

MILPRO™ CSM/Neoprene superiority

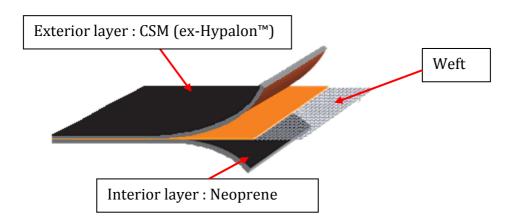
Milpro[™] fabrics are specific and unique.

They result from the assembly of 3 different layers.

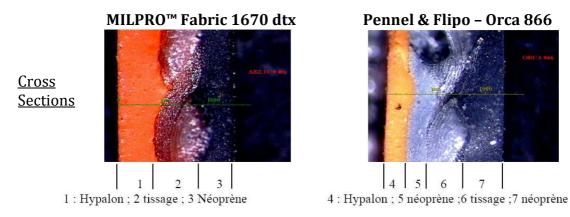
They are composed of:

- a coating made of Neoprene, on the interior, ensuring airtightness (and only airtightness, neoprene has very bad mechanical properties)
- a weft, in the middle, made of PA or PE thread fabric, giving the Mechanical resistance (tear, puncture, etc)
- a coating of CSM (that was called Hypalon® when it was produced by DuPont), on the exterior, that gives the resistance to the external environment: abrasion, UV (sun), Salt, Hydrocarbons (fuel, oil), algae, etc...

What makes the difference between MILPRO™ fabrics to competition ones is this unique and thick layer of CSM.



The resistance to abrasion of the MILPRO™ fabrics is superior to the other fabrics on the market, for a same density (see Lab Test Report extract below from N°: LA 08 TLS 1980). Indeed, they have only 1 thick layer of CSM on their outside, while the others have 2 layers: one thick layer of Neoprene that has almost no resistance to abrasion and 1 thin of CSM.



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Comparative abrasion test results based on ISO5470-1 N°: LA 08 TLS 1980 P.V.:

(ISO 5470-1, Abrasimeter Taber, Load 1 daN/arm, Buff Wheel H18)

MILPRO™ Fabric 1670 dtx

@ 6500 revolutions Still on CSM layer

@ 8500 revolutions CSM still present No visible weft



P&F - ORCA 866 1670 dtx

@ 6500 revolutions
Neoprene starts to
be visible.
CSM layer is sanded
out

@ 8500 revolutions
Weft is visible on
the shiny area, no
more protections
from extra layers