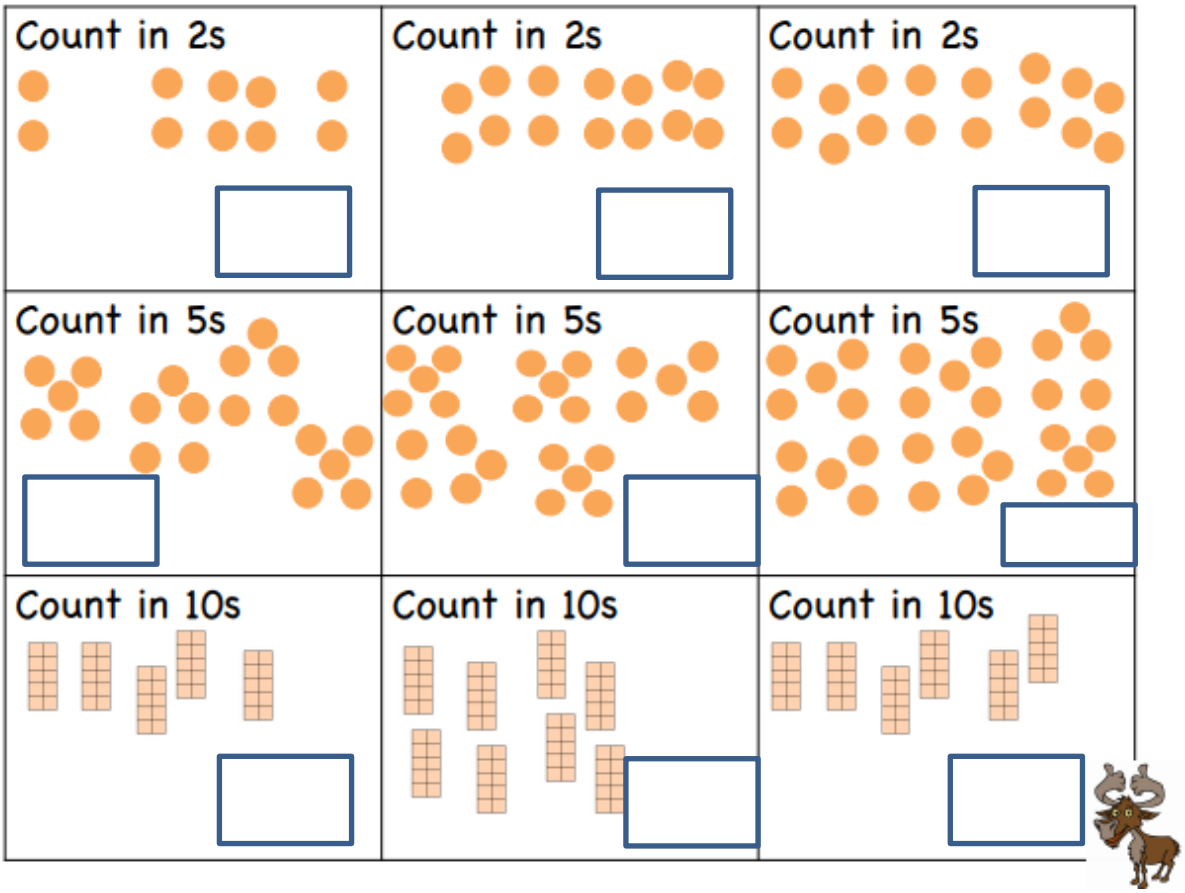
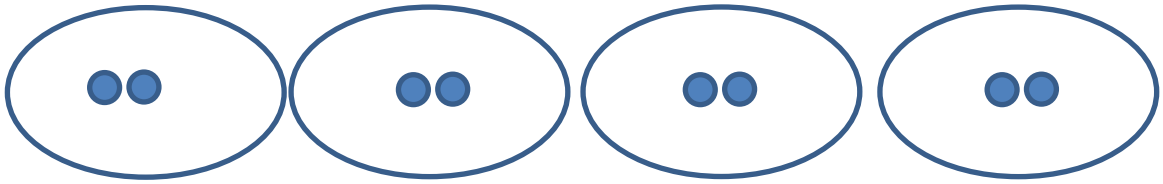
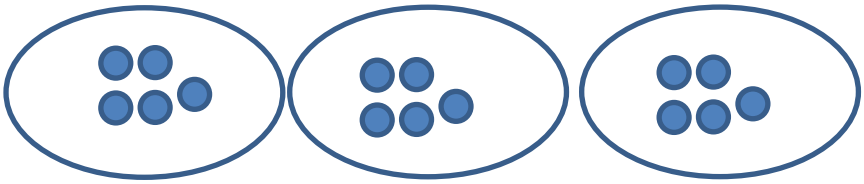


When solving multiplications you can draw groups of number you are multiplying. For example for 4 x 2 you could draw 4 groups of 2 together. We would also say this as 4 lots of 2.



Then you can count how many you have altogether. So 4 x 2 would be 8.

For 3 x 5 you would draw 3 groups with 5 in each group to show 3 lots of 5. Then count how many there are altogether so 3 x 5 would be 15.



3 x 2 = ___	6 x 2 = ___	4 x 2 = ___
2 x 5 = ___	4 x 5 = ___	8 x 5 = ___
5 x 10 = ___	3 x 10 = ___	7 x 10 = ___

Which is more? Circle your answer and explain how you know.

7 x 2 or 3 x 10

_____

_____

Solve these word problems. You could draw pictures to work it out.

Miss Stone has 4 tables in her class room. 5 children sit on each table. How many children are there altogether?

A flower has 6 petals on it. How many petals will there be on 10 flowers?

There are 8 doughnuts in a bag. How many doughnuts are there in 2 bags?