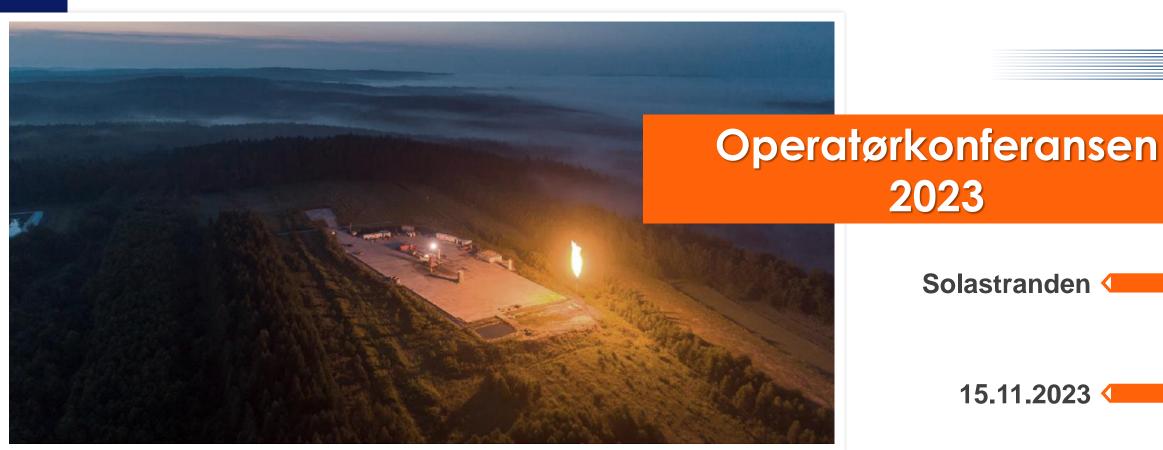
## Polskie Górnictwo Naftowe i Gazownictwo - PGNiG





## Agenda



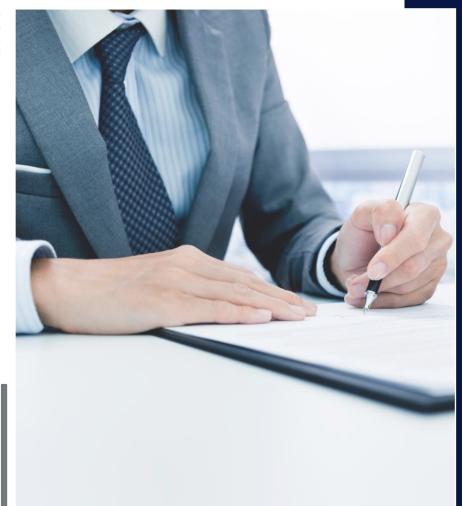
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The Big Picture Orlen Group's 2030 Strategy



The strategy of PGNiG Upstream Norway AS





#### **Disclaimer**



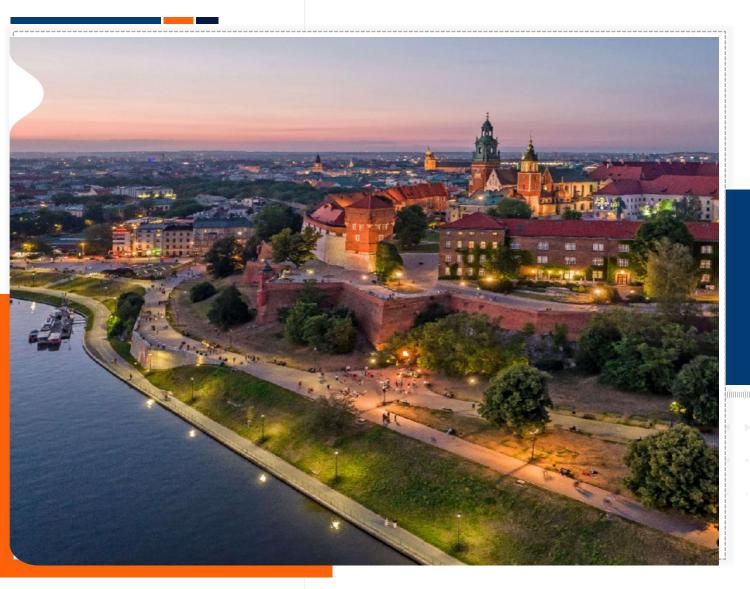
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# 1. The Big Picture

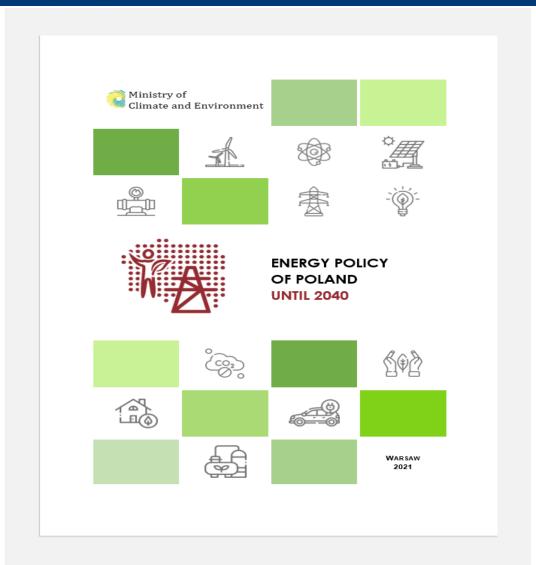


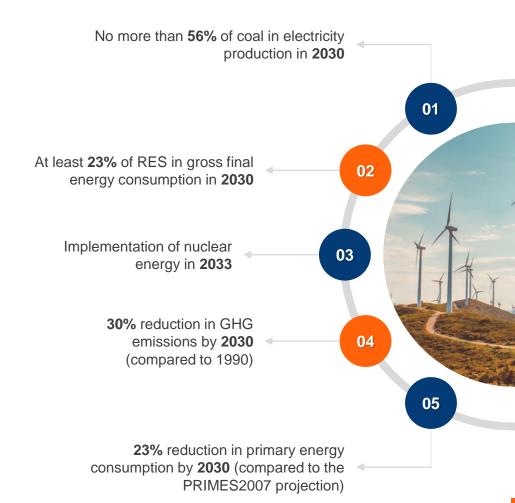
# The Energy Transition Energy Policy of Poland Until 2040 - The Polish Challenge





Poland has the highest share of coal in national energy production among European countries - in **2022** as much as **72 percent** of its electricity was generated from coal.







## The Orlen Group – 2030 strategy Adjusting strategy to the new market context



#### New configuration of the Group

Integration with Lotos Group,
PGNiG and Energa opens up new
growth opportunities

**Support for the energy transition** through coordinated transformation of a broad group of assets



#### Geopolitical changes and economic cycles

War in Ukraine and constraints on energy and commodity flows

**Disruptions on fuel and commodity markets (crude oil, gas)**; price volatility of energy and commodities



#### Long-term trends

**New regulations,** including Fit for 55, REPowerEU, RED **III** and extended EU taxonomy; rising prices of emission allowances (EUA)

New funding opportunities: (e.g. sustainable finance) while changing the availability of capital



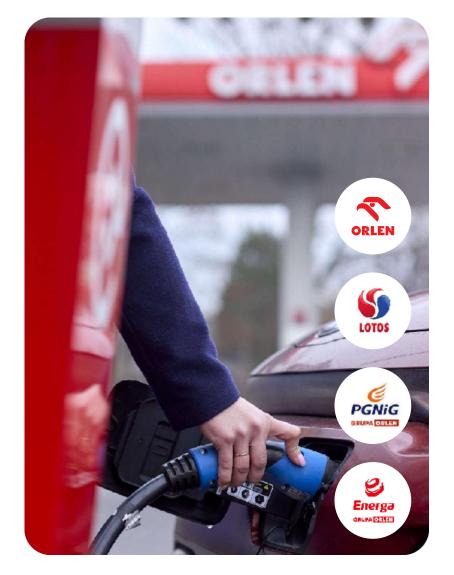
### New business opportunities

Petrochemicals: i.e. advanced recycling

**Low-carbon fuels:** biofuels and synthetic fuels

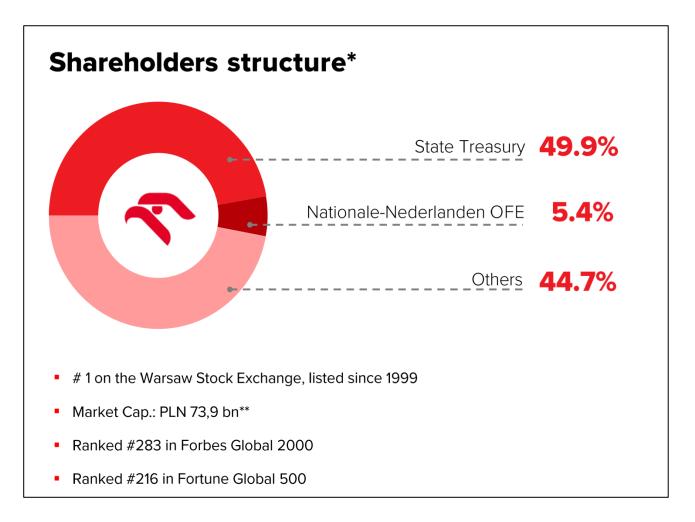
**E-mobility:** charging infrastructure

**Renewable hydrogen** in transport, industry and energy generation





# The Orlen Group – The biggest multi-utility player in Central Europe



company on Warsaw
Stock Exchange by
capitlization

1999

year listed on Warsaw Stock Exchange 16,5

bn USD capitalization as of 20.02.2023

49,9%

share of main shareholder – Polish State Treasure BBB+

Fitch rating

**A3** 

Moody's rating

64,5

thousands employees

100%

upstream market share in Poland 65%

refining market share in Poland

<sup>\*</sup> Data as of 21.06.2023 - AGM

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data as of 24.08.2023





# The Orlen Group – Decarbonization targets confirm our commitment to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050

2030 targets 2050 targets



Source: Orlen Group Climate Policy



## The Orlen Group – 2030 Strategy

Strategic logic

Business areas and key targets for 2030



Maximising performance



Refining

-42m tonnes

crude throughput capacity



Gas-fired power

~4 GW

installed CCGT capacity



uel retail

~3 500

fuel stations



Strategic development



RES

>9 GW

E-mobility

>10 000

installed capacity



**Petrochemicals** 

25%

share of advanced petrochemicals in the portfolio



**Biofuels** 

>3m tonnes

annual biofuels production



Biogas and biomethane

>1 bcm/year

biogas production



Gas upstream

~12 bcm/year

total production in Poland and abroad



Investing in the future



Renewable hydrogen

>130 k

annual renewable hydrogen production

EV charging points in Central Europe



Synthetic fuels

>/U K1

annual synthetic fuel production



SMR

300 MW

installed capacity



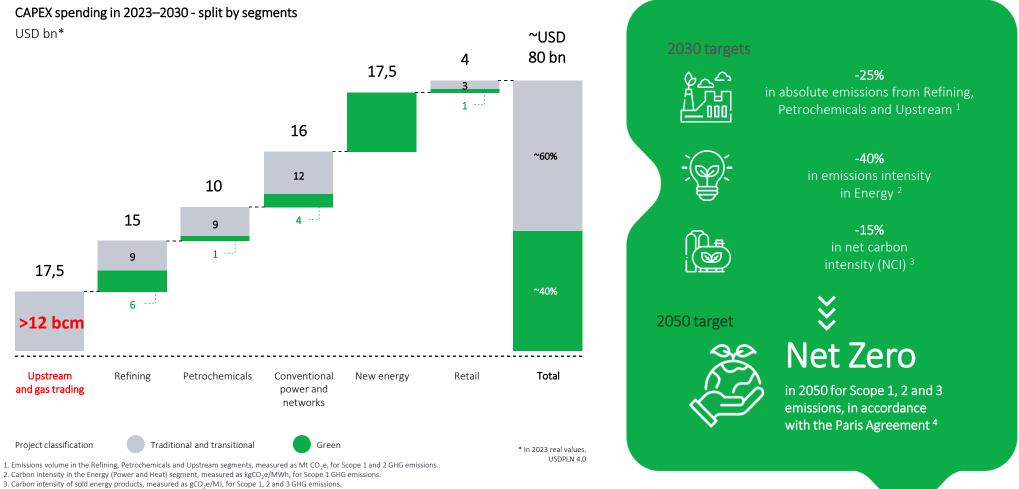
~ ccus

~3m tCO<sub>2</sub>

emissions captured annually



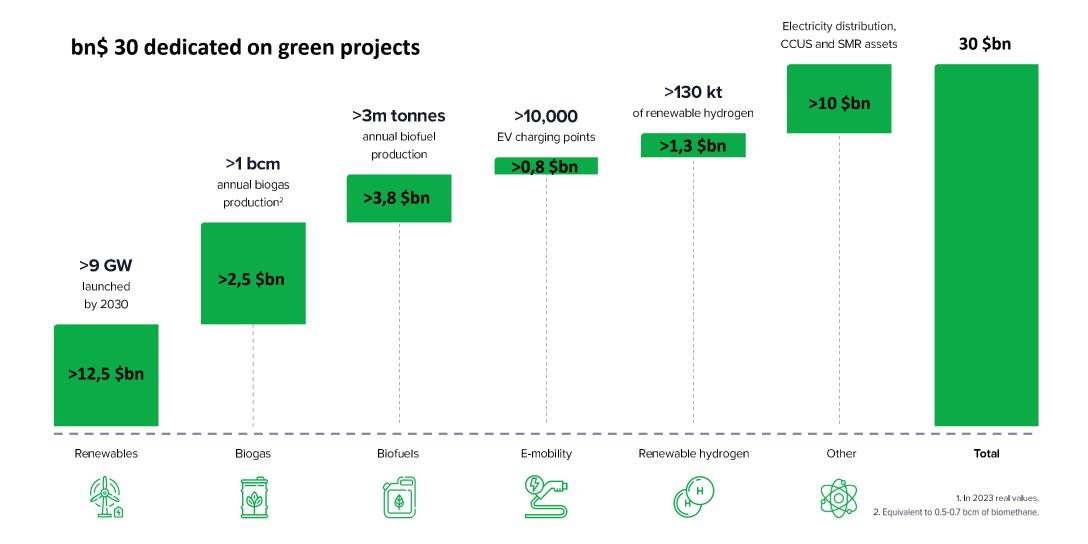




<sup>4.</sup> Our ambition to reduce emissions is consistent with the goal of limiting climate warming to 1.5 °C by 2050. The achievement of our long-term targets will depend on the technological progress and the regulatory and legal context. Those factors may create more or less favourable conditions for the energy transition and accelerate or reduce the pace of our strategy implementation.



# The Orlen Group - Leader of green energy in Central Europe





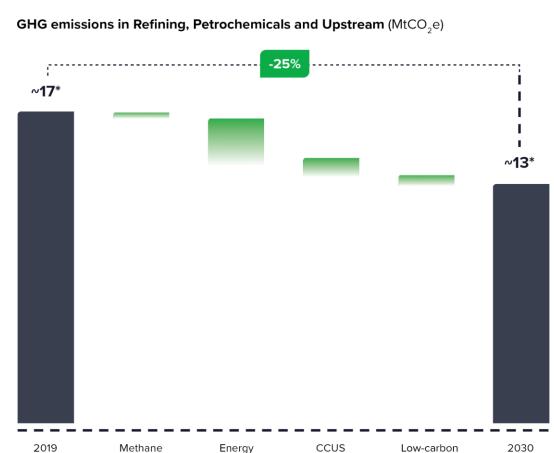
# Orlen commits to reduce absolute emissions from Refining, Petrochemicals and Upstream by 25%

#### Orlen commits to:

- Reduction of methane emissions and flaring in upstream operations – Zero Routine Flaring and Zero Venting targets
- implementation of energy efficiency solutions at our refining, petrochemical and upstream locations
- Deployment of carbon capture, utilization and storage technologies (CCUS)
- Use of energy from low- and zero-carbon sources in the Refining, Petrochemical and Upstream facilities

The supply of Natural Gas from Norway plays a key transitional role in reaching this target





efficiency

emissions

reduction

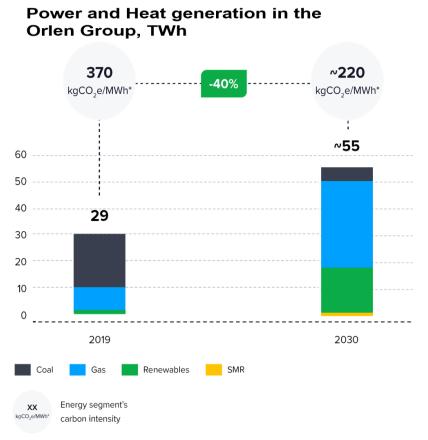
energy sources

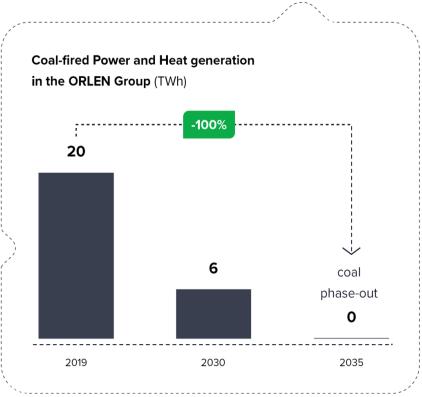


# Large investments in low- and zero-carbon energy sources

Orlen commits to reduce carbon intensity (kg CO2e/MWh) in the Energy segment by 40% by 2030 and phase out coal by 2035

The supply of Natural Gas from Norway plays a key role in reaching this target





- The target applies to Scope 1 GHG emissions in Energy (Power & Heat), calculated on an equity share basis.
  - \* Emission volume in the base year will be subject to final review after the merged ORLEN Group companies are fully consolidated.

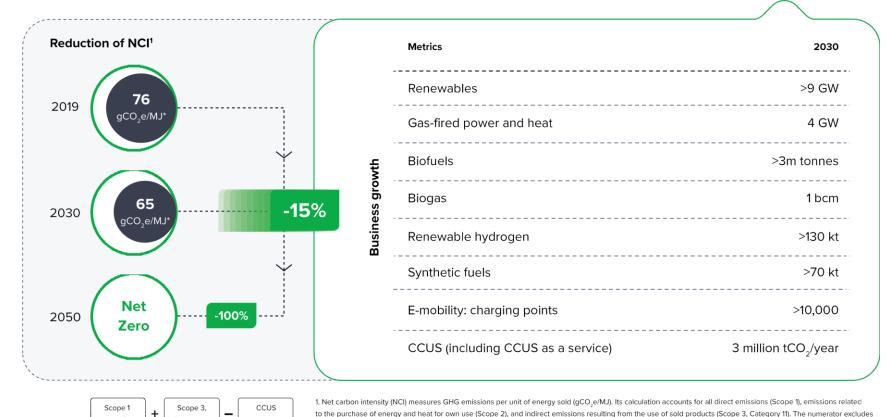
Source: Orlen Group Climate Policy



NCI =

Orlen Group's energy transition will allow to reduce NCI (gCO2e/MJ) by 15% by 2030

The supply of Natural Gas from Norway plays a key role in reaching this target in the GFPH segment



volumes of carbon dioxide captured using CCUS technologies as part of services provided to third parties. Energy content of products sold comprises sales of traditional fuels of diesel oil, gasoline, gas, etc.), low- and zero-carbon fuels (biofuels, hydrogen, biogas, etc.), electricity and heat. Emissions from the production of petrochemicals (non-energy products) are not included in the calculation of NCI.

Source: Orlen Group Climate Policy

as a service

Energy content of sold products (fuels, electricity and heat)

<sup>\*</sup> Emissions volume in the base year will be subject to final review after the merged ORLEN Group companies are fully consolidated

Orlen will strengthen its position of a key player in Central Europe in gas production



## Major gas production operator

Maintaining gas exploration and stable production in Poland

Investments to ramp up production in Norway

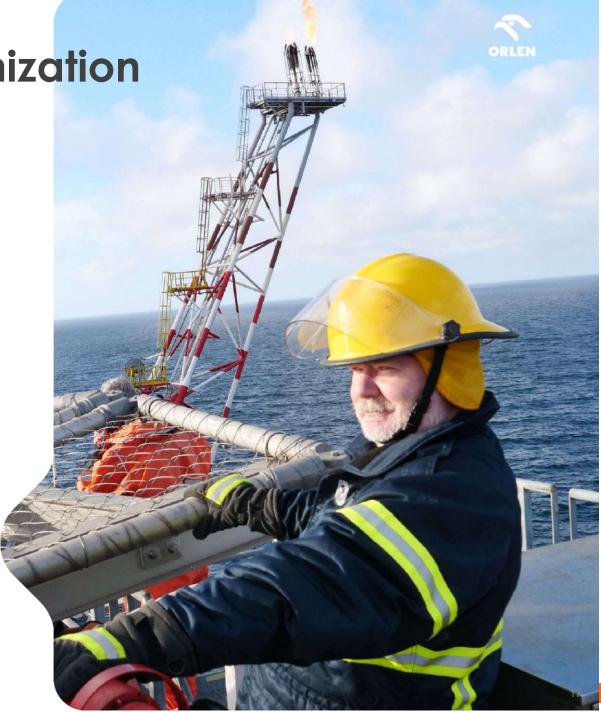
Attractive international asset portfolio



## Reliable gas supplier in the region

New LNG supply contracts for Poland secured

Development a fleet of own and chartered gas tankers





# 2. The strategy of PGNiG Upstream Norway AS

## Baltic Pipe, First Gas transported 1st November





The Baltic Pipe Project is a strategic gas infrastructure project with the objective to provide a new gas supply corridor to the Central European market.



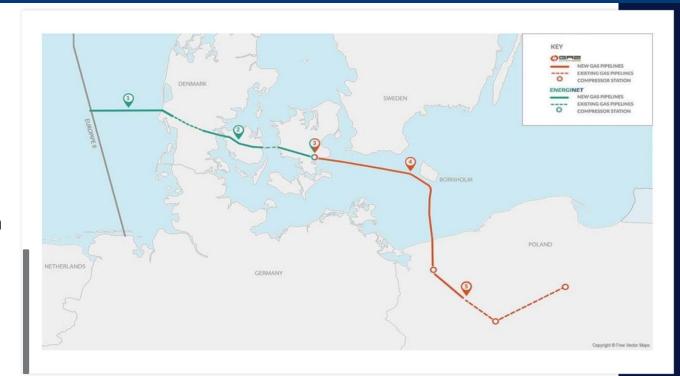
In January 2018 PGNiG signed a long-term capacity agreement for the Baltic Pipe. PGNiG Group is now committed to long term gas supplies from Norway.



**Baltic Pipe** is a gas pipeline between the Norwegian Continental Shelf and the Polish transmission network. This investment consists of the construction of Norway-Denmark and Denmark-Poland interconnections.



The Baltic Pipe project was completed in November 2022, allowing the import of 10 bcm/year to Poland and reversed flow of 3 bcm/year of natural gas to Denmark. Orlen Group reserved 8 bcm/year of the import capacity.

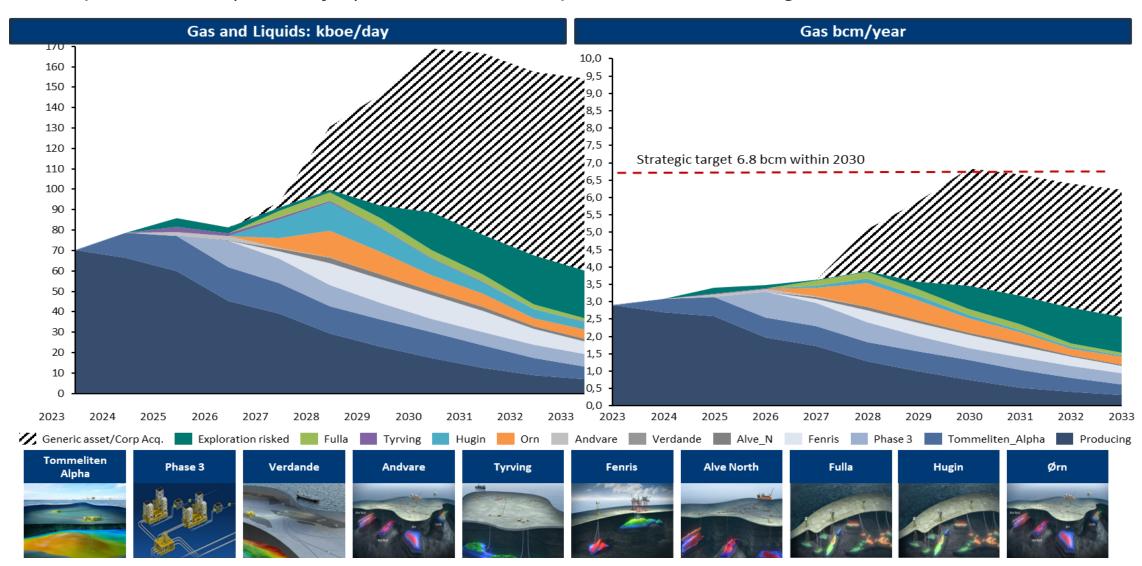






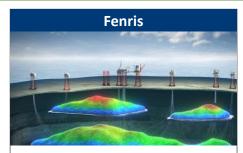
## **Production development**

Participant in nine (five major) PDO's that is expected to deliver significant volumes in the future



## Approximately 70% of the 2024 CAPEX related to the PDO projects PGNiG

AkerBP is strong operator on the NCS



**Operator:** 

AkerBP

**Equity:** 

22.2%

**Development:** 

Joint development with Valhall. Unmanned installation: tie-in

**Status (YTD August):** 

5.7% done (planned 6.2%)

**Production:** 

2027 – 2049 (2023)

Reserves:

41.2 mboe

**CAPEX 2024:** 

2,879 mNOK

**CAPEX 2023 - 2033:** 

8,030 mNOK



**Operator:** 

AkerBP

**Equity:** 

12.3% (Hugin/Fulla)

**Development:** 

New subsea infrastructure, processing platform inc. living quarter, NUI

**Status (YTD August):** 

6.1% done

**Production:** 

2027 - 2051

Reserves:

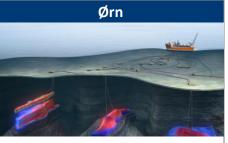
35.2 mboe

**CAPEX 2024:** 

2,734 mNOK (incl. infrastructure)

**CAPEX 2023 - 2033:** 

9,474 mNOK (incl. infrastructure)



Operator:

AkerBP

**Equity:** 

40% (Unit)

**Development:** 

SSP development, subse tieback to Skarv FPSO

**Status (YTD August):** 

18.2% done (21.4%)

**Production:** 

2027 - 2035

**Reserves:** 

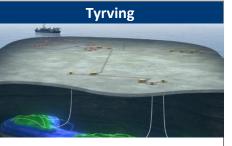
20.2 mboe

**CAPEX 2024:** 

1,048 mNOK

**CAPEX 2023 - 2033:** 

2.978 mNOK



Operator:

AkerBP

Equity:

12%

**Development:** 

Subsea tieback to the Alvheim

**FPSO** 

**Status (YTD August):** 

31.8% done

**Production:** 

2025 - 2040

**Reserves:** 

3.0 mboe

**CAPEX 2024:** 

454 mNOK

**CAPEX 2023 - 2033:** 

734 mNOK



## Approximately 70% of the 2024 CAPEX related to the PDO projects PGNiG

AkerBP is strong operator on the NCS



**Operator:** 

Shell

**Equity:** 

14.0%

**Development:** 

Subsea Compression, increase the recoverable to 85%

**Status (YTD August):** 

78% done (planned 70%)

**Production:** 

2025 - 2047

Reserves:

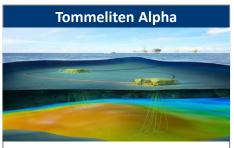
36.3 mboe

**CAPEX 2024:** 

367 mNOK

CAPEX 2023 - 2033:

1,051 mNOK



**Operator:** 

ConocoPhillips

**Equity:** 

42.2%

**Development:** 

Tie-back to ConocOperated Ekofisk

**Status (YTD August):** 

78% done (80% planned)

**Production:** 

2024 - 2049

Reserves:

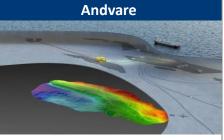
59.0 mboe

**CAPEX 2024:** 

368 mNOK

**CAPEX 2023 - 2033:** 

3.058 mNOK



Operator:

Equinor

**Equity:** 

15%

**Development:** 

Subsea tie-back to Norne

**Status (YTD August):** 

Planning – well to be drilled

**Production:** 

2024 - 2049

**Reserves:** 

1.4 mboe

**CAPEX 2024:** 

89 mNOK

**CAPEX 2023 - 2033:** 

87 mNOK



#### The Plan assumes funds for 6(8) wells:

- PL 211CS Adriana/Sabina, expected to be postponed from 2023 to 2024 (spud 8th December)
- Cerisa, well postponed from 2023 to 2024 (Jan-Feb)
- Tomcat, PGNiG operated well (June – Aug)
- Løvemeis pilot/keeper (July-Sep)
- Skarv E-trend, postponed from 2023 to Q4 2024
- Frida Kahlo, Nov-Dec
- Tyrving Trell North, sidetrack drom production drilling Q1 2024
- Hugin Ypsilon, sidetrack Nov
- Kongeørn (PL942) excluded from



#### **PUN Investments on the NCS**



PUN Investment Cash Flow (mNOK)

9000







9000																					
8000																					
7000																					
6000																					
5000																					
4000																					
3000																					
2000				_																	
1000																					
0																					
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
Total investments in Nerway from 2007 to date exceeds NOV 20 billion																					

<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>_</b>
PUN Development Projects	PDO Year	First Gas/Oil
Tommeliten Alpha	2021	2024
Ormen Lange Phase 3	2021	2025
King Lear / Fenris	2022	2027
Ørn	2022	2026
Alve North	2022	2025
Verdande	2022	2025
Andvare	2022	2025
Yggdrasil	2022	2027
Tyrving	2022	2025

- Total investments in Norway from 2007 to date exceeds NOK 38 billion.
- In 2022 PGNiG Upstream Norway invested NOK 5,8 billion
- PUN submitted 7 PDO's by year-end 2022 for the Yggdrasil, Tyrving, Ørn, Alve Nord, Fenris, Verdande and Andvare projects
- Over the next 4 years PUN will invest close to 22 billion NOK. On an aggregated level these investments will yield an average IRR in excess of 25%.
- ○► New developments will enable organic increase in gas output to around 4 bcm/annum (in 2028)

## Forward Looking and Summary



#### Portfolio expected to deliver strong results also in the future



#### 92 licenses on the NCS

- > PGNiG has built a profitable and sustainable upstream business in Norway since 2007
  - > 18 producing assets
  - 9 developing assets
- > Low maturity of existing portfolio with planned growth



#### Delivered 7 major PDO's in 2021 and 2022

- Delivered 2 PDO's in 2021: Ormen Lange Phase 3 and Tommeliten Alpha
- Delivered 7 PDOs in 2022: Yggdrasil, Tyrving, Ørn, Alve Nord, King Lear (Fenris). Cape Vulture (Verdande) and Gjøk (Andvare)



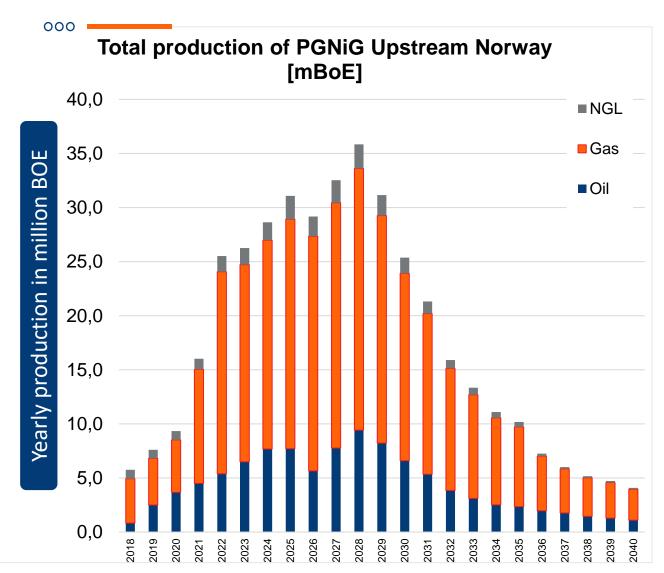
#### **Active in exploration**

- > Active in the upcoming APA round
- > Mixed exploration results from the 2022 drilling
  - > Discovery in PL 941 Newt
  - > Dry well in operated Copernicus prospect
- > Next operated well(s) expected in 2024
- > Exploration to continue to be an important contributor for the longerterm sustainability of the gas strategy



#### **Business development**

- Strategic M&A acquisition and investment decision in the period 2017 – 2022, has materialized a robust portfolio from development to production, expected to produce above 3.5 bcm/year
- Future pro-active Business Development & Exploration will also focus the portfolio towards gas





# The Orlen Group – The biggest multi-utility player in Central Europe



#### Refining



- 7 refineries in Poland, Lithuania and Czechia with max. crude oil throughput of 42.6 mt/y (~ 860 kbd).
- Strategic location of refineries with an access to crude oil pipelines, product pipelines and sea terminals.
- Diversification of crude oil supplies.

#### **Petrochemicals**



- Petrochemical assets fully integrated with refining.
- Wide portfolio of petchem products sold to more than 60 countries.

#### Energy



- Installed capacity: 5.1 GWe (electricity) / 13.4 GWt (heat).
- > 60% of electricity production comes from zero and low-emission sources (renewables and modern CCGT's).
- > 200 th. km of electricity network
- First offshore wind farm project on the Baltic Sea up to 1.2 GWe in the pipeline.

#### Retail



- ORLEN the most recognizable and valuable Polish brand worth
   PLN 10 bn.
- ~ 3200 fuel stations in 6 countries
   the largest retail network in CEE.
- ~ 2600 fuel stations equipped in non-fuel concept.
- ~ 670 alternative fuel stations (621 EV chargers, 47 CNG stations and 4 hydrogen stations).
- ~ 8300 pick-up / sending parcels locations in Poland.

#### **Upstream**



- Onshore and offshore activities in Poland, Norway, Canada, Pakistan and Lithuania.
- ~ 1280 m boe 2P crude oil and gas reserves.
- ~ 170 k boe/d average hydrocarbon production.

#### Gas

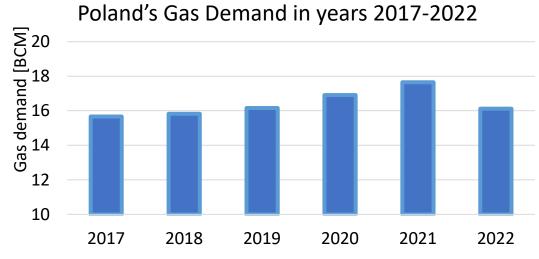


- The biggest importer and gas supplier for business and households in Poland.
- Long term contracts for LNG supplies.
- Norwegian gas portfolio own production and supply contracts.
- ~ 3.2 bcm gas storage capacity.
- > 200 th. km of gas distribution network with service lines / 7.4 m customers / ~ 70% coverage of Poland.

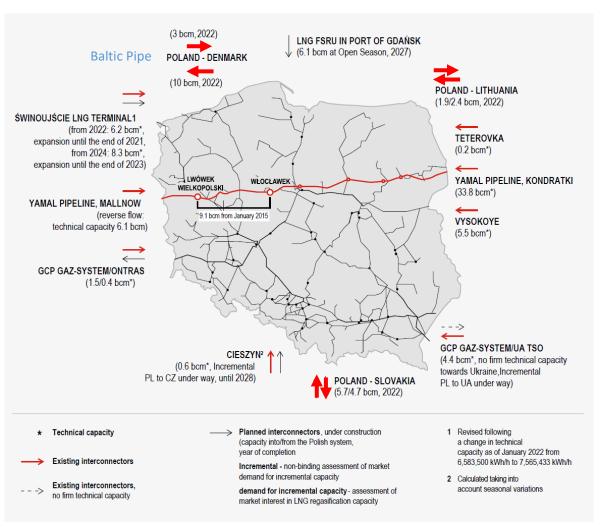




#### Poland's gas market



- Demand for natural gas in Poland is expected to grow to 30 bcm because the share of coal is reduced in electricity generation and building heating.
- Historically, Poland was dependent on natural gas supplies from the eastern direction. Efforts during the last decade enabled successful diversification, with commissioning of an LNG terminal in Świnoujście and construction of the Baltic Pipe.





# M&A track record on the NCS of PGNiG Upstream Norway

PGNiG Upstream Norway conducts active development activities (so-called 'business development') aimed at creating an optimal structure of its assets, mainly by acquiring shares in:

- hydrocarbon producing assets
- · deposit development projects
- exploration licenses, the so-called 'Farm-in'

In years 2014-2023 PGNiG Upstream Norway considered multiple significant M&A projects and many more minor ones. Out of them more than ten were successful acquisitions, thus resulting in healthy 30% success ratio.

