

Progress and Needs for Renewable Energy Forecasting

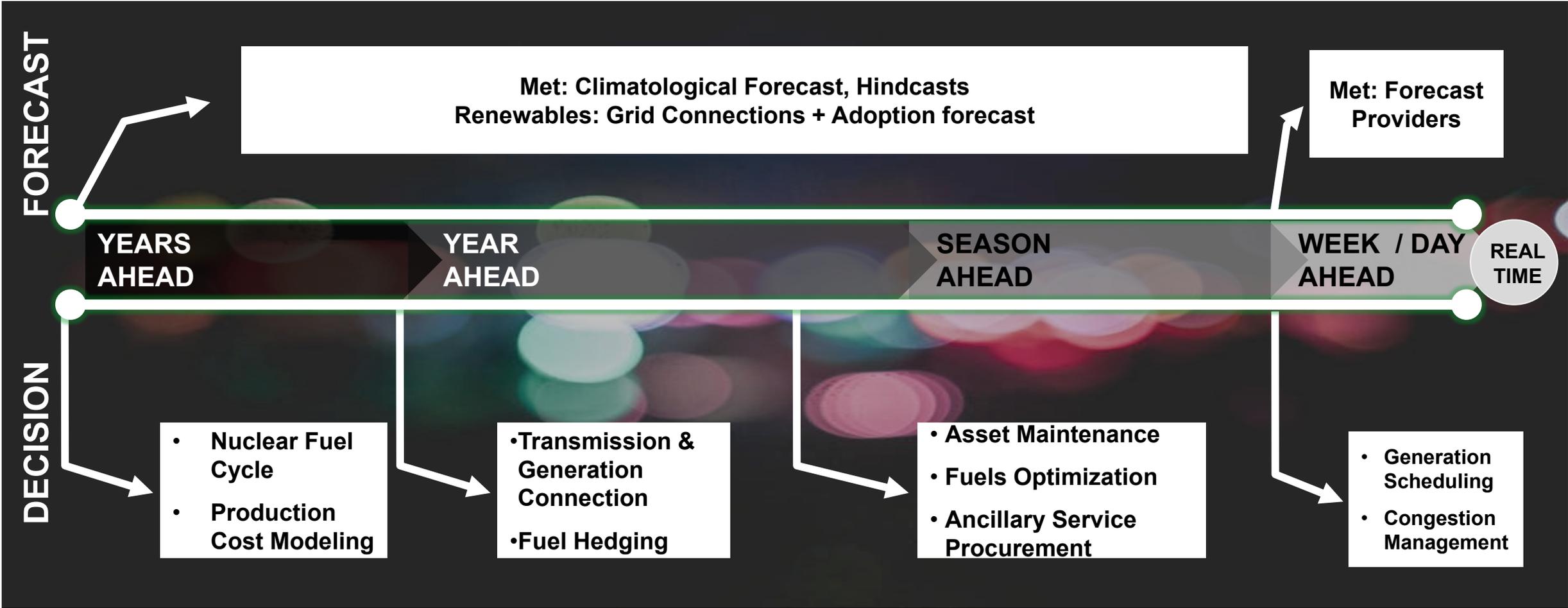
IEA Wind Task 51 Workshop

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Sept 12th, 2022



Bulk System Forecast Uses



Similar time frames for distribution

Emerging Challenges for Forecasts



Plant Operations

Hybridization with storage,
solar
Active wake steering, plant
optimization



Extreme Conditions

Operational decision
making in stressful grid
conditions
Impact of wildfire, storm,
flood



End Use Applications

Integration of forecasts into
ops planning / balancing
Valuation of forecasts

Deeper integration into system operations

NWP Highlights

North American Models

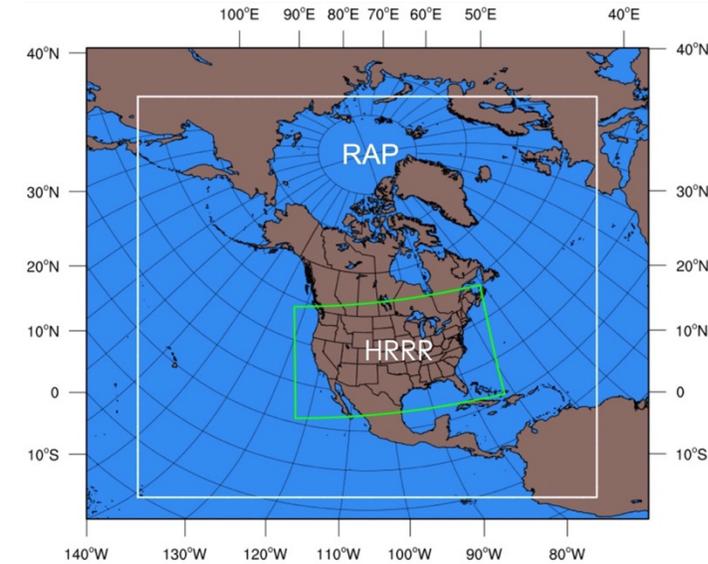
- Extended horizons for rapid refresh (HRRR, RAP) models
- Assimilation of satellite data
- Cloud physics – improves subgrid mesh

European Models

- Improved cloud, precipitation modeling
- Assimilation of satellite data
- Increased vertical resolution

Wildfire and Smoke

- NOAA HRRR-Smoke and RAP-Smoke models



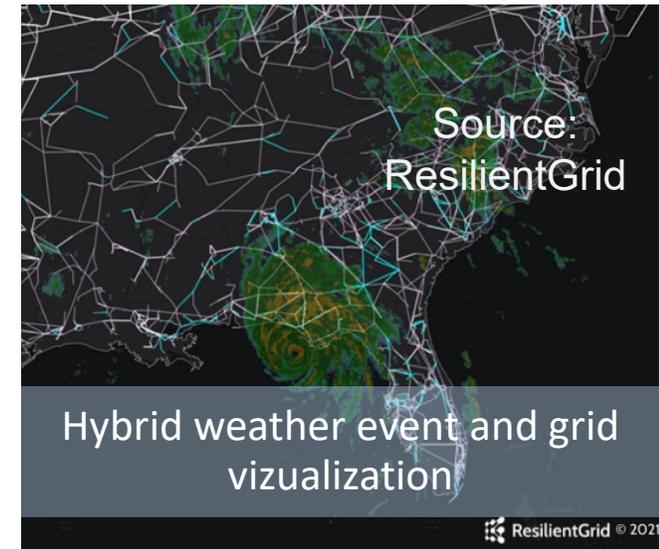
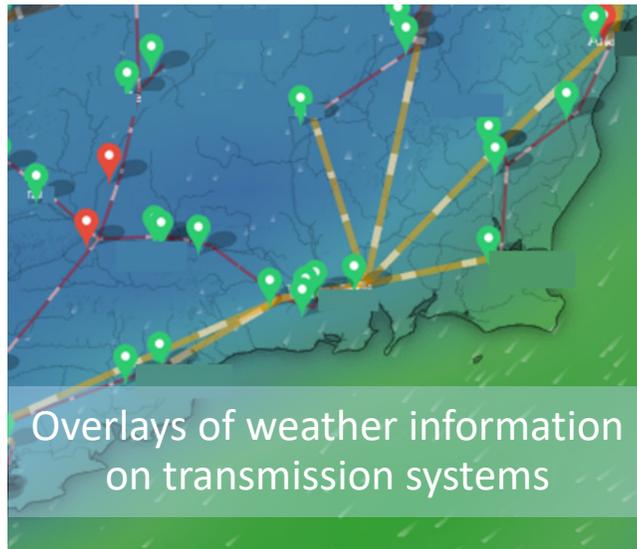
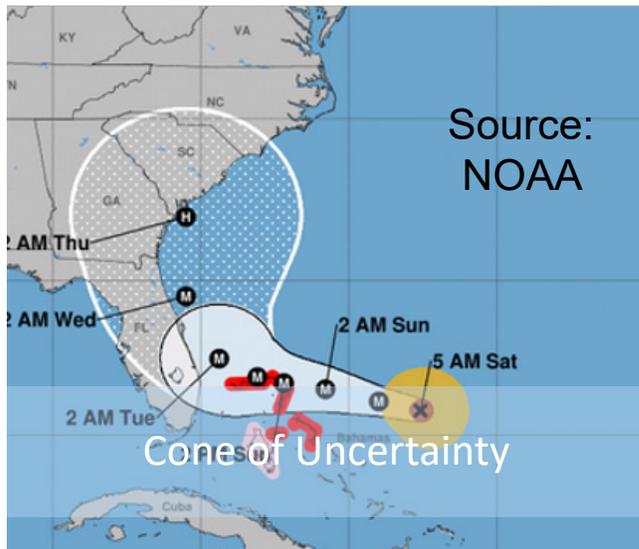
Domains of the RAP (13-km resolution) and HRRR (3-km resolution) models.
Source: rapidrefresh.noaa.gov



Sample HRRR-Smoke forecast of vertically integrated smoke from a fire near Santa Barbara, CA on October 12, 2021.
Source: rapidrefresh.noaa.gov/hrrr/HRRRsmoke/

Forecast in Operator Decisions Highlights

- » Support operator decision making without information overload
- » Primarily involves incorporating weather forecasts



Robust Data Pipeline and Storage

New Standardization for Color/Actions Schemas

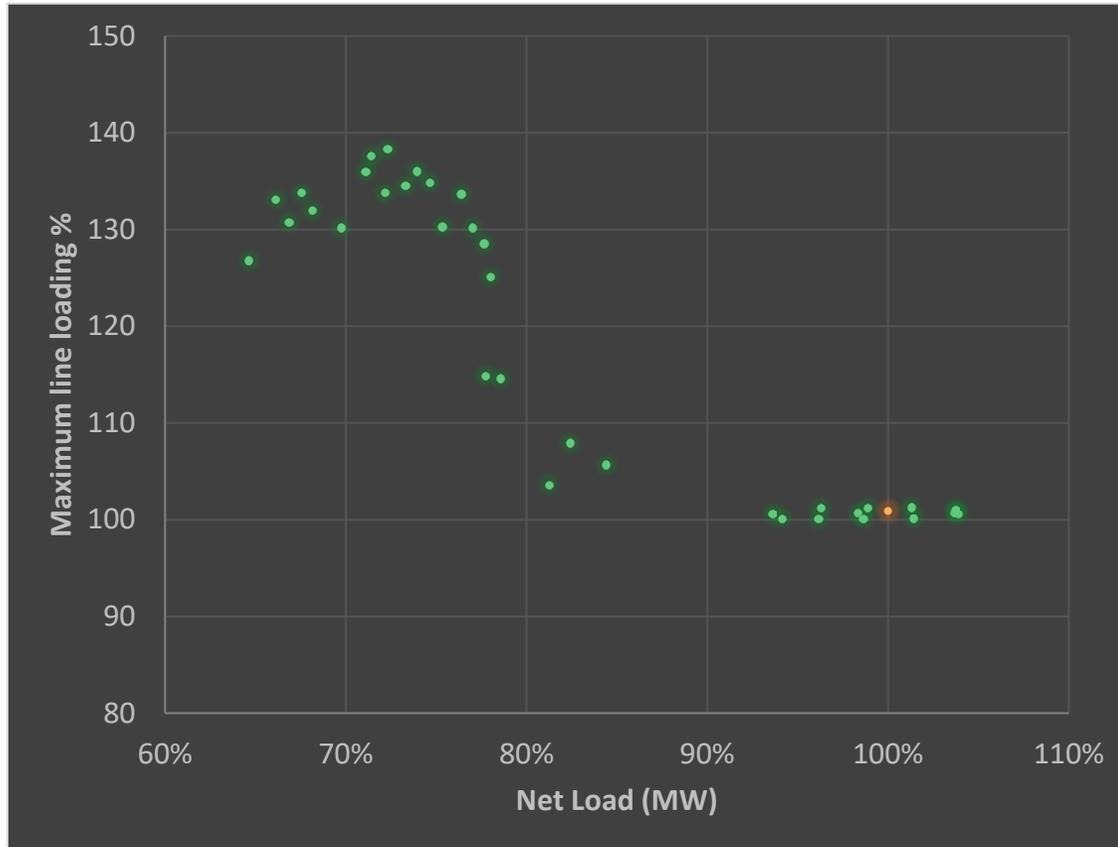
Integration with EMS Alarms & Alerts

Incorporating Condition with Security Analysis

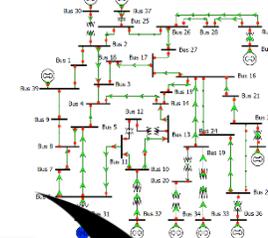
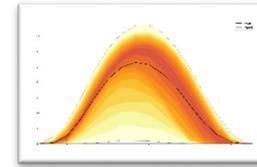
Standardized forecast Performance and Metrics (Establish Baselines)

Days Out Forecasts Help Develop Scenarios to Improve Reliability

High-risk Scenarios Often Not Peak Cases
Thus, Missing in Operations Planning Studies

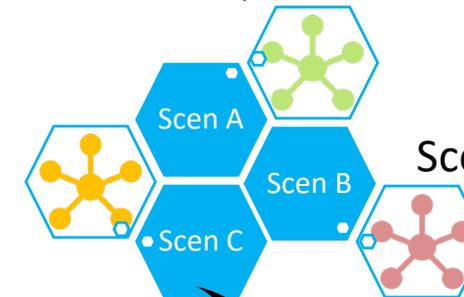


Load, VER, DER
Distributions

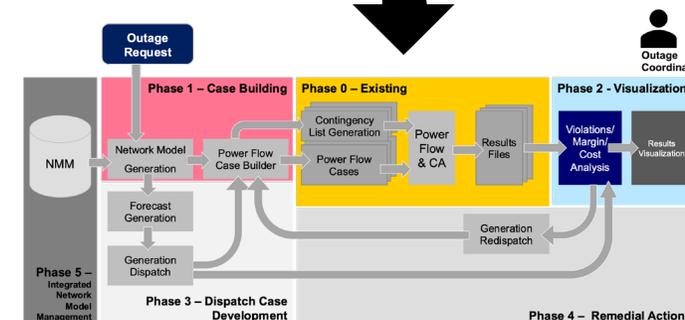


Expected Topology

Weather Event Likelihood

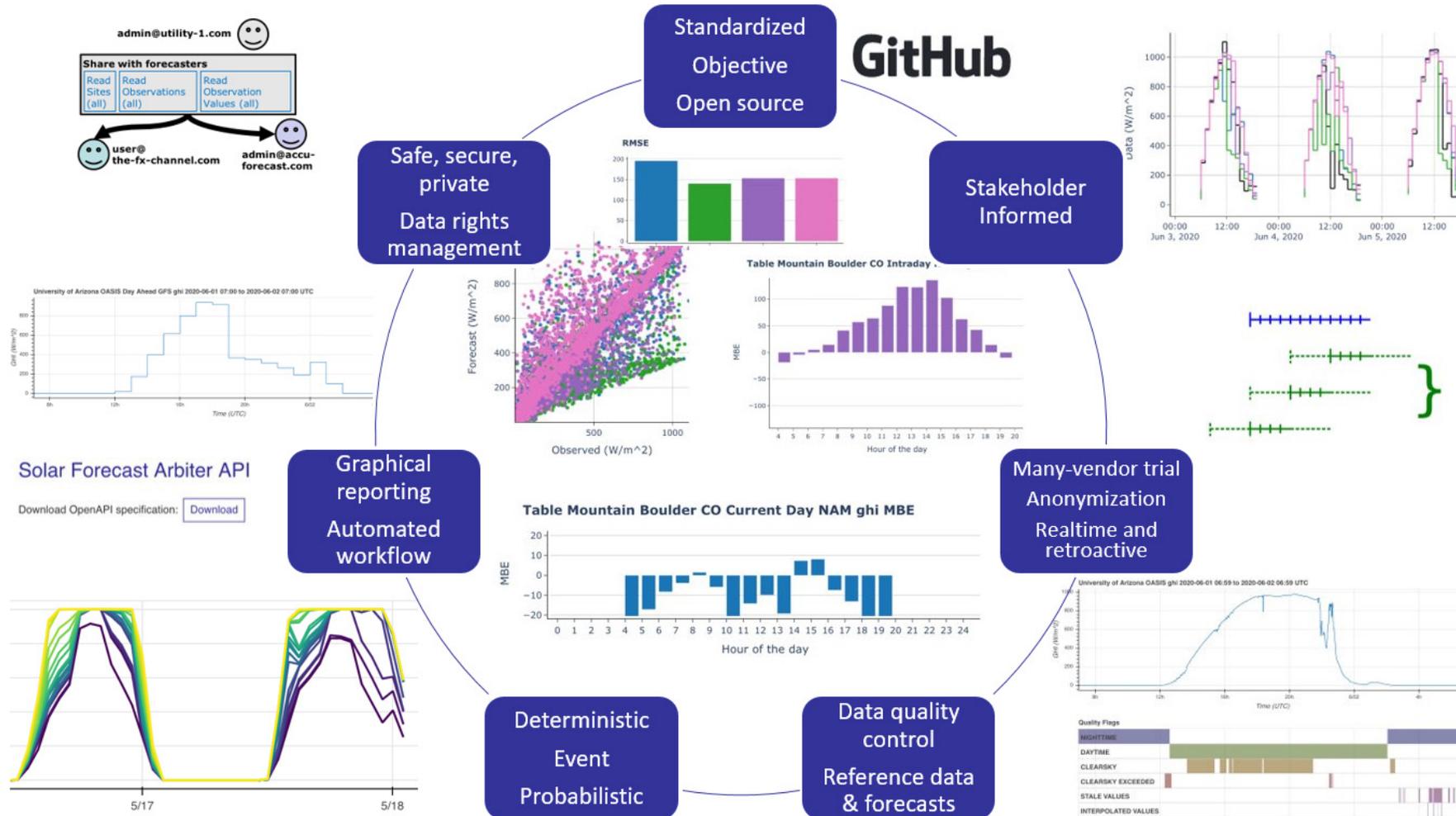


Scenario Development



Days-Weeks Out
Outage Studies

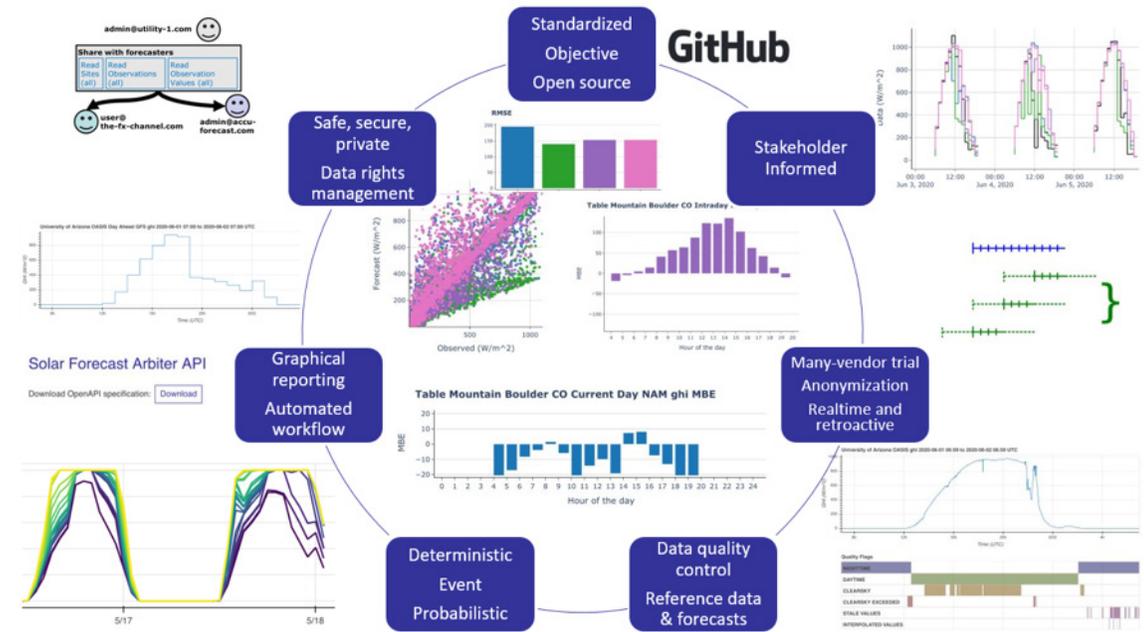
Solar Forecast Arbiter: <https://solarforecastarbiter.org/>



impartial, repeatable & auditable forecast evaluation tool

Solar Forecast Arbiter

- » online platform that provides transparent evaluation of forecast performance
 - user friendly, with graphical and API interfaces
 - supports anonymized forecast trials
 - open-source code
- » currently focused on solar, but is generalizing to cover solar, wind and load forecasts
- » will transition to EPRI management starting mid-2022*
 - will be part of a Forecasting Users Group (UG) for utilities/ISOs/RTOs, but still available to the public
 - UG will include annual meetings, updates on performance, support in benchmarks and use



<https://solarforecastarbiter.org/>

*EPRI was one of the co-developers, along with University of Arizona (lead), Sandia and Sharply Focused, with funding provided by DOE

Contact David Larson <dlarson@epri.com> or Aidan Tuohy <atuohy@epri.com> for more info

Why use the Forecast Arbiter?

- » standardized process to evaluate forecasts
- » anonymized, multi-vendor forecast trials
- » track forecast accuracy over time
- » automated reports with wide range of error metrics
- » support for both deterministic and probabilistic forecasts
- » benchmark forecasts and reference data for 200+ sites already included
- » ...and many more features!

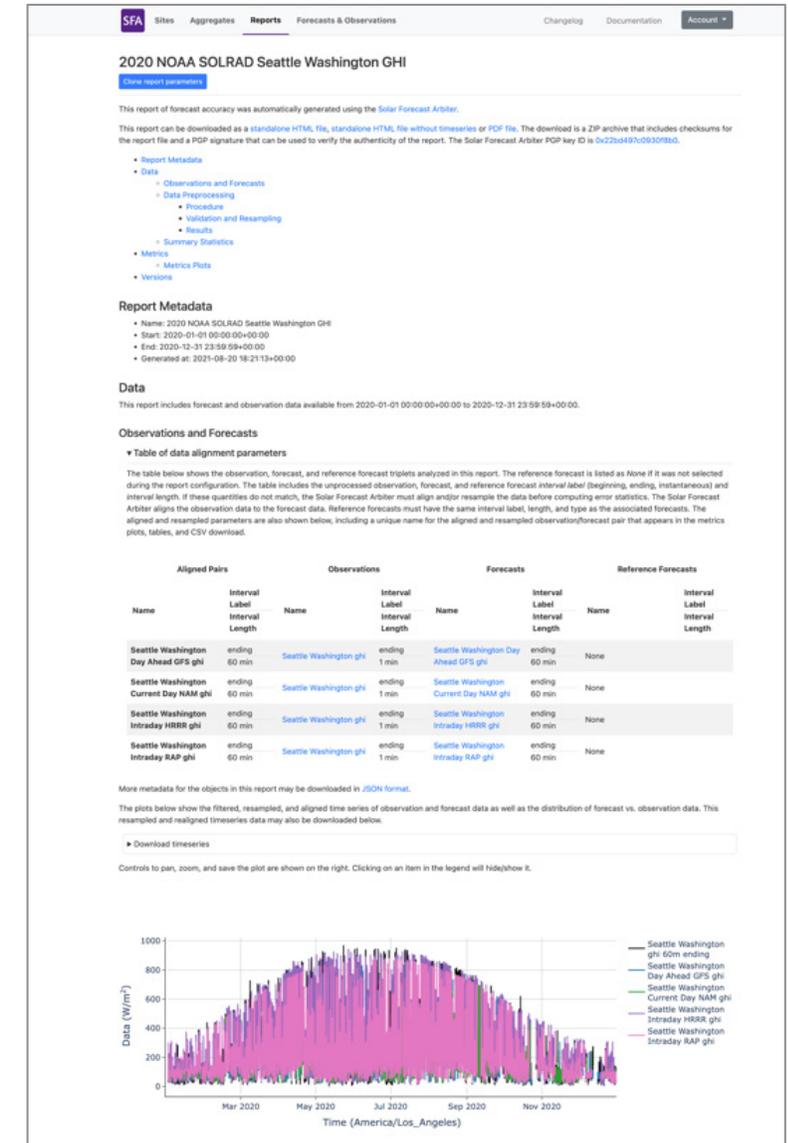
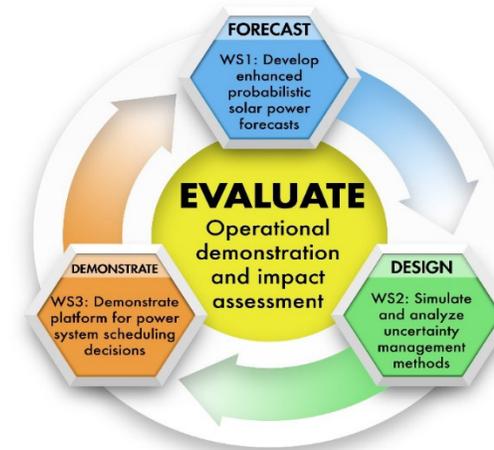


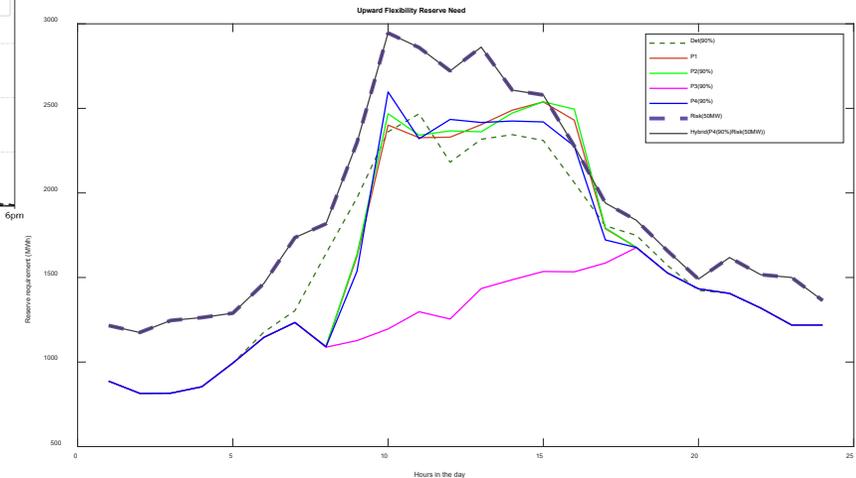
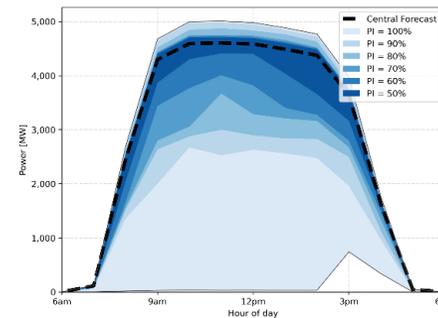
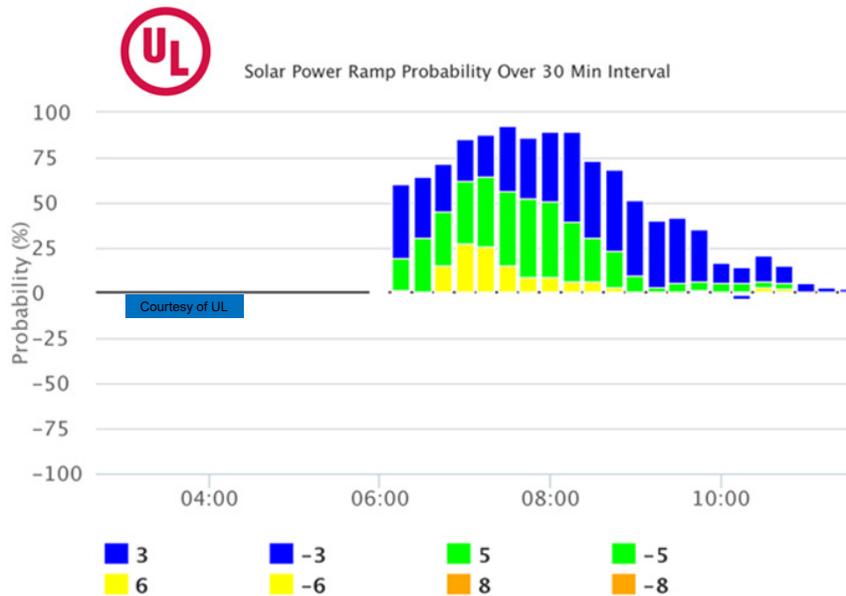
Figure: Screenshot of sample report.

Probabilistic Forecasts

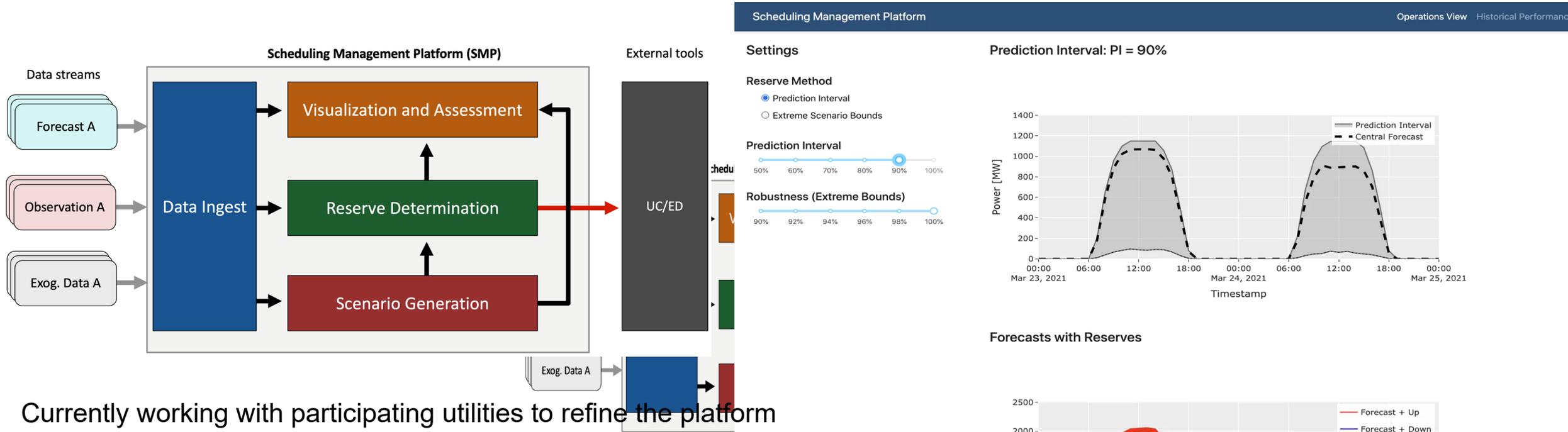
- » Useful for providing additional awareness and insight on uncertainty
- » Working on methods to incorporate these directly into decision processes
- » Balancing authority is main focus now, but similar concepts could be applied to others



POLARIS
SYSTEMS OPTIMIZATION



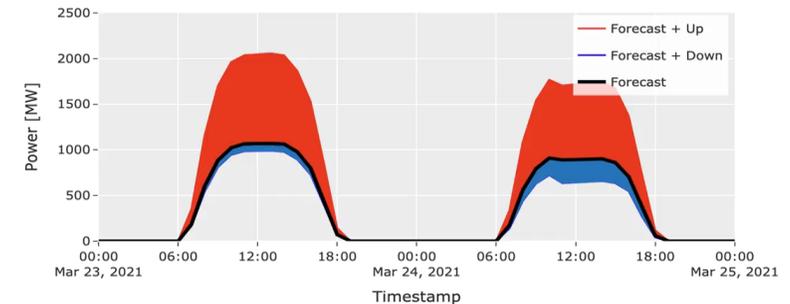
Software Tool to Support Integration with Operations



Currently working with participating utilities to refine the platform

- Reserve requirements for different risk preferences and methods
- Scenario generation for UC
- Link to unit commitment/economic dispatch
- Visualize and assess forecasts and reserves

Forecasts with Reserves

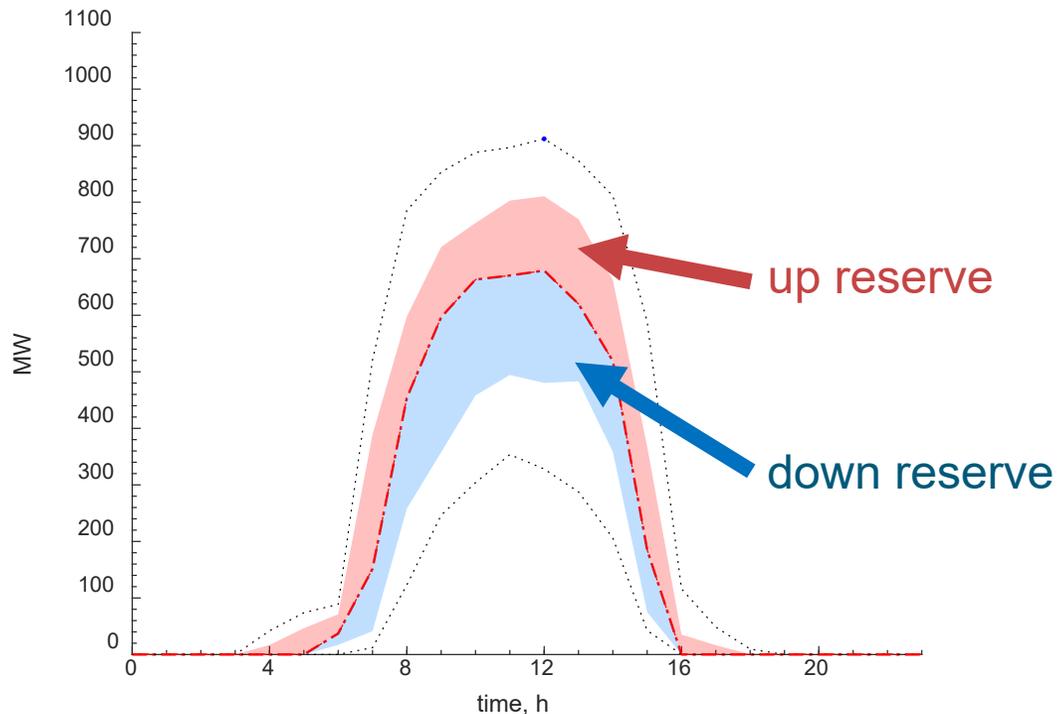


SMP to be released as open-source at end of DOE project

Use of Probabilistic Forecasts in Operations

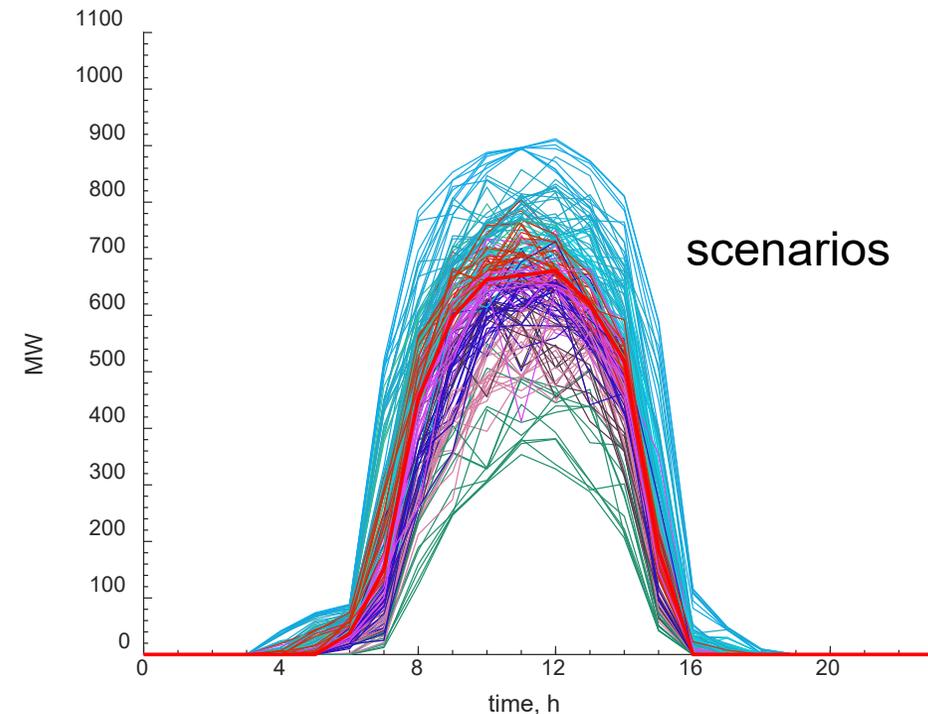
Use #1: Directly use to set reserves

- » Set operating reserves based on probabilistic forecasts – different methods can be used



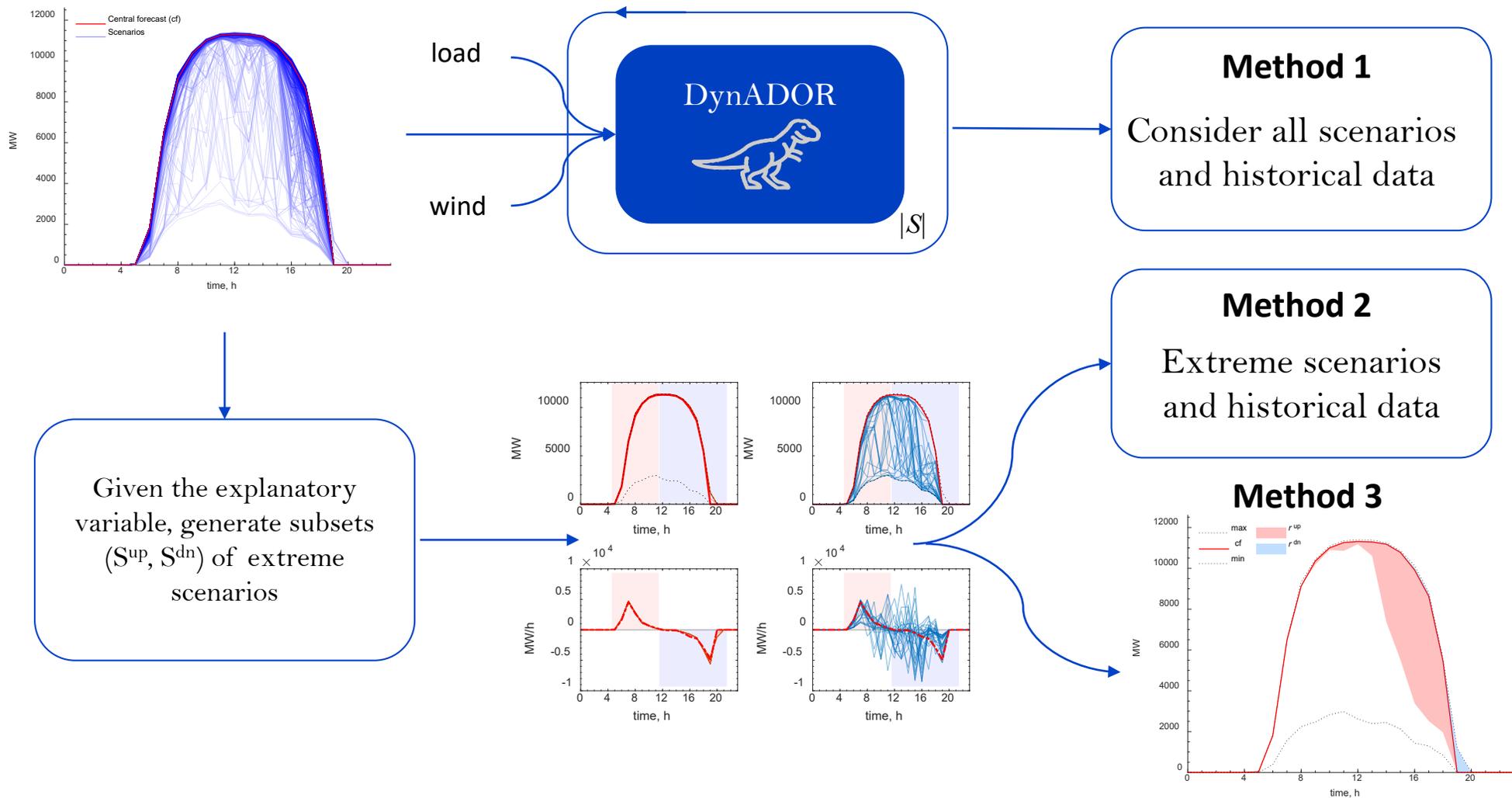
Use #2: Scenario Generation for UC or reserves

- » Transform probabilistic info into scenarios, which can be used in a UC model to allow for stochastic UC



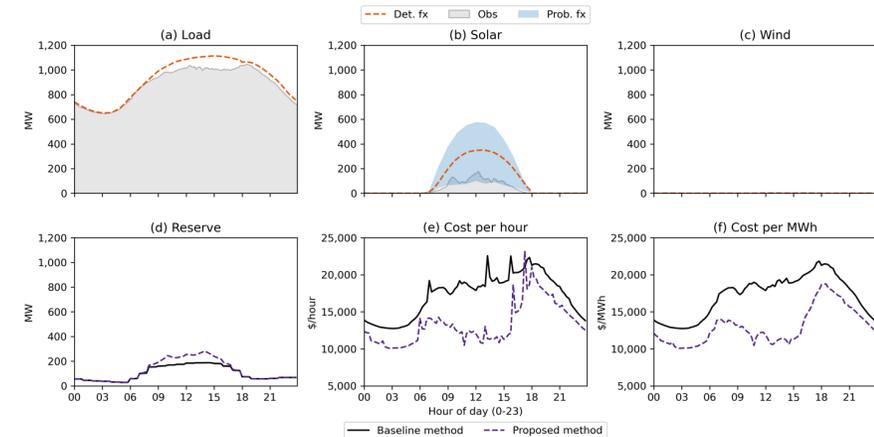
Probabilistic Scenarios to Reserve Requirements

» From scenarios to reserve requirements

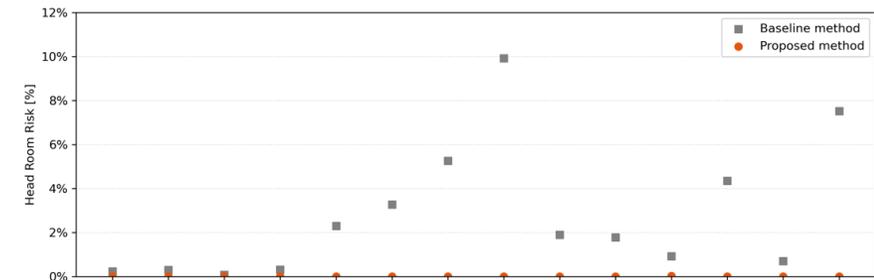


Utility Case study results (Hawaiian Electric)

- » Using probabilistic forecasts to set reserves:
 - increased reserves during middle of the day (when solar generation peaks)
 - did not conclusively increase or decrease costs, but led to more consistent operating costs week-to-week
 - improved operating conditions, including lower head room risk (< 1%) and more consistent frequency compliance

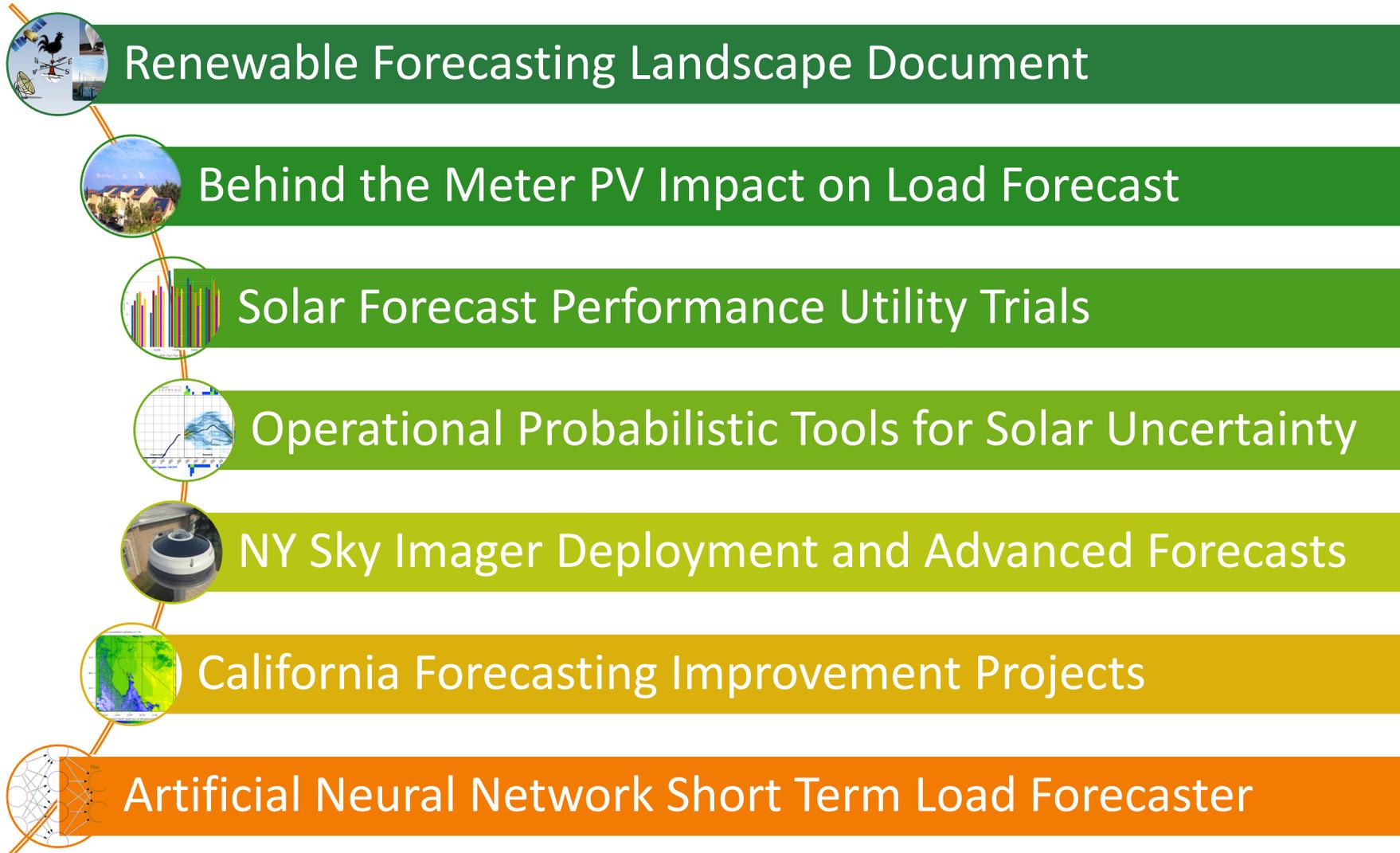


Day where prob. forecasts increased reserves, but lowered costs.



Prob. forecasts (orange) led to lower risk (< 1%) for all weeks simulated.

EPRI Short Term Forecast Integration Efforts



A blue-tinted photograph of four people, two men and two women, standing in a row. They are all wearing white lab coats with the EPRRI logo on the chest. The woman on the far right is wearing a white hard hat. They appear to be in a professional setting, possibly a laboratory or office, and are looking towards the camera with slight smiles. The background is a solid blue color.

Together...Shaping the Future of Electricity

For more info on the Forecast Arbiter

»» ESIG blog post:

<https://www.esig.energy/the-solar-forecast-arbiter/>

»» webcast (~14-min): <https://youtu.be/oqidNhlAkAo>

»» main website: <https://solarforecastarbiter.org/>