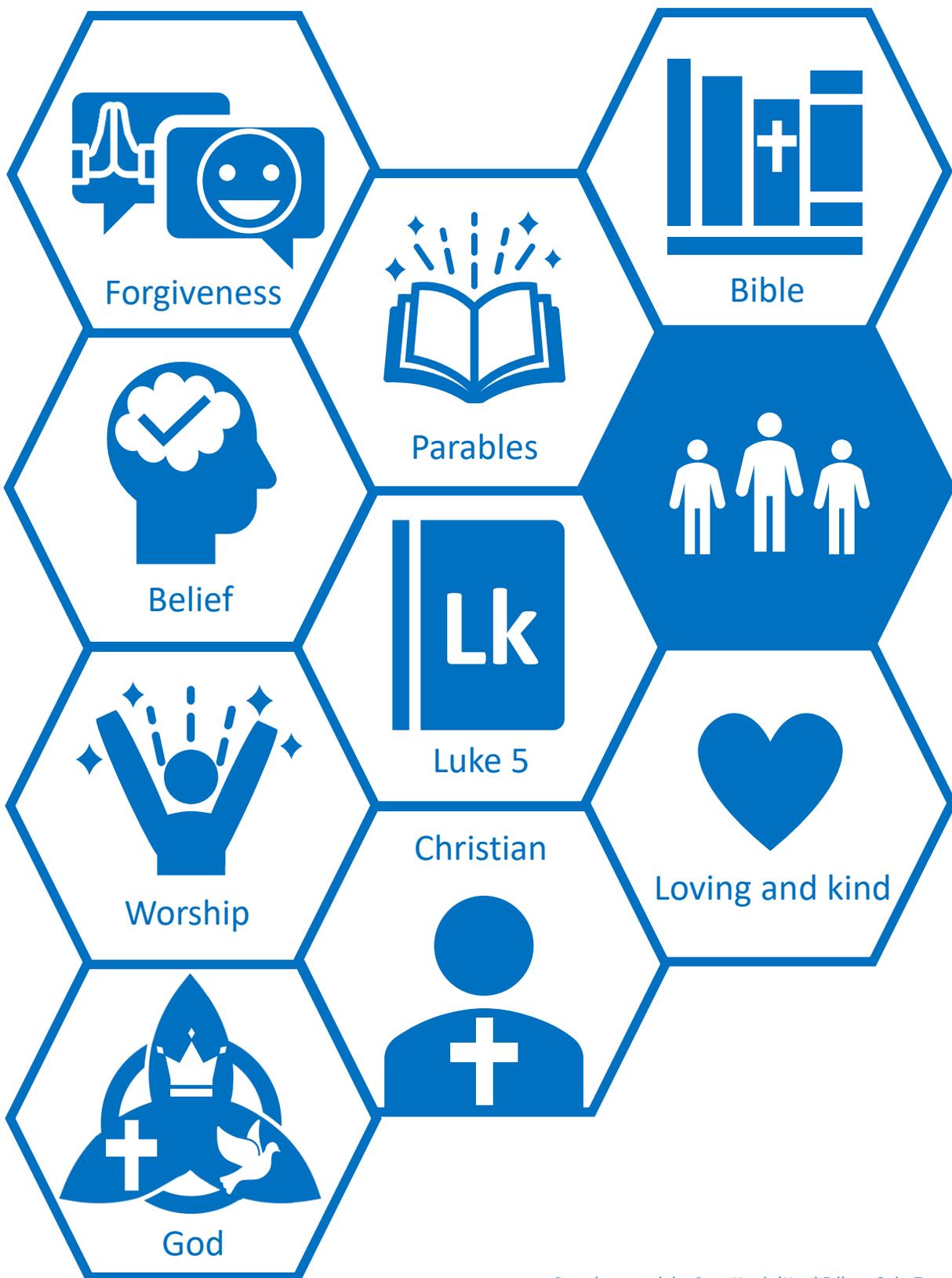
**Luke**

a book of the Bible which shares the story and teachings of Jesus



# What do Christians believe God is like?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



## Key knowledge:

- Christians believe that Jesus is God and that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem.
- The Bible points out that his birth showed that he was extraordinary (for example, he came to bring good news (e.g to the poor, in Luke).
- Christians celebrate Jesus' birth, and Advent for Christians is a time for getting ready for Jesus' coming.



**Christian**

a person who believes in Christianity



**Nativity**

the story of the birth of Jesus



**Jesus**

the son of God



**Mary**

the mother of Jesus



**Joseph**

Jesus' earthly father



**shepherd**

someone who looks after sheep



**Bethlehem**

a town in Israel where Jesus was born



**Christmas**

the celebration of Jesus' birth



**angel**

a messenger from God



**advent**

The four Sundays and weeks before Christmas



# Why does Christmas matter to Christians?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.

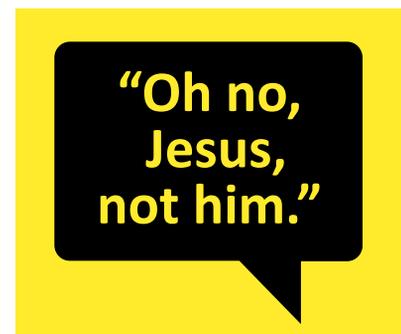
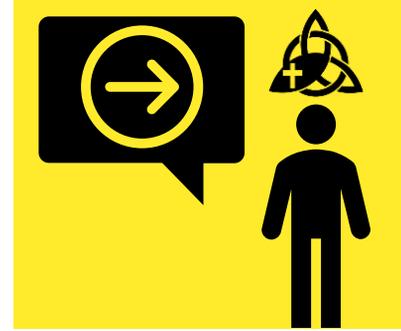


Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# What is the good news that Jesus brings?

## Key knowledge:

- Christians believe Jesus brings good news for all people.
- For Christians, this good news includes being loved by God, and being forgiven for bad things.
- Christians believe Jesus is a friend to the poor and friendless.
- Christians believe Jesus' teachings make people think hard about how to live and show them the right way.



**Christian**

a person who believes in Christianity



**Jesus**

the son of God



**friendship**

People who like and know one another



**forgiveness**

choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have



**Peace**

A sense of calm, no conflict or quiet.



**Gospel**

Meaning "Good News". What the books of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John from the Bible are called.



**Charity**

A group of people who helping out others (often by giving money)



**disciples**

Jesus' twelve special friends who followed him (sometimes called Apostles)



# What is the good news that Jesus brings?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



## Key knowledge:

- Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the Bible.
- Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people hope of a new life.



**Christian**

a person who believes in Christianity



**Easter**

the events around the death and resurrection of Jesus



**Jesus**

the son of God



**resurrection**

Jesus coming back from the dead



**sin**

an act of wrongdoing against God's law



**forgiveness**

choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have



**heaven**

where Christians believe they will be when they die, with God



**salvation**

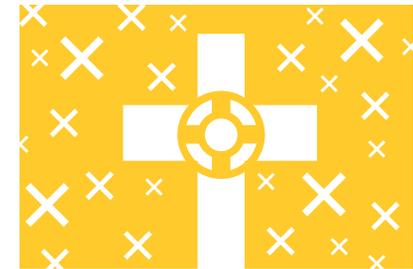
being rescued by God from sin and its consequences



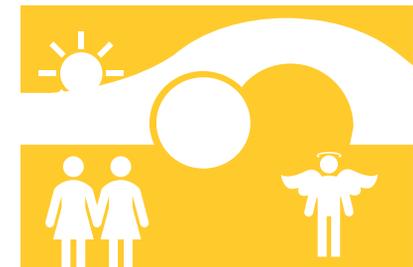
**Entering Jerusalem**



**The last supper**



**Jesus' crucifixion**



**Jesus' resurrection**



**Jesus appears**

# Why does Easter matter to Christians?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



*"Exploring religion and belief in the modern world – joyfully, creatively and confidently."*

## Key knowledge:

- Muslims believe in Allah – the one true God – and that Allah is a compassionate God.
- Muslims believe that prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is an example for all Muslims to follow.



**Muslim**

a person who follows the Islamic religion



**Islam**

The religion that Muslims follow



**Muhammad (PBUH)**

Allah's last prophet (his messenger). He is very special to all Muslims.



**Qur'an**

A Muslim's special holy book. Always treated with respect and never put on the floor.



**Ramadan**

A special month of fasting



**Fasting**

Not eating or drinking from sunrise to sunset.



**Eid al-Fitr**

The festival of ending the fast



**Allah**

The Arabic word for God.



**mosque**

A Muslim place of worship



**Arabic**

The language of the Qur'an and the language spoken in the Middle East



**compassionate**

Feeling and showing concern for others.



# How do some Muslims show Allah is compassionate and merciful?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

## Key knowledge:

- Mitzvah is the Jewish word for good deed or action. It is something G-d asks all Jews to do.
- Jews believe it's a mitzvah (good deed) to:
  - HELP others in need.
  - WELCOME others.
  - GIVE money to help other people
  - CARE for the world.
- Mitzvahs make a Jewish person feel like they belong.



**Jewish**

Some families are Jewish. Jewish people believe in G-d and follow a book called the Torah.



**Mitzvah (Mitzvot)**

the Jewish word for a good deed(s)



**Tikkun Olam**

healing the world



**Tzedakah box**

For giving money to help other people



**Shabbat**

the Jewish day of rest, starting at sunset on Friday to sunset on Saturday



**synagogue**

a place for Jewish worship, study and community



**Torah**

the first part of the Jewish Bible.

# Why is learning to do good deeds so important to Jewish people?

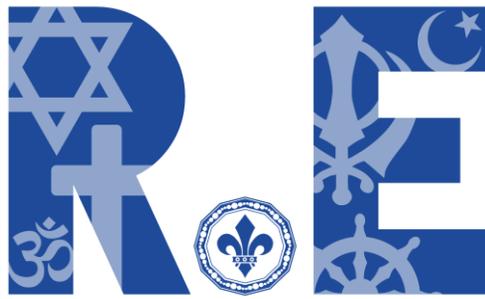
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# Year 2

**Who made the world?**

**Key knowledge:**

- Christians believe that God created the universe.
- Christians believe that God created everything in it and it's important to God.
- Christians believe that God has a special relationship with human beings as their Creator and Sustainer.
- Christians believe humans should care for the world because it belongs to God.

1. Earth
2. Water
3. Plants
4. Animals
5. Humans
6. Sun
7. Moon

**God** - represents being creative and our view of the universe

**Christian** - a person who believes in Christianity

**Creation** - the act of creating something

**Creator** - person or thing that creates something

**Ubi** - who looks for children

**Genesis** - the first book of the Bible

**Human** - the first of all living creatures

**Humanity** - the whole human race

**Why does Christmas matter to Christians? (2 pages)**

**Key knowledge:**

- Christians believe that Jesus is God and that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem.
- The Bible predicts that the baby should be for a new king coming to the world, for a king to bring good news to the world, to be born in a manger.
- Christians celebrate Jesus' birth, and Advent for Christians is a time for getting ready for Jesus' coming.

**Jesus** - Jesus is God in flesh

**Bethlehem** - the place of the birth of Jesus

**Mary** - the mother of Jesus

**Manger** - Jesus' first birthplace

**Advent** - a season when people look forward to Jesus' coming

**Christmas** - a festival celebrating Jesus' birth

**Advent** - the four hundred and forty days before Christmas

**What is the good news that Jesus brings? (2 pages)**

**Key knowledge:**

- Christians believe Jesus brings good news for all people.
- For Christians, the good news includes being loved by God, and being forgiven for bad things.
- Christians believe Jesus is kind to the poor and homeless.
- Christians believe Jesus' teachings make people think hard about how to live and show them the right way.

**Christians** - a person who believes in Christianity

**Good News** - Christians believe that God created everything

**Jesus** - a man who came to earth

**Teachings** - something to tell you of right or bad things

**Teachings** - something to tell you of right or bad things

**Teachings** - something to tell you of right or bad things

**Teachings** - something to tell you of right or bad things

**Why does Easter matter to Christians? (2 pages)**

**Key knowledge:**

- Easter is very important to the 'big story' of the Bible. Jesus showed that he was willing to forgive all people, even for putting him on the cross.
- Christians believe Jesus killed a bridge between God and humans.
- Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people hope of a new life.

**Christians** - a person who believes in Christianity

**Easter** - the week around the death and resurrection of Jesus

**Resurrection** - Jesus coming back to life from the dead

**Jesus** - the son of God

**How does a Muslim show their submission and obedience to Allah? (2 pages)**

**Key knowledge:**

- Muslims mean 'one who submits' or 'one who willingly does what God (Allah) wants them to do'.
- Muslims pray five times a day.

**Muslim** - a person who follows the Islamic religion

**Submission** - the religion that Muslims follow (means submission)

**Qur'an** - Allah's word (his messenger). It's very special to all Muslims.

**Prayer** - a Muslim's special duty. Always 5 times with hands raised and knees on the floor.

**Submission** - Muslims believe in Allah's creation of all things for the sake of Allah. The first words in the Qur'an, Muslims use this before starting anything.

**Prayer** - The Muslims call to prayer 5 times a day.

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**Prayer** - The Muslims call to prayer 5 times a day.

**Why do Jewish families say so many prayers and messages? (2 pages)**

**Key knowledge:**

- Jewish people:
- They pray with knowledge to God because it reminds them how great God is.
- God brought you to God for all your prayers.
- There is a day of rest each week called Shabbat.
- Shabbat is a day when you rest and pray.
- Shabbat is a special day.

**Shabbat** - a time when Jews rest and pray

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## Key knowledge:

- Christians believe that God created the universe.
- Christians believe the Earth and everything in it are important to God.
- Christians believe God has a unique relationship with human beings as their Creator and Sustainer.
- Christians believe humans should care for the world because it belongs to God.



**God**

supreme being; creator and ruler of the universe



**Christian**

a person who believes in Christianity



**creation**

the action of making something



**creator**

person or thing that makes something



**Bible**

Holy book for Christians



**Genesis**

first book of the Bible



**harvest**

the time when crops are gathered



**sustain**

to make stronger and support



**generosity**

being kind and giving



**thankfulness**

feeling and expressing gratitude

1



2



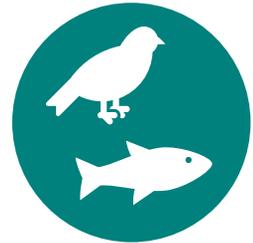
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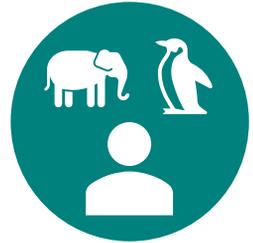
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5



6



7



# Who made the world?

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Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



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## Key knowledge:

- Christians believe that Jesus is God and that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem.
- The Bible points out that his birth showed that he was extraordinary (for example, he is worshipped as a king, in Matthew) and that he came to bring good news (for example, to the poor, in Luke).
- Christians celebrate Jesus' birth, and Advent for Christians is a time for getting ready for Jesus' coming.



**incarnation** Jesus is God in flesh



**Nativity** the story of the birth of Jesus



**Jesus** the son of God



**Mary** the mother of Jesus



**Joseph** Jesus' earthly father



**shepherd** someone who looks after sheep



**magi** sometimes called wise men, brought gifts to Jesus



**Bethlehem** a town in Israel where Jesus was born



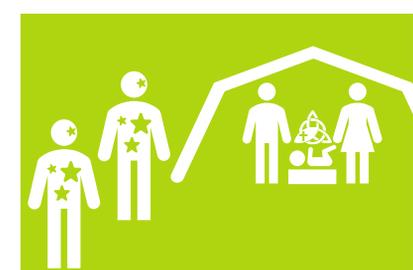
**Christmas** the celebration of Jesus' birth



**angel** a messenger from God



**advent** The four Sundays and weeks before Christmas



# Why does Christmas matter to Christians?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# What is the good news that Jesus brings? (Deeper)

## Key knowledge:

- Christians believe Jesus brings good news for all people.
- For Christians, this good news includes being loved by God, and being forgiven for bad things.
- Christians believe Jesus is a friend to the poor and friendless.
- Christians believe Jesus' teachings make people think hard about how to live and show them the right way.



**Christian**

a person who believes in Christianity



**God (the Father)**

Christians believe that God created everything



**Jesus**

the son of God



**prayer**

a way to talk to God



**forgiveness**

choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have



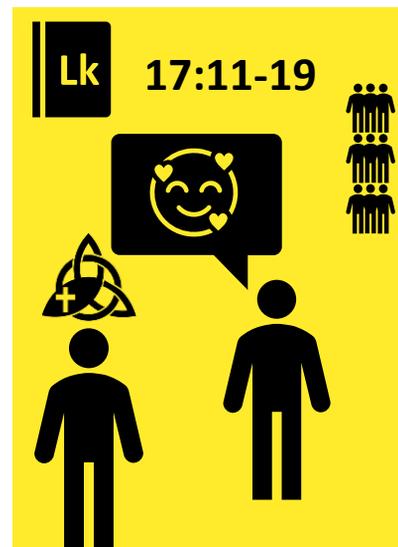
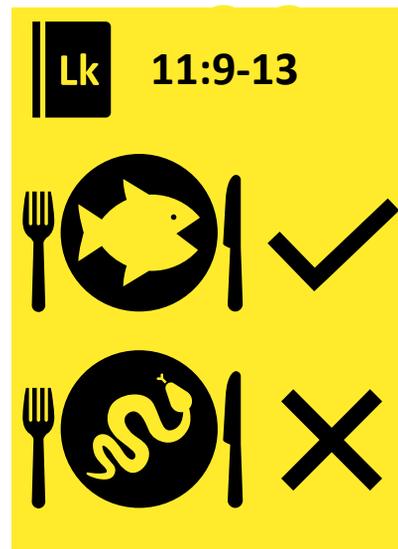
**Gospel**

Meaning "Good News". What the books of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John from the Bible are called.



**thankfulness**

feeling and expressing gratitude



# What is the good news that Jesus brings? (Deeper)

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



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# Why does Easter matter to Christians? (Deeper)

## Key knowledge:

- Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the Bible. Jesus showed that he was willing to forgive all people, even for putting him on the cross.
- Christians believe Jesus builds a bridge between God and humans.
- Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people hope of a new life.



**Christian**

a person who believes in Christianity



**Easter**

the events around the death and resurrection of Jesus



**Jesus**

the son of God



**resurrection**

Jesus coming back from the dead



**sin**

an act of wrongdoing against God's law



**forgiveness**

choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have



**heaven**

where Christians believe they will be when they die, with God



**salvation**

being rescued by God from sin and its consequences



**lent**

A time of preparing (getting ready) for Easter



Entering Jerusalem



Cleansing the temple



The last supper



Jesus on trial



Jesus' crucifixion



Jesus' resurrection



Jesus appears



# Why does Easter matter to Christians? (Deeper)

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



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"Exploring religion and belief in the modern world – joyfully, creatively and confidently."

## Key knowledge:

- Muslim means 'one who 'submits' or who willingly does what God (Allah) wants them to do.
- Muslims pray five times a day



**Muslim** a person who follows the Islamic religion



**Islam** The religion that Muslims follow (means submission)



**Muhammad (PBUH)** Allah's last prophet (his messenger). He is very special to all Muslims.



**Qur'an** A Muslim's special holy book. Always treated with respect and never put on the floor.



**submission** for Muslims this means obeying Allah creator of all.



**Bismillah** This means 'in the name of Allah'. The first words in the Qur'an. Muslims say this before starting anything.



**Adhan** The Adhan is the Muslim call to prayer performed in Arabix. It announces the beginning of a set period of prayer



**Muezzin (mu'adhin)** One who calls the adhan, five times a day, by a muezzin from the top of a minaret (tower on the mosque)



**Salat** The ritual prayer of Muslims, performed five times daily in a set form.



**Allah** The Arabic word for God.



**mosque** A Muslim place of worship



**Arabic** The language of the Qu'ran and the language spoken in the Middle East



# How does a Muslim show their submission and obedience to Allah?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



*"Exploring religion and belief in the modern world – joyfully, creatively and confidently."*

## Key knowledge:

- Jewish people:
  - Say prayers and blessings to God because it reminds them how great God is.
  - Say thank you to God for all he provides.
  - Have a day of rest each week called Shabbat.
  - Pray at both home and the synagogue.
  - Sometimes wear special clothes.



**Jewish**

some families are Jewish. Jewish people believe in G-d and follow a book called the Torah.



**Sukkah**

a special hut built during the festival Sukkot



**Kippah**

A head covering for Jewish people



**Tallit**

A Jewish prayer shawl



**Shabbat**

the Jewish day of rest, starting at sunset on Friday to sunset on Saturday.



**synagogue**

a place for Jewish worship, study and community



**Torah**

the first part of the Jewish Bible.



**Havdalah ceremony**

marks the end of Shabbat.



**Tefillah**

the Hebrew word for prayer



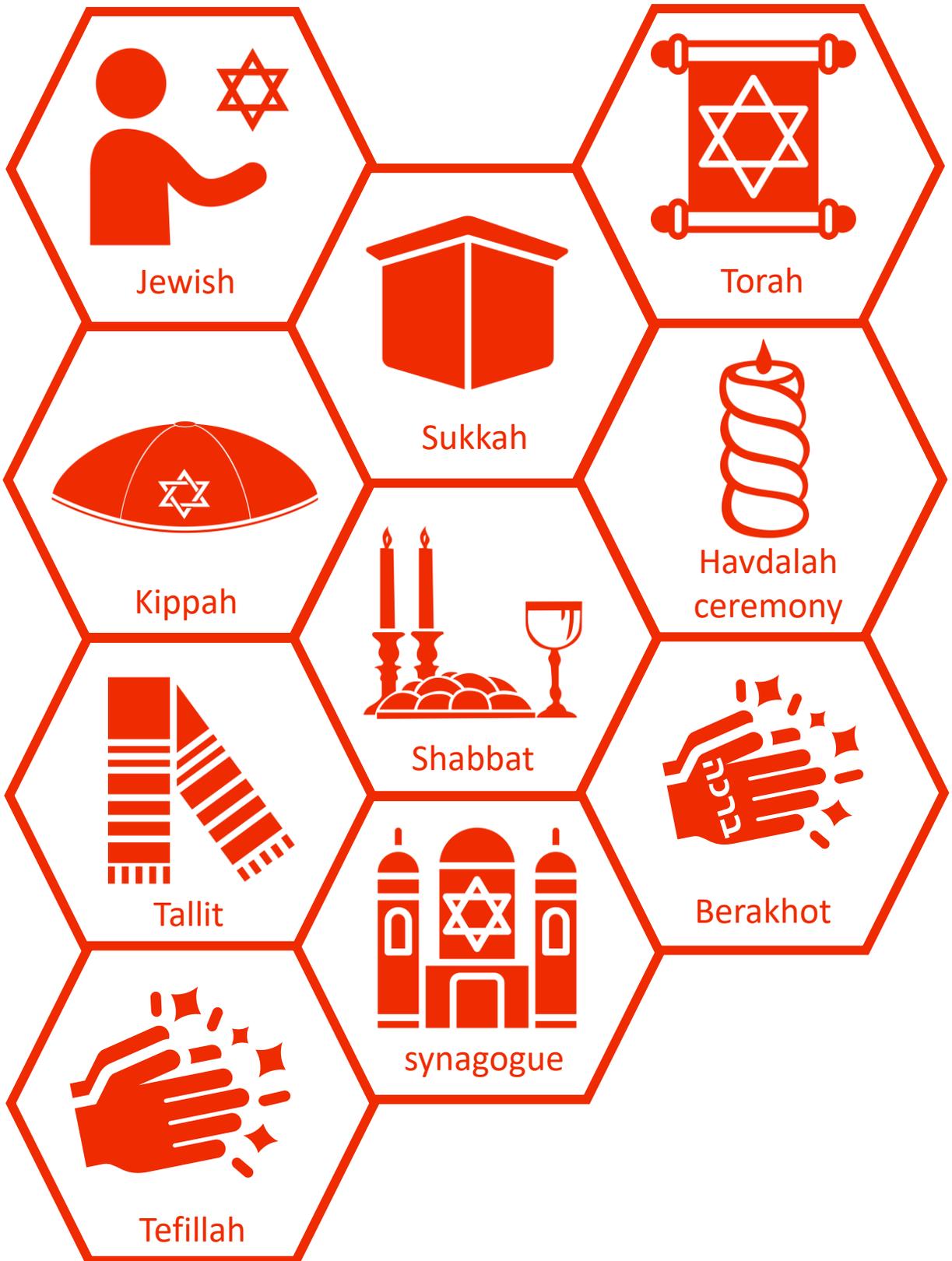
**Berakhot**

blessings

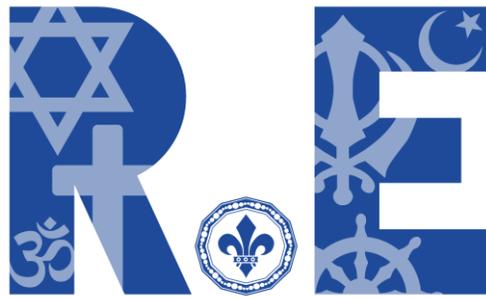


# Why do Jewish families say so many prayers and blessings?

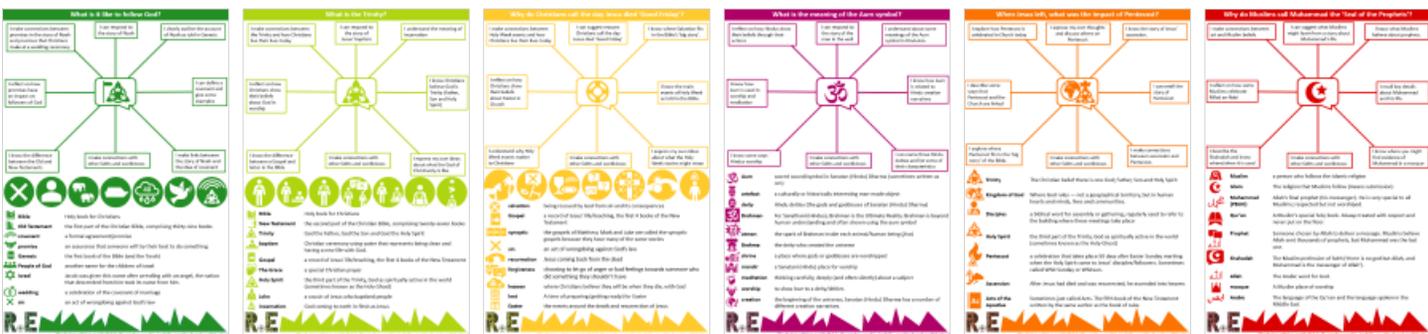
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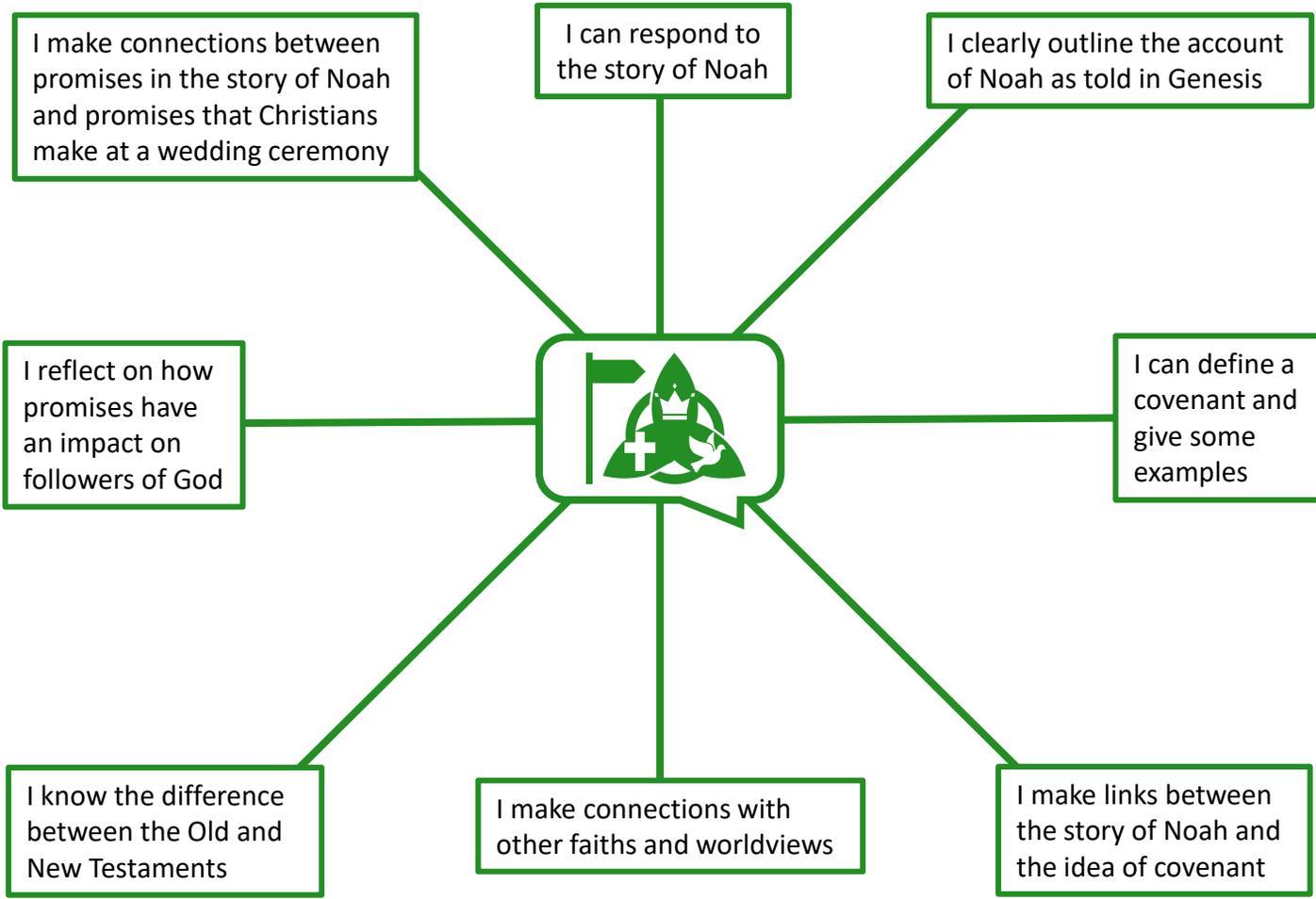
# Year 3



“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”



# What is it like to follow God?



-  **Bible** Holy book for Christians
-  **Old Testament** the first part of the Christian Bible, comprising thirty-nine books
-  **covenant** a formal agreement/promise
-  **promise** an assurance that someone will try their best to do something
-  **Genesis** the first book of the Bible (and the Torah)
-  **People of God** another name for the children of Israel
-  **Israel** Jacob was given this name after wrestling with an angel, the nation that descended from him took its name from him.
-  **wedding** a celebration of the covenant of marriage
-  **sin** an act of wrongdoing against God's law



# What is it like to follow God?

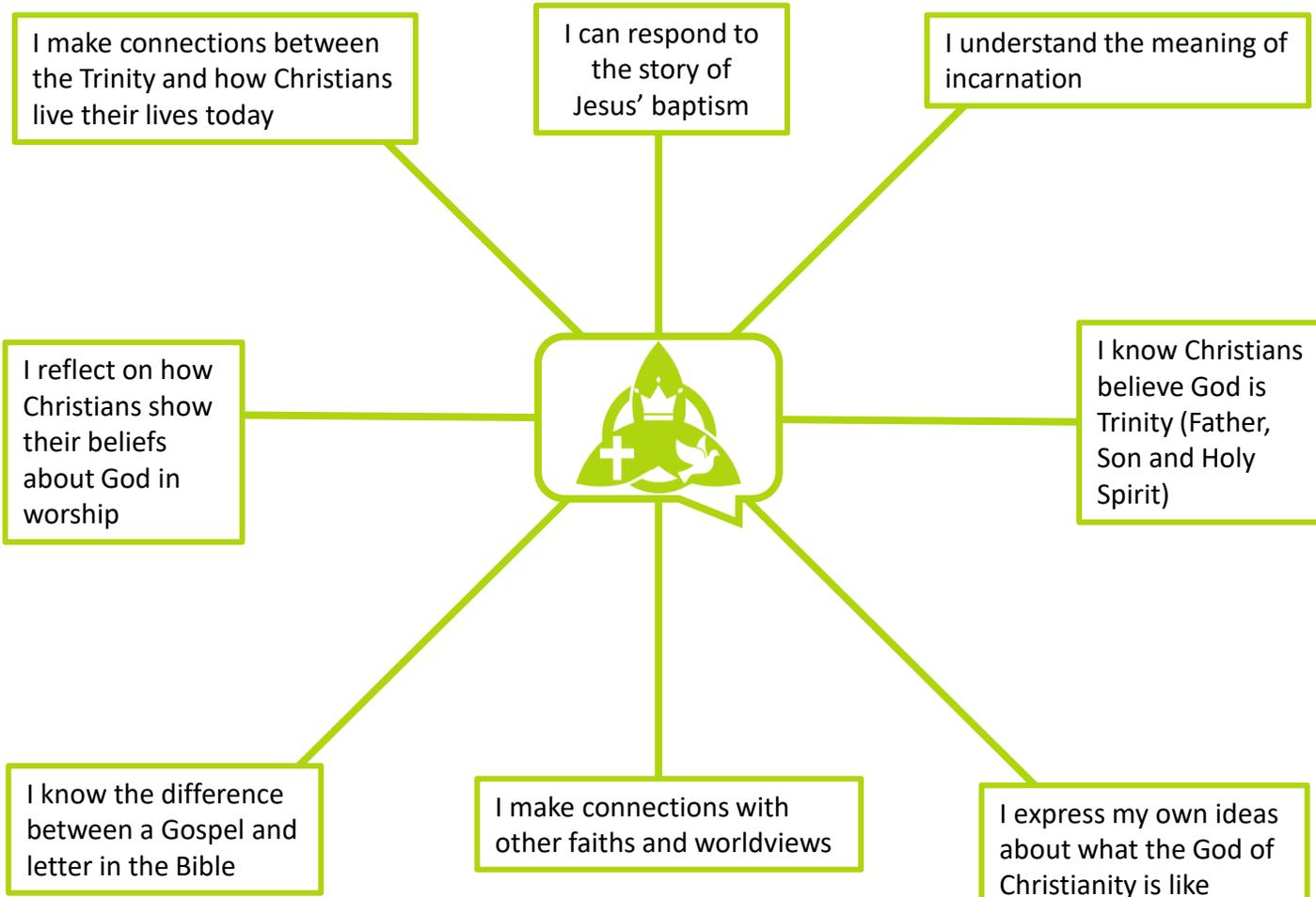
Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



# What is the Trinity?



-  **Bible** Holy book for Christians
-  **New Testament** the second part of the Christian Bible, comprising twenty-seven books
-  **Trinity** God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Spirit
-  **baptism** Christian ceremony using water that represents being clean and having a new life with God.
-  **Gospel** a record of Jesus' life/teaching, the first 4 books of the New Testament
-  **The Grace** a special Christian prayer
-  **Holy Spirit** the third part of the Trinity, God as spiritually active in the world (sometimes known as the Holy Ghost)
-  **John** a cousin of Jesus who baptised people
-  **incarnation** God coming to earth in flesh as Jesus



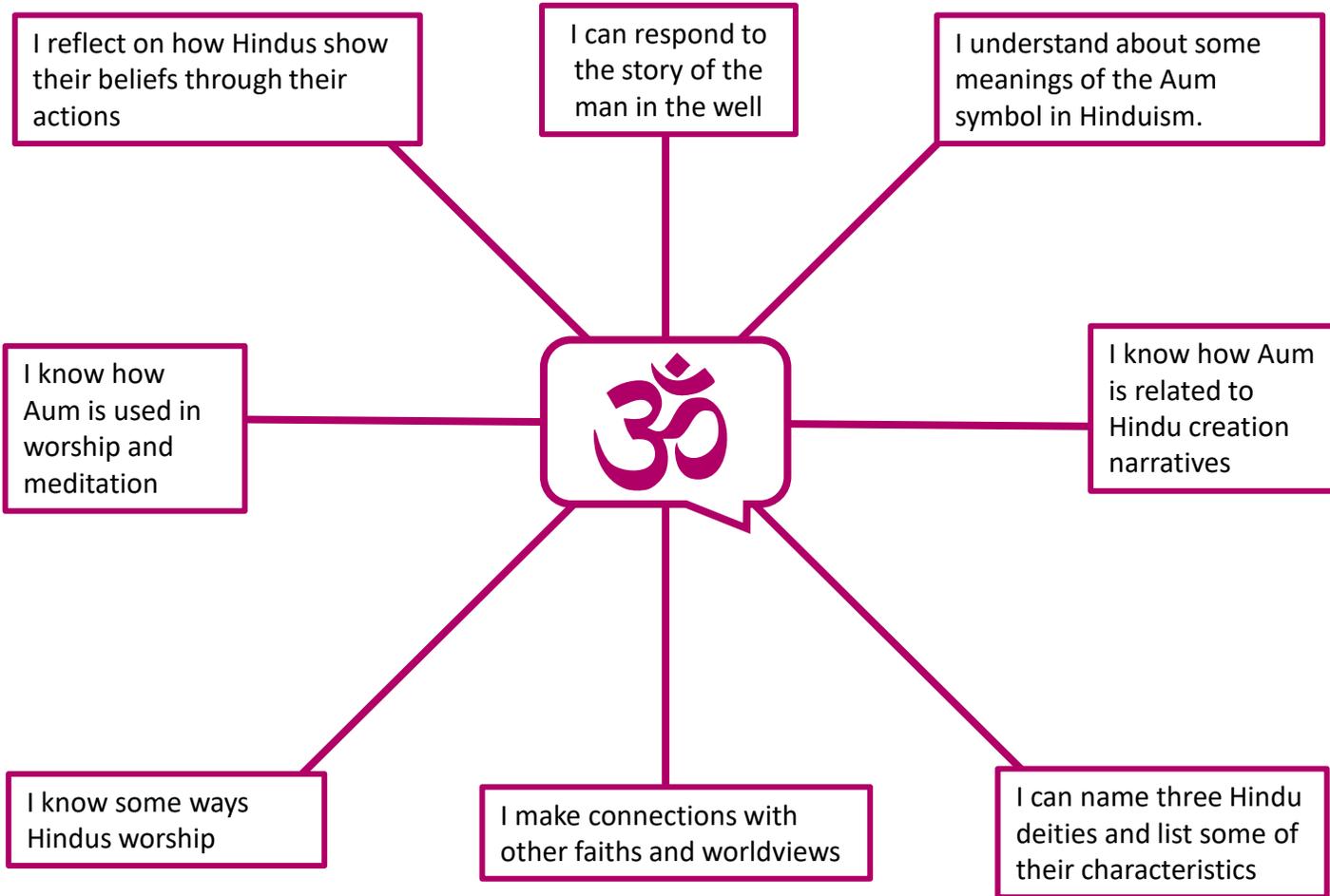
# What is the Trinity?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# What is the meaning of the Aum symbol?



-  **Aum** sacred sound/symbol in Sanatan (Hindu) Dharma (sometimes written as om)
-  **artefact** a culturally or historically interesting man-made object
-  **deity** Hindu deities (the gods and goddesses of Sanatan (Hindu) Dharma)
-  **Brahman** For Sanathani (Hindus), Brahman is the Ultimate Reality. Brahman is beyond human understanding and often shown using the aum symbol
-  **atman** the spark of Brahman inside each animal/human being (*jiva*)
-  **Brahma** the deity who created the universe
-  **shrine** a place where gods or goddesses are worshipped
-  **mandir** a Sanatani (Hindu) place for worship
-  **meditation** thinking carefully, deeply (and often silently) about a subject
-  **worship** to show love to a deity/deities
-  **creation** the beginning of the universe; Sanatan (Hindu) Dharma has a number of different creation narratives.



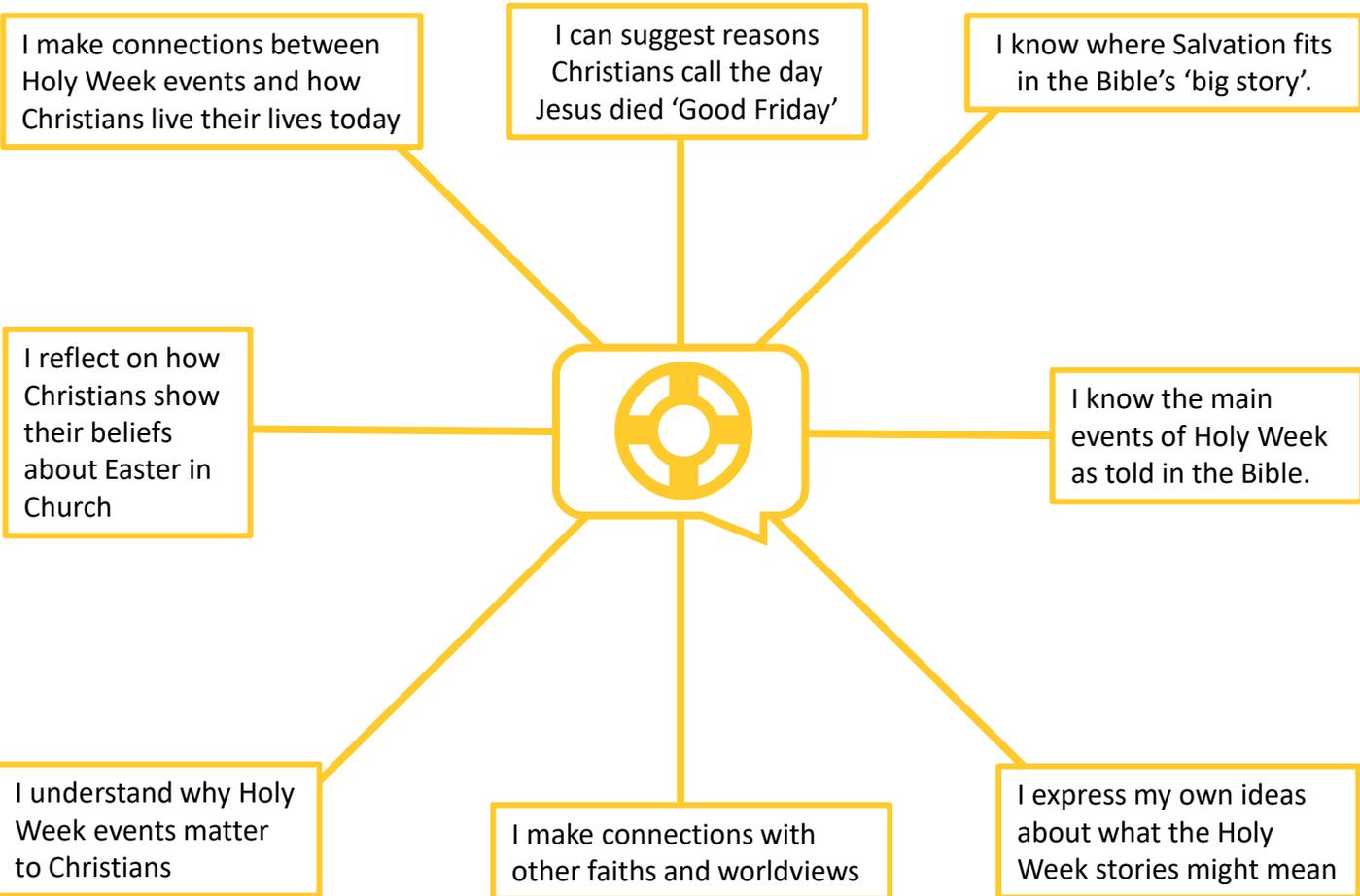
# What is the meaning of the Aum symbol?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?



**salvation** being rescued by God from sin and its consequences



**Gospel** a record of Jesus' life/teaching, the first 4 books of the New Testament



**synoptic** the gospels of Matthew, Mark and Luke are called the synoptic gospels because they have many of the same stories



**sin** an act of wrongdoing against God's law



**resurrection** Jesus coming back from the dead



**forgiveness** choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have



**heaven** where Christians believe they will be when they die, with God



**lent** A time of preparing (getting ready) for Easter



**Easter** the events around the death and resurrection of Jesus



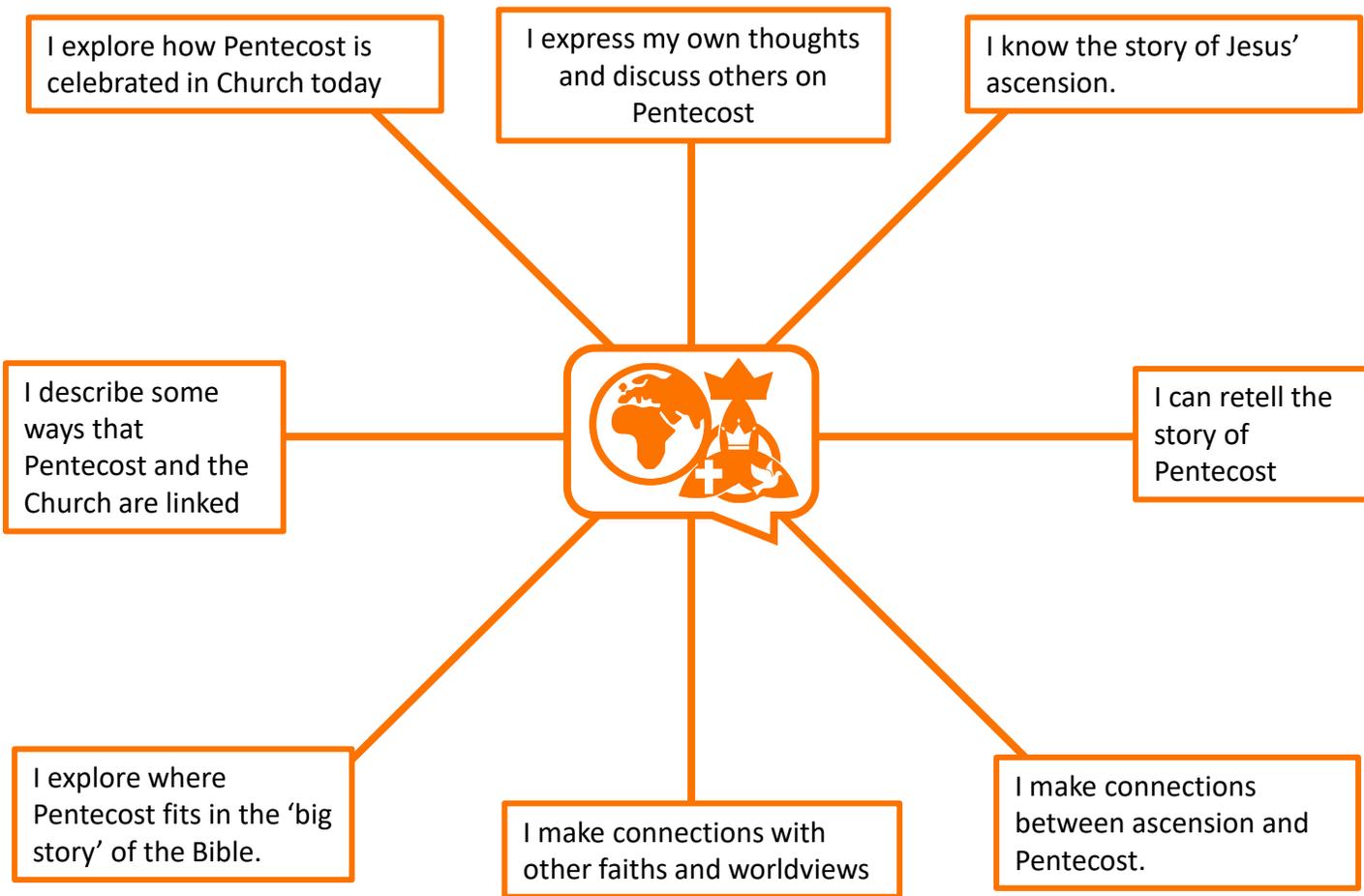
# Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost?



-  **Trinity** The Christian belief there is one God; Father, Son and Holy Spirit
-  **Kingdom of God** Where God rules — not a geographical territory, but in human hearts and minds, lives and communities.
-  **Disciples** a biblical word for assembly or gathering, regularly used to refer to the building where these meetings take place
-  **Holy Spirit** the third part of the Trinity, God as spiritually active in the world (sometimes known as the Holy Ghost)
-  **Pentecost** a celebration that takes place 50 days after Easter Sunday marking when the Holy Spirit came to Jesus' disciples/followers. Sometimes called Whit Sunday or Whitsun.
-  **Ascension** After Jesus had died and was resurrected, he ascended into heaven.
-  **Acts of the Apostles** Sometimes just called Acts. The fifth book of the New Testament written by the same author as the book of Luke.



# When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost?

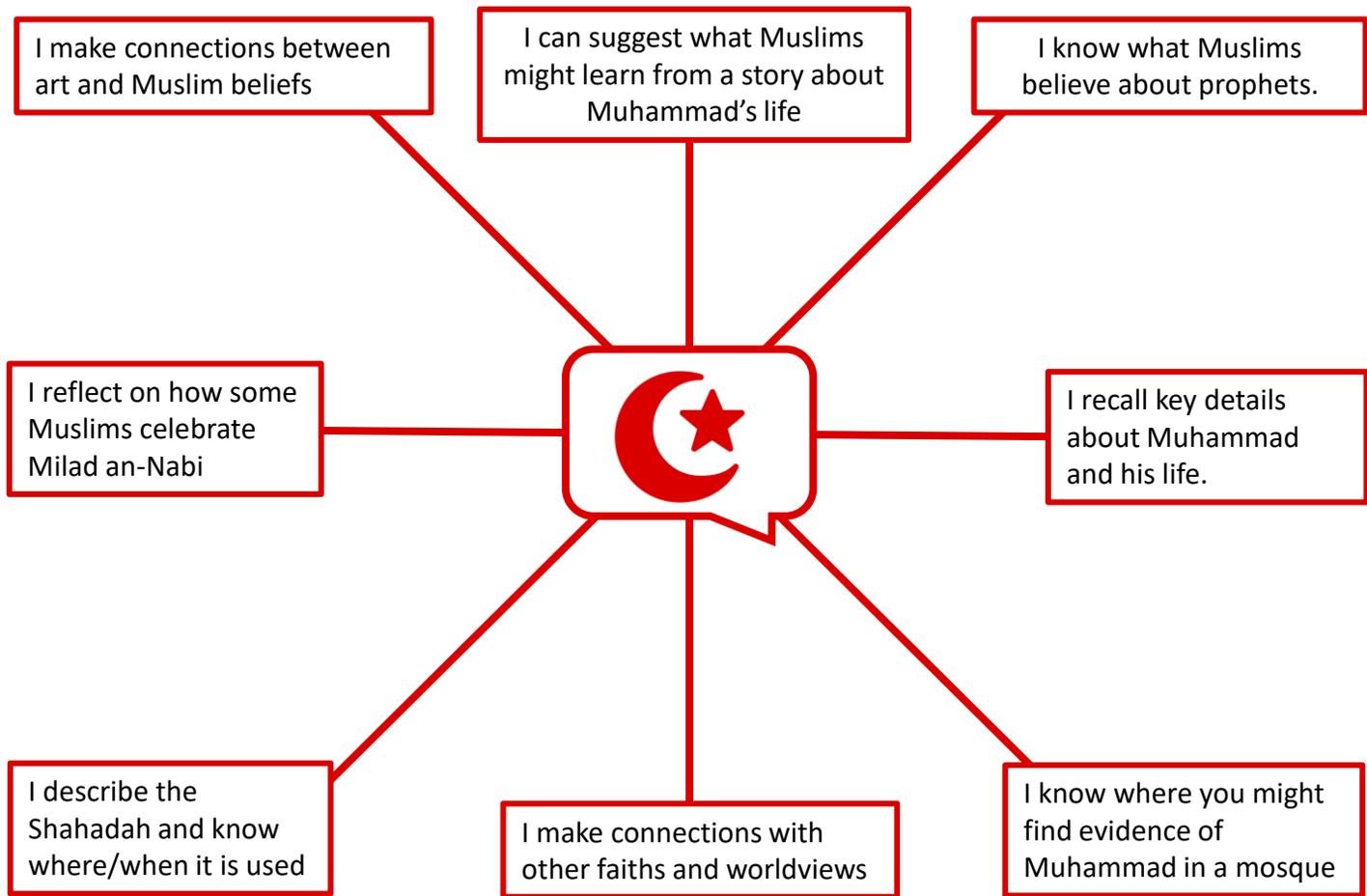
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Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



# Why do Muslims call Muhammad the 'Seal of the Prophets'?



-  **Muslim** a person who follows the Islamic religion
-  **Islam** The religion that Muslims follow (means submission)
-  **Muhammad (PBUH)** Allah's final prophet (his messenger). He is very special to all Muslims; respected but not worshiped.
-  **Qur'an** A Muslim's special holy book. Always treated with respect and never put on the floor.
-  **Prophet** Someone chosen by Allah to deliver a message. Muslims believe Allah sent thousands of prophets, but Muhammad was the last one.
-  **Shahadah** The Muslim profession of faith ('there is no god but Allah, and Muhammad is the messenger of Allah').
-  **Allah** The Arabic word for God.
-  **mosque** A Muslim place of worship
-  **Arabic** The language of the Qu'ran and the language spoken in the Middle East



# Why do Muslims call Muhammad the 'Seal of the Prophets'?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



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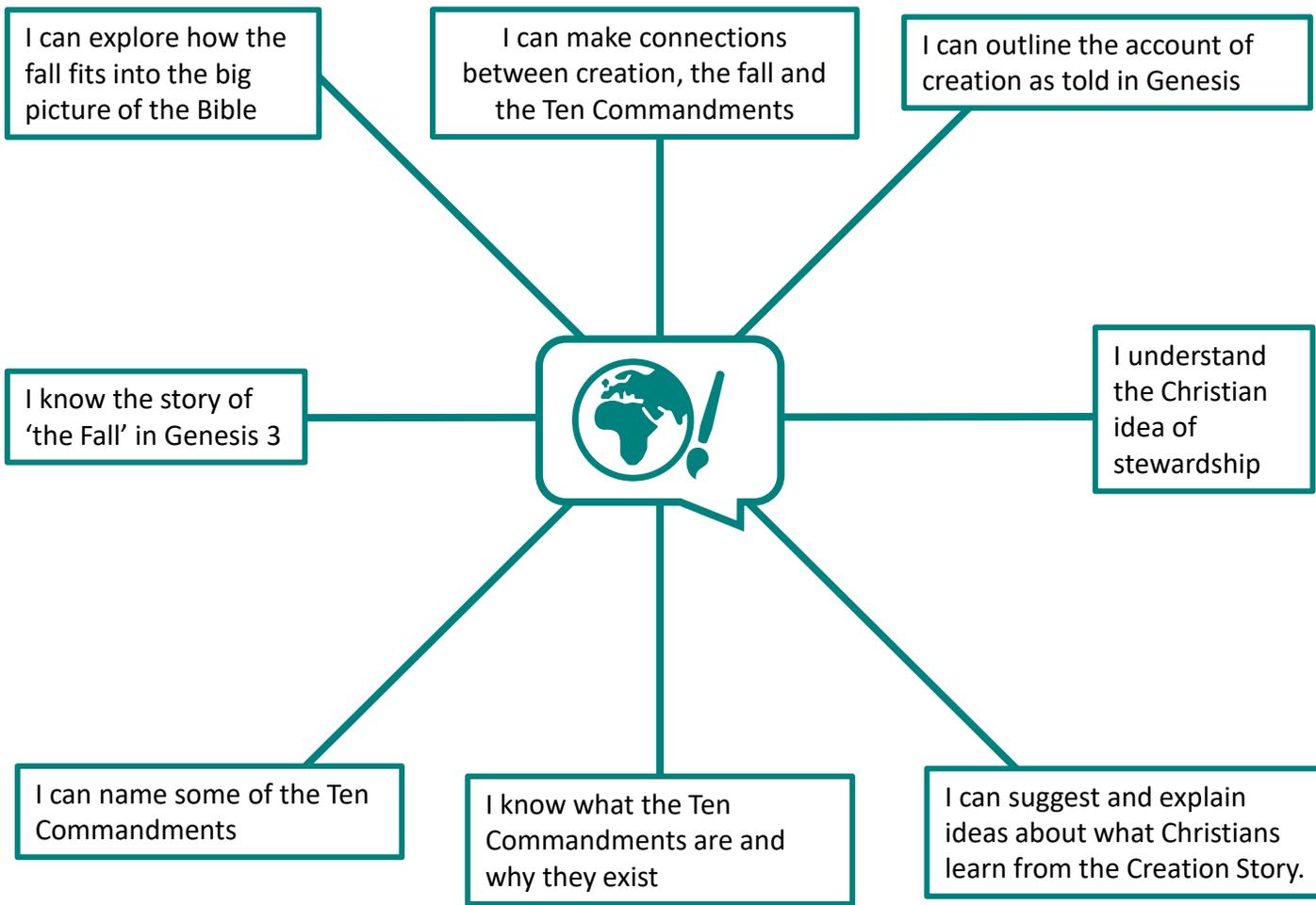
# Year 4

- What do Christians learn from the creation story?** Explains the beginning of the world, the role of God, and the creation of man and woman.
- What is the Tenby? (Dagor)** Explains the significance of the Tenby, a symbol of the Welsh people, and its connection to the Welsh language.
- What kind of world did Jesus want?** Explains Jesus' teachings on love, peace, and justice, and how they relate to the world we live in.
- Why do Christians call the Day after Easter 'Good Friday'?** Explains the significance of Good Friday, the day Jesus was crucified, and how it is celebrated.
- Why does a 'Samsara' (Hindu) want to collect good karma?** Explains the Hindu concept of karma and the cycle of rebirth, and how good karma leads to a better life.
- Why is the Tenby such a joy for the Welsh Community?** Explains the significance of the Tenby for the Welsh people, its role in Welsh culture, and how it is celebrated.

**“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”**



# What do Christians learn from the creation story?



-  **God** supreme being; creator and ruler of the universe
-  **Christian** a person who believes in Christianity
-  **creation** the action of making something
-  **creator** person or thing that makes something
-  **Bible** Holy book for Christians
-  **Genesis** first book of the Bible
-  **Ten Commandments** a set of rules given to Moses by God
-  **The Fall** the story of how people fell apart from God
-  **stewardship** supervising or taking care of something
-  **thankfulness** feeling and expressing gratitude



# What do Christians learn from the creation story?

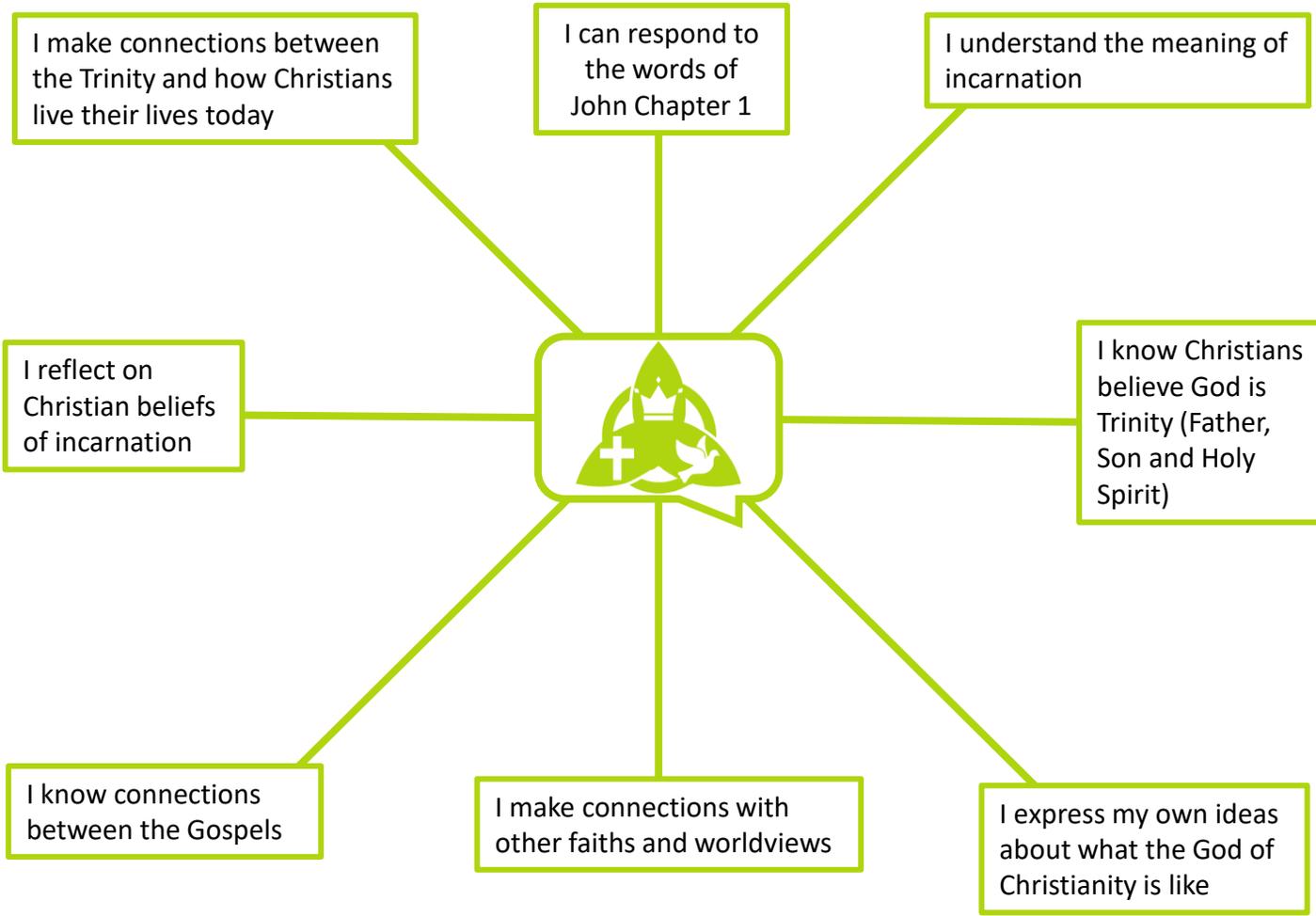
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Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



# What is the Trinity? (Deeper)



-  **Bible** Holy book for Christians
-  **New Testament** the second part of the Christian Bible, comprising twenty-seven books
-  **Trinity** God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Spirit
-  **Nativity** the story of the birth of Jesus
-  **Gospel** a record of Jesus' life/teaching, the first 4 books of the New Testament
-  **Jesus** the second part of the Trinity, God the Son
-  **Holy Spirit** the third part of the Trinity, God as spiritually active in the world (sometimes known as the Holy Ghost)
-  **John** fourth book of the New Testament and a gospel
-  **incarnation** God coming to earth in flesh as Jesus
-  **Christmas** the celebration of Jesus' birth
-  **advent** the four Sundays and weeks before Christmas



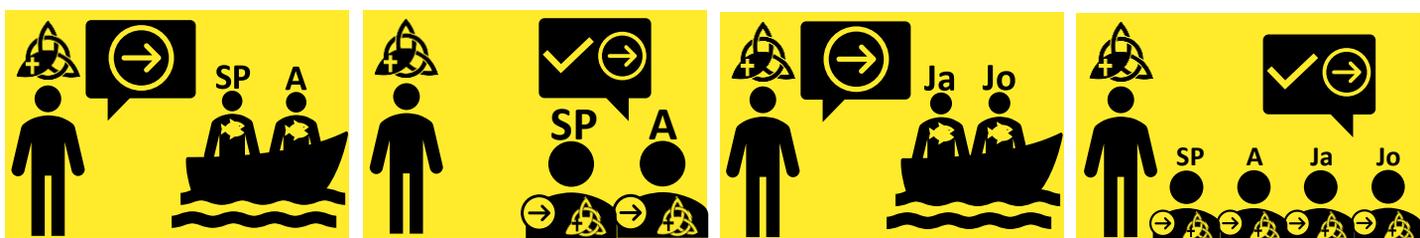
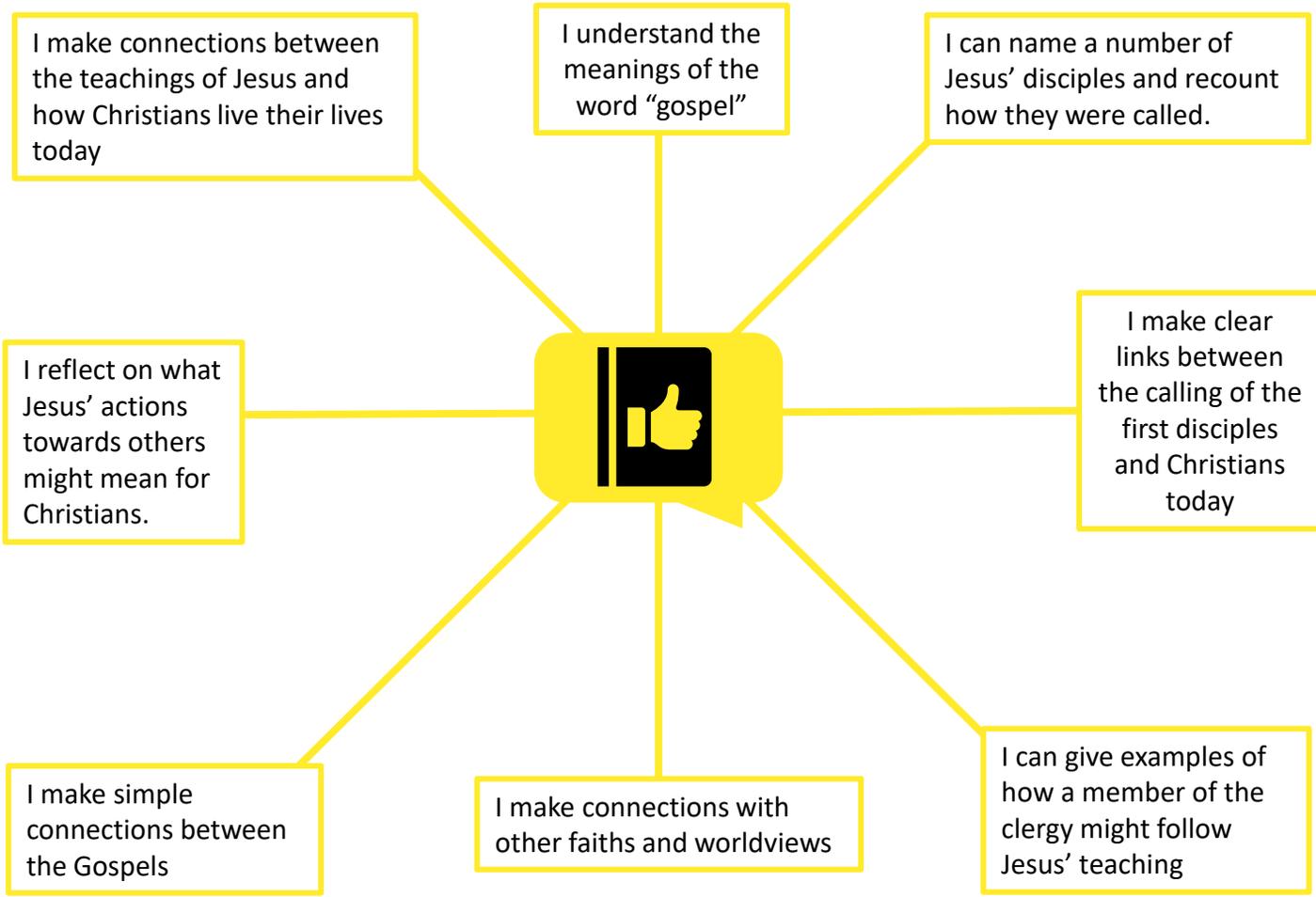
# What is the Trinity? (Deeper)

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Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# What kind of world did Jesus want?

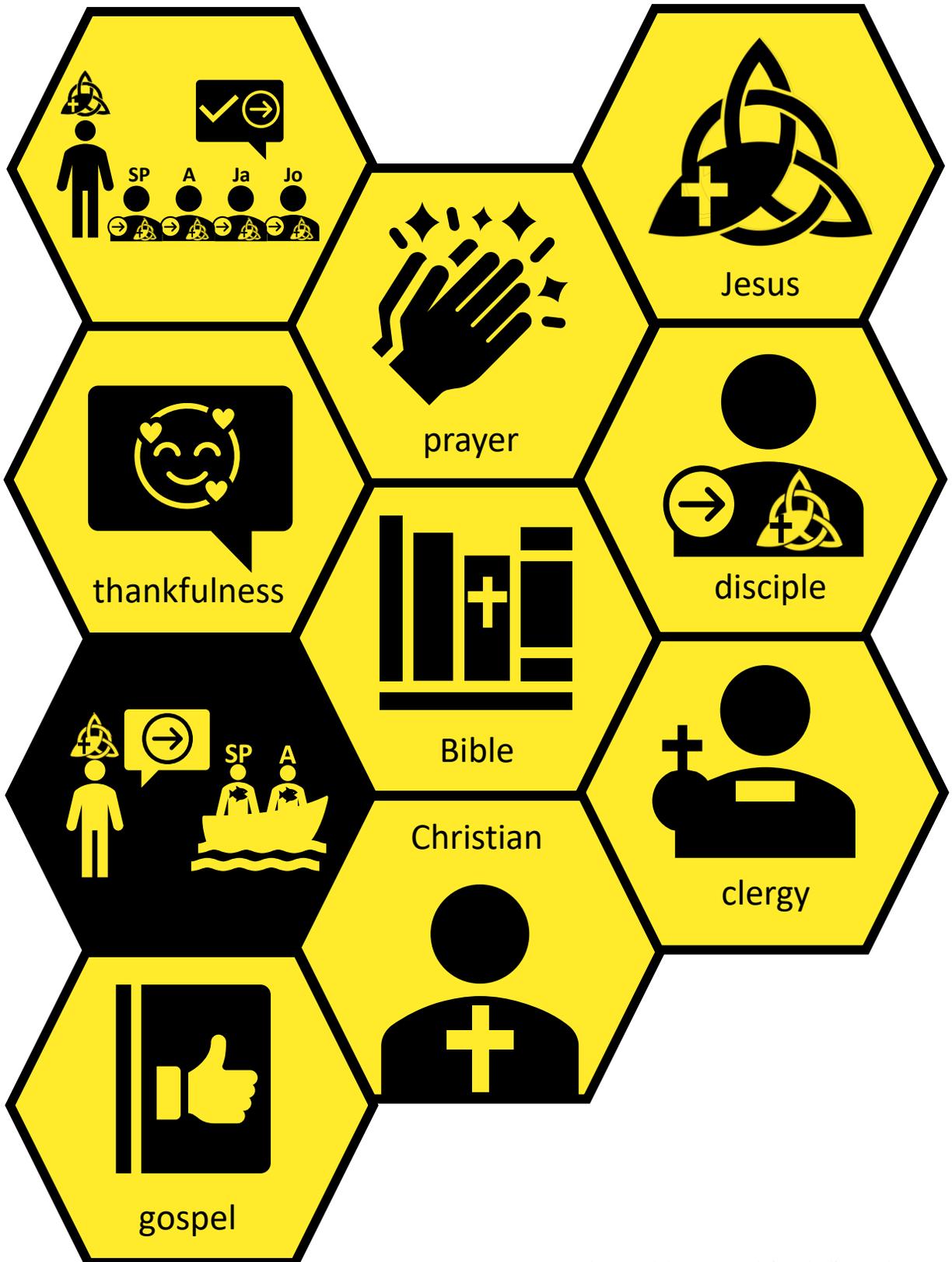


- 
**New Testament** the second part of the Christian Bible, comprising twenty-seven books.
- 
**Jesus** the second part of the Trinity, God the Son.
- 
**disciples** Jesus' twelve special friends who followed him and his teaching (sometimes called Apostles)
- 
**Gospel** meaning "Good News". A record of Jesus' life/teaching, often used to describe the first 4 books of the New Testament.
- 
**synoptic** the gospels of Matthew, Mark and Luke have many of the same stories, share sequencing and wording. They are referred to as the synoptic gospels.
- 
**clergy** a selected group of people who help lead Christian churches.



# What kind of world did Jesus want?

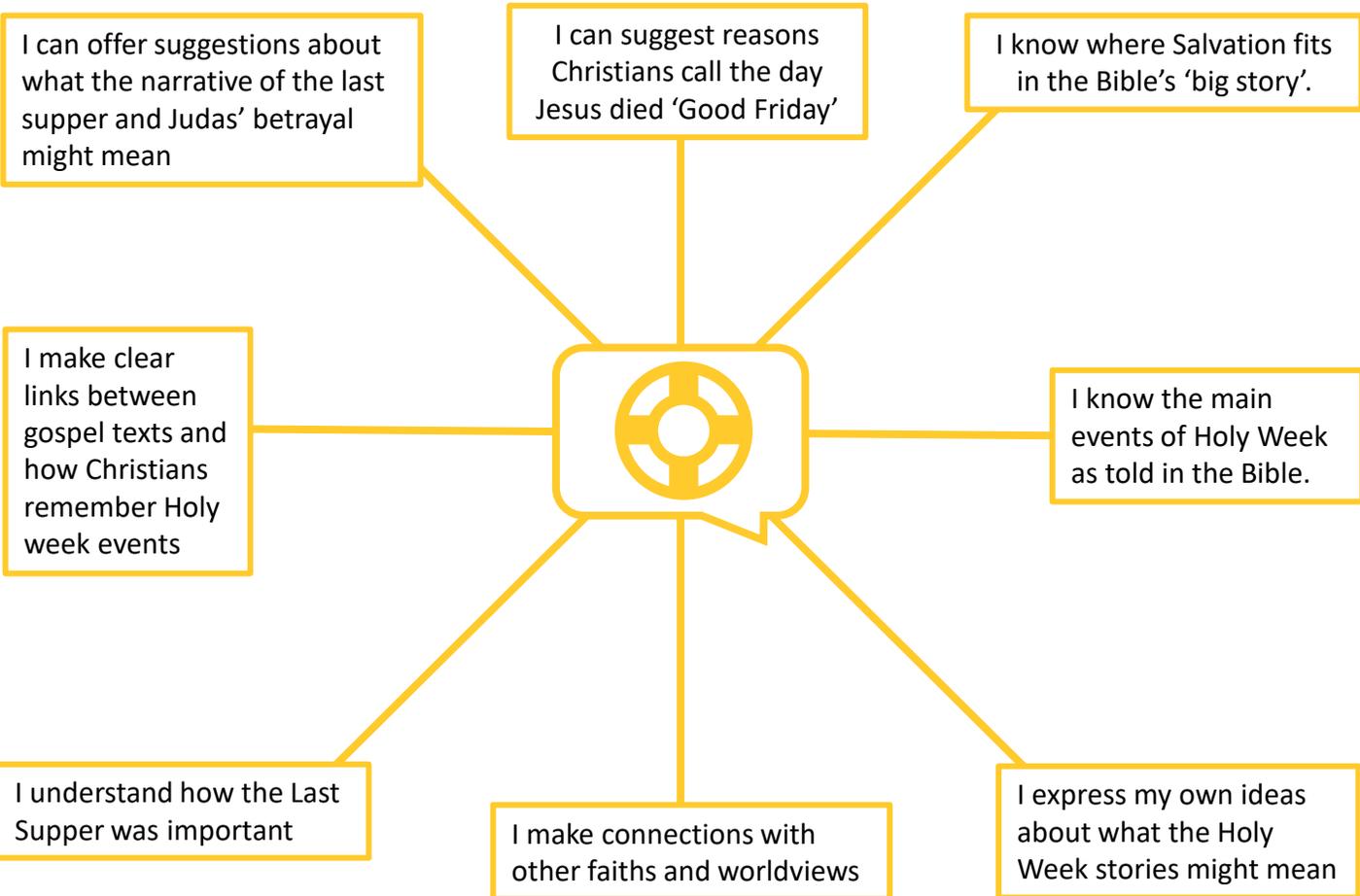
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Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



# Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'? (Deeper)

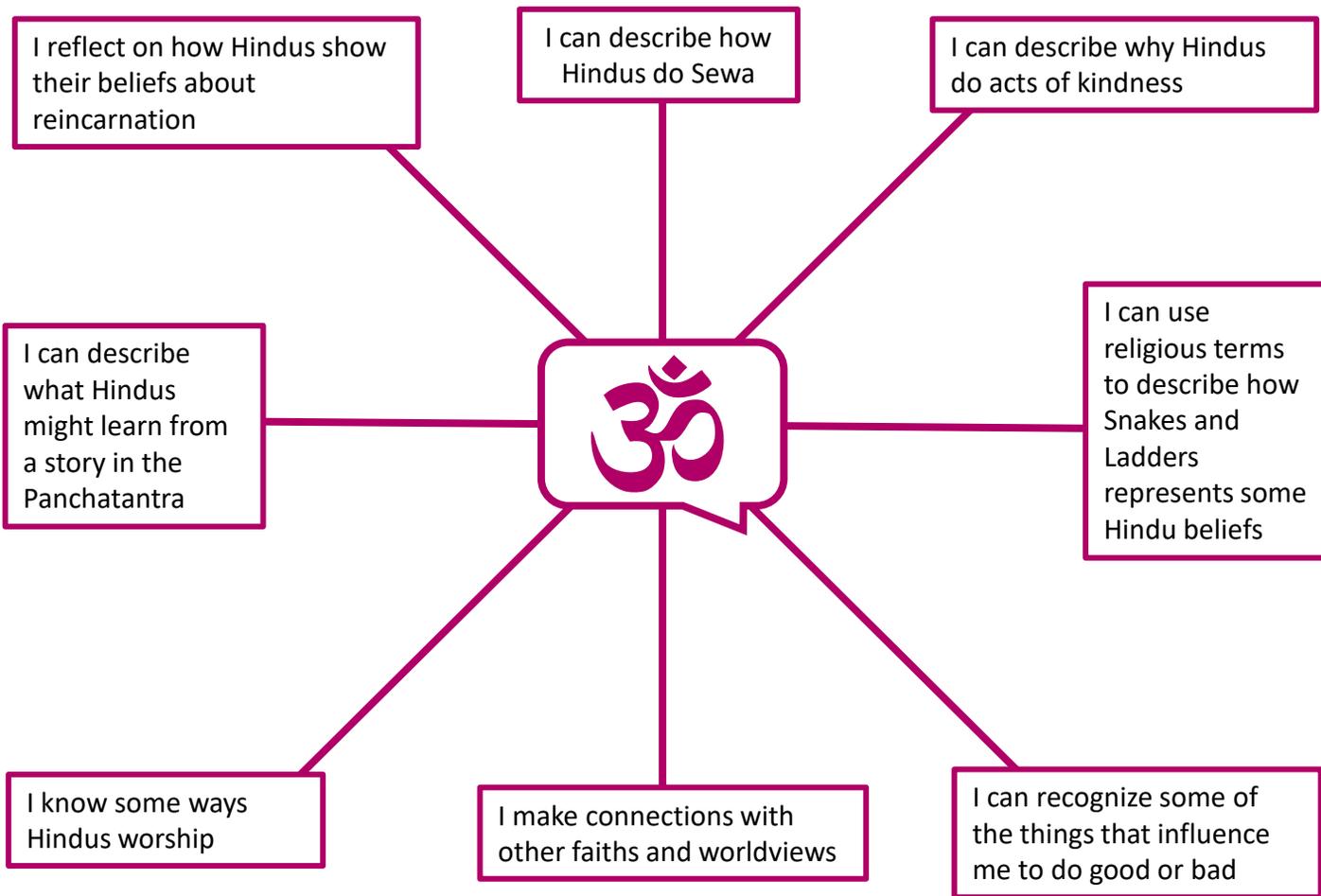


-  **salvation** being rescued by God from sin and its consequences
-  **Gospel** a record of Jesus' life/teaching, the first 4 books of the New Testament
-  **synoptic** the gospels of Matthew, Mark and Luke are called the synoptic gospels because they have many of the same stories
-  **sin** an act of wrongdoing against God's law
-  **resurrection** Jesus coming back from the dead
-  **forgiveness** choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have
-  **heaven** where Christians believe they will be when they die, with God
-  **lent** A time of preparing (getting ready) for Easter
-  **Easter** the events around the death and resurrection of Jesus





# Why does a Sanatani/Hindu want to collect good karma?



-  **Aum** sacred sound/symbol for Sanatani (Hindus) sometimes written 'om'
-  **Brahman** For Sanatani (Hindus), Brahman is the Ultimate Reality. Brahman is beyond human understanding and often shown using the aum symbol
-  **atman** the spark of Brahman inside each animal/human being (*jiva*)
-  **mandir** a Sanatan/Hindu place for worship
-  **karma** actions and the results of the actions themselves
-  **sewa** serving others in a variety of ways without any reward or personal gain
-  **Panchatantra** a collection of ancient Indian animal fables
-  **samsara** the process of life, death and rebirth / reincarnation
-  **moksha** ultimate enlightenment, the end of the death and rebirth cycle
-  **chitram moksha** the game of snakes and ladders



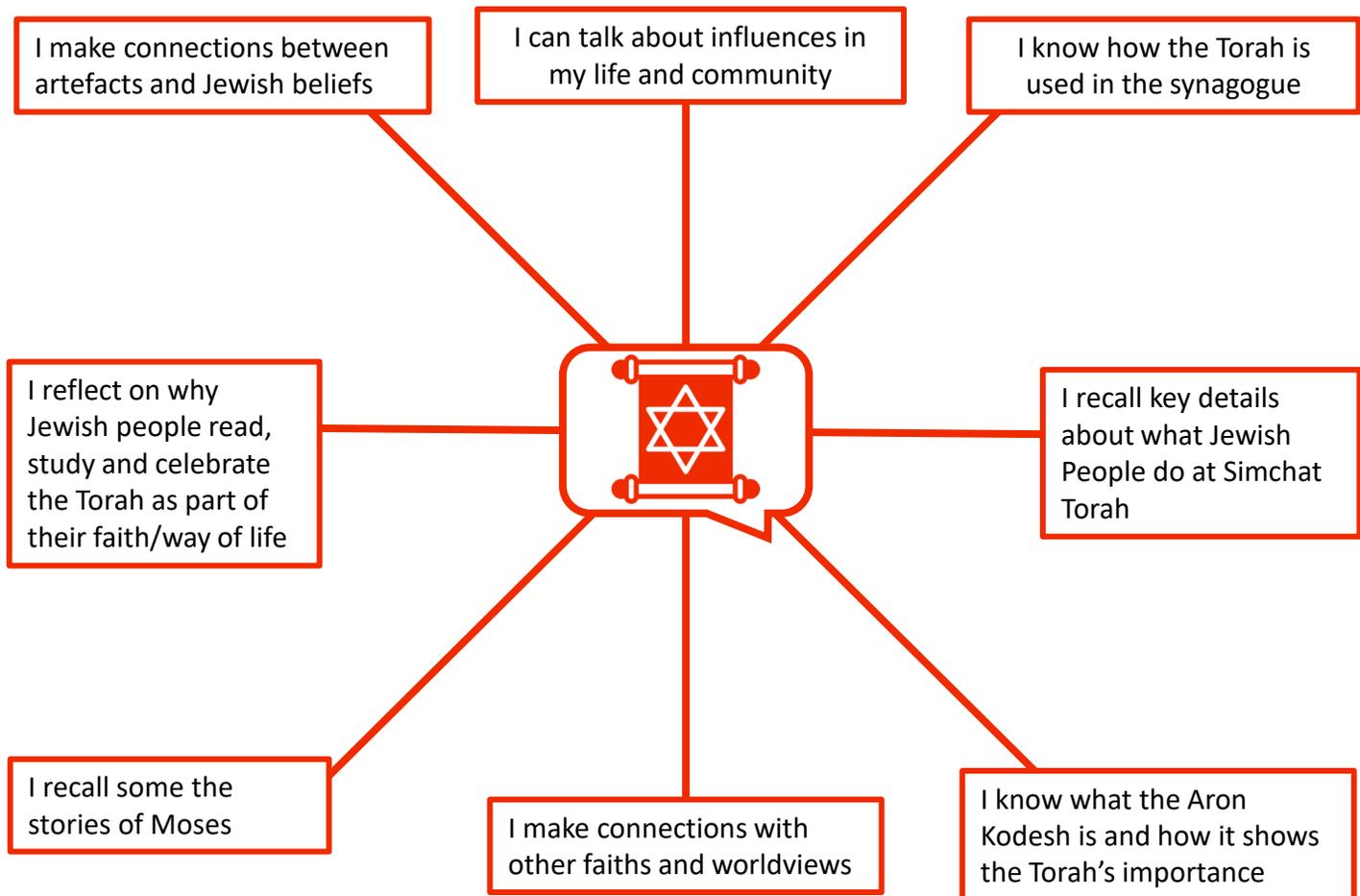
# Why does a Sanatani/Hindu want to collect good karma?

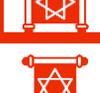
Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# Why is the Torah such a joy for the Jewish Community?



- 
**Jewish** some families are Jewish. Jewish people believe in G-d and follow a book called the Torah.
- 
**synagogue** a place for Jewish worship, study and community
- 
**Torah** the first part of the Jewish Bible. A very important text for Jewish people containing G-d's rules.
- 
**Simchat Torah** a joyous holiday that celebrates the Jewish love of Torah. It marks the end of the annual cycle of weekly Torah readings and the beginning of the new cycle.
- 
**Bimah** Where the Torah scroll is placed ready for reading
- 
**Mezuzah** a decorative case fixed to the entrance of a Jewish home containing some of the Torah which reminds people to love G-d and follow his commandments.
- 
**Holy Ark (Aron Kodesh)** The cupboard where the Torah scrolls are kept in a synagogue
- 
**Hebrew** the language of the Torah



# Why is the Torah such a joy for the Jewish Community?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



*"Exploring religion and belief in the modern world – joyfully, creatively and confidently."*



# Year 5

The posters are arranged horizontally and each contains the following information:

- Christianity:** Central symbol is a cross. Text includes 'What does it mean if God is loving and holy?', 'How does the Bible describe God?', and 'What are the main beliefs of Christians?'.
- Islam:** Central symbol is a crescent moon and star. Text includes 'What does the story of Hajj and the Hajjra Mosque in Mecca tell us about Islam?', 'What are the main beliefs of Muslims?', and 'What are the Five Pillars of Islam?'.
- Judaism:** Central symbol is a Star of David. Text includes 'How can following God bring freedom and justice?', 'What are the main beliefs of Jews?', and 'What is the significance of the Torah?'.
- Hinduism:** Central symbol is an Om symbol. Text includes 'What does the story of Rama and the Ramayana tell us about Hinduism?', 'What are the main beliefs of Hindus?', and 'What is the significance of the caste system?'.
- Buddhism:** Central symbol is a Dharma Wheel. Text includes 'What does the teaching of the guru mean for Buddhists?', 'What are the main beliefs of Buddhists?', and 'What is the significance of the Four Noble Truths?'.
- Jainism:** Central symbol is a Jain Om symbol. Text includes 'What does the teaching of the guru mean for Jains?', 'What are the main beliefs of Jains?', and 'What is the significance of the Five Great Vows?'.

“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”



# What does it mean if God is loving and holy?



I can present different views about what God is like within Christianity

I weigh up how biblical ideas and teaching about God might make a difference in the world today

I understand that Christians see God as omnipotent, omniscient and eternal

I understand some ways that Christians respond to God's characteristics

I identify different types of Biblical text using accurate technical terms

I can explain why Christians see God as both loving and holy.

I make connections with other faiths and worldviews

I explain connections between Biblical texts and Christian ideas of God



**God** supreme being; creator and ruler of the universe



**Christian** a person who believes in Christianity



**Bible** Holy book for Christians



**Psalms** a book of the Bible (and Torah) with sacred songs and hymns



**Isaiah** a prophetic book from the Old Testament



**1 John** a letter from the New Testament



**worship** Showing God honour/respect



**holy** being apart from all others; being pure; being without sin



**omnipotent** having unlimited power/potential



**omniscient** knowing everything



**eternal** lasting or existing forever; without end



**sin** an act of wrongdoing against God's law



**grace** the free and unmerited favour of God



# What does it mean if God is loving and holy?

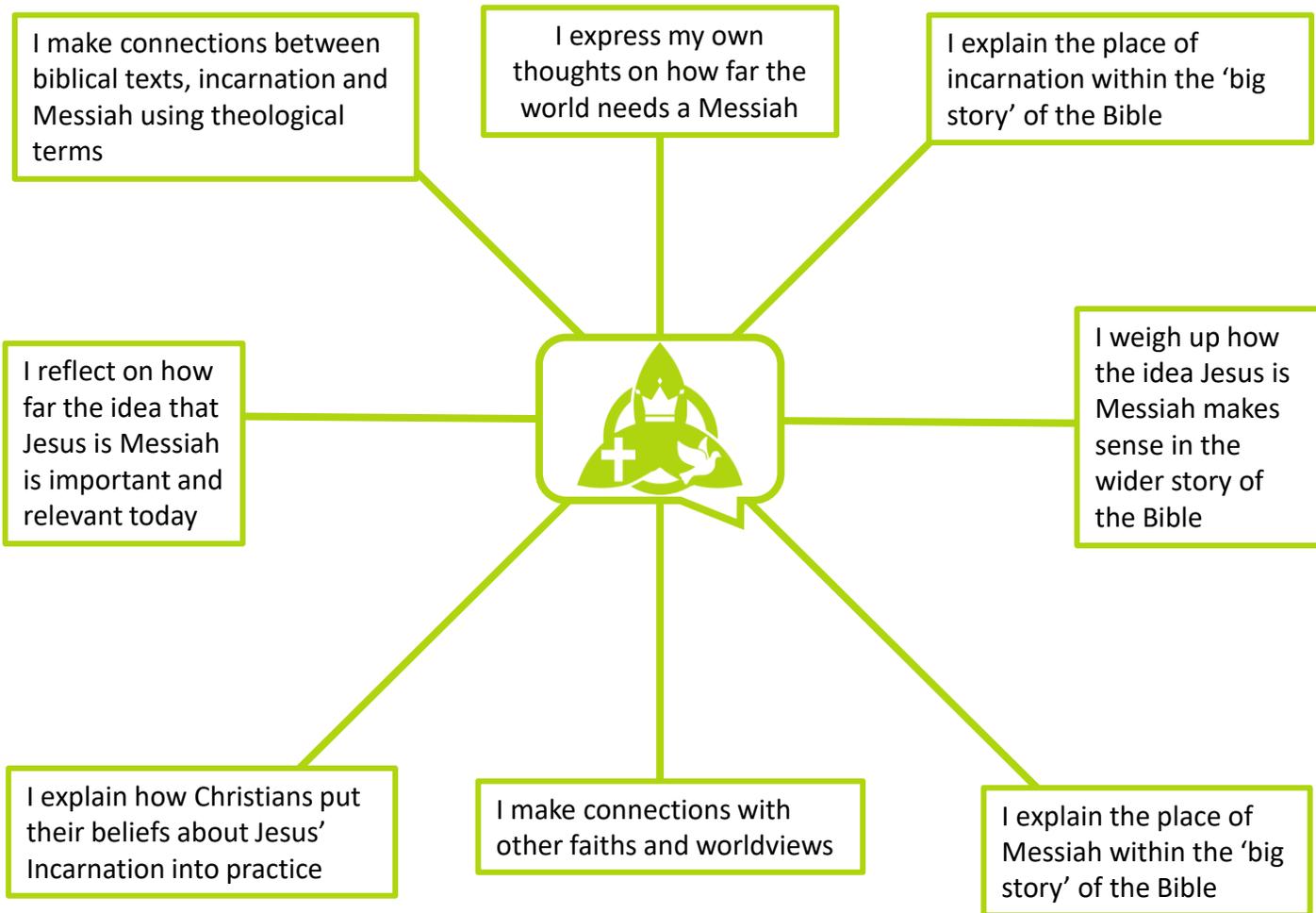
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Based on work by Pam Hook  
(HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy



# Was Jesus the Messiah?



-  **Bible** Holy book for Christians
-  **Trinity** The Christian belief there is one God; Father, Son and Holy Spirit.
-  **Nativity** the story of the birth of Jesus
-  **Gospel** a record of Jesus' life/teaching, the first 4 books of the New Testament
-  **Prophecy** A message from God. A number of books in the Bible are books of prophecy that point to a Messiah.
-  **Messiah** a saviour or liberator of a group of people.
-  **Saviour** God or Jesus Christ as the redeemer of sin and saver of souls.
-  **John** fourth book of the New Testament and a gospel
-  **Incarnation** God coming to earth in flesh as Jesus
-  **Christmas** the celebration of Jesus' birth
-  **Advent** the four Sundays and weeks before Christmas



# Was Jesus the Messiah?

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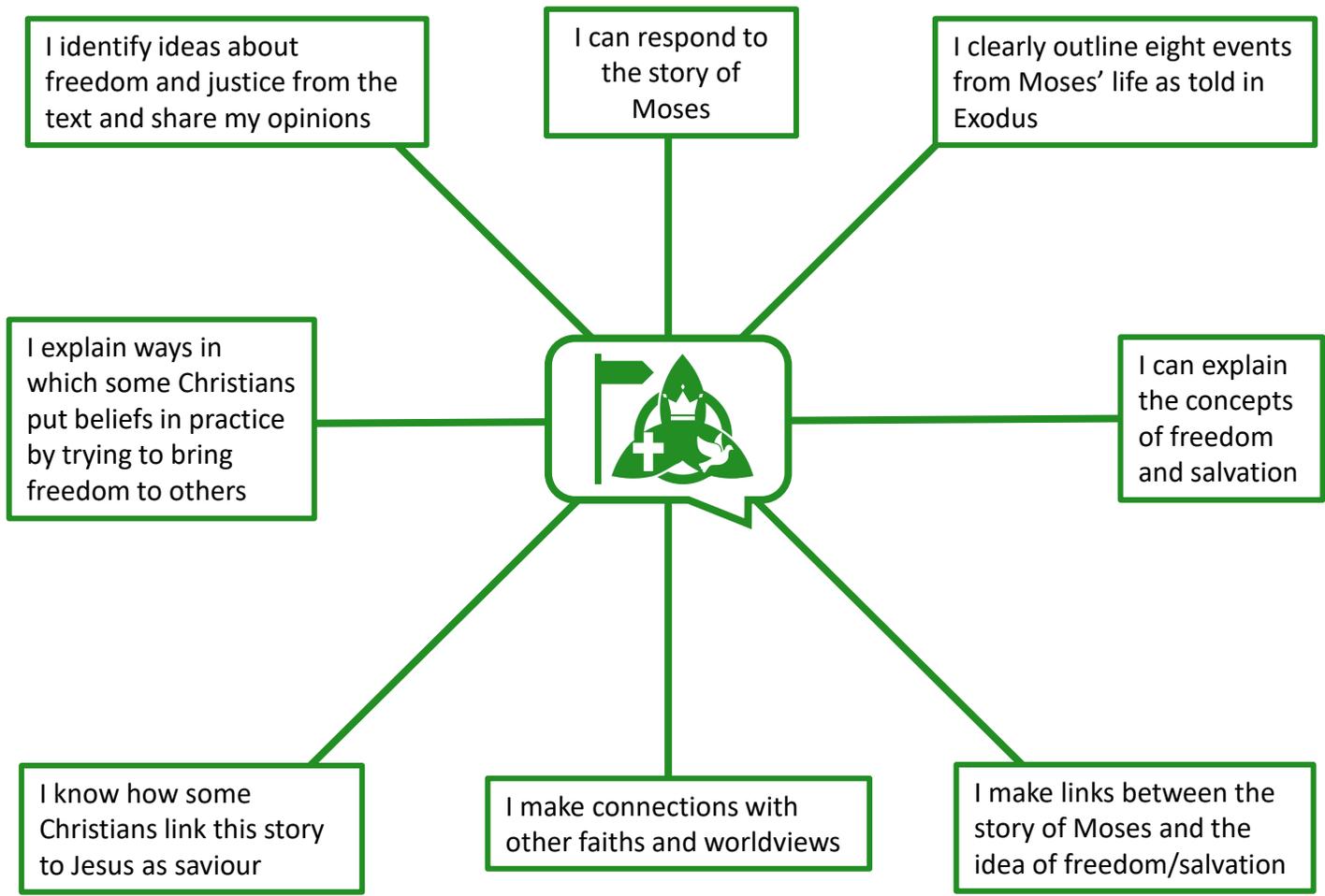


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*"Exploring religion and belief in the modern world – joyfully, creatively and confidently."*

# How can following God bring freedom and justice?

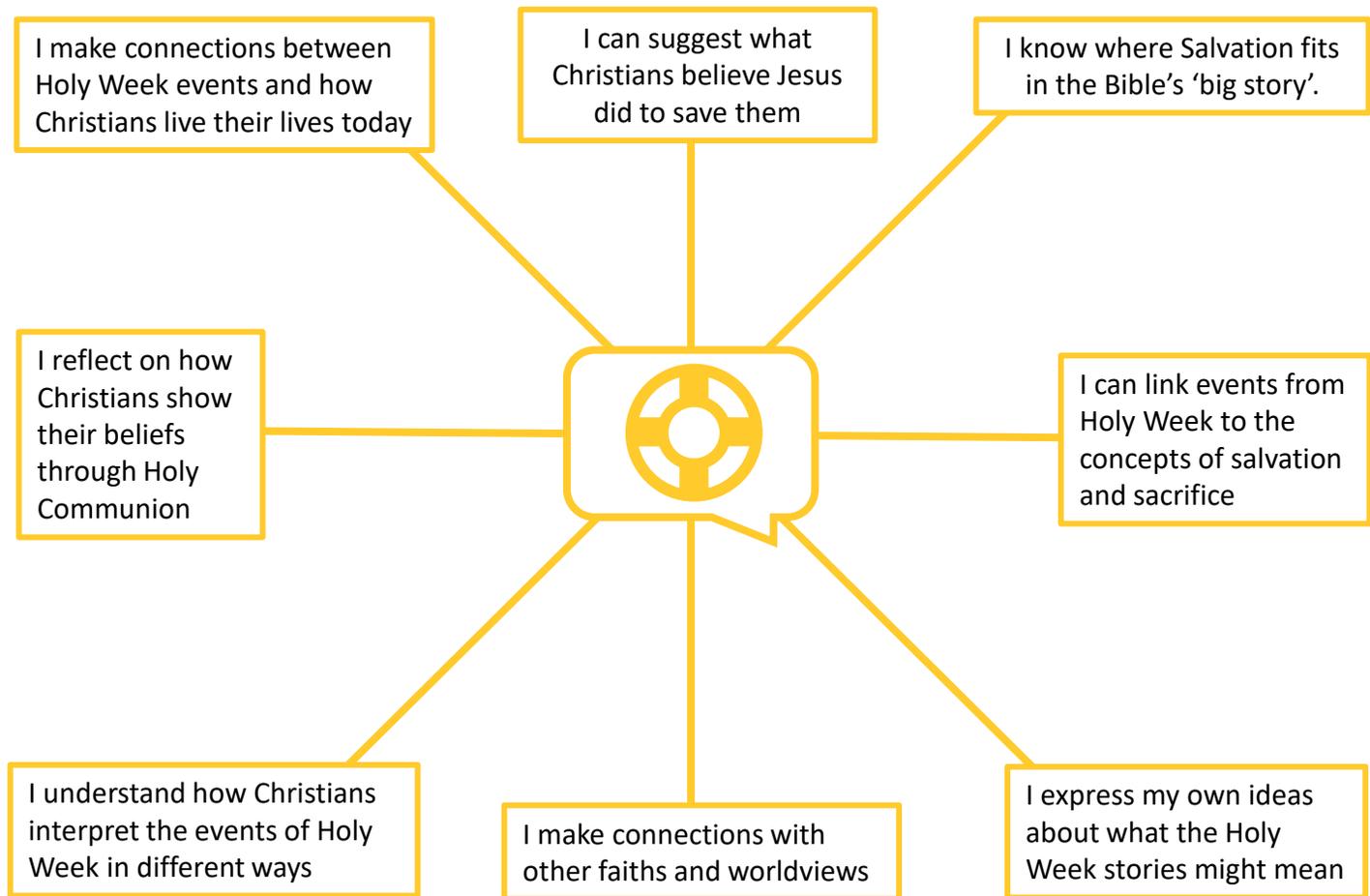


-  **Pentateuch** the first five books of the Bible and Old Testament (Torah)
-  **covenant** a formal agreement/promise
-  **promise** an assurance that someone will try their best to do something
- Exodus** the second book of the Bible (and the Torah)
-  **People of God** another name for the children of Israel
-  **Israel** Jacob was given this name after wrestling with an angel, the nation that descended from him took its name from him
-  **justice** to make something right; to bring equity and equality
-  **freedom** being free to act/speak/think without hindrance or restraint
-  **salvation** being rescued by God from sin and its consequences





# What did Jesus do to save human beings?



-  **salvation**      being rescued by God from sin and its consequences
-  **Gospel**      a record of Jesus' life/teaching, the first 4 books of the New Testament
-  **sacrifice**      giving up someone/something for someone/something else
-  **resurrection**      Jesus coming back from the dead
-  **forgiveness**      choosing to let go of anger or bad feelings towards someone who did something they shouldn't have
-  **Holy Communion**      a service of Christian worship with bread and wine
-  **interpretation**      a way of explaining the meaning of something
-  **worship**      showing God honour/respect



# What did Jesus do to save human beings?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.

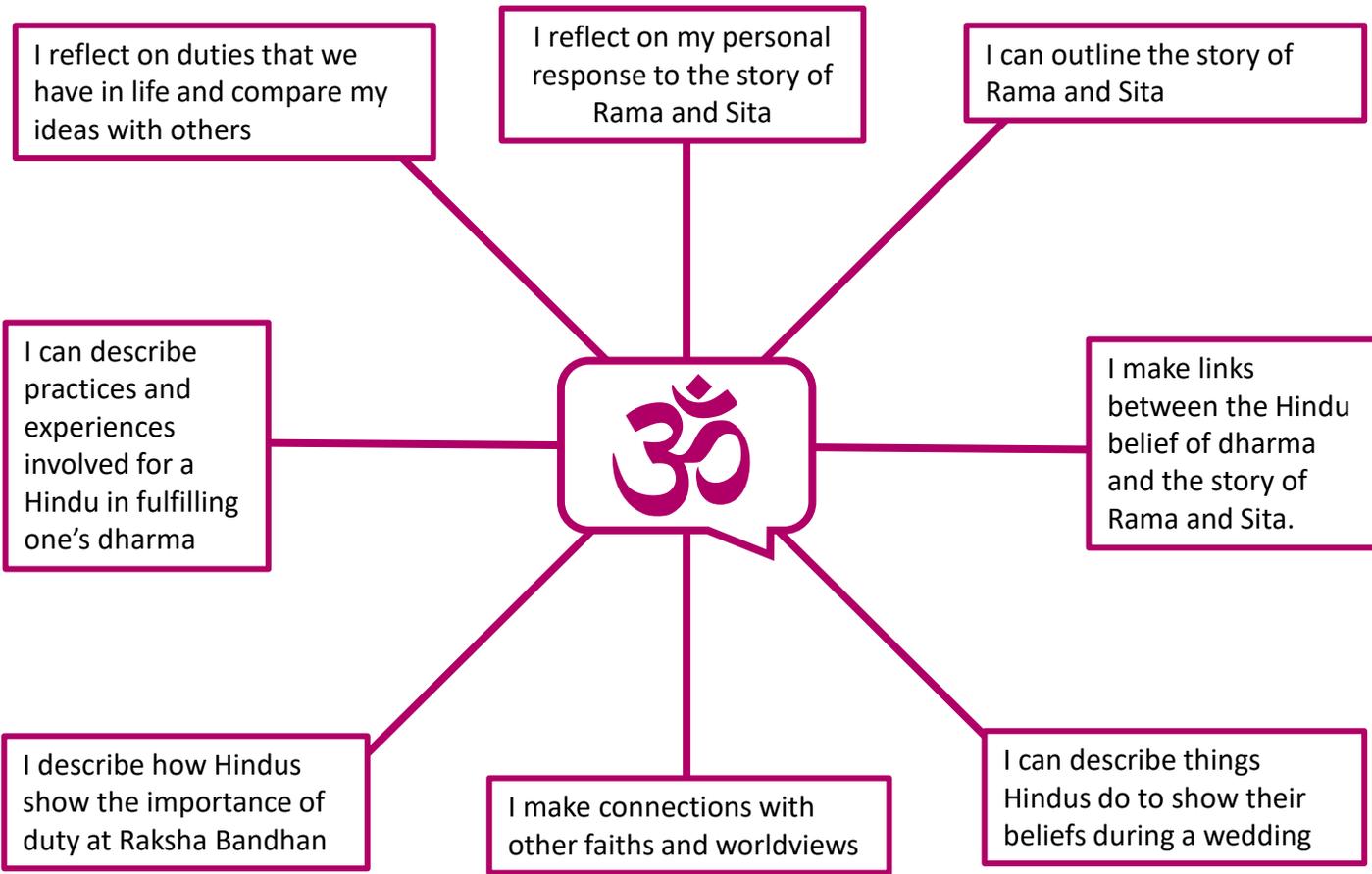


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*"Exploring religion and belief in the modern world – joyfully, creatively and confidently."*

# How does the story of Rama and Sita inspire Hindus to follow their dharma?

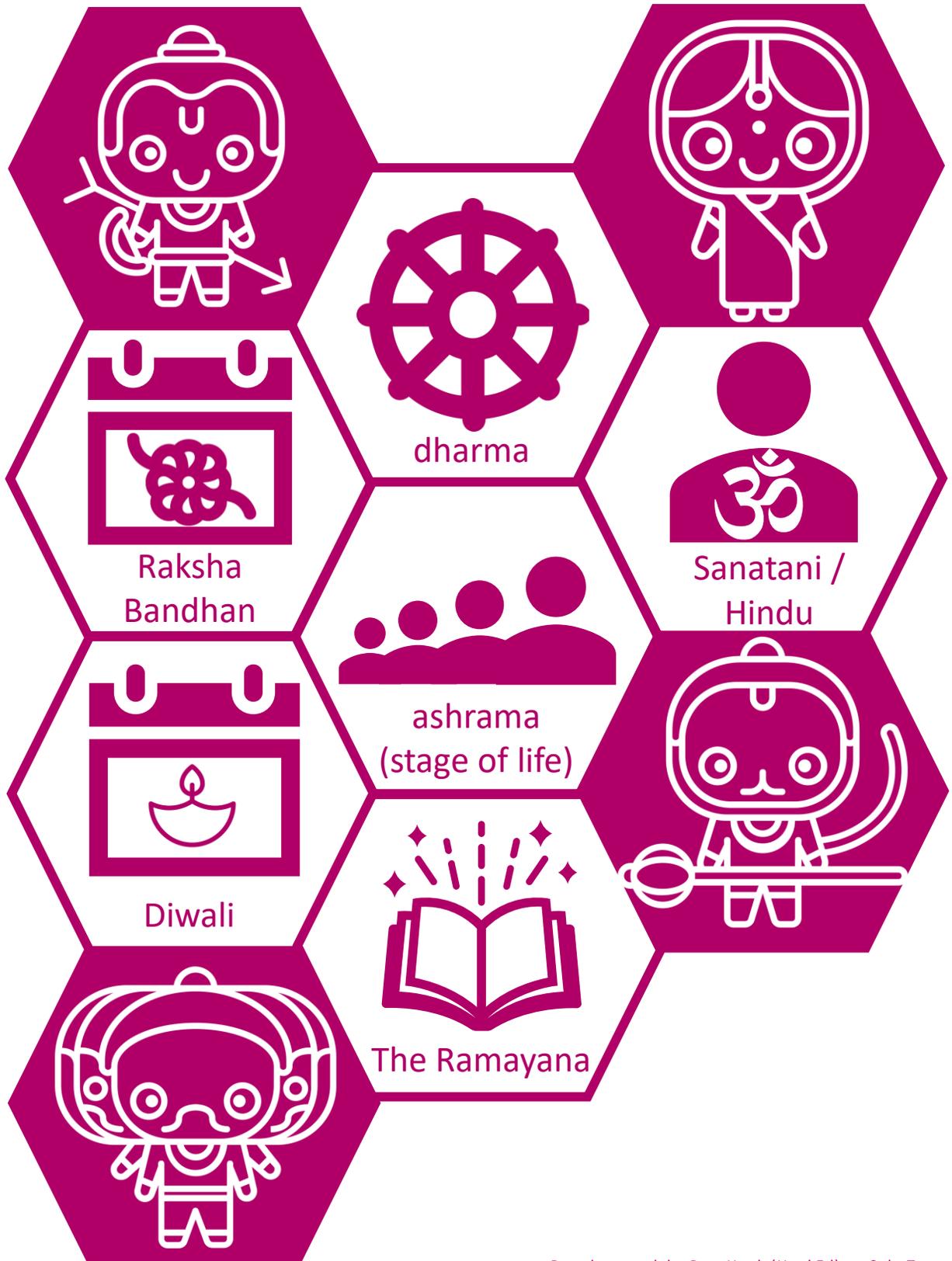


	<b>dharma</b>	this means duty, like playing an important part. Doing your duty.
	<b>Raksha Bandhan</b>	a Hindu/Sanatani festival celebrating sibling sand the love and duty between them.
	<b>murti</b>	an image, statue or idol of a deity in Hindu culture
	<b>ashrama</b>	the four stages of life, traditionally: student, householder, retired, renunciation
	<b>divas</b>	an oil lamp made from clay used during Diwali
	<b>Diwali</b>	a Sanatani/Hindu festival of new beginnings and the triumph of good over evil and light over darkness
	<b>Ramayana</b>	an epic story of over 25,000 verses that
	<b>rakhi</b>	traditionally, a bracelet made of interwoven red and gold thread



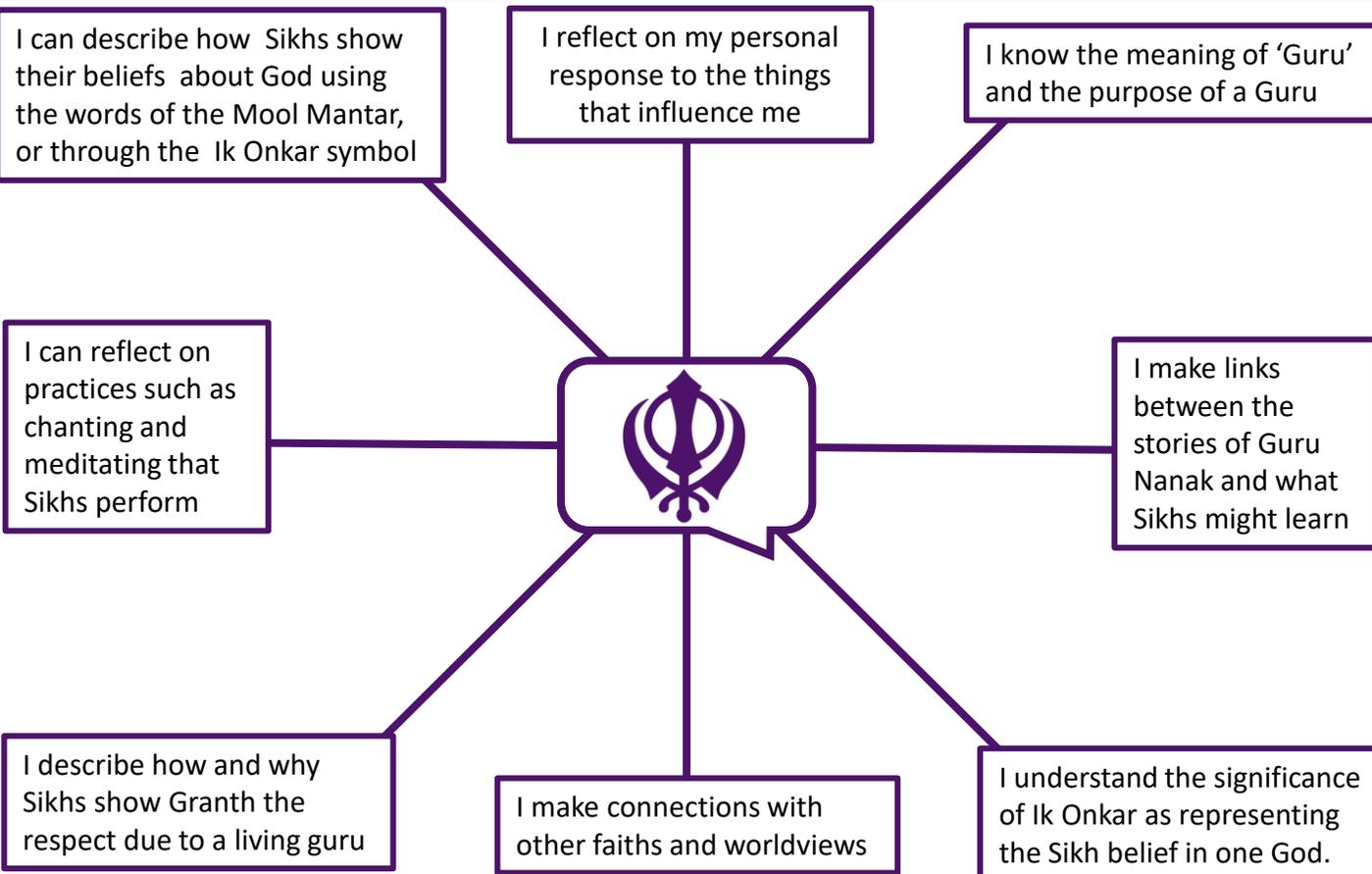
# How does the story of Rama and Sita inspire Hindus to follow their dharma?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy

# How does the teaching of the gurus move Sikhs from dark to light?



- 
**Sikhi** Based on the belief in One God, the Sikh religion recognizes the equality of all human beings. Sikhism is a western term to describe this religion.
- 
**Sikh** Sikh (pronounced 'seek' in Britain but 'sic' is more accurate) means learner, disciple or follower of the Gurus.
- 
**Guru** For Sikhs this term means a teacher who gives guidance from God. The word Guru is composed of two terms: GU means darkness and RU- means Light. A guru is Human in form, divine (of God) in spirit.
- 
**Guru Nanak** The founder Guru of Sikhism regarded as the embodiment of Divine Light.
- 
**Guru Granth Sahib** The final Sikh Guru in the form of a book of hymns and prayers written by the gurus. Given the same respect as a living human Guru.
- 
**Waheguru** God has many names in Sikhism and Waheguru is probably the most important and most common
- 
**Ik Onkar** The fundamental Sikhi belief that, "There is only one God"
- 
**Gurdwara** A place of worship for a Sikh (Gurdwara means 'door to the Guru')



# How does the teaching of the gurus move Sikhs from dark to light?

Cut out the hexagons. Then, arrange the hexagons in sequences and groups. You should justify any connections made by annotating your links.



Based on work by Pam Hook (HookEd) on Solo Taxonomy





# Year 6

**Creativity and Science - conflicting or complementary?**

- Conflict:**
  - Creationism: the belief that life was created by God.
  - Evolution: the theory that life has developed over time through natural selection.
- Complementary:**
  - Creationism: the belief that God created the world and life.
  - Evolution: the theory that God created the world and life, and then allowed it to evolve.

**What kind of King is Jesus?**

- King of Kings:** Jesus is the King of Kings, the King of the Jews, and the King of the World.
- King of Peace:** Jesus is the King of Peace, the King of Love, and the King of Mercy.
- King of Wisdom:** Jesus is the King of Wisdom, the King of Knowledge, and the King of Truth.

**What would Jesus do?**

- Love:** Jesus would love everyone, including his enemies.
- Forgive:** Jesus would forgive everyone, including his enemies.
- Heal:** Jesus would heal everyone, including his enemies.
- Teach:** Jesus would teach everyone, including his enemies.

**What difference does the resurrection of Jesus make for Christians?**

- Hope:** The resurrection of Jesus gives Christians hope for the future.
- Love:** The resurrection of Jesus shows Christians that God loves them.
- Life:** The resurrection of Jesus shows Christians that there is life after death.

**How do Christians put their beliefs about equality into practice?**

- Equality:** Christians believe that all people are created equal and should be treated equally.
- Justice:** Christians believe that all people should be treated justly.
- Peace:** Christians believe that all people should live in peace.

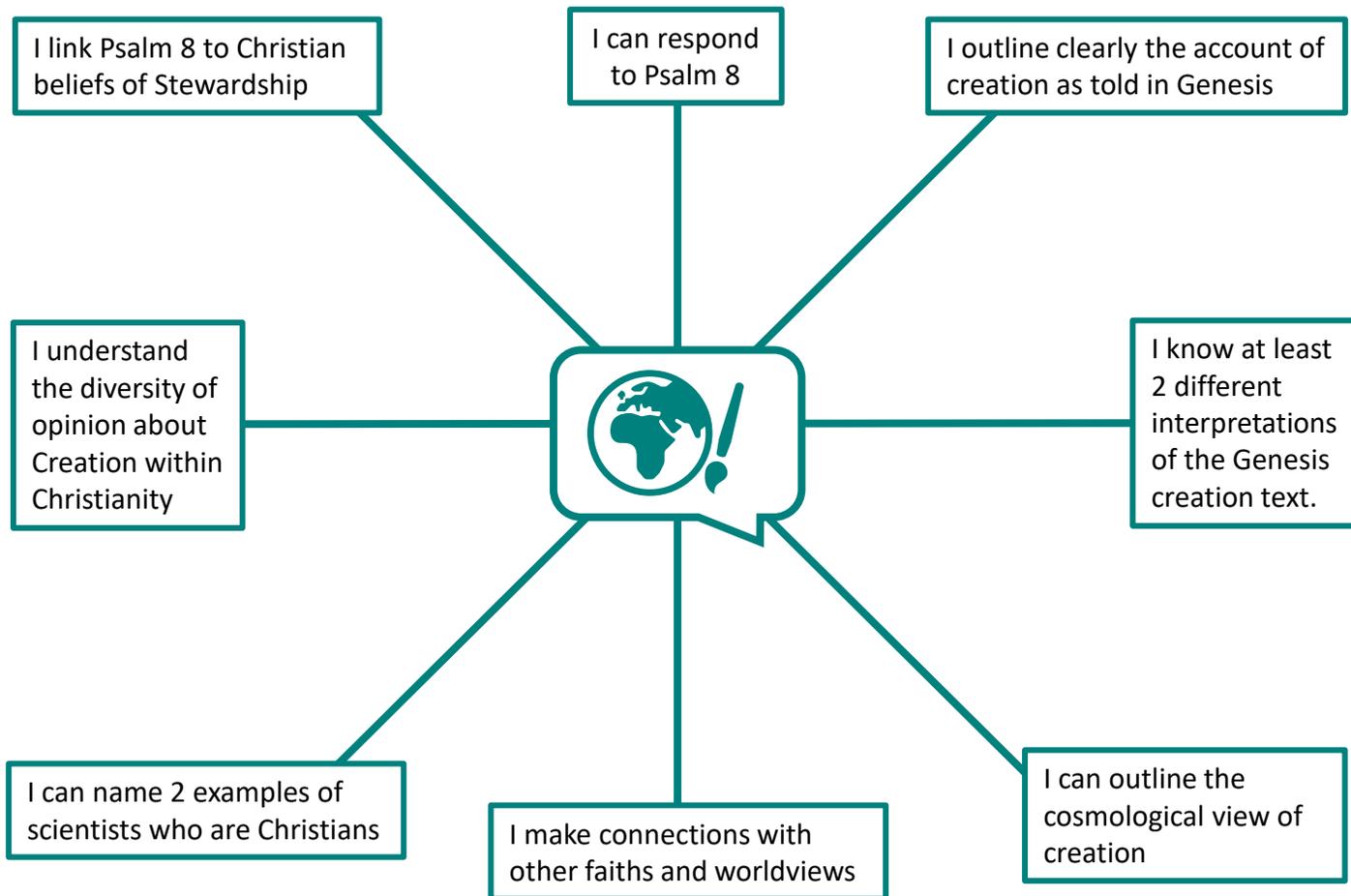
**How do Christians teach us to follow Jesus' teachings?**

- Teaching:** Christians teach us to follow Jesus' teachings through their words and actions.
- Example:** Christians teach us to follow Jesus' teachings by being good and loving people.
- Prayer:** Christians teach us to follow Jesus' teachings by praying to God.

“Exploring religion and belief in the modern world; joyfully, creatively and confidently.”



# Creation and Science: conflicting or complementary?



-  **controversy** a public disagreement or heated discussion
-  **interpretation** explaining the meaning of something
-  **creation** the action of bringing something into existence
-  **cosmology** the science behind the origin and development of the universe
-  **evolution** the process of development for living organisms
-  **Genesis** the first book of the Bible (and the Torah)
-  **Psalms** a book of the Bible (and Torah) with sacred songs and hymns
-  **conflict** to be in disagreement with something
-  **complementary** an idea or thinking that enhances another



# Creation and Science: conflicting or complementary?

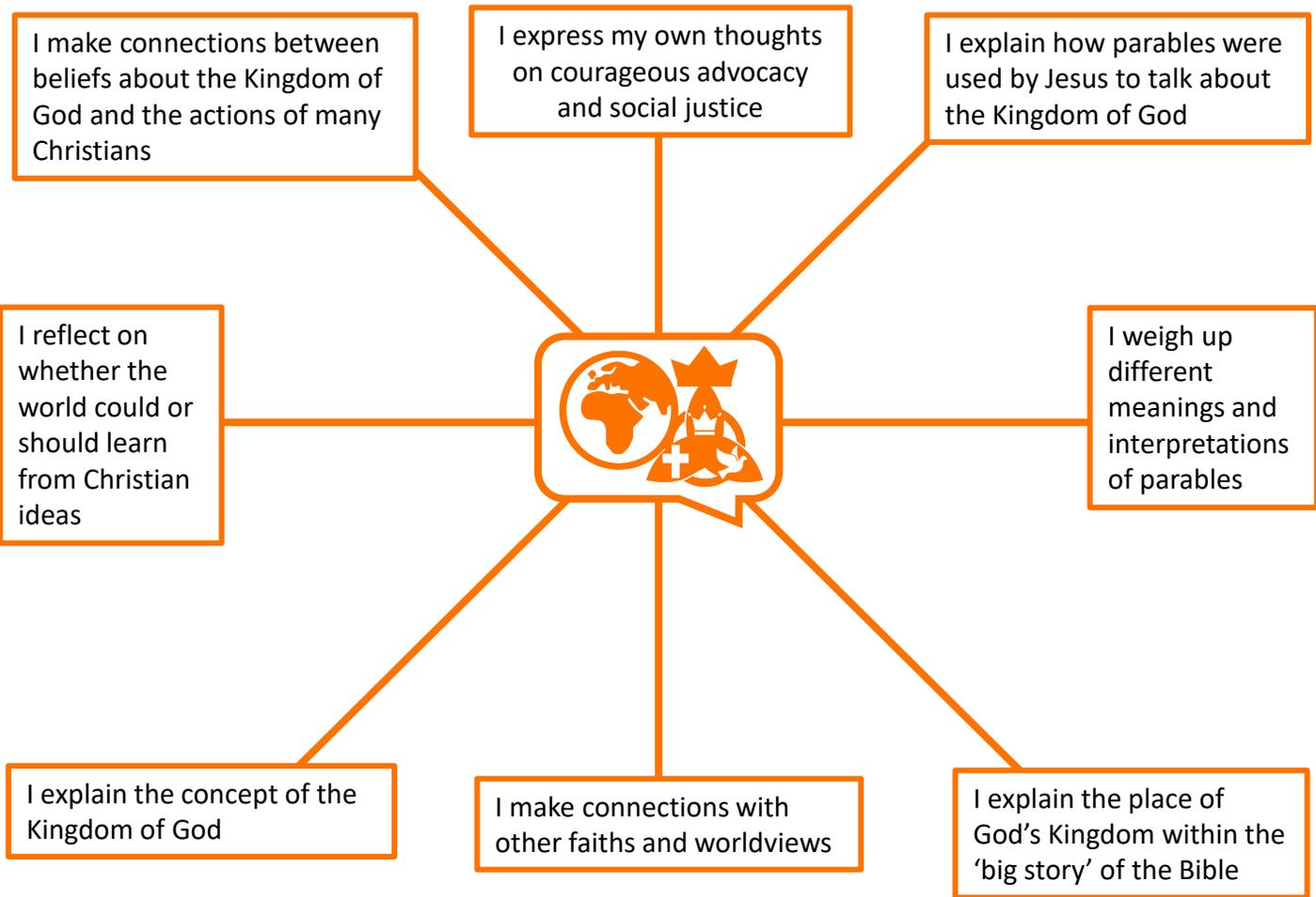
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# What kind of king is Jesus?



The Feast



The tenants in the vineyard



The unforgiving servant



**Trinity**

The Christian belief there is one God; Father, Son and Holy Spirit



**Kingdom of God**

Where God rules — not a geographical territory, but in human hearts and minds, lives and communities.



**Church**

a biblical word for assembly or gathering, regularly used to refer to the building where these meetings take place



**parable**

a story with a moral or spiritual meaning



**courageous advocacy**

the act of speaking out against an issue of injustice, often on behalf of those whose voice is not heard



**social justice**

creating a fair and equal society in which each individual matters, they have rights, and decisions made are fair and honest



# What kind of king is Jesus?

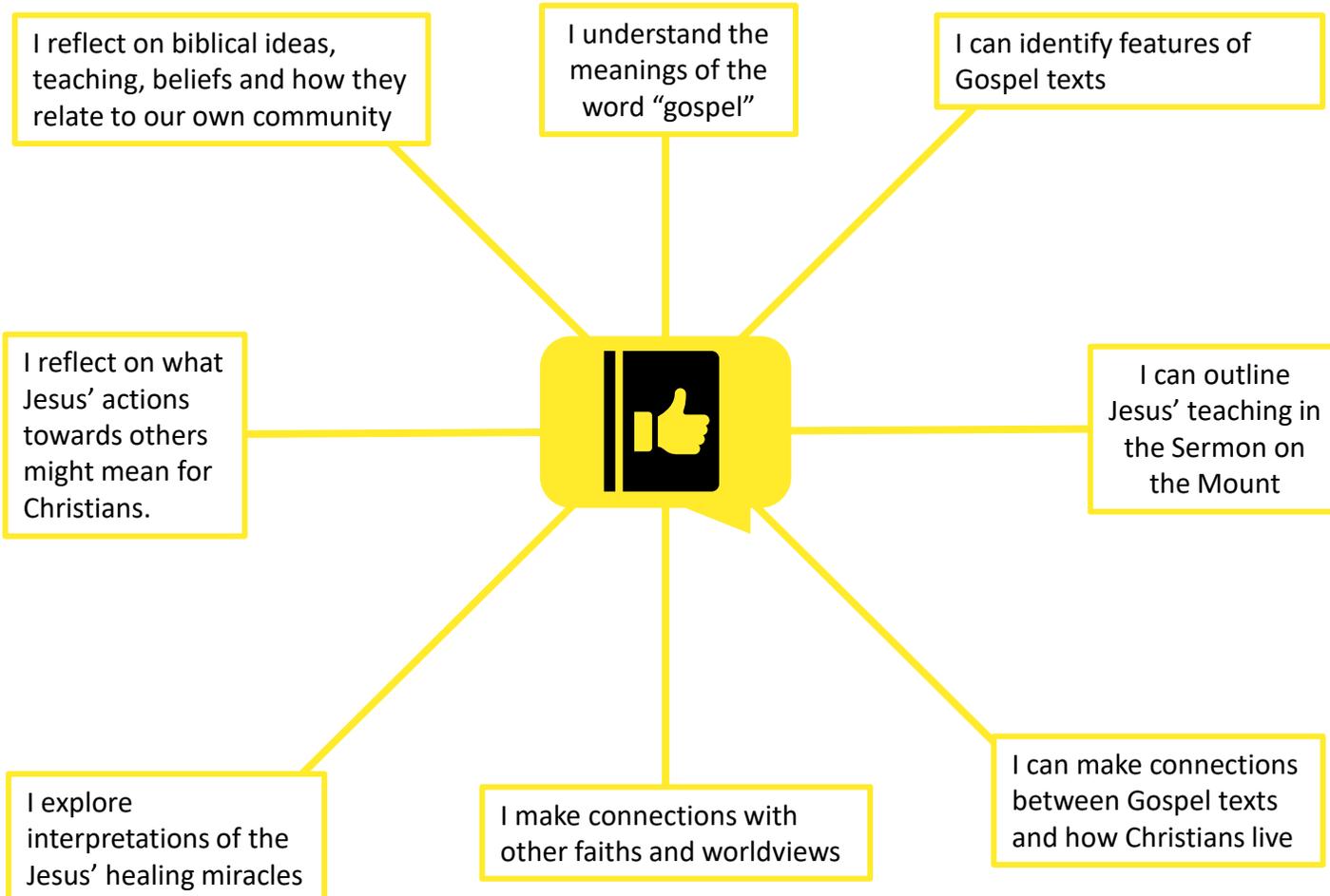
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# What would Jesus do?



Sermon on the mount



Wise and Foolish Builder



Centurion's servant

 **disciples**

Jesus' twelve special friends who followed him and his teaching (sometimes called Apostles)

 **Gospel**

meaning "Good News". A record of Jesus' life/teaching, often used to describe the first 4 books of the New Testament.

 **synoptic**

the gospels of Matthew, Mark and Luke have many of the same stories, share sequencing and wording. They are referred to as the synoptic gospels.

 **parables**

a story with a moral or spiritual meaning.

 **interpretation**

explaining the meaning of something

 **healing**

becoming better/healthy again



# What would Jesus do?

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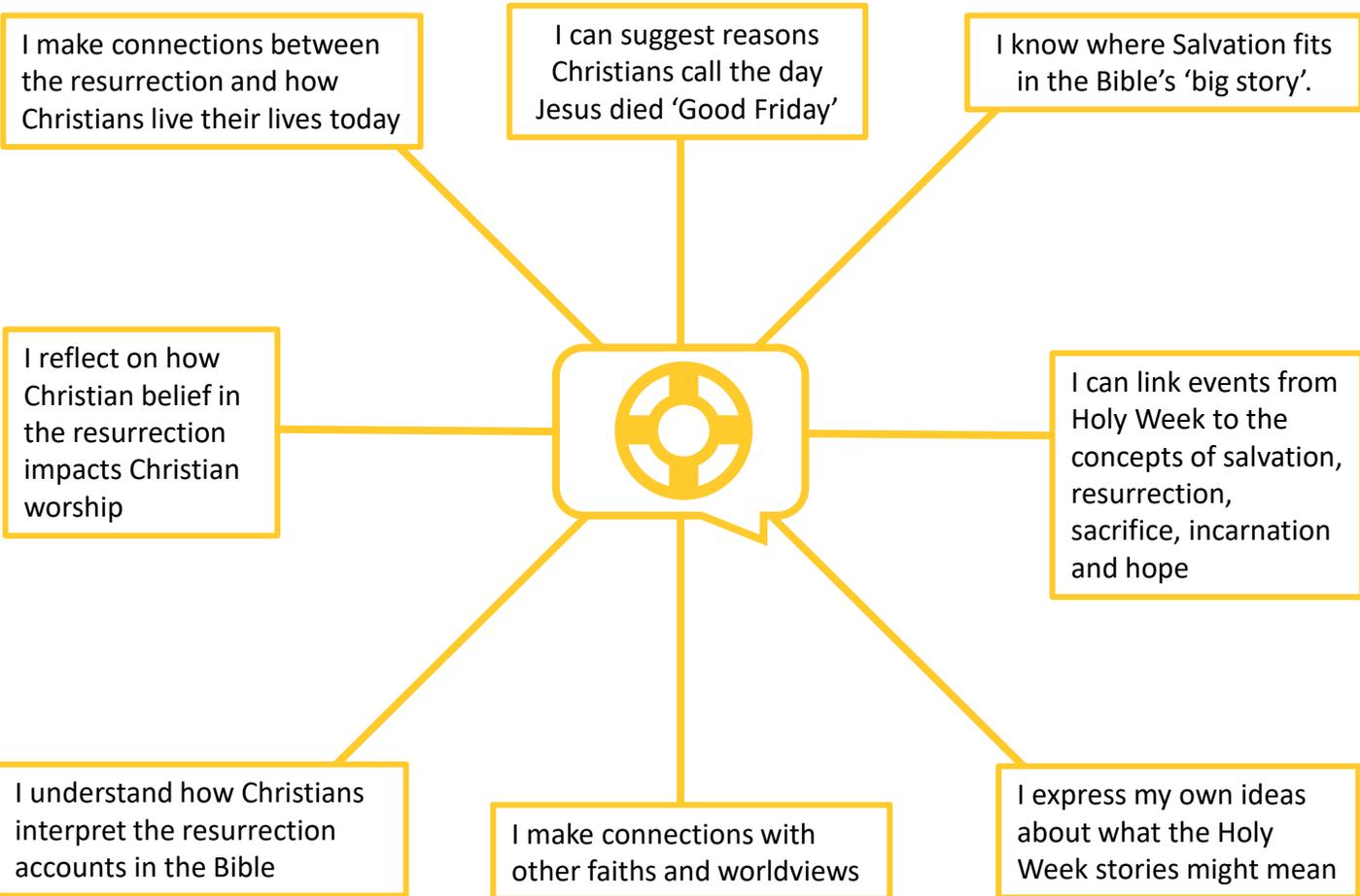


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*"Exploring religion and belief in the modern world – joyfully, creatively and confidently."*

# What difference does the resurrection of Jesus make for Christians?



-  **salvation**      being rescued by God from sin and its consequences
-  **Gospel**      a record of Jesus' life/teaching, the first 4 books of the New Testament
-  **sacrifice**      giving up someone/something for someone/something else
-  **resurrection**      Jesus coming back from the dead
-  **heaven**      Where Christians believe they will be when they die, with God
-  **Holy Communion**      a service of Christian worship with bread and wine
-  **interpretation**      a way of explaining the meaning of something
-  **worship**      showing God honour/respect



# What difference does the resurrection of Jesus make for Christians?

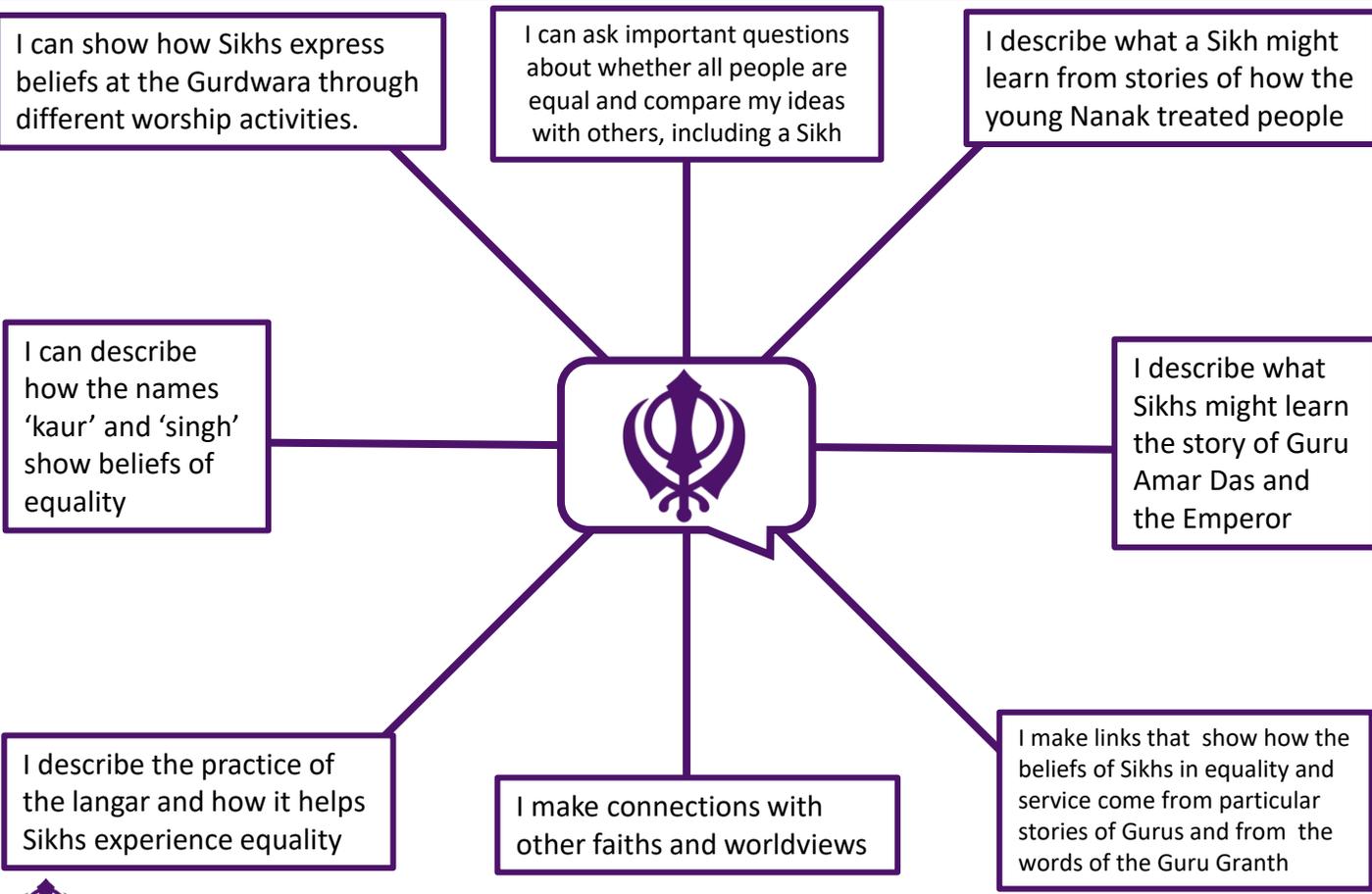
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# How do Sikhs put their beliefs about equality into practice?

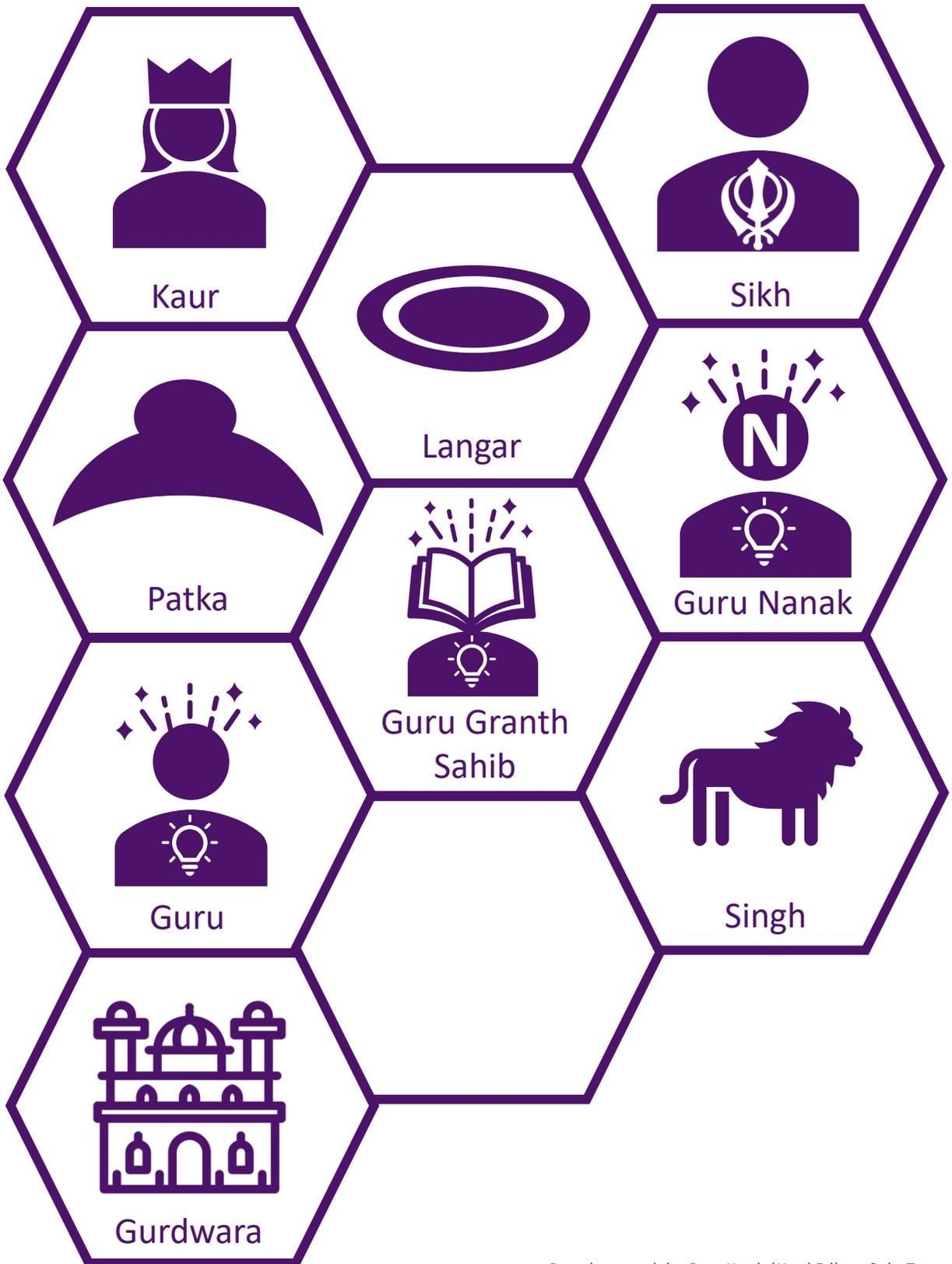


- 
**Sikhi** Based on the belief in One God, the Sikh religion recognizes the equality of all human beings. Sikhism is a western term to describe this religion.
- 
**Sikh** Sikh (pronounced 'seek' in Britain but 'sic' is more accurate) means learner, disciple or follower of the Gurus.
- 
**Guru Nanak** The founder Guru of Sikhi regarded as the embodiment of Divine Light.
- 
**Guru Granth Sahib** The final Sikh Guru in the form of a book of hymns and prayers written by the gurus. Given the same respect as a living human Guru.
- 
**Gurdwara** A place of worship and community for a Sikh (Gurdwara means 'door to the Guru') Worshipping together reminds Sikhs they are all equal.
- 
**Langar** The free kitchen at the Gurdwara where all can eat. All are expected to help serve here
- 
**Patka** a Sikh head covering worn by many Sikh children in preference to its 'bigger brother' the turban.
- 
**Singh** means 'lion' a name for all Sikh boys
- 
**Kaur** Means 'princess' a name for all Sikh girls



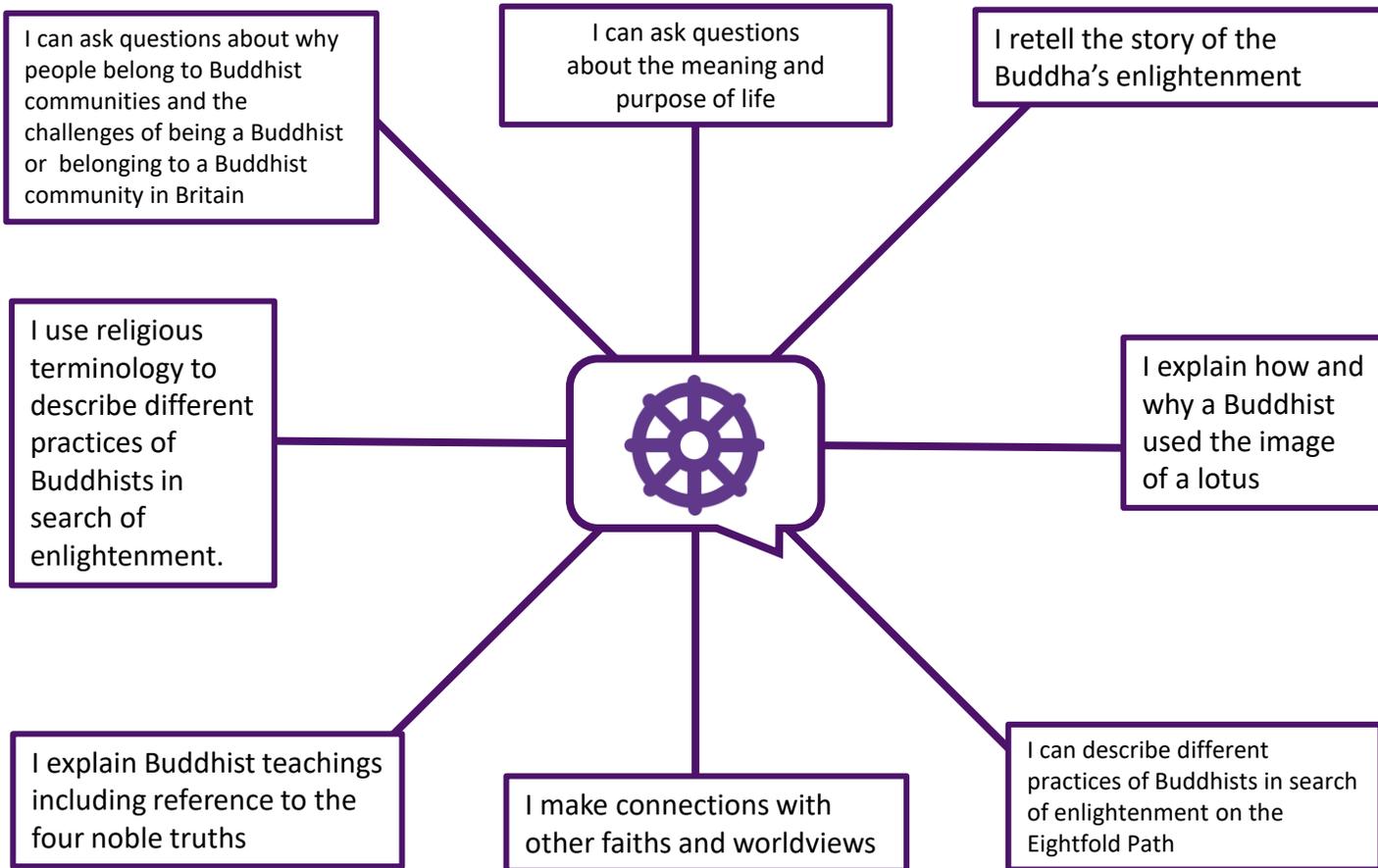
# How do Sikhs put their beliefs about equality into practice?

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# How did Buddha teach his followers to find enlightenment?



## Buddha

The Buddha (also known as Siddhartha Gotama) was a spiritual teacher who lived in Ancient India. He is revered as the founder of the world religion of Buddhism.



## enlightenment

Being fully awakened spiritually



## eightfold path

The path Buddhists follow to end suffering. The last of the four noble truths.



## Dharma wheel

The Noble Eightfold Path is often represented by means of the dharma wheel (dharmachakra).



## four noble truths

The Buddha's teaching: the truth of suffering, the truth of the cause of suffering, the truth of the end of suffering, and the truth of the path that leads to the end of suffering.



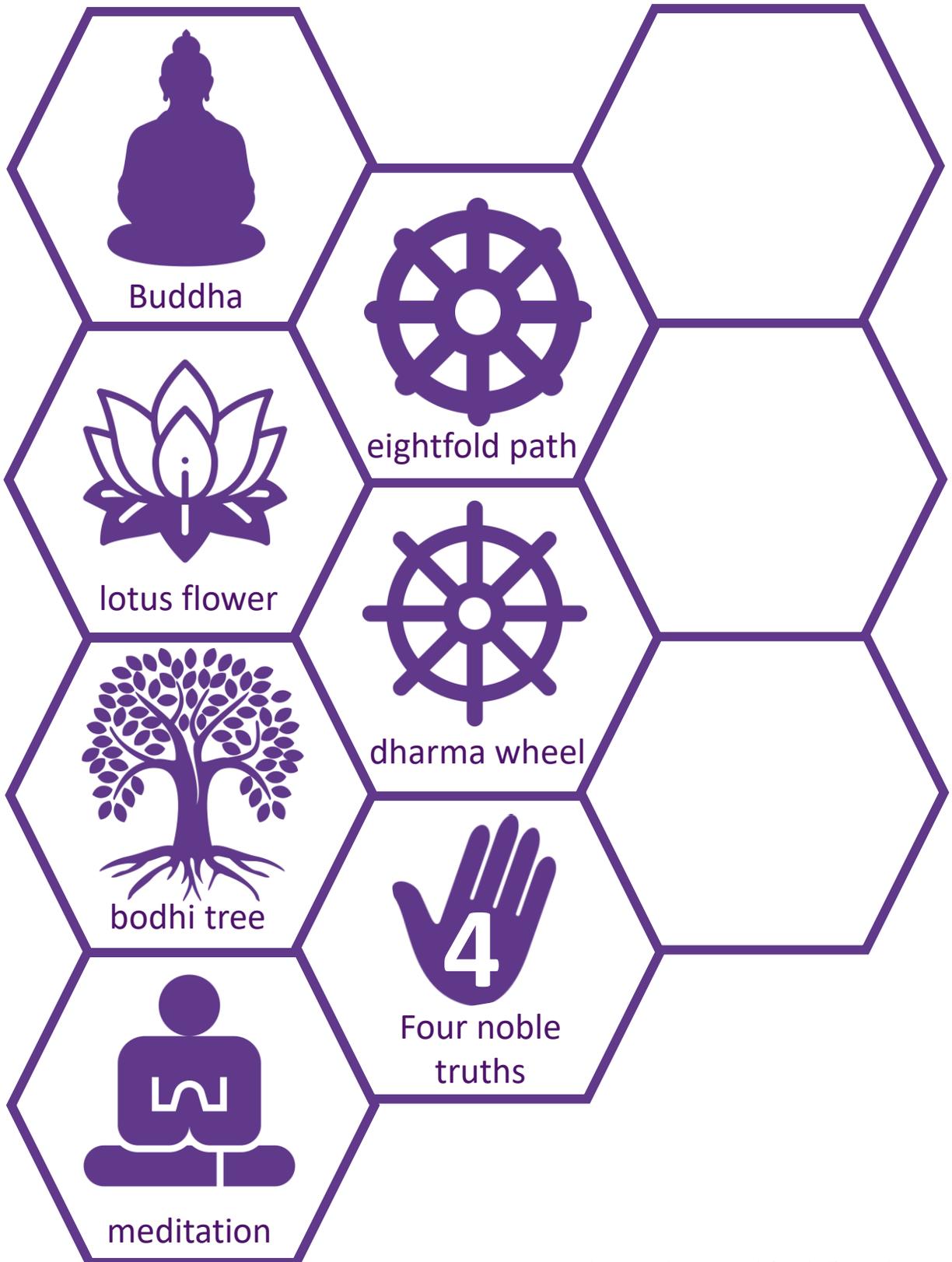
## meditation

For Buddhists, meditation is a way of taking control of the mind.



# How did Buddha teach his followers to find enlightenment?

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