





The 4th International Webinar on Maternal and Child Health (MCH) Handbook in the world

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Chair, International Committee on Maternal and Child Health (MCH) Handbook

Indonesia before MCH handbook

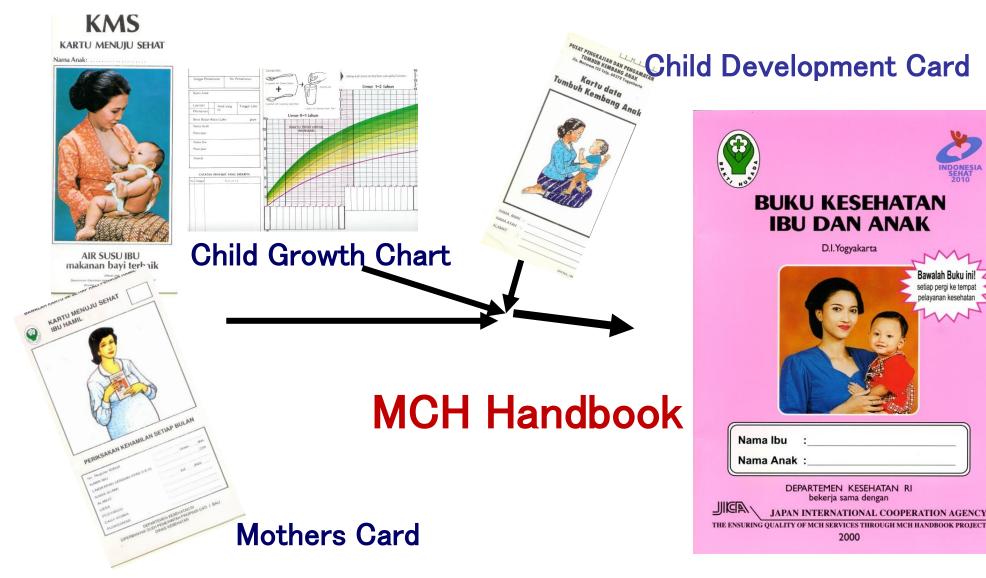






A mother took care of her child in the house where there were no books. Only mother's card and child growth card were available, but very frequently lost. (Tinggi Raja Village in North Sumatra in 1986)

MCH Handbook by simplifying many forms in Indonesia



Indonesia after MCH handbook





A mother and two boys enjoyed to utilize their own MCH handbooks. (Lombok Islands in 2010)

Empowerment

Parents treasure MCH Handbooks for a long time.

The late Prof. Azrur Azwar (University of Indonesia) said, "When parents keep their MCH Handbook, they can communicate their concerns to health professionals. The MCH Handbook empowers parents."



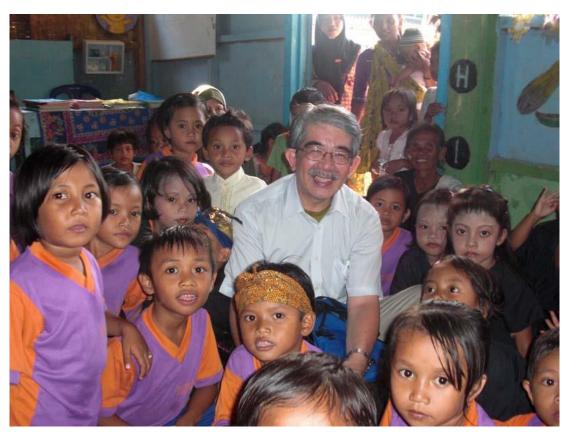
Prof. Azrur Azwar and I made presentations on MCH handbook at the World Summit on Sustainable Development in Johannesburg, South Africa in 2002.

Take Home Message 1: MCH handbook may empower parents and promote health and wellbeing of children





School children were dancing with songs how to wash hands for health promotion(Kericho District in Kenya: 2015)



Children in the Kinder garden (Lombok Islands in 2010)

There are many Childhood Diseases!

Question 2



There are many childhood diseases. So it is impossible to make a MCH handbook for each disease one by one.

1."No one left behind"

To improve the social inclusion of persons with disabilities, refugees, migrants, ethnic minorities and the poor.

2." a book of All in ONE"

To promote a harmonized mélange of care within many health fields. Information from many health fields, such as maternal and child health, immunization, infectious diseases, nutrition, family planning etc., are integrated into one book.



Parenting Information for Health Care Professionals & Researchers

Technical information on children's health and safety. If you don't find what you are looking for, <u>browse all parent topics</u> or view <u>CDC's A to Z index</u> for a more detailed list of topics.

- ADHD Treatment Recommendations
 - Behavior Therapy for Young Children
- Adolescent Health ☐
- Adolescent Immunizations
- Alcohol
- Brain Injury Tool Kit for Physicians
- · Child Abuse Prevention
- Child Development (Developmental Surveillance)
- Developmental Screening
- Foodborne, Bacterial, and Mycotic (fungal) Diseases
- Genetic Counselors
 ☐
- Immunization Safety
- Infections/Infection Control
- Male Latex Condoms and Sexually Transmitted Diseases
- MRSA (Health Care Related)
- Seasonal Flu Information for Schools & Childcare Providers
- TB Education and Training Network
- TB Patient Education Materials
- Tips for Supporting Students with Sickle Cell Disease 📙 [970 KB]
- Vaccines and Immunizations

MCH handbook in Braille (a form of written language for blind people) and HANDBOOK for pet (dog or cat) in JAPAN





Japan family planning association



Kokosabu

Refugees



Sisters of Kurdish Refugees at camps in Turkey (1991)



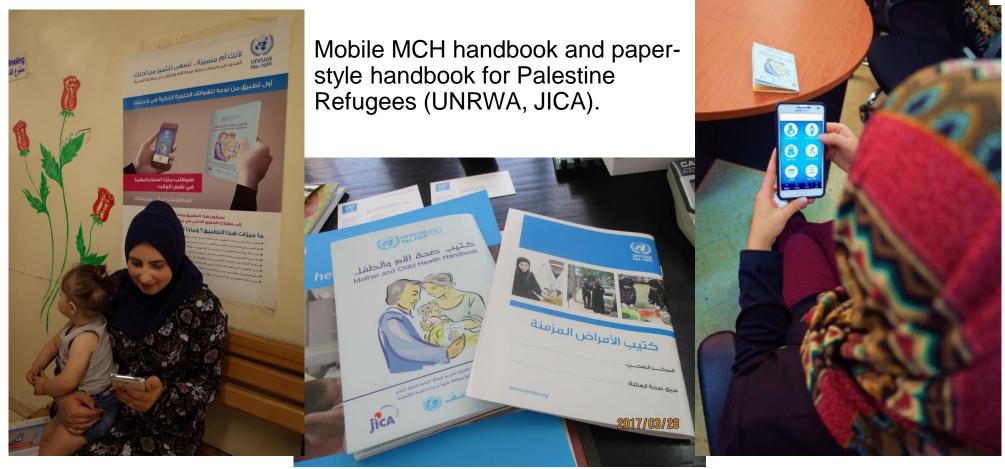


A Mother and a Newborn of Kosovo Refugees at hospital at Skopje (1999)

Take Home Message 2:

MCH handbook is a wonderful tool to realize the

world of "No one left behind"



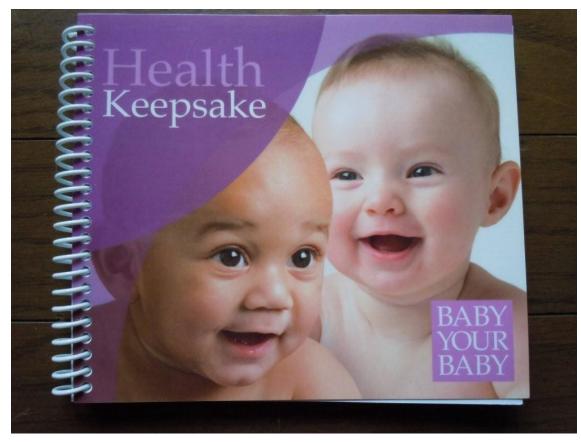
WHY NOT BOTH for a synergy effect? Paper-style handbook keeps an all-in-one simple form and digital handbook can cover the information to no one left behind.

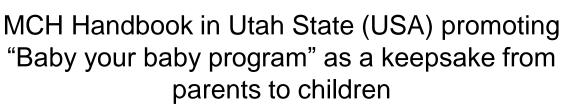


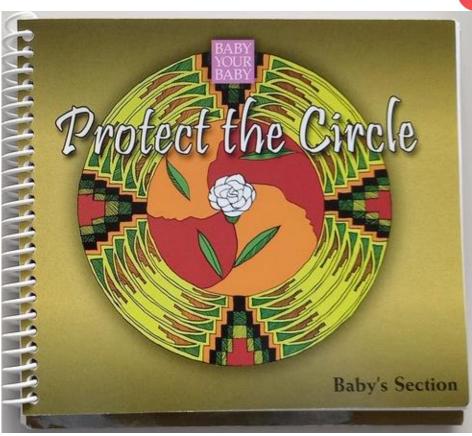
Utah State (USA)

Question 3







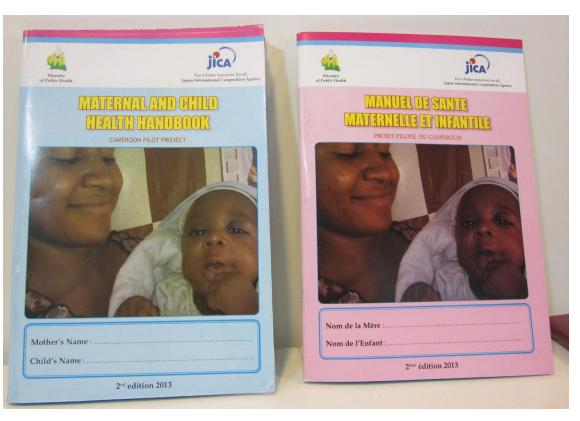


Special version for native Americans living in Utah State, because their custom hates photography

Cameroon

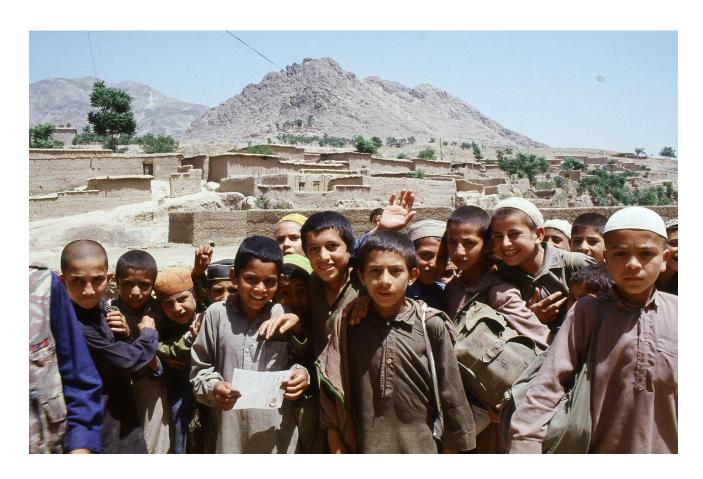




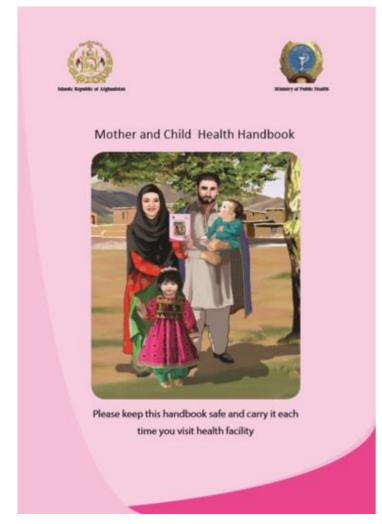


Cameroon is the first country publishing both French and English MCH Handbook, because the national languages of Cameroon are French and English.

Afghanistan



Children at Afghan Refugees Camp in Pakistan. They were born at the camps and had never visited Afghanistan in the moment (1990)



The deputy minister visited a health center in Japan (2016). MCH handbook is expected to save the lives of women.



Maternal and Child Health (MCH) is one of the most conservative health fields

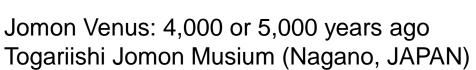
Jomon Era: Japanese prehistory period, dated between 14,000 to 1,000 BC.

Dogu (Japanese terracotta):

Dogu are made of clay and are small, typically 10 to 30 cm high.

Most of the figurines appear to be modeled as female, and they are considered to be representative of mother goddesses.





Take Home Message 3:

Healthcare depends on culture and custom, so MCH Handbook can be flexible.

COMMON FINDINGS

- Health records and information on both a mother and a child
- MCH handbook kept at home

Different FINDINGS

- The size, color, contents and languages are different in countries and areas
- Healthcare services practice, food, and prevention for common diseases are different.





Thank you very much!

British Museum JAPAN from prehistory to the present

Japan has successfully developed a thriving, modern, high-tech society, while cerebrating many elements of its traditional culture. (British Museum 2008)



Each country will develop MCH handbook for mothers, children and families, while cerebrating many elements of its traditional culture!