IN-SITU THERMAL DESORPTION OF HYDROCARBON-IMPACTED SOIL

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BACKGROUND







• A leak of domestic fuel oil from an underground tank led to the pollution of hydrocarbons in a residential area in the north of Copenhagen.

 Unacceptable concentrations of hydrocarbons detected under a private house's terrace (mainly in the garden)

• To avoid exceeding the drinking

SITE DESCRIPTION & ISTD TREATMENT (2)



Main Contractor

water standards in Ground Water and to prevent pollutant's propagation, In-Situ Thermal Desorption (ISTD) was applied.

TH14 - B15D (1230 cm) —— TH11 - B14D (1270 cm) -TH19 - B17U (150 cm) TH16 - B16D (1280 cm) TH26 - B20D (1540 cm) —— TH22 - B18M (670 cm) - TH30 - B21D (1600 cm) —— TH31 - B21U (150 cm) -TH34 - B22M (880 cm) — Target T

Temperature progression for Batch 1

A process-related report was made available to all stakeholders on a daily basis to track changes in thermal desorption.

RESULTS

8 control drills with different locations covering the two batches are summarized on the table below.

Drill	KB1	KB2	KB3	KB4	KB5	KB10	KB11	KB12
Sampling upper depth (m)	1	1	9	3	1	3	2	1
Sampling lower depth (m)	12.3	14	16	15.5	15.5	14.5	12.5	12.5
BTEX sum (mg/kg DM)	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Average C6H6-C35 (mg/kg DM)	<20	<20	<20	364	<20	<20	40	150

AIM

The ISTD Principle

Heating the soil in a specific pattern to vaporize contaminants



Typical Heating Pattern





As the soil is maintained under negative pressure, contaminants are vaporized and extracted, then recycled as fuel for the burners (reburn) or as liquid product after condensation.

The main expected mechanism of the treatment after recovering is a complete oxidative reaction. The combustion products are then sent toward the chimney, with Continuous Emissions Monitoring.

SITE DESCRIPTION & ISTD TREATMENT (1)

Contaminated soil 5700 m³ (target zone) Lower treatment

depth

18 m below ground level (bgl), with a total surface close to ca. 400 m².

As groundwater level is lower than the contaminated zone, it has not been lowered.

TPH Average concentration ± 1000 mg/kg (DM)

The contaminated zone was treated in two batches

22.000 mg/kg (DM) Max concentration

Total mass of 12.000 kg pollutant into soil

Max C6H6-C35 (mg/kg DM) <20 <20 <20 | 1300 | <20 <20 160 750 Min C6H6-C35 (mg/kg DM) <20 <20 <20 <20 <20 <20 <20 <20

	BATCH 1	BATCH 2
Number of Burners	57	69
Treatment surface (m²)	ca. 200	ca. 200
Contaminated depth (m)	12-18	12
Volume of batch (m³)	ca. 3000	ca. 2700
Treatment duration (days)	65	69
Average soil temperature at the end (°C)	242	302

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