



Optimizing Hybrid Systems with REopt Lite

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reopt.nrel.gov/tool



Will RE + Storage Work for Your Site?



RE
Resource



Technology Costs
& Incentives



Resilience
Goals



Utility Cost &
Consumption



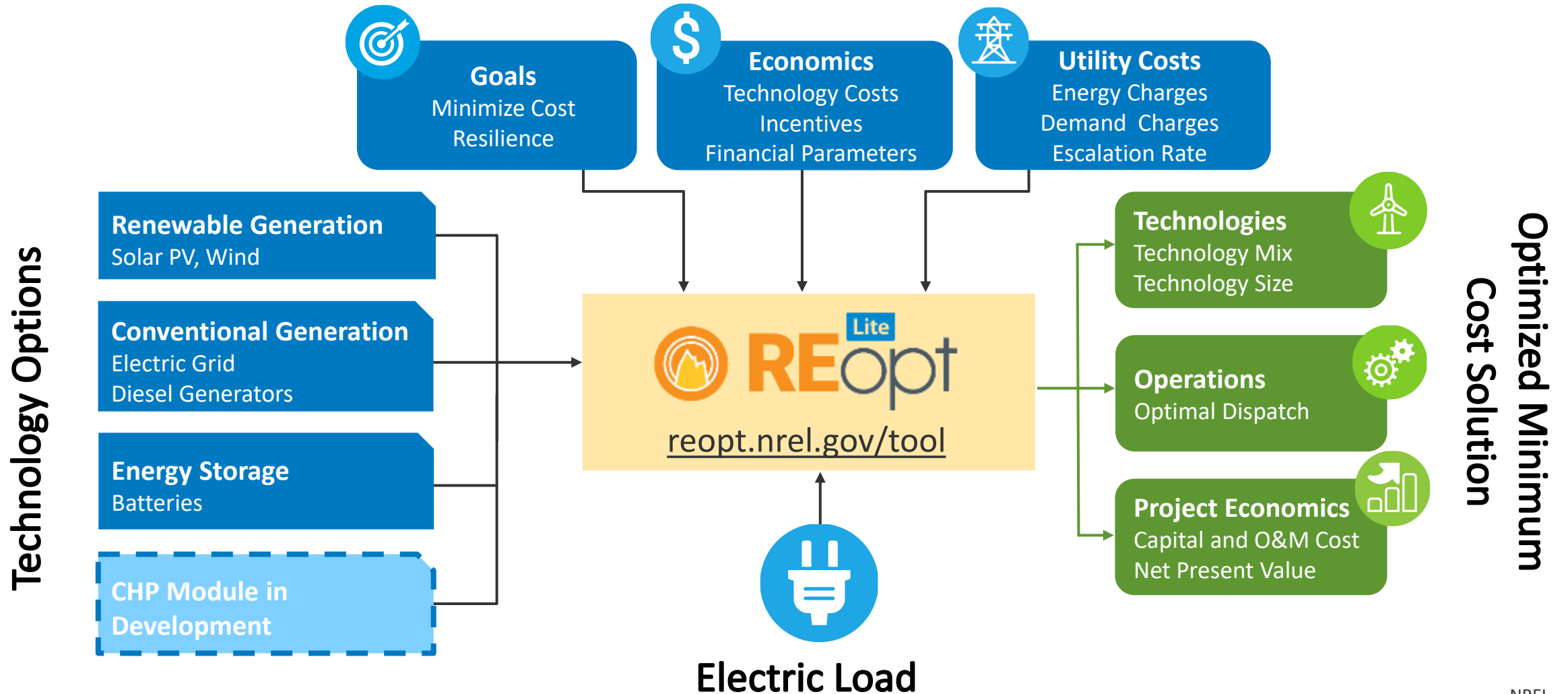
Financial
Parameters

Many factors affect whether distributed energy technologies can provide cost savings and resilience to your site, and they must be evaluated concurrently.

REopt Lite: Free Web Tool to Optimize Economic and Resilient DERs

Formulated as a mixed integer linear program, REopt Lite provides an integrated cost-optimal energy solution.

Drivers



REopt Lite Provides Solutions for a Range of Users

Researchers, developers, building owners, utilities, and industry use the tool to answer different questions.



What is the optimal size of DERs to minimize my cost of energy?



How do I optimize system control across multiple value streams to maximize project value?



Where do market opportunities for DERs exist? Now and in the future?



What will it cost to meet a sustainability or on-site generation goal?



What is the most cost-effective way to survive a grid outage spanning 1 day? What about 9 days?

Accessing REopt Lite

- Web tool: reopt.nrel.gov/tool
- API: <https://developer.nrel.gov/docs/energy-optimization/reopt-v1/>
- Open Source code: https://github.com/NREL/REopt_Lite_API

Step 1: Choose Your Focus

Do you want to optimize for financial savings or energy resilience?

\$ Financial

🛡️ Resilience



Step 2: Enter Your Site Data

Enter information about your site and adjust the default values as needed to see your results.

📍 Site and Utility	(required)	+
📶 Load Profile	(required)	+
\$ Financial		+

Step 3: Select Your Technologies

Which technologies do you wish to evaluate?

☒ PV ⚙️

☒ Battery 🔋

☐ Wind 🌬️

⚙️ PV	+
🔋 Battery	+

🔄 Reset to default values

Get Results ➡️

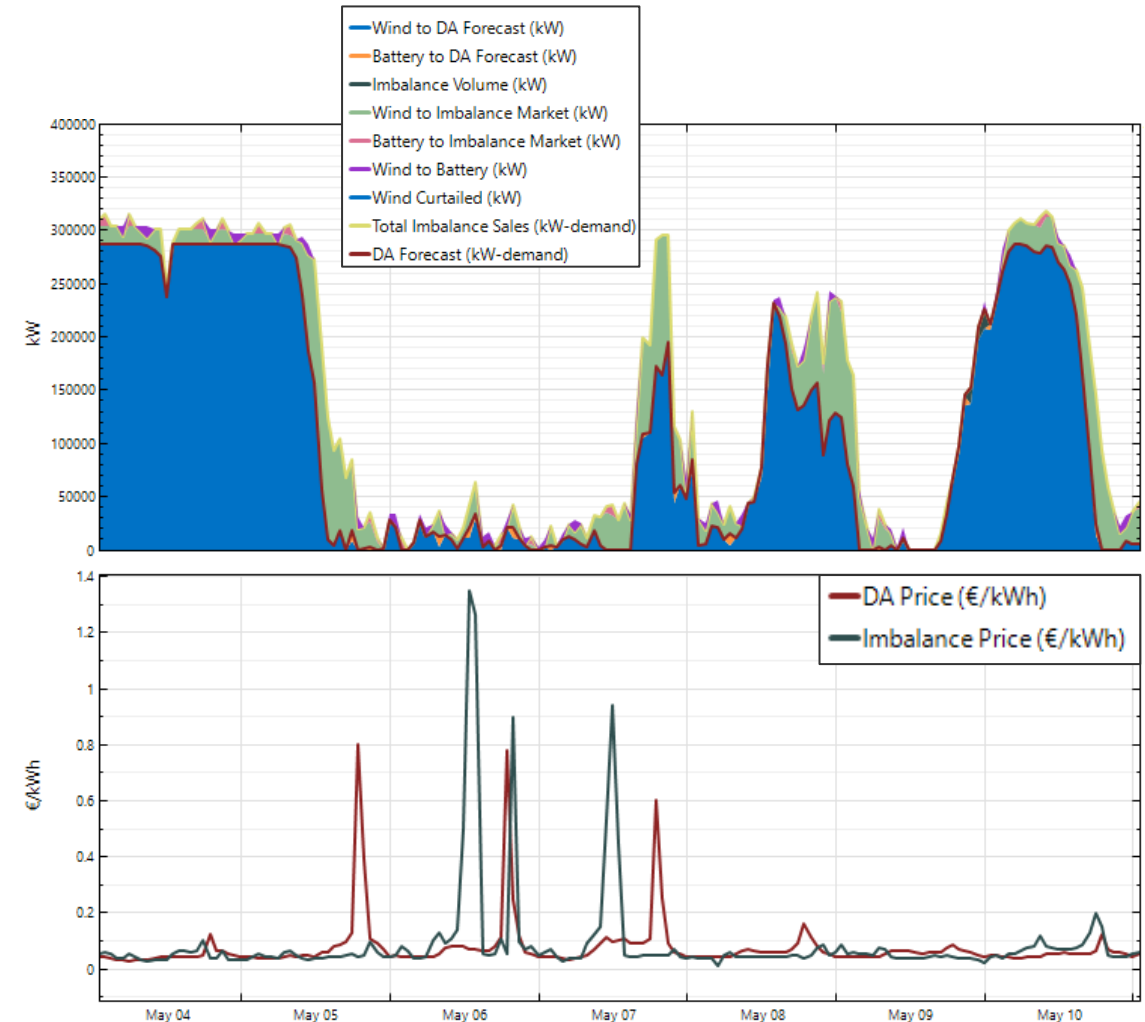
Evaluating Grid-Scale Battery Storage at an Offshore Windfarm in the UK

Description: NREL assessed value streams for a grid-scale battery energy storage system (BESS) co-located at an offshore windfarm in UK markets:

- Energy arbitrage in day-ahead markets
- Mitigating forecast error penalties in imbalance markets
- Capacity markets
- Avoiding curtailment losses

Technologies: Grid-scale battery storage; offshore wind

Impact: Identified market values and conditions that would make a battery cost effective at an offshore windfarm in the UK to inform partner's investment decisions.



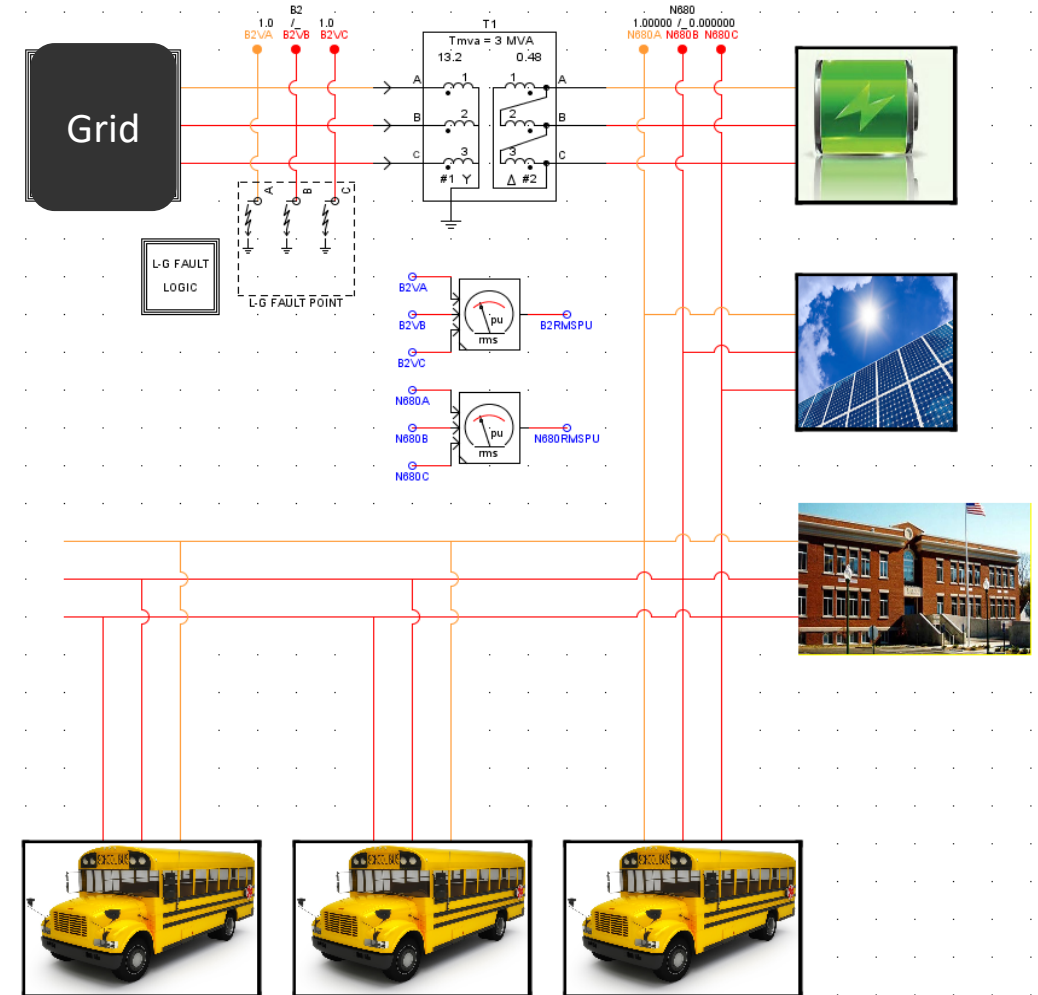
Integrating EV Fleets With DER and Grid

Description: NREL evaluated opportunities for synergistic integration and control of electrified transportation fleets with flexible buildings loads, RE, and stationary storage.

Technologies: Mobility, storage, buildings, solar, advanced system integration controls

Impact: Demonstrated optimal control of integrated RE, building loads, storage, and EV system in laboratory testing. Integrated system provided increased value to the site owner.

Partners: Eaton (funding partner), Holy Cross Energy, SDG&E, Duke Energy, UPS, EPRI



Aligning Generation and Load With Storage and Demand Flexibility

Description: NREL evaluated controllable load and storage options to improve customer economics of solar under post-net metering utility tariffs.

Technology: Solar, storage, buildings

Impact: Flexible loads increase the value of solar by aligning generation to load to maximize value.

Partner: DOE Solar

Solar PV

Solar PV energy may be self-consumed, delivered to the grid, or stored in a battery.

Smart domestic water heater

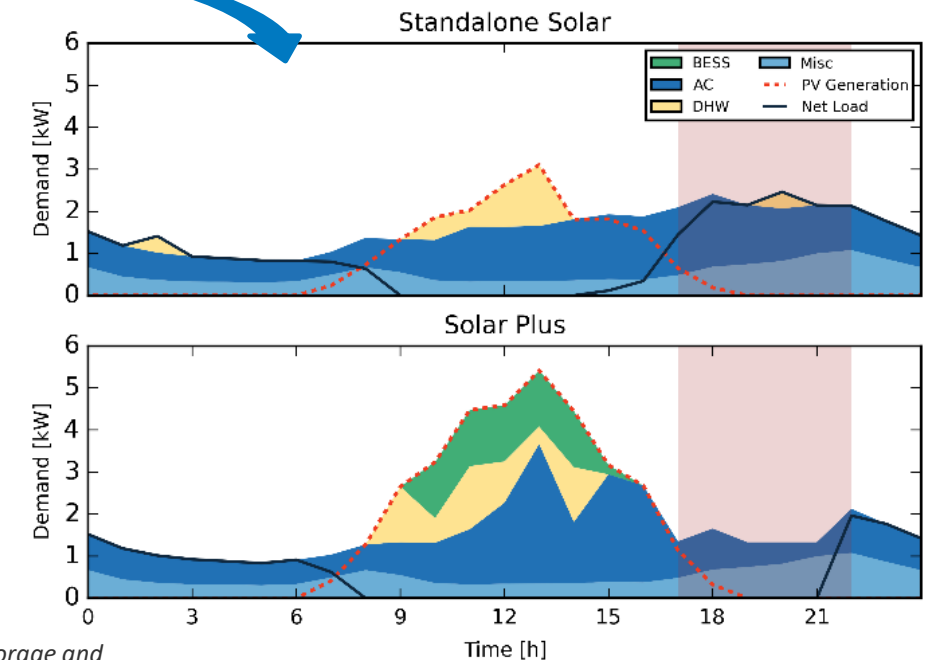
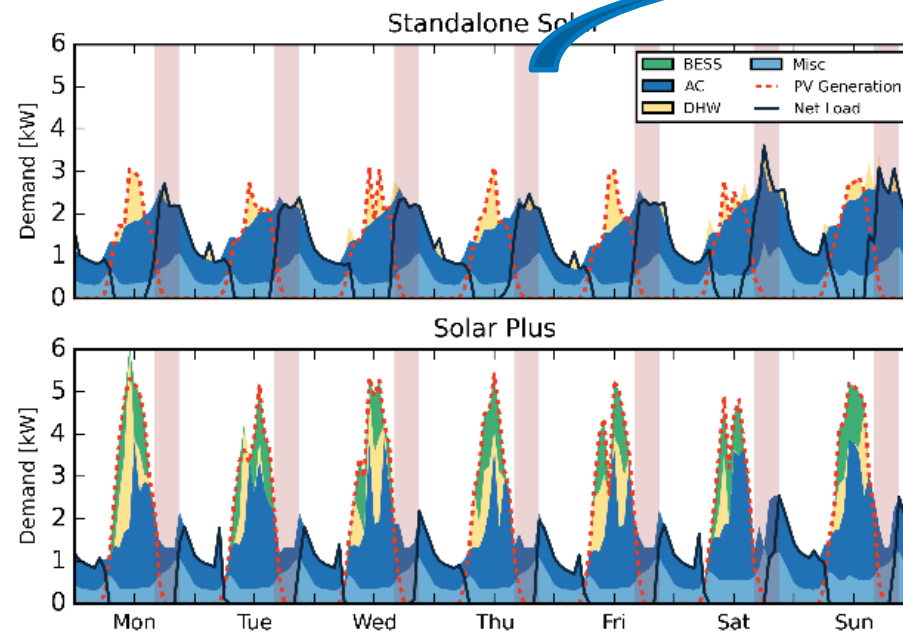
Water heater can be set to pre-heat water with solar output and store hot water for later use.

Battery

Solar energy may be stored in an electrical battery for later use.

Smart AC

AC unit can be configured to pre-cool the home with solar output, then allow the home temperature to "drift" up to a set maximum temperature before drawing from the grid.





REopt website (analysis services and case studies): reopt.nrel.gov

Tool feedback and questions: reopt@nrel.gov

www.nrel.gov

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